

Implenia: Bar raised for 2025

Investment grade bonds

Author: Alexandra Bossert, CFA, Analyst, UBS Switzerland AG

- Implenia made further operational progress in 2024, showing resilience in a demanding market environment. It expects profitability to grow, guiding for a higher EBIT of about CHF 140mn in 2025 (up from CHF 130mn in 2024) and an EBIT margin of above 4.5% in the medium term (2024: 3.7%).
- We upgrade Implenia by one notch to BBB- and return our issuer credit outlook to Stable (from Improving), acknowledging the business transformation over the past years and giving advance credit to expected sustainable positive free cash flow generation going forward.
- Implenia's bonds trade broadly in line with those of other issuers in, or perceived to be in, the crossover space. The prospect for substantial spread tightening is limited, but we see its CHF 3% 2028 bond as appealing for hold-to-maturity investors. Implenia may turn to the bond market to refinance its 2025 note due in November, in our view.

Implenia

Sector	Industrial
Country	Switzerland
Moody's	n.a.
S&P	n.a.

CIO credit risk flags

Senior unsecured



Issuer credit view BBB-, Stable

Issuer valuation view n.a.

Source: UBS, rating agencies, as of 18 March 2025. Please refer to the end of the report for an explanation of CIO risk/valuation views.

CIO Global Wealth Management (GWM) may include securities in this report that have not been registered under Federal US registration rules and individual state registration rules (commonly known as "Blue Sky" laws) or may not be eligible for investment under the policy of GWM Americas.

Issuer credit view

Swiss-domiciled construction and related services company Implenia achieved a solid operating performance in 2024 in a challenging market environment, successfully navigating around any potholes. It remains constructive for the coming years, guiding for a higher EBIT of about CHF 140mn in 2025 (up from CHF 130mn in 2024) and an EBIT margin of above 4.5% in the medium term (2024: 3.7%), underpinned by a high and good quality order book, according to the company.

We lift our rating for Implenia by one notch to BBB- (from BB+) and revert the issuer credit outlook back to Stable (from Improving), acknowledging the company's operational progress over the past years, with no further substantial project impairments booked lately. The latter

confirms the effectiveness of the stated strict application of the value assurance framework when it acquires new projects. Further underpinned by its shift to a more "asset-light" approach, Implenia achieved a total equity ratio of 21.2% at end-2024 (up from a low 10.3% in 2020). We welcome this strengthened equity buffer—a prerequisite for the rating upgrade—in view of the higher risks inherent in construction relative to other industries (e.g., seasonality/cyclicality, thin margins, severe [pricing] competition, and contract risks) and the company's increased focus on larger, technically more complex projects. Implenia strives for an equity ratio of 25% in the medium term, with further upside from continued operational progress, its development portfolio, as well as expected dividend payments of its participation in Ina Invest (respectively Cham Swiss Properties if proposed merger goes ahead). While not quite there yet in 2024, we expect Implenia to deliver on its promise for sustainably positive full-year free cash flow generation going forward, allowing it to de-lever the balance sheet in coming years.

This report has been prepared by UBS Switzerland AG. **Analyst certification and required disclosures begin on page 9.** UBS does and seeks to do business with companies covered in its research reports. As a result, investors should be aware that the firm may have a conflict of interest that could affect the objectivity of this report. Investors should consider this report as only a single factor in making their investment decision. UBSFS accepts responsibility for the contents of this report. U.S. persons who receive this report and wish to effect any transactions in any security discussed in this report should do so with UBSFS and not UBS AG.

Figure 1 - Bonds outstanding

Currency	ISIN	Issuer name	Coupon	Maturity	CIO valuation view	CIO issuer credit view	Bond rating (MDY / S&P)	YTM	Ind. off. price
CHF	CH1145096173	Implenia AG	2.000%	26.11.2025	fair	BBB-, Stable	n.a. / n.a.	1.2%	100.6
CHF	CH0316994661	Implenia AG	1.000%	20.03.2026	fair	BBB-, Stable	n.a. / n.a.	1.4%	100.2
CHF	CH1344316687	Implenia AG	3.000%	17.05.2028	Top list / fair	BBB-, Stable	n.a. / n.a.	1.6%	104.0

Source: UBS, as of 18 March 2025 9:30am CET

Having completed its transformation (2019-22) and trimmed itself fit for growth (2023-24), Implenla is now setting its sights on a “new horizon” from 2025 onward, benefitting from a better business mix. The company envisions becoming an integrated, leading multinational provider of construction and real estate services. The group's intact business prospects in its core activities (with the global megatrends of population growth, urbanization and investments into transport and energy infrastructure, alongside industry shifts toward sustainability, industrialization, and digitalization) underpin our credit assessment.

Downside risks include exposure to national building and construction cycles and low operating margins, which leave little room for error. Negative rating pressure may arise from a large and unanticipated operational setback, sizable project impairments or higher leverage. Having just been upgraded, we see further rating upside as limited for the moment, hinging on strategic project wins in higher-margin specialized segments, sustained improvements in profitability and cash flows, or a significant decrease in leverage, along with increased business diversification.

Investment case

Implenia's bonds trade broadly in line with those of other issuers in, or perceived to be in, the crossover space. Unless the company regains its investment grade composite credit rating and re-enters the SBI Swiss Bond Index, we currently see the prospect for substantial spread tightening as limited. That said, we continue to view its CHF 3% 2028 bond as appealing for hold-to-maturity investors. Valuations should remain supported by widespread retail ownership (and limited ability to short the bonds). Implenla could tap the bond market later this year to refinance its CHF 127mn 2025 note due in November—depending on the new issue premium offered, this could (temporarily) weigh on the performance of existing bonds.

Issuer description

Implenia is Switzerland's leading construction and related services company. Its integrated business model enables the company to manage a building project through the entire life cycle. Aside from having established a strong footprint in its home market, the firm is—in selected disciplines—active abroad. In 2024, it generated 51% of group revenue in Switzerland, 27% in Germany, 15% in Sweden and Norway, and 7% in other countries (i.e., France, Austria, and Italy).

