# Week-4: Code-along

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# II. Code to edit and execute using the Code-along.Rmd file

# A. Data Wrangling

### 1. Loading packages (Slide #16)

```
# Load package tidyverse
library(tidyverse)
```

```
## - Attaching core tidyverse packages -
                                                             - tidyverse 2.0.0 -
## ✓ dplyr 1.1.0

✓ readr
                                   2.1.4
## ✓ forcats 1.0.0

✓ stringr

                                   1.5.0
## ✓ ggplot2 3.4.3

✓ tibble

                                   3.2.1
## ✓ lubridate 1.9.2
                                   1.3.0

✓ tidyr

## ✓ purrr
             1.0.2
## — Conflicts ——
                                                     — tidyverse conflicts() —
## * dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## * dplyr::lag() masks stats::lag()
## i Use the conflicted package (<http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>) to force all conflic
ts to become errors
```

#### 2. Loading data-set (Slide #16)

```
# Read data from the hotels.csv file and assign it to a variable named, "hotels"
hotels <- read csv("hotels.csv")</pre>
```

```
## Rows: 119390 Columns: 32
## — Column specification -
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (13): hotel, arrival date month, meal, country, market segment, distrib...
## dbl (18): is canceled, lead time, arrival date year, arrival date week numb...
## date (1): reservation_status_date
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
```

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### 3. List names of the variables in the data-set (Slide #19)

```
# Enter code here
names(hotels)
```

```
##
   [1] "hotel"
                                          "is_canceled"
## [3] "lead_time"
                                          "arrival_date_year"
## [5] "arrival_date_month"
                                          "arrival_date_week_number"
## [7] "arrival_date_day_of_month"
                                          "stays_in_weekend_nights"
   [9] "stays_in_week_nights"
                                          "adults"
## [11] "children"
                                          "babies"
## [13] "meal"
                                          "country"
## [15] "market_segment"
                                          "distribution_channel"
## [17] "is_repeated_guest"
                                          "previous_cancellations"
## [19] "previous_bookings_not_canceled" "reserved_room_type"
                                          "booking_changes"
## [21] "assigned_room_type"
## [23] "deposit_type"
                                          "agent"
## [25] "company"
                                          "days_in_waiting_list"
                                          "adr"
## [27] "customer_type"
## [29] "required_car_parking_spaces"
                                          "total_of_special_requests"
## [31] "reservation_status"
                                          "reservation_status_date"
```

### 4. Glimpse of contents of the data-set (Slide #20)

```
# Enter code here
glimpse(hotels)
```

```
## Rows: 119,390
## Columns: 32
## $ hotel
                           <chr> "Resort Hotel", "Resort Hotel", "Resort...
                           <dbl> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, ...
## $ is_canceled
## $ lead_time
                           <dbl> 342, 737, 7, 13, 14, 14, 0, 9, 85, 75, ...
## $ arrival_date_year
                           <dbl> 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 2015, 201...
                           <chr> "July", "July", "July", "July", "July", ...
## $ arrival_date_month
                           ## $ arrival_date_week_number
## $ arrival_date_day_of_month
                           ## $ stays_in_weekend_nights
                           <dbl> 0, 0, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, ...
## $ stays_in_week_nights
                           <dbl> 2, 2, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, ...
## $ adults
## $ children
                           ## $ babies
                           <chr> "BB", "BB", "BB", "BB", "BB", "BB...
## $ meal
                           <chr> "PRT", "PRT", "GBR", "GBR", "GBR", "GBR...
## $ country
                           <chr> "Direct", "Direct", "Direct", "Corporat...
## $ market segment
                           <chr> "Direct", "Direct", "Direct", "Corporat...
## $ distribution channel
## $ is repeated guest
                           ## $ previous_cancellations
## $ reserved_room_type
                           ## $ assigned_room_type
## $ booking_changes
                           <dbl> 3, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, ...
                           <chr> "No Deposit", "No Deposit", "No Deposit...
## $ deposit_type
                           <chr> "NULL", "NULL", "NULL", "304", "240", "...
## $ agent
                           <chr> "NULL", "NULL", "NULL", "NULL", "NULL",...
## $ company
## $ days in waiting list
                           <chr> "Transient", "Transient", "Transient", ...
## $ customer type
                           <dbl> 0.00, 0.00, 75.00, 75.00, 98.00, 98.00,...
## $ adr
## $ required_car_parking_spaces
                           ## $ total_of_special_requests
                           <dbl> 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 3, ...
                           <chr> "Check-Out", "Check-Out", "Check-Out", ...
## $ reservation status
                           <date> 2015-07-01, 2015-07-01, 2015-07-02, 20...
## $ reservation_status_date
```

