

Name: Muhammad Haroon Khan Bangash

Roll no: 303643

Degree: DE 41 EE (A)

Subject: Dip

Assignment: 02

## Disclaimer:

Some of the tasks are not done due to the lack of coding knowledge and limited resources on the internet. Although I have used dozens of websites but some codes weren't on internet as demanded by professor. I could have switched to Matlab for obtaining grades but it would have killed my curiosity for assignment and learning objective. Incomplete tasks are compensated with materials that were available on different websites.

## Importing the picture

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
import cv2
import os
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
from PIL import Image, ImageFilter
%matplotlib inline
```

```
In [1]: !pip install pyppeteer
```

```
Collecting pyppeteer
  Downloading pyppeteer-1.0.2-py3-none-any.whl (83 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: tqdm<5.0.0,>=4.42.1 in c:\users\hp\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pyppeteer) (4.64.0)
Collecting pyee<9.0.0,>=8.1.0
  Downloading pyee-8.2.2-py2.py3-none-any.whl (12 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2021 in c:\users\hp\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pyppeteer) (2022.12.7)
Requirement already satisfied: urllib3<2.0.0,>=1.25.8 in c:\users\hp\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pyppeteer) (1.26.9)
Requirement already satisfied: importlib-metadata>=1.4 in c:\users\hp\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pyppeteer) (4.11.3)
Requirement already satisfied: appdirs<2.0.0,>=1.4.3 in c:\users\hp\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from pyppeteer) (1.4.4)
Collecting websockets<11.0,>=10.0
  Downloading websockets-10.4-cp39-win_amd64.whl (101 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: zipp>=0.5 in c:\users\hp\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from importlib-metadata>=1.4->pyppeteer) (3.7.0)
Requirement already satisfied: colorama in c:\users\hp\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from tqdm<5.0.0,>=4.42.1->pyppeteer) (0.4.4)
Installing collected packages: websockets, pyee, pyppeteer
Successfully installed pyee-8.2.2 pyppeteer-1.0.2 websockets-10.4
```

```
In [2]: from PIL import Image
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import matplotlib.image as mpimg
import cv2
```

```
In [3]: image = cv2.imread('haroon.jpeg')
image = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
plt.figure(figsize=(11,6))
plt.imshow(image)
plt.title('Image')
plt.xticks([])
plt.yticks([])
plt.show()
```



```
In [4]: import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import cv2
```

```
In [6]: img=cv2.imread("haroon.jpeg")

print(img.shape)

(1600, 1200, 3)
```

## Adding Gaussian Noise to image

```
In [35]: gauss_noise=np.zeros((640,480),dtype=np.uint8)
cv2.randn(gauss_noise,128,20)
gauss_noise=(gauss_noise*0.5).astype(np.uint8)
```

```
In [36]: gn_img=cv2.add(img,gauss_noise)
```

```
-----
error                                Traceback (most recent call last)
Input In [36], in <cell line: 1>()
----> 1 gn_img=cv2.add(img,gauss_noise)

error: OpenCV(4.6.0) D:\a\opencv-python\opencv-python\opencv\modules\core\src\arithm.cp
p:650: error: (-209:Sizes of input arguments do not match) The operation is neither 'arr
ay op array' (where arrays have the same size and the same number of channels), nor 'arr
ay op scalar', nor 'scalar op array' in function 'cv::arithm_op'
```

```
In [37]: fig=plt.figure(dpi=300)
```

```

fig.add_subplot(1,3,1)
plt.imshow(img,cmap='gray')
plt.axis("off")
plt.title("Original")

fig.add_subplot(1,3,2)
plt.imshow(gauss_noise,cmap='gray')
plt.axis("off")
plt.title("Gaussian Noise")

fig.add_subplot(1,3,3)
plt.imshow(img,cmap='gray')
plt.axis("off")
plt.title("Combined")

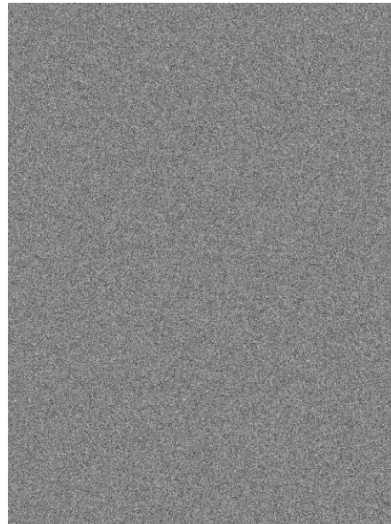
```

Out[37]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Combined')

Original



Gaussian Noise



Combined



## gaussian filter to original image