Activities are currently organized across four segments:

- 1) Real Estate (mainly encompassing its development activities, including the services provided to Ina Invest);
- 2) Buildings (i.e., general and total contracting for new buildings and refurbishments, and since May 2023, property management services provided by Wincasa);
- 3) Civil Engineering (e.g., tunnelling, road, railway and other civil/infrastructure construction, and special foundations); and
- 4) Specialties (niches such as wood construction, geotechnical engineering, pre-tensioning technology, facade engineering, building technology planning and construction site logistics).

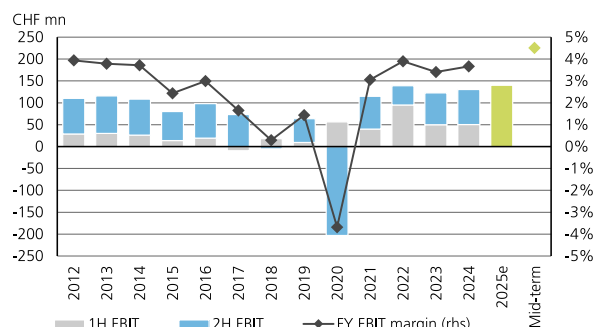
The current divisional structure will be revised as of 1 April, with Real Estate to be merged into Buildings, and Specialties to be renamed Service Solutions, with the latter going forward including Wincasa (previously part of Buildings).

2024 EBIT guidance met, further profitability improvements in the works

Implenia reported group revenue of CHF 3.6bn for 2024, -1.0% in CHF but +0.1% FX-adjusted. The order book stood at CHF 6.8bn (end-2023: CHF 7.0bn) —“slightly lower but still high” according to Implenla. It emphasized the good quality of the book, with a solid risk and margin profile of the underlying projects, owing to the strict application of its value assurance framework. Indeed, over the past four years, Implenla didn't book any larger project impairments. It expects order intake to increase in 2025, pointing to the

increasing number of building permit applications in Switzerland and the investments in major projects announced in Germany.

Figure 2 - Operating performance



Source: Implenia, UBS, as of 31 December 2024

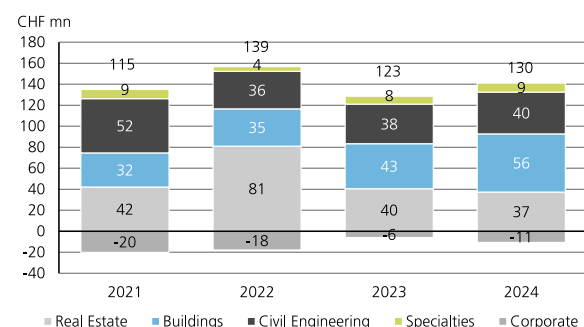
EBIT improved to CHF 130mn (or 3.7% of revenue) from CHF 123mn (3.4%) in 2023, meeting its earlier guidance. The transactional currency impact was minimal, with Implenia citing “natural hedging within local units.” On a FX-adjusted basis, EBIT would have reached CHF 131mn in 2024.

A key driver was the substantial increase in income from associates and joint ventures (which we now also include above the line in our model), rising to CHF 47mn (from CHF 17mn in 2023). In more detail, CHF 51mn (2023: CHF 19mn) stem from working groups (generally referred to as ARGE [Arbeitsgemeinschaft]). We expect their share to continue increasing given Implenia’s strategic shift toward larger, more complex projects. These are often managed with one or more ARGE partners to share the overall risk, use complementary competencies and pool resources. Conversely, Implenia’s 41.1% participation in Ina Invest generated a loss of CHF -6mn (with Ina Invest posting a net attributable loss of CHF -15mn for 2024, driven by a one-time cost of CHF -35mn due to the early termination of the long-term framework and service agreement with Implenia—see below). Other associates accounted for CHF 3mn (2023: CHF 2mn).

Across divisions, in Real Estate, EBIT decreased to CHF 37mn (from CHF 40mn in 2023) on fewer project sales “due to the market situation,” with Implenia looking to realize them at a more ideal time. This was partially mitigated by a one-time earnings contribution (CHF 16mn net P&L impact) from the amendment of the master agreement with Ina Invest following the latter’s proposed merger with Cham Group. If approved by the shareholders of both companies at their respective

general meetings on 31 March, their merger into Cham Swiss Properties would take place on 8 April, with Implenia expecting to end up with roughly 14% in the combined company. The other divisions grew profitably in 2024. Buildings posted an EBIT of CHF 56mn (2023: CHF 43mn), including CHF 17mn from Wincasa (or CHF 20mn before integration costs and purchase price amortization). Civil Engineering contributed CHF 40mn (2023: CHF 38mn), with a particularly good result in tunnelling across all countries, and Specialties CHF 9mn (up from CHF 8mn reported or CHF 5mn underlying in 2023).

Figure 3 - EBIT by segment



Source: Implenia, UBS, as of 31 December 2024

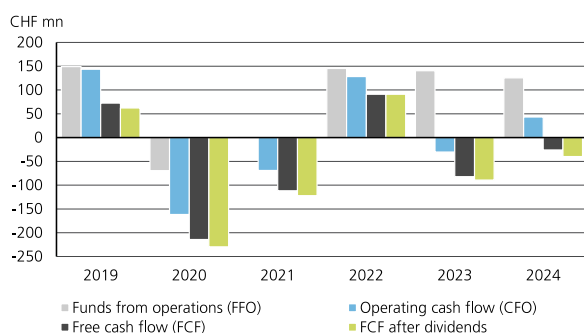
For 2025, Implenia guided for EBIT of about CHF 140mn, “based on strong operating business in a challenging market environment.” We add that operating performance is usually weighted toward 2H when building activity is more intense, albeit to a lower degree than in the past given Wincasa (acquired on 4 May 2023). Further out, Implenia repeated its ambition for an EBIT margin of above 4.5% in the medium term (which we understand from the company means “by 2027”), based on sustained improvements in profitability of existing businesses (with it pointing to its value assurance approach in obtaining new projects, and operational excellence), its sector-oriented specializations (e.g., health care, research, transport and energy infrastructure), and an increased focus on developing new businesses along the value chain (e.g., backward/forward integration), coupled with small-to mid-size acquisitions such as the margin-accretive acquisition of Wincasa in 2023.

