

```
fire_data<-read.csv("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/aarongelf/data602-data/refs/heads/main/fp-histor
#We have also include the dataset in our submission, in case there is an error accessing the URL.
```

Question 1 - What is the Relationship Between Wind Speed and Fire Spread Rate

To examine the relationship between wind speed and fire spread rate, we can perform a few visual functions, to get an idea of the dataset itself. It is also important to note that data dictionary provided should be used to help interpret the columns based on their names, as well as what the values represent. The data dictionary can be found at <https://open.alberta.ca/dataset/a221e7a0-4f46-4be7-9c5a-e29de9a3447e/resource/1b635b8b-a937-4be4-857e-8aee77365d2/download/fp-historical-wildfire-data-dictionary-2006-2023.pdf>.

```
head(fire_data)
```

```
##  fire_year fire_number fire_name current_size size_class
## 1      2006      PWF001      <NA>         0.10         A
## 2      2006      EWF002      <NA>         0.20         B
## 3      2006      EWF001      <NA>         0.50         B
## 4      2006      EWF003      <NA>         0.01         A
## 5      2006      PWF002      <NA>         0.10         A
## 6      2006      CWF001      <NA>         0.20         B
##  fire_location_latitude fire_location_longitude fire_origin
## 1                    56.24996             -117.1820 Private Land
## 2                    53.60637             -115.9157 Provincial Land
## 3                    53.61093             -115.5943 Provincial Land
## 4                    53.60887             -115.6095 Provincial Land
## 5                    56.24996             -117.0502 Provincial Land
## 6                    51.15293             -115.0346 Indian Reservation
##  general_cause_desc industry_identifier_desc responsible_group_desc
## 1      Resident                      <NA> Resident
## 2      Incendiary                      <NA> Others (explain in remarks)
## 3      Incendiary                      <NA> Others (explain in remarks)
## 4      Incendiary                      <NA> Others (explain in remarks)
## 5      Other Industry Waste Disposal Employees
## 6      Resident                      <NA> Resident
##  activity_class true_cause fire_start_date det_agent_type det_agent
## 1      Grass Permit Related 2006-04-02 12:00 UNP 310
## 2 Lighting Fires Arson Suspected 2006-04-03 12:10 UNP 310
## 3 Lighting Fires Arson Suspected 2006-04-03 12:15 UNP 310
## 4 Lighting Fires Arson Suspected 2006-04-03 12:10 UNP PUB
## 5      Refuse Permit Related 2006-04-03 17:00 UNP LFS
## 6 Unclassified Unsafe Fire 2006-04-02 14:25 UNP 310
##  discovered_date discovered_size reported_date dispatched_resource
## 1      <NA> NA 2006-04-02 20:46 FPD Staff
## 2      <NA> NA 2006-04-03 12:27 FPD Staff
## 3      <NA> NA 2006-04-03 12:36 FPD Staff
## 4      <NA> NA 2006-04-03 13:23 FPD Staff
## 5 2006-04-03 19:11 NA 2006-04-03 19:12 FPD Staff
## 6 2006-04-02 14:27 NA 2006-04-02 14:30 FPD Staff
##  dispatch_date start_for_fire_date assessment_resource assessment_datetime
## 1 2006-04-02 21:10 2006-04-02 21:20 IA Forces 2006-04-02 22:00
## 2 2006-04-03 12:33 2006-04-03 12:35 IA Forces 2006-04-03 13:20
## 3 2006-04-03 12:36 2006-04-03 12:42 IA Forces 2006-04-03 13:23
```

