

Description | Accepted | Editorial | Solutions | Submissions

All Submissions

Accepted

Haritha submitted at Jun 05, 2024 20:56

Runtime

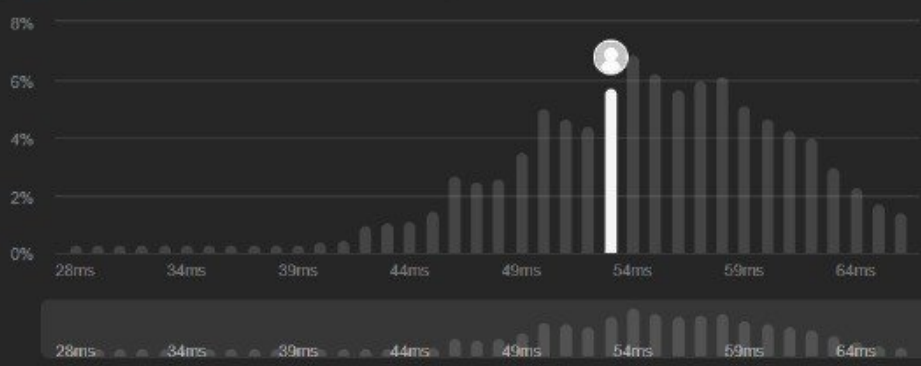
53 ms

Beats 68.11% of users with Python3

Memory

16.63 MB

Beats 41.98% of users with Python3



Code | Python3

```
class Solution:
    def addTwoNumbers(self, l1: Optional[ListNode], l2:
Optional[ListNode]) -> Optional[ListNode]:
        dummyhead=ListNode(0)
```

Code

Python3 Auto

```
14         tail.next=newnode
15         tail=tail.next
16         l1=l1.next if l1 is not None else None
17         l2=l2.next if l2 is not None else None
18         result=dummyhead.next
19         dummyhead.next=None
20         return result
21
```

Saved Ln 20, Col 9

Testcase | Test Result

Accepted Runtime: 34 ms

Case 1 Case 2 Case 3

Input

l1 = [2,4,3]

l2 = [5,6,4]

Speakers (Realtek(R) Audio): 100%

← All Submissions

Accepted

● Haritha submitted at Jun 05, 2024 20:46

Editorial

Solution

⌚ Runtime

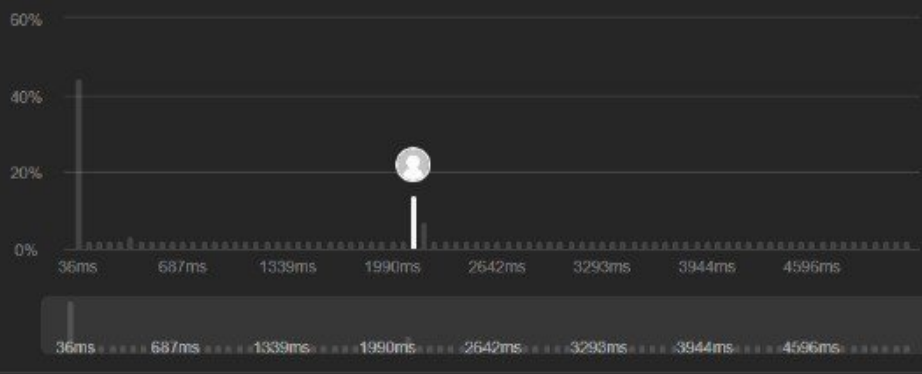
2143 ms

Beats 34.86% of users with Python

💾 Memory

12.50 MB

🌿 Beats 74.42% of users with Python



Code | Python

```
class Solution(object):
    def twoSum(self, nums, target):
        n=len(nums)
        for i in range(n-1):
```

</> Code

Python

```
1 class Solution(object):
2     def twoSum(self, nums, target):
3         n=len(nums)
4         for i in range(n-1):
5             for j in range(i+1,n):
6                 if nums[i]+nums[j]==target:
7                     return[i,j]
```