Investments into future earnings potential weigh on credit metrics

Despite a rebound in the second half-year and a year-over-year improvement, full-year operating cash flow was with CHF 43mn (up from CHF -30mn in 2023) somewhat lackluster, in our view. Implenia cited reduced

customer prepayments amid lower orders in the Buildings division (with higher payments usually early in a project, i.e., front-loaded billing). This should reverse in 2025 as the company expects order intake to improve. Implenia also noted that it will receive the cash payment of CHF 31mn related to the contract adjustment with Ina Invest in 1H25.

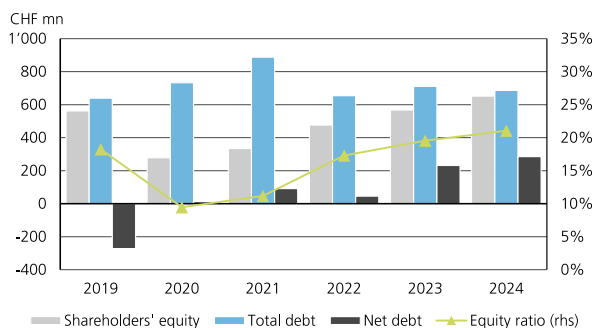
Figure 4 - Cash flow development



Source: Implenia, UBS, as of 31 December 2024

Capex increased to CHF 69mn (2023: CHF 52mn) but decreased to CHF 19mn (CHF 29mn) net of disposals. Implenia acquired land for CHF 65mn (or CHF 32mn net of disposals), which is about CHF 40mn higher than the five-year average, according to the company. It also paid the second tranche of CHF 72mn for Wincasa (net debt neutral). Consequently, free cash flow as defined by Implenia (cash flow from operating activities less cash flow from investing activities) amounted to CHF -54mn (or CHF 58mn excluding Wincasa and the above-average net investment in its land bank), compared to CHF -13mn (or CHF 102mn underlying) in the previous year. Looking ahead, Implenia anticipates sustainable positive full-year free cash flow driven by its profitable operating business.

Figure 5 - Capitalization and leverage



Source: Implenia, UBS, as of 31 December 2024

Net debt rose to CHF 285mn (or CHF 113mn excluding lease liabilities) from CHF 232mn (or CHF 50mn) at end-2023. This corresponds to net debt-to-EBITDA of 1.1x (2023: 1.0x).

Implenia aims to maintain "appropriate" minimum liquidity (cash on hand plus available confirmed credit lines), which we understand from management translates as "at least CHF 200mn." At end-2024, Implenia had cash on hand of CHF 402mn plus unused credit lines of CHF 340mn (including uncommitted bilateral loan agreements). Implenia has access to a CHF 650mn syndicated loan agreement running until December 2027, consisting of a CHF 100mn cash facility (tranche A), a CHF 450mn guarantee facility (tranche B), and a CHF 100mn cash and/or guarantee facility (tranche C). It also has numerous bilateral guarantee lines (important in the construction business) totaling nearly CHF 2.5bn, whereof CHF 1.5bn had been called at end-2024.

This compares to current financial liabilities of CHF 261mn, including a CHF 175mn senior bond due in November and a EUR 30mn Schuldschein (promissory note loan).

Implenia made further progress in improving the total equity ratio, one of our points of critique, with it reaching 21.2% (up from 19.8% at end-2023), meeting its target of at least 20%. The company repeated that it strives for an equity ratio of 25% in the medium term, with further upside from continued operational progress, its development portfolio ("land bank"; in the book with CHF 191mn at end-2024; market value assessed at CHF 297mn by appraiser Wüest Partner), as well as expected dividend payments of its participation in Ina Invest (respectively Cham Swiss Properties if proposed merger gets approved).

