Operating System Tutorial Exam Solutions

1)	0	generated when we pro b) <i>SIGSTOP / SIGTS</i>		BRT d) SIGINT	
2)	_	nent of <i>Creat()</i> system (b) <fcntl.h> (c) <</fcntl.h>		neheader file <stdio.h></stdio.h>	
3)	(a) places the c second byte of th		the end-of-file (b) premembers at the	laces the current pointer afte first byte (d) backs up the file	
4)	Default activity (a) Terminate	of SIGSEGV is b) Core dump	c) Stop	d) Cont	
5)	Kernel modules a) /lib directory		c) /boot directory	d) none of the mention	ed
6)	the following pro a) Timers b)	operties are inherited? CWD, Root Director	ry c) PID d)	herits a few properties. Which shared Memory Segment g) open file descriptors	
7)	What number of	process will be spawn	ed in the wake of e	executing the below system?	
#in int for for for pri ret	nclude <stdio.h> nclude <unistd.h> nclude <unistding <unist<="" <unistding="" nclude="" td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></unistding></unistd.h></unistd.h></unistd.h></unistd.h></unistd.h></unistd.h></unistd.h></stdio.h>				
8)	-	ut of the below code?			
	<pre>void my_signal_h printf("Its Done int main() { int pid:</pre>	andler (int signalnum e\n''); }) {		

```
signal (SIGKILL, my_signal_handler);
pid = fork();
if (pid!=0) {
    sleep(10);
} else {
    kill(getppid(), SIGKILL);
    exit(0);
}
return 0;
}
```

Sol: No Output or Parent exits without going to the signal handler

9) Modify the below code such that it prints a message "*I am ignoring the signal*" immediately when you provide an first interrupt (Ctrl+c) and the process should be terminated on providing the next (Second) interrupt (Ctrl+c). Write the corresponding function and use proper signals for the same.

```
#include<stdio.h>
     #include<signal.h>
     int main() {
         while(1){
         printf("BITS\n");
          sleep(5);
        return 0;
Sol:
   1.
         #include<stdio.h>
   2.
         #include<signal.h>
   3.
   4.
         void signal_func (int);
   5.
         void signal_func (int sig_no)
   6.
   7.
            printf("I am ignoring the signal \n");
            signal(SIGINT,SIG_DFL);
   8.
   9.
                                                            else
   10. int main()
   11.
                                                           }
            signal(SIGINT, signal_func);
   12.
   13.
            while(1){
   14.
              printf("BITS \n");
   15.
              sleep(5);
   16.
            }
   17.
            return 0;
```

```
int count =0;
void signal_func (int sig_no)
{
    if (count ==0)
    {
       printf("I am ignoring the signal \n");
       count++;
    }
    else
       exit(1);
}
```

```
18.
10) Predict the output of the below code snippet?
#include <stdio.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
int main() {
    int fp, counter;
    char charac[10];
    fp = open("bitspilani.txt",O_RDWR|O_CREAT);
    write(fp,"operating systems",5);
    lseek(fp,2,SEEK_END);
    write(fp,"tutorial",3);
    lseek(fp,0,0);
    counter = read(fp,charac,10);
    printf("%s\n",charac);
    return 0;
Sol: opera
```

11) Make necessary changes in the code which pipes the output of "ls" command to "grep" command for listing out ".py" files in the current directory.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#define COMND1 "grep"
#define COMND2 "ls"
int main() {
  int Pipe[2];
  int myStdin, myStdout;
  int pidchild;
  myStdin = dup(0);
  myStdout = dup(1);
  pipe(Pipe);
```

```
if(!pidchild) {
    dup2( myStdout, 1 );
    close( myStdout );
    close( myStdin );
    close( Pipe[0] );
    close( Pipe[1] );
    printf("\n"); }

close( Pipe[0] );
    close( Pipe[1] );
    close( myStdout );
    close( myStdin );
    return 0;
}
```

Sol:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>

#define COMND1 "grep"
#define COMND2 "ls"

#define ARG1 ".py"
```

```
int main()
  int Pipe[2];
  int myStdin, myStdout;
  int pidchild;
  myStdin = dup(0);
  myStdout = dup(1);
  pipe(Pipe);
  if((pidchild = fork()) < 0)
    perror( "Fork Error" );
    exit(1);
  }
  if(!pidchild)
     dup2( Pipe[0], 0 );
    dup2( myStdout, 1 );
    close( myStdout );
    close( myStdin );
    close( Pipe[0] );
    close( Pipe[1] );
    printf("\n");
        execlp( COMND1, COMND1, ARG1, NULL );
  }
  dup2( Pipe[1], 1 );
  close( Pipe[0] );
  close( Pipe[1] );
  close( myStdout );
  close( myStdin );
  execlp( COMND2, COMND2, NULL );
  return 0;
```