## Tutorial - 4

- 1. For each of the following integrals, specify the values of the parameters  $\sigma$  which ensures that the integral converges:
- a)  $\int_0^\infty e^{-5t} e^{-(\sigma+j\omega)t} dt$
- b)  $\int_{-\infty}^{0} e^{-5t} e^{-(\sigma+j\omega)t} dt$
- c)  $\int_{-5}^{5} e^{-5t} e^{-(\sigma+j\omega)t} dt$
- d)  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-5t} e^{-(\sigma+j\omega)t} dt$
- 2. Consider the signal  $x(t) = e^{-5t}u(t-1)$ , evaluate X(s) and specify its region of convergence.
- 3. For each of the following algebraic expressions for the Laplace transform of a signal, determine the number of zeros located in the finite s-plane and the number of zeroes located at infinity:
  - a)  $\frac{1}{s+1} + \frac{1}{s+3}$ b)  $\frac{s+1}{s^2-1}$

  - c)  $\frac{s^3-1}{s^2+s+1}$
- 4. How many signals have a Laplace transform that may be expressed as  $\frac{s-1}{(s+2)(s+3)(s^2+s+1)}$  in its region of convergence?
- 5. Find the Laplace transform of the following signals using properties
  - a.  $x(t) = 2^{-2t}u(t) + 4^{-4t}u(t)$
  - b.  $x(t) = e^{-5t}[u(t) u(t-5)]$
  - c.  $x(t) = e^{-at} sin \Omega_0 t u(t)$
  - d.  $x(t) = t^2 Cos \Omega_0 t u(t)$
- 6. Given  $x_1(t) = e^{-2t}u(t)$  and  $x_2(t) = e^{-3t}u(t)$ . Determine Y(s) where,  $y(t) = x_1(t t)$ 2) \*  $x_2(-t+3)$ .
- 7. Find the initial and final values, for the following transforms

a. 
$$\frac{s+5}{s^2+3s+2}$$

b. 
$$\frac{s^2 + 5s + 7}{s^2 + 3s + 2}$$

- 8. Find the causality and stability of the system  $X(s) = \frac{2}{(s+4)(s-1)}$  for the following ROC's.
  - a. -4 < Re(s) < 1
  - b. Re(s) > 1
  - c. Re(s) < -4
- 9. Realize the transfer function of the system given in direct form I and direct form II.

$$H(s) = \frac{s+1}{s^2 + 3s + 5}$$

10. Realize the transfer function of the system given in cascade form and parallel form.

$$H(s) = \frac{s(s+2)}{(s+1)(s+3)(s+4)}$$