Figure 6 - Implenla's financial summary

Selected financials (CHF mn)	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	1H23	2H23	2023	1H24	2H24	2024
Profit & loss											
Net sales	4'364.5	4'430.8	3'988.9	3'764.7	3'538.3	1'720.5	1'875.4	3'595.9	1'740.9	1'818.0	3'558.9
Gross profit	1'473.7	1'569.6	1'268.6	1'506.2	1'412.6	714.3	783.0	1'497.3	721.9	834.0	1'555.9
EBITDA	89.7	186.8	-4.9	224.8	233.1	99.4	127.0	226.4	107.2	140.7	247.9
EBIT	12.9	63.5	-146.8	114.8	138.9	49.9	72.7	122.6	50.5	80.0	130.5
Gross interest expense	9.5	15.6	14.5	15.5	19.4	7.8	8.2	16.0	11.2	8.9	20.1
Net interest expense	8.9	14.7	13.1	14.1	17.7	6.5	7.0	13.5	10.5	7.3	17.8
Net attr. profit	-5.1	29.7	-134.7	61.2	104.8	32.2	108.8	141.0	26.2	66.2	92.4
Balance sheet											
Cash & equivalents	913.2	912.3	720.0	796.9	609.0	230.4	478.8	478.8	343.1	402.0	402.0
Long-term debt	494.3	591.5	606.2	651.9	581.8	598.0	462.7	462.7	603.0	426.0	426.0
Total debt (TD)	516.0	639.8	732.8	888.5	654.5	728.0	710.9	710.9	809.8	686.6	686.6
Net debt	-397.2	-272.6	12.8	91.6	45.4	497.5	232.1	232.1	466.7	284.6	284.6
Equity (excl. minority interest)	560.3	562.7	278.7	334.0	476.2	494.2	568.3	568.3	593.8	652.3	652.3
Total assets	2'861.4	3'083.3	2'943.2	2'987.8	2'753.4	2'791.0	2'905.5	2'905.5	3'052.8	3'098.4	3'098.4
Cash flow											
Funds from operations (FFO)	9.9	149.4	-69.6	1.8	145.3	65.0	75.4	140.3	41.1	84.4	125.5
Cash flow from operations (CFO)	16.1	143.5	-161.5	-69.2	128.1	-348.2	317.8	-30.4	-170.8	213.9	43.2
Capital expenditures (PP&E)	75.1	71.0	52.6	42.7	37.1	19.5	32.1	51.6	30.5	38.5	69.0
Free cash flow (FCF)	-59.0	72.6	-214.1	-111.9	91.0	-367.7	285.7	-82.0	-201.3	175.4	-25.9
FCF after dividends	-97.3	62.1	-229.5	-122.1	90.9	-375.0	285.7	-89.4	-212.2	172.4	-39.9
Selected financial ratios											
Profitability											
Gross margin	33.8%	35.4%	31.8%	40.0%	39.9%	41.5%	41.8%	41.6%	41.5%	45.9%	43.7%
EBITDA margin	2.1%	4.2%	-0.1%	6.0%	6.6%	5.8%	6.8%	6.3%	6.2%	7.7%	7.0%
EBIT margin	0.3%	1.4%	-3.7%	3.1%	3.9%	2.9%	3.9%	3.4%	2.9%	4.4%	3.7%
Debt servicing / Repayment											
EBITDA / gross interest	9.5x	12.0x	neg.	14.5x	12.0x	12.7x	15.5x	14.1x	9.6x	15.8x	12.4x
EBITDA / net interest	10.0x	12.7x	neg.	16.0x	13.2x	15.4x	18.1x	16.8x	10.2x	19.4x	13.9x
EBIT / gross interest	1.4x	4.1x	neg.	7.4x	7.2x	6.4x	8.9x	7.7x	4.5x	9.0x	6.5x
EBIT / net interest	1.4x	4.3x	neg.	8.1x	7.9x	7.7x	10.4x	9.1x	4.8x	11.0x	7.3x
TD / EBITDA	5.8x	3.4x	neg.	4.0x	2.8x			3.1x			2.8x
Net debt / EBITDA	neg.	neg.	neg.	0.4x	0.2x			1.0x			1.1x
FFO / TD	1.9%	23.3%	neg.	0.2%	22.2%			19.7%			18.3%
FFO / net debt	neg.	neg.	neg.	2.0%	319.8%			60.5%			44.1%
FCF / TD	neg.	11.3%	neg.	neg.	13.9%			neg.			neg.
FCF / net debt	14.9%	neg.	neg.	neg.	200.2%			neg.			neg.
Leverage / Capital structure											
Long-term debt as % of capital	46.9%	51.2%	68.5%	66.1%	55.0%	54.8%	44.9%	44.9%	50.4%	39.5%	39.5%
TD as % of capital	47.9%	53.2%	72.4%	72.7%	57.9%	59.6%	55.6%	55.6%	57.7%	51.3%	51.3%
Net debt as % of capital	neg.	neg.	4.4%	21.5%	8.7%	50.2%	29.0%	29.0%	44.0%	30.4%	30.4%
Cash as % of balance sheet	31.9%	29.6%	24.5%	26.7%	22.1%	8.3%	16.5%	16.5%	11.2%	13.0%	13.0%
TD as % of balance sheet	18.0%	20.7%	24.9%	29.7%	23.8%	26.1%	24.5%	24.5%	26.5%	22.2%	22.2%
Equity as % of balance sheet	19.6%	18.2%	9.5%	11.2%	17.3%	17.7%	19.6%	19.6%	19.5%	21.1%	21.1%
Tangible net worth	252.3	258.3	12.1	80.6	235.6	73.3	149.7	149.7	170.5	216.8	216.8
Adjusted ratios											
EBIT / gross interest	5.3x	5.6x	1.4x	4.9x	7.0x			7.5x			6.5x
EBITDA / gross interest	8.9x	13.3x	8.5x	12.0x	11.8x			14.0x			12.4x
TD / EBITDA	3.4x	3.2x	6.1x	4.8x	2.9x			3.2x			2.8x
Net debt / EBITDA	neg.	neg.	0.3x	0.6x	0.2x			1.1x			1.1x
FFO / net debt	neg.	neg.	neg.	1.7%	264.7%			58.3%			44.1%
FCF / net debt	19.2%	neg.	neg.	neg.	165.7%			neg.			neg.
TD as % of capital	58.1%	53.9%	73.0%	73.0%	58.2%			55.9%			51.3%
Net debt as % of capital	neg.	neg.	10.8%	24.2%	10.3%			29.7%			30.4%

Source: Implenla, UBS, as of 31 December 2024

12 month rating history

ISSUER_LEGAL_NAME	ISSUER_NAME	PREVIOUS_ISSUER_VALUATION_VIEW	ISIN	PREVIOUS_BOND_RECO
IMPLENIA AG	IMPLENIA		CH1344316687	Fair (2024-09-04)
IMPLENIA AG	IMPLENIA		CH1344316687	Attractive (2024-10-15)

UBS CIO risk views

Credit risk flags

CIO attaches a credit risk flag to the instruments under its coverage. Credit risk is assessed based on the remaining tenor and / or instrument type. The flag indicates the likelihood that a holder of the instrument will not receive a coupon or principal payment when it comes due. For subordinated and hybrid instruments, which are usually callable and have a remote or no fixed maturity date, we apply one uniform credit risk flag per issuer and instrument type. The idea is to reflect the possibility of contractual trigger events or regulatory intervention occurring. Either can impose losses on bondholders regardless of the remaining term of the instrument or a specific issuer default event. Credit risk flags only indicate our view of the riskiness of a particular instrument. Credit risk flags should not be seen as recommendations to buy, hold or sell. In fact, any combination of risk flags and relative value recommendations is possible.

Very low credit risk



We believe that the probability of debt payments not being made when they come due is very low (cumulative probability of less than 2%).

Medium credit risk



We believe that the probability of debt payments not being made when they come due is low to medium (cumulative probability of non-payment between 2% and less than 20%).

High credit risk



We believe that the probability of debt payments not being made when they come due is at least one in five cumulatively.

UBS credit rating

The UBS credit rating reflects our view of the creditworthiness of a company (consistent with our risk flags) and represents a long-term (senior) debt rating. The symbols are similar to those of rating agencies but UBS credit ratings solely reflect UBS's opinion, and are distinct from evaluations assigned by rating agencies. The UBS credit rating is not a recommendation to buy, hold or sell a particular bond, nor is it reflective of market pricing and/or market sentiment. All combinations of a credit rating and relative valuation recommendations are possible.

Issuer credit outlook

We complement the instrument-specific risk information of the credit risk flags by indicating our outlook for the credit quality of an issuer over the next 12 months. Depending on instrument pricing, all combinations of an issuer credit outlook and relative valuation recommendations are possible.

Improving: We expect the credit profile of the issuer to improve, to an extent that may result in upgrades by rating agencies.

Stable: We do not expect the credit profile of the issuer to change meaningfully.