# B. Choosing rows or columns

#### 5. Select a single column (Slide #24)

```
# Enter code here
select(hotels, lead time)
```

```
## # A tibble: 119,390 × 1
##
      lead_time
##
          <dbl>
##
             342
   1
##
    2
             737
              7
##
##
              13
##
    5
              14
   6
              14
##
##
    7
               0
               9
##
   9
              85
## 10
## # i 119,380 more rows
```

### 6. Select multiple columns (Slide #25)

```
# Enter code here
select(hotels,lead_time,agent,market_segment)
```

```
##
  # A tibble: 119,390 × 3
##
     lead_time agent market_segment
##
         <dbl> <chr> <chr>
##
   1
           342 NULL Direct
           737 NULL Direct
##
   3
             7 NULL Direct
##
           13 304 Corporate
   5
                     Online TA
##
           14 240
                     Online TA
##
           14 240
   7
             0 NULL Direct
##
##
             9 303
                     Direct
##
   9
            85 240
                     Online TA
                     Offline TA/TO
## 10
            75 15
## # i 119,380 more rows
```

### 7. Arrange entries of a column (Slide #28)

```
# Enter code here
arrange(hotels,lead time)
```

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```
## # A tibble: 119,390 × 32
      hotel is_canceled lead_time arrival_date_year arrival_date_month
##
                        <dbl>
                                  <dbl>
                                                     <dbl> <chr>
      <chr>
##
   1 Resort Hotel
                           0
                                       0
                                                      2015 July
##
   2 Resort Hotel
                             0
                                       0
                                                      2015 July
##
   3 Resort Hotel
                             0
                                       0
                                                      2015 July
##
   4 Resort Hotel
                             0
                                       0
                                                      2015 July
##
   5 Resort Hotel
                            0
                                                      2015 July
##
   6 Resort Hotel
                                                      2015 July
##
   7 Resort Hotel
                             0
                                       0
                                                      2015 July
## 8 Resort Hotel
                                                      2015 July
   9 Resort Hotel
                                                      2015 July
## 10 Resort Hotel
                                                      2015 July
## # i 119,380 more rows
## # i 27 more variables: arrival date week number <dbl>,
       arrival_date_day_of_month <dbl>, stays_in_weekend_nights <dbl>,
       stays_in_week_nights <dbl>, adults <dbl>, children <dbl>, babies <dbl>,
      meal <chr>, country <chr>, market segment <chr>,
## #
## #
      distribution channel <chr>, is repeated guest <dbl>,
       previous_cancellations <dbl>, previous_bookings_not_canceled <dbl>, ...
```

# 8. Arrange entries of a column in the descending order (Slide #30)