```

In [8]: new_image = cv2.GaussianBlur(image, (figure_size, figure_size),0)

plt.figure(figsize=(11,6))
plt.subplot(121), plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_HSV2RGB)),plt.title('Original')
plt.xticks([], plt.yticks([]))
plt.subplot(122), plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(new_image, cv2.COLOR_HSV2RGB)),plt.title('Gaus')
plt.xticks([], plt.yticks([]))
plt.show()

```

Original



Gaussian Filter



```
In [9]: new_image_gauss = cv2.GaussianBlur(image2, (figure_size, figure_size),0)

plt.figure(figsize=(11,6))
plt.subplot(121), plt.imshow(image2, cmap='gray'),plt.title('Original')
plt.xticks([], plt.yticks([]))
plt.subplot(122), plt.imshow(new_image_gauss, cmap='gray'),plt.title('Gaussian Filter')
plt.xticks([], plt.yticks([]))
plt.show()
```

Original



Gaussian Filter



## Applying Average filter to original image

```
In [8]: img = cv2.imread("haroon.jpeg")
img = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB) # Fixes color read issue
```

```
In [9]: av3 = cv2.blur(img, (3,3))
av11 = cv2.blur(img, (11,11))
```



```
# Plot the image. This code is excluded for the rest of the article.
plt.gcf().set_size_inches(25,25)
plt.subplot(131),plt.imshow(img),plt.title('Original')
plt.xticks([], plt.yticks([]))
plt.subplot(132),plt.imshow(av3),plt.title('Averaging - 3x3')
plt.xticks([], plt.yticks([]))
plt.subplot(133),plt.imshow(av11),plt.title('Averaging - 11x11')
plt.xticks([], plt.yticks([]))
plt.show()
```



## Median Filter to original image

```
In [10]: new_image = cv2.medianBlur(image, figure_size)

plt.figure(figsize=(11,6))
plt.subplot(121), plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_HSV2RGB)),plt.title('Original')
plt.xticks([], plt.yticks([]))
plt.subplot(122), plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(new_image, cv2.COLOR_HSV2RGB)),plt.title('Medi')
plt.xticks([], plt.yticks([]))
plt.show()
```



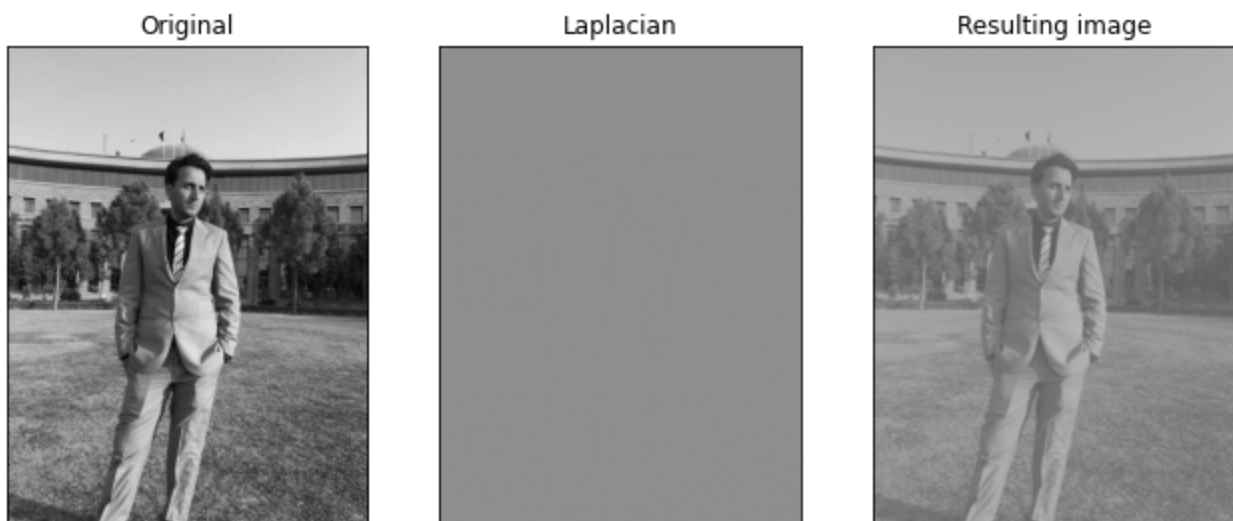
```
In [11]: new_image = cv2.medianBlur(image2, figure_size)

plt.figure(figsize=(11,6))
plt.subplot(121), plt.imshow(image2, cmap='gray'),plt.title('Original')
plt.xticks([], plt.yticks([]))
plt.subplot(122), plt.imshow(new_image, cmap='gray'),plt.title('Median Filter')
plt.xticks([], plt.yticks([]))
plt.show()
```