Deteriorating: We expect the credit profile of the issuer to deteriorate, to an extent that may result in downgrades by rating agencies.

Note that the credit views in this report are those of UBS Financial Services and may differ from those of other parts of UBS regarding the same issuer.

UBS CIO valuation views

Relative value bond recommendations

Our relative value bond recommendations are based on an average investment horizon of six to 12 months. They reflect our assessment of a bond's attractiveness relative to comparable instruments under CIO coverage. Comparable instruments typically exhibit similar credit quality, are denominated in the same currency, and belong to the same segment of the bond market.

Views on a particular instrument can change within the six- to 12-month time frame, and those that apply to one instrument do not necessarily apply to others of the same issuer. Views on a particular instrument may be withdrawn if it does not have a sizeable basket of comparable instruments under CIO coverage.

Attractive Bonds seen as "attractive" are expected to generate a total return exceeding the average return of comparable instruments. Our recommendation can stem from a positive view on the issuer's credit profile not fully reflected in the price, unduly high risk premiums, our take on an instrument's call probability, the risk of coupon deferrals, and external factors including regulatory intervention.

Fair Bonds seen as "fair" are expected to produce a total return broadly in line with the average return of comparable instruments.

Expensive Bonds seen as "expensive" are expected to earn a total return that is less than the average return of comparable instruments. Our recommendation can stem from a negative view on the issuer's credit profile not fully reflected in the price, unduly tight risk premiums, our take on an instrument's call probability, the risk of coupon deferrals, and external factors including regulatory intervention.

Sell recommendations

Sell A Sell recommendation is assigned when the risk of an adverse outcome for an instrument exceeds what is reflected in its current valuation. Such situations can include those in which the instrument appears likely to post negative total returns until redemption, either due to a highly negative yield to maturity or an imminent call at a price below market valuations.

For Credit Suisse clients

Please note that Credit Suisse channels might temporarily display a different rating terminology when referencing UBS CIO bond recommendations.

While terminology might differ due to technical limitations, the definitions of the UBS valuation methodology apply.

UBS bond recommendation	Credit Suisse channels
Attractive	Buy
Fair	Neutral
Expensive	<i>no equivalent in CS channels</i>
Sell	Sell

For more information about our present and past recommendations, please contact ubs-cio-wm@ubs.com.

Issuer valuation views

In addition to the relative value bond recommendations, CIO provides issuer valuation views for selected issuers from developed countries. Large, frequent issuers often provide a relatively consistent bond curve in their main issuing currencies. A general valuation view on them provides useful guidance when constructing a bond portfolio or assessing new issues. Issuer valuation views cannot simply be broken down to the instrument level. Any combination of our credit risk flags and issuer valuation views is generally possible. Issuer views do not restrict CIO from having different valuation views on individual bonds.

Preferred list: Bonds of issuers on our Preferred list are generally expected to offer a more attractive relative valuation than those of similarly rated peers.

Core list: Bonds of issuers on our Core list are generally expected to generate total returns in line with those of similarly rated peers. Core issuers offer relatively liquid bond curves and comparatively stable credit profiles.

Avoid list: Bonds of issuers on our Avoid list are generally expected to offer a less attractive relative valuation than those of similarly rated peers. The decision to include an issuer on the Avoid list reflects, in most cases, relative value considerations, which can but do not have to be based on an expected deterioration in credit quality. As long as we have not issued a Sell recommendation existing positions may be held.

For details please see "Understanding bonds: A guide to CIO's credit offering", published 16 April 2021.

Statement of Risk

Fixed income - Bond market returns are difficult to forecast because of fluctuations in the economy, investor psychology, geopolitical conditions and other important variables. Corporate bonds are subject to a number of risks, including credit

risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk, and event risk. Though historical default rates are low on investment-grade corporate bonds, perceived adverse changes in the credit quality of an issuer may negatively affect the market value of securities. As interest rates rise, the value of a fixed-coupon security will likely decline. Bonds are subject to market value fluctuations, given changes in the level of risk-free interest rates. Not all bonds can be sold quickly or easily on the open market. Prospective investors should consult their tax advisors concerning the federal, state, local, and non-US tax consequences of owning any securities referenced in this report.

Appendix

Required Disclosures

For a complete set of required disclosures relating to the companies that are the subject of this report, please mail a request to UBS CIO Global Wealth Management Business Management, 1285 Avenue of the Americas, 8th Floor, Avenue of the Americas, New York, NY 10019.

Analyst certification

Each research analyst primarily responsible for the content of this research report, in whole or in part, certifies that with respect to each security or issuer that the analyst covered in this report: (1) all of the views expressed accurately reflect his or her personal views about those securities or issuers; and (2) no part of his or her compensation was, is, or will be, directly or indirectly, related to the specific recommendations or views expressed by that research analyst in the research report.

For information on the ways in which CIO manages conflicts and maintains independence of its investment views and publication offering, and research and rating methodologies, please visit www.ubs.com/research-methodology

Company/Country Disclosures (18 March 2025)

Within the past 12 months UBS AG, its affiliates or subsidiaries may have received or provided investment services and activities or ancillary services as per MiFID II which may have given rise to a payment or promise of a payment in relation to these services from or to each company mentioned in the publication.

Implenia AG 1, 2, 3, 4, 5;

1. UBS has acted as manager/co-manager in the underwriting or placement of securities of this company/entity or one of its affiliates within the past 12 months.
2. Within the past 12 months, UBS has received compensation for investment banking services from this company/entity or one of its affiliates.
3. UBS expects to receive or intend to seek compensation for investment banking services from this company/entity within the next three months.
4. UBS holds a long or short position of 0.5% or more of the listed shares of this company.
5. UBS Fund Management (Switzerland) AG beneficially owns more than 5% of the total issued share capital of this company.

Contact

If you require information on UBS Chief Investment Office GWM, its research publications, ratings histories and UBS disclosures with regard to financial instruments and/or issuers, please contact the mailbox ubs-cio-wm@ubs.com (note that e-mail communication is unsecured) or contact your client advisor for assistance.

Frequency of updates

Equity recommendation lists can be updated on a daily basis, and are refreshed whenever there is a material change.

Risk views on bond issuers and instruments are affirmed sporadically and changed ad hoc, subject to market developments.