```
# Enter code here
arrange(hotels,desc(lead time))
```

```
## # A tibble: 119,390 × 32
##
     hotel is_canceled lead_time arrival_date_year arrival_date_month
                      <dbl>
##
     <chr>
                                  <dbl>
                                                   <dbl> <chr>
  1 Resort Hotel
                                   737
                           0
                                                    2015 July
  2 Resort Hotel
                            0
                                    709
                                                    2016 February
                                                    2017 March
##
   3 City Hotel
                            1
                                   629
##
   4 City Hotel
                            1
                                                    2017 March
                                  629
## 5 City Hotel
                           1
                                  629
                                                    2017 March
## 6 City Hotel
                            1
                                    629
                                                    2017 March
## 7 City Hotel
                           1
                                  629
                                                    2017 March
## 8 City Hotel
                            1
                                    629
                                                    2017 March
## 9 City Hotel
                            1
                                                    2017 March
                                    629
## 10 City Hotel
                                    629
                                                    2017 March
## # i 119,380 more rows
## # i 27 more variables: arrival_date_week_number <dbl>,
      arrival_date_day_of_month <dbl>, stays_in_weekend_nights <dbl>,
## #
      stays in week nights <dbl>, adults <dbl>, children <dbl>, babies <dbl>,
## #
      meal <chr>, country <chr>, market segment <chr>,
## #
      distribution_channel <chr>, is_repeated_guest <dbl>,
## #
## #
      previous cancellations <dbl>, previous bookings not canceled <dbl>, ...
```

#### 9. Select columns and arrange the entries of a column (Slide

#### #31)

```
# Enter code here
arrange(select(hotels,lead_time),desc(lead_time))
```

```
## # A tibble: 119,390 × 1
##
      lead_time
##
          <dbl>
##
            737
   1
   2
            709
##
##
   3
            629
##
            629
   5
##
            629
##
   6
            629
##
            629
##
            629
##
   9
            629
## 10
            629
## # i 119,380 more rows
```

# 10. Select columns and arrange the entries of a column using the pipe operator (Slide #37)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
  select(lead time) %>%
  arrange(desc(lead_time))
```

```
## # A tibble: 119,390 × 1
##
      lead time
          <dbl>
##
            737
##
   1
##
   2
            709
##
            629
   4
##
            629
##
   5
            629
##
   6
            629
##
   7
            629
##
   8
            629
##
   9
            629
## 10
            629
## # i 119,380 more rows
```

### 11. Pick rows matching a condition (Slide #44)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
  filter(children>=1) %>%
  select(hotel,children)
```

```
## # A tibble: 8,590 × 2
     hotel children
     <chr>
##
                   <dbl>
##
  1 Resort Hotel
                        1
##
                         2
  2 Resort Hotel
##
   3 Resort Hotel
                         2
##
  4 Resort Hotel
                        2
##
   5 Resort Hotel
##
   6 Resort Hotel
                        1
##
   7 Resort Hotel
                         2
## 8 Resort Hotel
  9 Resort Hotel
                        1
## 10 Resort Hotel
## # i 8,580 more rows
```

# 12. Pick rows matching multiple conditions (Slide #46)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
  filter(children>=1,hotel=="City Hotel") %>%
  select(hotel,children)
```

```
## # A tibble: 5,106 × 2
     hotel children
##
                <dbl>
##
     <chr>
## 1 City Hotel
## 2 City Hotel
  3 City Hotel
  4 City Hotel
                      1
## 5 City Hotel
## 6 City Hotel
## 7 City Hotel
## 8 City Hotel
                      1
## 9 City Hotel
                      1
## 10 City Hotel
                      1
## # i 5,096 more rows
```

# 13. Non-conditional selection of rows: sequence of indices (Slide #49)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
  slice(1:5)
```

