Tutorial for practice _ Module 2

- 1.) Solve: y" + (1-cotx)y'-(cotx)y = sinx.
- a) Find five distinct solutions of y"-2y + 2y = 3sinx-cosx.
- 3) Find the general solutions of the following equations

 (a) $y'' + a^2y = Secax$ (b) y'' + 4y = tan2x
- 4) show that method of variation of parameters applied to the equation y'' + y = f(x) leads to the parlicular solution $y_p(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t) \sin(x-t) dt$
 - Show that $\chi^2 y'' + P \times y' + q \cdot y = 0$ can be transformed into differential equation with constant co-efficients with the transformation $\chi = e^{\frac{Z}{2}}$.
 - 6) Let $f(x) = x^3$ and $g(x) = x^2|x|$ on the interval [-1,1] show that their wronskian is zero on [-1,1] and they are not linearly dependent. Do they contradict lemma on wronskian of two functions
 - 7) The equation $(1-x^2)y'' xy' a^2y = 0$ has $y = e^{a \sin^2 x}$ as one solution Find the general solution.
 - 8) Find the general solution of each of the following equations
 - (a) y"+y'=0; (b) y"+y=0; (c) y"-2y+y=0
 - and uniqueness theorem for second order linear equations.