```
In [12]: new_image = cv2.Laplacian(image2,cv2.CV_64F)

plt.figure(figsize=(11,6))
plt.subplot(131), plt.imshow(image2, cmap='gray'),plt.title('Original')
plt.xticks([], plt.yticks([]))
plt.subplot(132), plt.imshow(new_image, cmap='gray'),plt.title('Laplacian')
plt.xticks([], plt.yticks([]))
plt.subplot(133), plt.imshow(image2 + new_image, cmap='gray'),plt.title('Resulting image')
plt.xticks([], plt.yticks([]))
plt.show()
```



```
In [13]: dft = cv2.dft(np.float32(image2),flags = cv2.DFT_COMPLEX_OUTPUT)

# shift the zero-frequency component to the center of the spectrum
dft_shift = np.fft.fftshift(dft)
```

```

# save image of the image in the fourier domain.
magnitude_spectrum = 20*np.log(cv2.magnitude(dft_shift[:, :, 0], dft_shift[:, :, 1]))

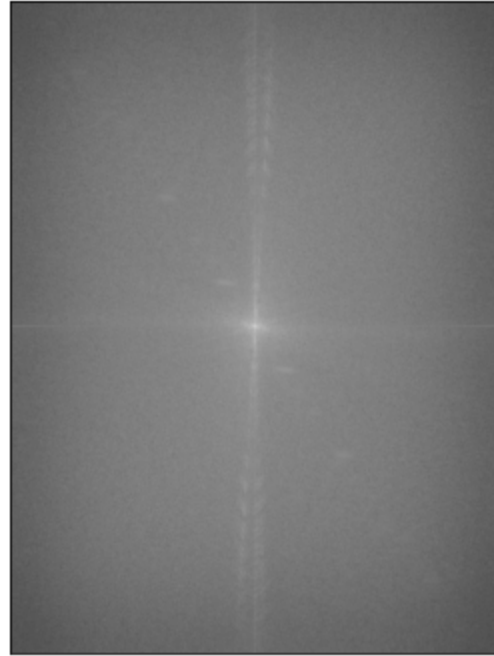
# plot both images
plt.figure(figsize=(11,6))
plt.subplot(121),plt.imshow(image2, cmap = 'gray')
plt.title('Input Image'), plt.xticks([]), plt.yticks([])
plt.subplot(122),plt.imshow(magnitude_spectrum, cmap = 'gray')
plt.title('Magnitude Spectrum'), plt.xticks([]), plt.yticks([])
plt.show()

```

Input Image



Magnitude Spectrum



```

In [14]: rows, cols = image2.shape
         crow,ccol = rows//2 , cols//2

# create a mask first, center square is 1, remaining all zeros
mask = np.zeros((rows,cols,2),np.uint8)
mask[crow-30:crow+30, ccol-30:ccol+30] = 1

# apply mask and inverse DFT
fshift = dft_shift*mask
f_ishift = np.fft.ifftshift(fshift)
img_back = cv2.idft(f_ishift)
img_back = cv2.magnitude(img_back[:, :, 0],img_back[:, :, 1])

# plot both images
plt.figure(figsize=(11,6))
plt.subplot(121),plt.imshow(image2, cmap = 'gray')
plt.title('Input Image'), plt.xticks([]), plt.yticks([])
plt.subplot(122),plt.imshow(img_back, cmap = 'gray')
plt.title('Low Pass Filter'), plt.xticks([]), plt.yticks([])
plt.show()

```



Input Image



Low Pass Filter



```
In [15]: image2 = Image.fromarray(image2.astype('uint8'))
new_image = image2.filter(ImageFilter.UnsharpMask(radius=2, percent=150))

plt.figure(figsize=(11,6))
plt.subplot(121),plt.imshow(image2, cmap = 'gray')
plt.title('Input Image'), plt.xticks([], plt.yticks([]))
plt.subplot(122),plt.imshow(new_image, cmap = 'gray')
plt.title('Unsharp Filter'), plt.xticks([], plt.yticks([]))
plt.show()
```

Input Image



Unsharp Filter



```
In [ ]:
```