## 4	2006-04-03 13:50	2006-04-03 13:50	IA Forces	2006-04-03 14:08	
## 5	2006-04-03 19:19	2006-04-03 19:22	Other	2006-04-03 19:57	
## 6	2006-04-02 14:40	2006-04-02 14:45	IA Forces	2006-04-02 16:00	
##	assessment_hectares	fire_spread_rate	fire_type	fire_position_on_slope	
## 1	0.01	0.0	Surface	Flat	
## 2	0.20	0.0	Surface	Lower 1/3	
## 3	0.50	0.0	Surface	Bottom	
## 4	0.01	0.0	Surface	Flat	
## 5	0.10	0.1	Surface	Flat	
## 6	0.20	0.0	Surface	Flat	
##	weather_conditions_over_fire	temperature	relative_humidity	wind_direction	
## 1	Clear	18	10	SW	
## 2	Clear	12	22	SW	
## 3	Clear	12	22	SW	
## 4	Clear	12	22	SW	
## 5	Clear	6	37	SW	
## 6	Clear	11	32	S	
##	wind_speed	fuel_type	initial_action_by	ia_arrival_at_fire_date	ia_access
## 1	2	O1a	Land Owner	<NA>	<NA>
## 2	10	O1a	Fire Department	<NA>	<NA>
## 3	10	O1a	Fire Department	<NA>	<NA>
## 4	10	O1b	Industry	<NA>	<NA>
## 5	2	<NA>	Fire Department	<NA>	<NA>
## 6	20	O1b	Fire Department	<NA>	<NA>
##	fire_fighting_start_date	fire_fighting_start_size	bucketing_on_fire		
## 1	<NA>	NA	<NA>		
## 2	<NA>	NA	<NA>		
## 3	<NA>	NA	<NA>		
## 4	<NA>	NA	<NA>		
## 5	<NA>	NA	<NA>		
## 6	<NA>	NA	<NA>		
##	distance_from_water_source	first_bucket_drop_date	bh_fs_date		
## 1	NA	<NA>	2006-04-02 22:00		
## 2	NA	<NA>	2006-04-03 13:20		
## 3	NA	<NA>	2006-04-03 13:23		
## 4	NA	<NA>	2006-04-03 14:08		
## 5	NA	<NA>	2006-04-03 19:57		
## 6	NA	<NA>	2006-04-02 16:00		
##	bh_hectares	uc_fs_date	uc_hectares	to_fs_date	to_hectares
## 1	0.01	2006-04-02 22:00	0.01	<NA>	NA
## 2	0.20	2006-04-03 13:20	0.20	<NA>	NA
## 3	0.50	2006-04-03 13:23	0.50	<NA>	NA
## 4	0.01	2006-04-03 14:08	0.01	<NA>	NA
## 5	0.10	2006-04-03 20:19	0.10	2006-04-03 20:20	0.1
## 6	0.20	2006-04-02 16:00	0.20	<NA>	NA
##	ex_fs_date	ex_hectares			
## 1	2006-04-03 10:20	0.10			
## 2	2006-04-03 14:00	0.20			
## 3	2006-04-03 15:00	0.50			
## 4	2006-04-03 15:05	0.01			
## 5	2006-04-05 10:18	0.10			
## 6	2006-04-03 18:00	0.20			

```
colnames(fire_data)
```

```
## [1] "fire_year"           "fire_number"
## [3] "fire_name"           "current_size"
## [5] "size_class"          "fire_location_latitude"
## [7] "fire_location_longitude" "fire_origin"
## [9] "general_cause_desc"  "industry_identifier_desc"
## [11] "responsible_group_desc" "activity_class"
## [13] "true_cause"          "fire_start_date"
## [15] "det_agent_type"      "det_agent"
## [17] "discovered_date"     "discovered_size"
## [19] "reported_date"       "dispatched_resource"
## [21] "dispatch_date"       "start_for_fire_date"
## [23] "assessment_resource" "assessment_datetime"
## [25] "assessment_hectares" "fire_spread_rate"
## [27] "fire_type"           "fire_position_on_slope"
## [29] "weather_conditions_over_fire" "temperature"
## [31] "relative_humidity"   "wind_direction"
## [33] "wind_speed"          "fuel_type"
## [35] "initial_action_by"   "ia_arrival_at_fire_date"
## [37] "ia_access"           "fire_fighting_start_date"
## [39] "fire_fighting_start_size" "bucketing_on_fire"
## [41] "distance_from_water_source" "first_bucket_drop_date"
## [43] "bh_fs_date"          "bh_hectares"
## [45] "uc_fs_date"          "uc_hectares"
## [47] "to_fs_date"          "to_hectares"
## [49] "ex_fs_date"          "ex_hectares"
```

