If the history area has keyboard focus, usually indicated by an active selection in the history, the find bar searches the history area. If the command window has keyboard focus, the find bar searches the command line. To be sure that Find will search the area that you want, you can click in that area before starting the search.

Command Window Magnification

You can magnify the size of text in the command line and history area.

To magnify the command line text, right-click in the command line and select an item from the Magnification submenu. To make the new magnification your default magnification for new experiments, right-click again and choose Set as Default for Command Line from the same submenu.

To magnify the history area text, right-click in the history area and select an item from the Magnification submenu. To make the new magnification your default magnification for new experiments, right-click again and choose Set as Default for History Area from the same submenu.

Command Window Formats

You can change the text format used for the command line. For example, you might prefer a different color. To do this, click in the command line and then choose Set Text Format from the Command Buffer submenu of the Misc menu. To set the text format for the history area, click in the history area and then choose Set Text Format from the History Area submenu of the Misc menu. To do this, the history area must have some text in it.

You can set other properties, such as background color, by choosing Document Settings from the Command Buffer or History Area submenus. The Document Settings dialog also sets the header and footer used when printing the history.

When you change the text format or document settings, you are changing the current experiment only. You may want to capture the new format and settings as a preference for new experiments. To do this, choose Capture Prefs from the Command Buffer and History Area submenus.

Getting Help from the Command Line

When working with the command line, you might need help in formulating a command. There are shortcuts that allow you to insert a template, view help, or find the definition of a user function. The command line also supports **Command Completion**.

To insert a template, type the name of the operation or function, Control-click (*Macintosh*) or right-click (*Windows*), and choose Insert Template.

To view help or to view the definition of a user function, type the name of the operation or function, Control-click (*Macintosh*) or right-click (*Windows*), and choose Help for <name>.