```
## # A tibble: 5 × 32
    hotel is_canceled lead_time arrival_date_year arrival_date_month
##
                      <dbl> <dbl>
                                                  <dbl> <chr>
    <chr>
                         0
                                  342
## 1 Resort Hotel
                                                   2015 July
                          0
                                  737
## 2 Resort Hotel
                                                   2015 July
## 3 Resort Hotel
                           0
                                    7
                                                   2015 July
## 4 Resort Hotel
                          0
                                    13
                                                   2015 July
                           0
## 5 Resort Hotel
                                                   2015 July
## # i 27 more variables: arrival_date_week_number <dbl>,
## #
      arrival_date_day_of_month <dbl>, stays_in_weekend_nights <dbl>,
## #
      stays in week nights <dbl>, adults <dbl>, children <dbl>, babies <dbl>,
## #
      meal <chr>, country <chr>, market_segment <chr>,
      distribution_channel <chr>, is_repeated_guest <dbl>,
## #
      previous_cancellations <dbl>, previous_bookings_not_canceled <dbl>,
      reserved room type <chr>, assigned room type <chr>, ...
```

## Non-conditional selection of rows: nonconsecutive/specific indices (Slide #50)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
  slice(1,3,5)
```

```
## # A tibble: 3 × 32
##
    hotel
            is canceled lead time arrival date year arrival date month
    <chr>
                     <dbl> <dbl>
                                                 <dbl> <chr>
                         0
                                                   2015 July
## 1 Resort Hotel
                                   342
                          0
                                    7
## 2 Resort Hotel
                                                   2015 July
## 3 Resort Hotel
                           0
                                    14
                                                   2015 July
## # i 27 more variables: arrival date week number <dbl>,
      arrival_date_day_of_month <dbl>, stays_in_weekend_nights <dbl>,
## #
## #
      stays in week nights <dbl>, adults <dbl>, children <dbl>, babies <dbl>,
     meal <chr>, country <chr>, market segment <chr>,
## #
## #
     distribution channel <chr>, is repeated guest <dbl>,
## # previous cancellations <dbl>, previous bookings not canceled <dbl>,
## #
      reserved_room_type <chr>, assigned_room_type <chr>, ...
```

# 15. Pick unique rows using distinct() (Slide #52)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
  distinct(hotel)
```

```
## # A tibble: 2 × 1
     hotel
     <chr>>
## 1 Resort Hotel
## 2 City Hotel
```

# C. Creating new columns

# 16. Creating a single column with mutate() (Slide #56)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
  mutate(little_ones = children + babies) %>%
  select(hotel, little_ones, children, babies)
```

```
## # A tibble: 119,390 × 4
     hotel little_ones children babies
##
##
     <chr>
                      <dbl>
                                 <dbl> <dbl>
##
   1 Resort Hotel
                           0
                                    0
                                            0
                            0
                                     0
##
   2 Resort Hotel
##
                            0
                                     0
                                            0
   3 Resort Hotel
##
   4 Resort Hotel
                            0
                                     0
                                            0
##
   5 Resort Hotel
                          0
##
   6 Resort Hotel
##
   7 Resort Hotel
   8 Resort Hotel
   9 Resort Hotel
## 10 Resort Hotel
## # i 119,380 more rows
```

# 17. Creating multiple columns with mutate() (Slide #58)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
  mutate(little ones=children+babies, average little ones=mean(little ones)) %>%
  select(hotel,little_ones,children,babies,average_little_ones)
```

```
## # A tibble: 119,390 × 5
     hotel little_ones children babies average_little_ones
##
                    <dbl>
                              <dbl> <dbl>
##
     <chr>
##
  1 Resort Hotel
                                    0
                                                             NA
   2 Resort Hotel
                           0
                                    0
                                           0
                                                             NΑ
                           0
                                    0
   3 Resort Hotel
                                           0
                                                             NΑ
  4 Resort Hotel
                           0
                                    0
                                           0
                                    0
  5 Resort Hotel
                                                             NA
##
   6 Resort Hotel
                          0
                                    0
                                           0
                                                             NA
                          0
                                    0
                                           0
##
   7 Resort Hotel
                                                             NΑ
                                    0
   8 Resort Hotel
                          0
                                           0
                                                             NΑ
  9 Resort Hotel
                          0
                                    0
                                           0
                                                             NΑ
## 10 Resort Hotel
                                    0
                                           0
                                                             NA
\#\# # i 119,380 more rows
```

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# D. More operations with examples

### 18. count() to get frequencies (Slide #60)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
  count(market_segment)
```

```
## # A tibble: 8 × 2
  market_segment
## <chr> <int>
## 1 Aviation
                 237
## 2 Complementary
                 743
## 3 Corporate
                5295
## 4 Direct
               12606
## 5 Groups 19811
## 6 Offline TA/TO 24219
## 7 Online TA 56477
## 8 Undefined
```