Producers, disseminators and their competent authorities

This publication has been produced and/or disseminated to you by the UBS Group entity, inclusive of former Credit Suisse AG, its subsidiaries, affiliates, and branches, you have a banking relationship with. The full name of the producing and/or disseminating entity and its competent authority can be found below.

UBS AG Australia Branch is supervised by the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority. **UBS SuMi TRUST Wealth Management Co., Ltd.** is regulated by the Financial Services Agency (FSA). **UBS AG Singapore Branch** is regulated by the Monetary Authority of Singapore (MAS). **UBS Securities Co. Limited** is licensed to conduct securities investment consultancy businesses by the China Securities Regulatory Commission. **UBS AG Hong Kong Branch** is regulated by the Securities and Futures Commission (Hong Kong) and the Hong Kong Monetary Authority (HKMA). **UBS AG Taipei Branch** is authorized and regulated by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC) of the Republic of China (Taiwan). **UBS Securities India Private Limited** is registered with and regulated by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI). **UBS Switzerland AG** is regulated by the Swiss Financial Market Supervisory Authority (FINMA). **UBS**

Europe SE, Germany, is duly authorized by the European Central Bank (ECB), and supervised by the ECB, the German Central Bank (Deutsche Bundesbank) and the German Federal Financial Services Supervisory Authority (Bundesanstalt für Finanzdienstleistungsaufsicht). **UBS Europe SE, Luxembourg Branch** (UBS LUX) is a branch of UBS Europe SE, a credit institution constituted under German law, duly authorized by the German Federal Financial Services Supervisory Authority (Bundesanstalt für Finanzdienstleistungsaufsicht – “BaFin”) and subject to the joint prudential supervision of BaFin, the German Central Bank (Deutsche Bundesbank) and the European Central Bank (ECB). UBS LUX is furthermore supervised by the Luxembourg prudential supervisory authority (Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier), in its role as host member state authority. **UBS Europe SE, Succursale Italia** is subject to the joint supervision of the European Central Bank (ECB), the German Central Bank (Deutsche Bundesbank), the German Federal Financial Services Supervisory Authority (Bundesanstalt für Finanzdienstleistungsaufsicht), as well as of the Bank of Italy (Banca d’Italia) and the Italian Financial Markets Supervisory Authority (Commissione Nazionale per le Società e la Borsa – CONSOB). **UBS AG Sucursal en España** is authorized by the Banco de España. **UBS Europe SE, Denmark Branch, filial af UBS Europe SE** is subject to the joint supervision of the European Central Bank (ECB), the German Central Bank (Deutsche Bundesbank), the German Federal Financial Services Supervisory Authority (Bundesanstalt für Finanzdienstleistungsaufsicht), as well as of the Danish Financial Supervisory Authority (Finanstilsynet). **UBS Europe SE, Sweden Bankfilial** is subject to the joint supervision of the European Central Bank (ECB), the German Central bank (Deutsche Bundesbank), the German Federal Financial Services Supervisory Authority (Bundesanstalt für Finanzdienstleistungsaufsicht), as well as of the Swedish supervisory authority (Finansinspektionen). **UBS Europe SE Succursale de France** is subject to the joint supervision of the European Central Bank, the German Central Bank (Deutsche Bundesbank), the German Federal Financial Services Supervisory Authority (Bundesanstalt für Finanzdienstleistungsaufsicht), as well as of the French “Autorité de contrôle prudentiel et de résolution” and “Autorité des marchés financiers”. **UBS (Monaco) S.A.** operates under a banking license granted by the “Autorité de Contrôle Prudentiel et de Résolution” (ACPR) and the Monegasque government and is also licensed by the “Commission de Contrôle des Activités Financières” (CCAF) to provide investment services in Monaco. **UBS AG London Branch** is regulated by the Prudential Regulatory Authority (PRA) and the Financial Conduct Authority (FCA). **UBS AG Jersey Branch** is regulated and authorized by the Jersey Financial Services Commission for the conduct of banking, funds and investment business. In Israel, UBS Switzerland AG is registered as Foreign Dealer in cooperation with UBS Wealth Management Israel Ltd., a wholly owned UBS subsidiary. **UBS Wealth Management Israel Ltd.** is an Investment Marketing licensee which engages in Investment Marketing and is regulated by the Israel Securities Authority. **UBS AG Bahrain Branch** is authorized and regulated by the Central Bank of Bahrain. **UBS AG Dubai Branch** is licensed in the Dubai International Financial Centre (DIFC) by the Dubai Financial Services Authority (DFSA) as an authorised firm. **UBS Qatar LLC** is authorized by the Qatar Financial Centre Regulatory Authority. **UBS Saudi Arabia** is authorised and regulated by the Capital Market Authority to conduct securities business under licence number 08113-37. **UBS Brasil Administradora de Valores Mobiliários Ltda.** is regulated by Comissão de Valores Mobiliários. **UBS Asesores México, S.A. de C.V.** is regulated by Comisión Nacional Bancaria y de Valores (CNBV). **UBS Financial Services Inc.** is registered as a broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), a futures commission merchant with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission (CFTC) and the National Futures Association and is a member of various exchanges and the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA). **Credit Suisse (Brasil) S.A. Corretora de Títulos e Valores Mobiliários** is supervised by the Central Bank of Brazil and the Brazilian Securities Commission (CVM). **Credit Suisse (Luxembourg) S.A. Succursale en France** is subject to the prudential supervision of the Luxembourg supervisory authority, the Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier (CSSF), and of the French supervisory authority, the Autorité de Contrôle Prudentiel et de Résolution (ACPR) and of the Autorité des Marchés Financiers. **Credit Suisse (Italy) S.p.A.** is subject to the supervision and control of Banca d’Italia and CONSOB. **Credit Suisse Securities (Japan) Limited** is supervised by the Financial Services Agency (FSA). **Credit Suisse (Luxembourg) S.A.** is subject to the prudential supervision of the Luxembourg supervisory authority, the Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier (CSSF). **C. Suisse Asesoría México, S.A. de C.V.** is subject to the supervision of the National Banking and Securities Commission. **Credit Suisse (Luxembourg) S.A. Sucursal em Portugal** is subject to the prudential supervision of the Luxembourg supervisory authority, the Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier (CSSF), and of the Portuguese supervisory authority, the Comissão do Mercado dos Valores Mobiliários (CMVM). **Credit Suisse (Qatar) L.L.C.** is duly authorized and regulated by the Qatar Financial Centre Regulatory Authority (QFCRA). **Credit Suisse Saudi Arabia** is duly licensed and regulated by the Saudi Arabian Capital Market Authority. **Credit Suisse (UK) Limited** is registered as a financial services provider with the Financial Sector Conduct Authority in South Africa. **Credit Suisse Istanbul Menkul Degerler Anonim Sirketi** is regulated by the Capital Markets Board of Turkey. **Credit Suisse (UK) Limited** is authorized by the Prudential Regulation Authority and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority and the Prudential Regulation Authority.