Saved

Ln 7, Col 21

☑ Testcase | >\_ Test Result

Accepted

Runtime: 17 ms

• Case 1 • Case 2 • Case 3

Input

nums =  
[2,7,11,15]

target =  
9

Description | Accepted x Editorial Solutions Submissions

< All Submissions

**Accepted**

Haritha submitted at Jun 05, 2024 21:54

**Runtime**

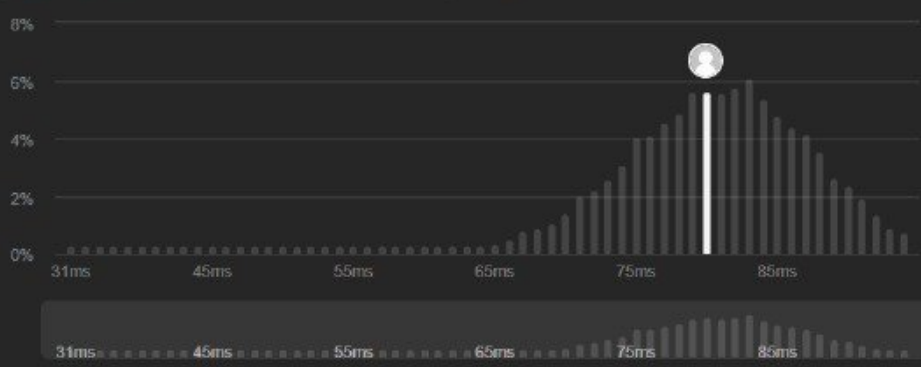
80 ms

Beats 60.49% of users with Python3

**Memory**

16.78 MB

Beats 96.35% of users with Python3



Code | Python3

```
class Solution:
    def findMedianSortedArrays(self, nums1, nums2):
        merged = nums1 + nums2
        merged.sort()
```

**Code**

Python3 Auto

```
def findMedianSortedArrays(self, nums1, nums2):
    merged = nums1 + nums2
    merged.sort()
    total = len(merged)
    if total % 2 == 1:
        return float(merged[total // 2])
    else:
        middle1 = merged[total // 2 - 1]
        middle2 = merged[total // 2]
        return (float(middle1) + float(middle2)) / 2.0
```

Saved Ln 11, Col 13

Testcase | **Test Result**

**Accepted** Runtime: 47 ms

• Case 1 • Case 2

Input

nums1 = [1,3]

nums2 = [2]

**Description** | **Accepted** | Editorial | Solutions | Submissions

← All Submissions

**Accepted**

Haritha submitted at Jun 05, 2024 22:04

**Runtime**

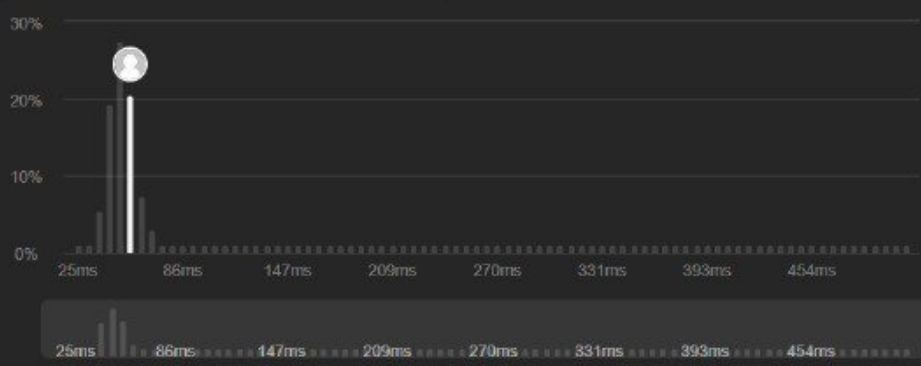
56 ms

Beats 37.79% of users with Python3

**Memory**

16.58 MB

Beats 92.36% of users with Python3



Code | Python3

```
class Solution:
    def convert(self, s: str, numRows: int) -> str:
        if numRows == 1:
            return s
```