# 19. count() to get frequencies with sorting of count (Slide #61)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
  count(market segment, sort=TRUE)
```

```
## # A tibble: 8 × 2
## market segment n
  <chr> <int>
## 1 Online TA 56477
## 2 Offline TA/TO 24219
## 3 Groups 19811
## 4 Direct
               12606
## 5 Corporate
                5295
## 6 Complementary 743
## 7 Aviation
                  237
## 8 Undefined
                   2
```

# 20. count() multiple variables (Slide #62)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
  count(hotel,market_segment)
```

```
## # A tibble: 14 × 3
             market_segment
     hotel
##
     <chr>
                  <chr>
                                 <int>
##
   1 City Hotel Aviation
                                  237
   2 City Hotel Complementary
                                  542
##
##
   3 City Hotel
                  Corporate
                                 2986
##
   4 City Hotel
                  Direct
                                 6093
   5 City Hotel
##
                  Groups
                                 13975
   6 City Hotel
                  Offline TA/TO 16747
  7 City Hotel
                  Online TA
                                 38748
  8 City Hotel
                  Undefined
##
  9 Resort Hotel Complementary
                                   201
## 10 Resort Hotel Corporate
                                  2309
## 11 Resort Hotel Direct
                                  6513
## 12 Resort Hotel Groups
                                  5836
## 13 Resort Hotel Offline TA/TO
                                 7472
## 14 Resort Hotel Online TA
                                 17729
```

## 21. summarise() for summary statistics (Slide #63)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
  summarise(mean_adr = mean(adr))
## # A tibble: 1 × 1
     mean adr
##
        <dbl>
## 1
         102.
```

#### 22. summarise() by using group\_by to find mean (Slide #64)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
  group_by(hotel) %>%
  summarise(mean adr = mean(adr))
```

```
## # A tibble: 2 × 2
##
                mean adr
    hotel
    <chr>
                    <dbl>
## 1 City Hotel
                    105.
## 2 Resort Hotel
                     95.0
```

# 23. summarise() by using group\_by to get count (Slide #65)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
  group by(hotel) %>%
  summarise(count=n())
```

```
## # A tibble: 2 × 2
    hotel count
    <chr>
##
               <int>
## 1 City Hotel 79330
## 2 Resort Hotel 40060
```

### 24. summarise() for multiple summary statistics (Slide #67)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
  summarise(
    min_adr=min(adr),
    mean adr=mean(adr),
    median_adr=median(adr),
    max_adr=max(adr)
  )
```

```
## # A tibble: 1 × 4
##
    min_adr mean_adr median_adr max_adr
##
      <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
                                <dbl>
      -6.38
                         94.6
               102.
                                  5400
## 1
```

### 25. select(), slice() and arrange() (Slide #68)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
  select(hotel,lead time) %>%
  slice(1:5) %>%
  arrange(lead_time)
```

```
## # A tibble: 5 × 2
    hotel lead_time
##
                   <dbl>
    <chr>
## 1 Resort Hotel
                      7
## 2 Resort Hotel
                       13
## 3 Resort Hotel
                      14
## 4 Resort Hotel
                      342
## 5 Resort Hotel
                      737
```

## 26. select(), arrange() and slice() (Slide #69)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
  select(hotel,lead time) %>%
  arrange(lead time) %>%
  slice(1:5)
```

```
## # A tibble: 5 × 2
   hotel lead_time
##
                    <dbl>
    <chr>
## 1 Resort Hotel
                         0
## 2 Resort Hotel
                         0
## 3 Resort Hotel
                         0
## 4 Resort Hotel
                         0
## 5 Resort Hotel
```

### 27. filter() to select rows based on conditions (Slide #73)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
  filter(hotel=="City Hotel")
```