Issuer / bond rating definitions				
		S&P	Moody's	Definition
Credit / bond* rating	Investment grade	AAA	Aaa	Issuer / bonds have exceptionally strong credit quality. AAA is the best credit quality.
		AA+	Aa1	Issuer / bonds have very strong credit quality.
		AA	Aa2	
		AA-	Aa3	
		A+	A1	Issuer / bonds have high credit quality.
		A	A2	
		A-	A3	
		BBB+	Baa1	Issuer / bonds have adequate credit quality. This is the lowest Investment Grade category.
		BBB	Baa2	
	BBB-	Baa3		
	Non-investment grade	BB+	Ba1	Issuer / bonds have weak credit quality. This is the highest Speculative Grade category.
		BB	Ba2	
		BB-	Ba3	
		B+	B1	Issuer / bonds have very weak credit quality.
		B	B2	
		B-	B3	
CCC+		Caa1	Issuer / bonds have extremely weak credit quality.	
CCC		Caa2		
CCC-		Caa3		
CC	Ca	Issuer / bonds have very high risk of default.		
C				
D	C	Obligor failed to make payment on one or more of its financial commitments. This is the lowest quality of the Speculative Grade category.		
Rating outlook		Positive	A positive rating outlook means that a credit rating upgrade is possible within the next 12 months.	
		Stable	A stable rating outlook means that no credit rating change is expected within the next 12 months.	
		Negative	A negative rating outlook means that a credit rating downgrade is possible within the next 12 months.	
		Watch	Rating is under review and there is an increased likelihood of rating change(s). The direction is currently unclear.	
		Watch+	Rating is under review and there is an increased likelihood of rating upgrade(s).	
		Watch-	Rating is under review and there is an increased likelihood of rating downgrade(s).	
* Bond ratings may differ from issuer credit ratings due to credit enhancements, guarantees or subordination to senior liabilities.				

Risk Information

UBS Chief Investment Office's ("CIO") investment views are prepared and published by the Global Wealth Management business of UBS Switzerland AG (regulated by FINMA in Switzerland) or its affiliates ("UBS"), part of UBS Group AG ("UBS Group"). UBS Group includes former Credit Suisse AG, its subsidiaries, branches and affiliates. Additional disclaimer relevant to Credit Suisse Wealth Management follows at the end of this section.

The investment views have been prepared in accordance with legal requirements designed to promote **the independence of investment research**.

Instrument/issuer-specific investment research – Risk information:

This publication is **for your information only** and is not intended as an offer, or a solicitation of an offer, to buy or sell any investment or other specific product. The analysis contained herein does not constitute a personal recommendation or take into account the particular investment objectives, investment strategies, financial situation and needs of any specific recipient. It is based on numerous assumptions. Different assumptions could result in materially different results. Certain services and products are subject to legal restrictions and cannot be offered worldwide on an unrestricted basis and/or may not be eligible for sale to all investors. All information and opinions expressed in this document were obtained from sources believed to be reliable and in good faith, but no representation or warranty, express or implied, is made as to its accuracy or completeness (other than disclosures relating to UBS). All information and opinions as well as any forecasts, estimates and market prices indicated are current as of the date of this report, and are subject to change without notice. This publication is not intended to be a complete statement or summary of the securities, markets or developments referred to in the report. Opinions expressed herein may differ or be contrary to those expressed by other business areas or divisions of UBS as a result of using different assumptions and/or criteria.

In no circumstances may this document or any of the information (including any forecast, value, index or other calculated amount ("Values")) be used for any of the following purposes (i) valuation or accounting purposes; (ii) to determine the amounts due or payable, the price or the value of any financial instrument or financial contract; or (iii) to measure the performance of any financial instrument including, without limitation, for the purpose of tracking the return or performance of any Value or of defining the asset allocation of portfolio or of computing performance fees. By receiving this document and the information you will be deemed to represent and warrant to UBS that you will not use this document or otherwise rely on any of the information for any of the above purposes. UBS and any of its directors or employees may be entitled at any time to hold long or short positions in investment instruments referred to herein, carry out transactions involving relevant investment instruments in the capacity of principal or agent, or provide any other services or have officers, who serve as directors, either to/for the issuer, the investment instrument itself or to/for any company commercially or financially affiliated to such issuers. At any time, investment decisions (including whether to buy, sell or hold securities) made by UBS and its employees may differ from or be contrary to the opinions expressed in UBS research publications. Some investments may not be readily realizable since the market in the securities is illiquid and therefore valuing the investment and identifying the risk to which you are exposed may be difficult to quantify. UBS relies on information barriers to control the flow of information contained in one or more areas within UBS, into other areas, units, divisions or affiliates of UBS. Futures and options trading is not suitable for every investor as there is a substantial risk of loss, and losses in excess of an initial investment may occur. Past performance of an investment is no guarantee for its future performance. Additional information will be made available upon request. Some investments may be subject to sudden and large falls in value and on realization you may receive back less than you invested or may be required to pay more. Changes in foreign exchange rates may have an adverse effect on the price, value or income of an investment. The analyst(s) responsible for the preparation of this report may interact with trading desk personnel, sales personnel and other constituencies for the purpose of gathering, synthesizing and interpreting market information.