**Code**

Python3 Auto

```
for i in s:
    rows[add] += i
    if add == 0:
        inc = 1
    elif add == numRows - 1:
        inc = -1
    add += inc
return "".join(rows)
```

Saved Ln 14, Col 13

Testcase | **Test Result**

**Accepted** Runtime: 38 ms

• Case 1 • Case 2 • Case 3

Input

s =

"PAYPALISHIRING"

numRows =

3

Settings



Reverse Integer - LeetCode

Assignment 1-1.pdf

+

leetcode.com/problems/reverse-integer/submissions/1278649905/

Problem List

Run

Submit

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⚙️

🔥 0

👤

Premium

Description

Accepted

Editorial

Solutions

Submissions

All Submissions

Accepted

Haritha submitted at Jun 05, 2024 22:06

Runtime

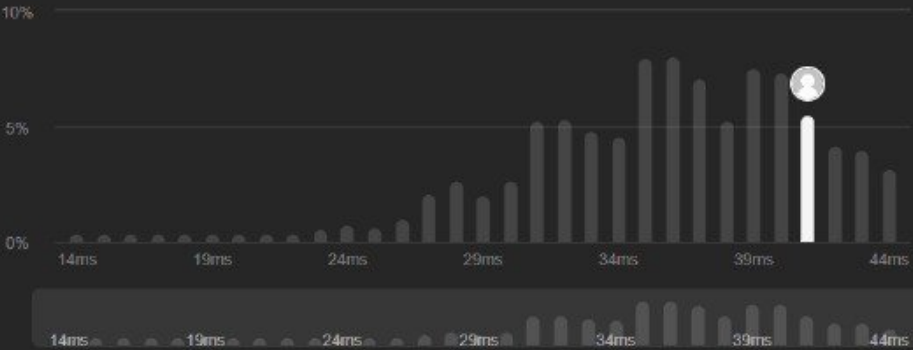
41 ms

Beats 23.49% of users with Python3

Memory

16.50 MB

Beats 92.68% of users with Python3



Code

Python3

```
class Solution:
    def reverse(self, x: int) -> int:
        MAX_INT = 2 ** 31 - 1
        MIN_INT = -2 ** 31
```

Code

Python3

Auto

```
3 MAX_INT = 2 ** 31 - 1
4 MIN_INT = -2 ** 31
5 reverse = 0
6 while x != 0:
7     if reverse > MAX_INT / 10 or reverse < MIN_INT / 10:
8         return 0
9     digit = x % 10 if x > 0 else x % -10
10    reverse = reverse * 10 + digit
11    x = math.trunc(x / 10)
12    return reverse
```