```
## # A tibble: 79,330 × 32
##
     hotel
            is_canceled lead_time arrival_date_year arrival_date_month
##
      <chr>
                      <dbl>
                                <dbl>
                                                   <dbl> <chr>
##
  1 City Hotel
                           0
                                    6
                                                    2015 July
   2 City Hotel
                           1
                                    88
                                                    2015 July
  3 City Hotel
                           1
                                    65
                                                    2015 July
## 4 City Hotel
                           1
                                    92
                                                    2015 July
## 5 City Hotel
                           1
                                   100
                                                    2015 July
## 6 City Hotel
                          1
                                   79
                                                    2015 July
## 7 City Hotel
                          0
                                                    2015 July
                                     3
## 8 City Hotel
                         1
                                    63
                                                    2015 July
## 9 City Hotel
                           1
                                    62
                                                    2015 July
## 10 City Hotel
                                    62
                                                    2015 July
## # i 79,320 more rows
## # i 27 more variables: arrival date week number <dbl>,
## #
     arrival date day of month <dbl>, stays in weekend nights <dbl>,
## #
     stays in week nights <dbl>, adults <dbl>, children <dbl>, babies <dbl>,
## # meal <chr>, country <chr>, market segment <chr>,
      distribution_channel <chr>, is_repeated_guest <dbl>,
## #
      previous cancellations <dbl>, previous bookings not canceled <dbl>, ...
## #
```

# 28. filter() to select rows based on complicated conditions (Slide #74)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
  filter(
    adults==1,
    children>=1|babies>=1
  select(adults,babies,children)
```

```
## # A tibble: 450 × 3
      adults babies children
##
       <dbl> <dbl>
                       <dbl>
          1
##
                  0
                           2
    1
##
   2
                  0
                           2
           1
    3
##
           1
                  0
                           1
##
          1
                  1
                           0
##
   5
                           1
           1
   6
##
         1
                           1
##
   7
          1
                  0
                           2
         1
##
   9
                           1
           1
## 10
                           1
## # i 440 more rows
```

## 29. count() and arrange() (Slide #76)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
  count(market_segment) %>%
  arrange(desc(n))
```

```
## # A tibble: 8 × 2
    market segment
    <chr>
                   <int>
## 1 Online TA
                  56477
## 2 Offline TA/TO 24219
## 3 Groups
                 19811
## 4 Direct
                  12606
## 5 Corporate
                   5295
                   743
## 6 Complementary
## 7 Aviation
                     237
## 8 Undefined
                       2
```

# 30. mutate(), select() and arrange() (Slide #77)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
 mutate(little ones=children+babies) %>%
  select(children,babies,little_ones) %>%
  arrange(desc(little ones))
```

```
## # A tibble: 119,390 × 3
     children babies little_ones
##
        <dbl> <dbl>
                           <dbl>
##
           10
                   0
                              10
  1
##
   2
            0
                  10
                              10
   3
            0
                   9
##
                               9
            2
## 4
                  1
                               3
##
   5
   6
           2
                               3
##
##
  7
           3
                   0
                               3
           2
## 9
            2
                   1
                               3
## 10
## # i 119,380 more rows
```

# 31. mutate(), filter() and select() (Slide #78)

```
# Enter code here
hotels %>%
  mutate(little_ones=children+babies) %>%
  filter(
    little_ones >= 1,
    hotel=="Resort Hotel"
  ) %>%
  select(hotel,little_ones)
```

```
## # A tibble: 3,929 × 2
     hotel little ones
##
##
                   <dbl>
     <chr>
  1 Resort Hotel
   2 Resort Hotel
                            2
   3 Resort Hotel
                            2
   4 Resort Hotel
   5 Resort Hotel
                           1
   6 Resort Hotel
                           1
##
##
   7 Resort Hotel
   8 Resort Hotel
                           2
   9 Resort Hotel
## 10 Resort Hotel
## # i 3,919 more rows
```