Different areas, groups, and personnel within UBS Group may produce and distribute separate research products **independently of each other**. For example, research publications from **CIO** are produced by UBS Global Wealth Management. **UBS Global Research** is produced by UBS Investment Bank. **Research methodologies and rating systems of each separate research organization may differ**, for example, in terms of investment recommendations, investment horizon, model assumptions, and valuation methods. As a consequence, except for certain economic forecasts (for which UBS CIO and UBS Global Research may collaborate), investment recommendations, ratings, price targets, and valuations provided by each of the separate research organizations may be different, or inconsistent. You should refer to each relevant research product for the details as to their methodologies and rating system. Not all clients may have access to all products from every organization. Each research product is subject to the policies and procedures of the organization that produces it. The compensation of the analyst(s) who prepared this report is determined exclusively by research management and senior management (not including investment banking). Analyst compensation is not based on investment banking, sales and trading or principal trading revenues, however, compensation may relate to the revenues of UBS Group as a whole, of which investment banking, sales and trading and principal trading are a part.

Tax treatment depends on the individual circumstances and may be subject to change in the future. UBS does not provide legal or tax advice and makes no representations as to the tax treatment of assets or the investment returns thereon both in

Risk Information

general or with reference to specific client's circumstances and needs. We are of necessity unable to take into account the particular investment objectives, financial situation and needs of our individual clients and we would recommend that you take financial and/or tax advice as to the implications (including tax) of investing in any of the products mentioned herein. This material may not be reproduced or copies circulated without prior authority of UBS. Unless otherwise agreed in writing UBS expressly prohibits the distribution and transfer of this material to third parties for any reason. UBS accepts no liability whatsoever for any claims or lawsuits from any third parties arising from the use or distribution of this material. This report is for distribution only under such circumstances as may be permitted by applicable law. For information on the ways in which CIO manages conflicts and maintains independence of its investment views and publication offering, and research and rating methodologies, please visit www.ubs.com/research-methodology. Additional information on the relevant authors of this publication and other CIO publication(s) referenced in this report; and copies of any past reports on this topic; are available upon request from your client advisor.

Options and futures are not suitable for all investors, and trading in these instruments is considered risky and may be appropriate only for sophisticated investors. Prior to buying or selling an option, and for the complete risks relating to options, you must receive a copy of "Characteristics and Risks of Standardized Options". You may read the document at <https://www.theocc.com/about/publications/character-risks.jsp> or ask your financial advisor for a copy.

Investing in structured investments involves significant risks. For a detailed discussion of the risks involved in investing in any particular structured investment, you must read the relevant offering materials for that investment. Structured investments are unsecured obligations of a particular issuer with returns linked to the performance of an underlying asset. Depending on the terms of the investment, investors could lose all or a substantial portion of their investment based on the performance of the underlying asset. Investors could also lose their entire investment if the issuer becomes insolvent. UBS does not guarantee in any way the obligations or the financial condition of any issuer or the accuracy of any financial information provided by any issuer. Structured investments are not traditional investments and investing in a structured investment is not equivalent to investing directly in the underlying asset. Structured investments may have limited or no liquidity, and investors should be prepared to hold their investment to maturity. The return of structured investments may be limited by a maximum gain, participation rate or other feature. Structured investments may include call features and, if a structured investment is called early, investors would not earn any further return and may not be able to reinvest in similar investments with similar terms. Structured investments include costs and fees which are generally embedded in the price of the investment. The tax treatment of a structured investment may be complex and may differ from a direct investment in the underlying asset. UBS and its employees do not provide tax advice. Investors should consult their own tax advisor about their own tax situation before investing in any securities.

Important Information About Sustainable Investing Strategies: Sustainable investing strategies aim to consider and incorporate environmental, social and governance (ESG) factors into investment process and portfolio construction. Strategies across geographies approach ESG analysis and incorporate the findings in a variety of ways. Incorporating ESG factors or Sustainable Investing considerations may inhibit UBS's ability to participate in or to advise on certain investment opportunities that otherwise would be consistent with the Client's investment objectives. The returns on a portfolio incorporating ESG factors or Sustainable Investing considerations may be lower or higher than portfolios where ESG factors, exclusions, or other sustainability issues are not considered by UBS, and the investment opportunities available to such portfolios may differ.

External Asset Managers / External Financial Consultants: In case this research or publication is provided to an External Asset Manager or an External Financial Consultant, UBS expressly prohibits that it is redistributed by the External Asset Manager or the External Financial Consultant and is made available to their clients and/or third parties.

USA: Distributed to US persons only by UBS Financial Services Inc. or UBS Securities LLC, subsidiaries of UBS AG. UBS Switzerland AG, UBS Europe SE, UBS Bank, S.A., UBS Brasil Administradora de Valores Mobiliarios Ltda, UBS Asesores México, S.A. de C.V., UBS SuMi TRUST Wealth Management Co., Ltd., UBS Wealth Management Israel Ltd and UBS Menkul Degerler AS are affiliates of UBS AG. **UBS Financial Services Inc. accepts responsibility for the content of a report prepared by a non-US affiliate when it distributes reports to US persons. All transactions by a US person in the securities mentioned in this report should be effected through a US-registered broker dealer affiliated with UBS, and not through a non-US affiliate. The contents of this report have not been and will not be approved by any securities or investment authority in the United States or elsewhere. UBS Financial Services Inc. is not acting as a municipal advisor to any municipal entity or obligated person within the meaning of Section 15B of the Securities Exchange Act (the "Municipal Advisor Rule") and the opinions or views contained herein are not intended to be, and do not constitute, advice within the meaning of the Municipal Advisor Rule.**

For country information, please visit ubs.com/cio-country-disclaimer-sr or ask your client advisor for the full disclaimer.

Additional Disclaimer relevant to Credit Suisse Wealth Management

You receive this document in your capacity as a client of Credit Suisse Wealth Management. Your personal data will be processed in accordance with the Credit Suisse privacy statement accessible at your domicile through the official Credit Suisse website <https://www.credit-suisse.com>. In order to provide you with marketing materials concerning our products and services, UBS Group AG and its subsidiaries may process your basic personal data (i.e. contact details such as name, e-mail

Risk Information

address) until you notify us that you no longer wish to receive them. You can optout from receiving these materials at any time by informing your Relationship Manager.

Except as otherwise specified herein and/or depending on the local Credit Suisse entity from which you are receiving this report, this report is distributed by UBS Switzerland AG, authorised and regulated by the Swiss Financial Market Supervisory Authority (FINMA).

Version D/2024. CIO82652744

© UBS 2025. The key symbol and UBS are among the registered and unregistered trademarks of UBS. All rights reserved.