Saved

Ln 12, Col 9

Testcase

Test Result

Accepted

Runtime: 35 ms

Case 1

Case 2

Case 3

Input

x =

123

Output

321

84°F

Mostly cloudy

🪟

🔍 Search

🌱

📁

📧 99+

🎨

📝

⚙️

🕒 11

🌐

ENG IN

🔊

🔌

🕒 22:06

📅 05-06-2024

👤

PRE

Description Accepted Editorial Solutions Submissions

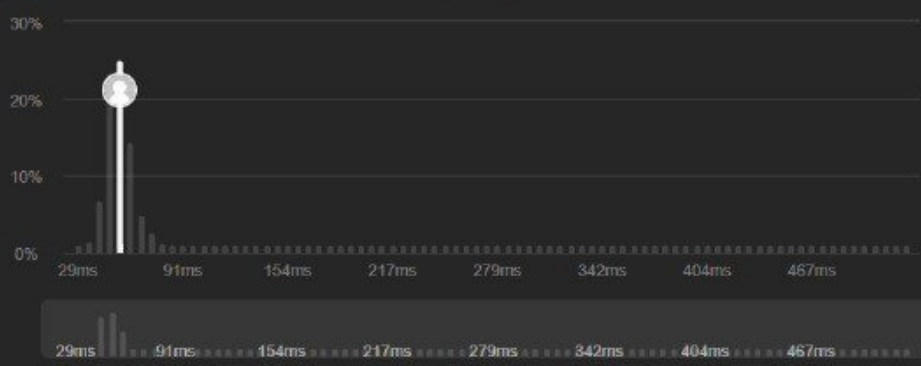
All Submissions

Accepted

Haritha submitted at Jun 05, 2024 21:52

Runtime: 54 ms  
Beats 63.72% of users with Python3

Memory: 16.57 MB  
Beats 91.68% of users with Python3



Code | Python3

```
class Solution:
    def lengthOfLongestSubstring(self, s: str) -> int:
        n = len(s)
        maxLength = 0
```

Code

Python3 Auto

```
for right in range(n):
    if s[right] not in charSet:
        charSet.add(s[right])
        maxLength = max(maxLength, right - left + 1)
    else:
        while s[right] in charSet:
            charSet.remove(s[left])
            left += 1
        charSet.add(s[right])
return maxLength
```

Testcase Test Result

Accepted Runtime: 43 ms

Case 1 Case 2 Case 3

Input

s = "abcabcbb"

Output

3

String to Integer (atoi) - LeetCodeAssignment 1-1.pdf

leetcode.com/problems/string-to-integer-atoi/submissions/1278652695/

Problem List

Run

Submit

Paused

Premium

DescriptionAcceptedEditorialSolutionsSubmissions

All Submissions

Accepted

Haritha submitted at Jun 05, 2024 22:09

Runtime


34 ms

Beats 81.12% of users with Python3

Memory

16.45 MB

Beats 95.24% of users with Python3



Code | Python3

```
class Solution(object):
    def myAtoi(self, s):
        num = '0123456789'
        res = ''
```

Code

Python3

Auto

```
13         break
14     if res == '' or res in '-+':
15         return 0
16     else:
17         if int(res) < -(2**31):
18             return -(2**31)
19         elif int(res) > (2**31 - 1):
20             return (2**31 - 1)
21         else:
22             return int(res)
```

SavedLn 22, Col 17

Testcase

Test Result

Accepted

Runtime: 30 ms

Case 1Case 2Case 3Case 4Case 5

Input

s =

"42"

Output

42

84°F Mostly cloudy

Search

99+

ENG IN

22:09 05-06-2024

Palindrom Number - LeetCode

leetcode.com/problems/palindrome-number/

GmailYouTubeMapsTranslateAdobe Acrobat

Problem List

RunSubmit

Premium

DescriptionEditorialSolutionsSubmissions

# 9. Palindrome Number

Solved

EasyTopicsCompaniesHint

Given an integer `x`, return `true` if `x` is a **palindrome**, and `false` otherwise.

Example 1:

Input: `x = 121`

Output: `true`

Explanation: 121 reads as 121 from left to right and from right to left.

Example 2:

Input: `x = -121`

Output: `false`

Explanation: From left to right, it reads -121. From right to left, it becomes 121-. Therefore it is not a palindrome.

Example 3:

Input: `x = 10`

Output: `false`

Explanation: Reads 01 from right to left. Therefore it is not a palindrome.

12.5K376

Code

Python3Auto

```
1 class Solution:
2     def isPalindrome(self, x: int) -> bool:
3         if x < 0:
4             return False
5         reverse = 0
6         xcopy = x
7         while x > 0:
8             reverse = (reverse * 10) + (x % 10)
9             x //= 10
10        return reverse == xcopy
```

SavedLn 1, Col 1

TestcaseTest Result

AcceptedRuntime: 45 ms

Case 1Case 2Case 3

Input

x =  
121

Output

true

S&P 500-0.27%

Search

99%

ENG IN

19:2707-06-2024