Based on initial inspection, we are only interested in a few columns, therefore we will create a new data frame, focusing on variables that will help examine the relationship between wind speed and fire spread rate.

```
fire_data_1=fire_data %>%
  select(wind_speed,fire_spread_rate)
sum(is.na(fire_data_1))
```

```
## [1] 5575
```

```
sum(sapply(fire_data_1[c("fire_spread_rate","wind_speed")],is.na))
```

```
## [1] 5575
```

```
#Remove rows with NA values. We won't include fuel_type for this part, as we are not initially concern
fire_clean=na.omit(fire_data_1[,c("wind_speed","fire_spread_rate")])
sum(is.na(fire_clean))
```

```
## [1] 0
```

```
summary(fire_clean)
```

```
##   wind_speed   fire_spread_rate
##   Min.    : 0.000   Min.    : -1.0000
##   1st Qu.: 3.000   1st Qu.: 0.0000
##   Median : 6.000   Median : 0.0000
##   Mean    : 8.813   Mean    : 0.8962
##   3rd Qu.:12.000   3rd Qu.: 1.0000
##   Max.    :90.000   Max.    :100.0000
```

Based on our summary statistics, we can see that the minimum value for fire_spread_rate is -1. This seems peculiar, and warrants a bit of further investigation, therefore we will go back to the original data set and inspect any rows where fire_spread_rate is -1.

```
negative_fire_spread_data <- fire_data[!is.na(fire_data$fire_spread_rate) & fire_data$fire_spread_rate
head(negative_fire_spread_data)
```

```
##      fire_year fire_number fire_name current_size size_class
## 12962      2014      RWF022      <NA>         0.20         B
## 13717      2015      HWF100      <NA>         0.02         A
## 18213      2017      MWF091      <NA>         0.10         A
## 20474      2020      CWF038      <NA>         0.01         A
## 20778      2019      SWF063      <NA>         0.01         A
## 21355      2019      SWF092      <NA>         0.04         A
##      fire_location_latitude fire_location_longitude fire_origin
## 12962                52.37868          -115.6254 Provincial Land
## 13717                58.48312          -114.4696 Indian Reservation
## 18213                56.83563          -111.7322 Provincial Land
## 20474                51.10135          -115.3091 Provincial Land
## 20778                55.94107          -113.7807 Indian Reservation
## 21355                56.79307          -114.7125 Provincial Land
##      general_cause_desc industry_identifier_desc responsible_group_desc
## 12962      Undetermined                <NA>                <NA>
## 13717      Incendiary                <NA>                <NA>
## 18213      Recreation                <NA> Others (explain in remarks)
## 20474      Recreation                <NA> Campers
## 20778      Incendiary                <NA>                <NA>
## 21355      Lightning                <NA>                <NA>
##      activity_class      true_cause fire_start_date det_agent_type
## 12962      <NA>                <NA> 2014-05-24 4:00      LKT
## 13717      Unclassified                <NA> 2015-05-18 10:48      LKT
## 18213      OHV Operation Burning Substance 2017-09-16 16:38      AIR
## 20474      Cooking and Warming      Unsafe Fire 2020-06-27 18:00      UNP
## 20778      Arson                <NA> 2019-05-22 7:00      UNP
## 21355      <NA>                <NA> 2019-06-02 15:40      UNP
##      det_agent discovered_date discovered_size reported_date
## 12962      RA 2014-05-24 7:28      NA 2014-05-24 7:32
## 13717      FG 2015-05-18 10:48      NA 2015-05-18 10:50
## 18213      HAC 2017-09-16 16:45      NA 2017-09-16 16:45
## 20474      310      <NA>      NA 2020-06-28 10:09
## 20778      LFS      <NA>      NA 2019-05-22 7:14
## 21355      PUB 2019-06-02 15:50      NA 2019-06-02 15:50
##      dispatched_resource dispatch_date start_for_fire_date
## 12962      HAC 2014-05-24 8:14      2014-05-24 8:29
## 13717      FPD Staff 2015-05-18 11:00      2015-05-18 11:00
```

##	18213	HAC	2017-09-16 16:45	2017-09-16 16:45		
##	20474	HAC	2020-06-28 14:30	2020-06-28 15:15		
##	20778	HAC	2019-05-22 9:27	2019-05-22 9:49		
##	21355	HAC	2019-06-02 15:59	2019-06-02 16:00		
##		assessment_resource	assessment_datetime	assessment_hectares		
##	12962	IA Forces	2014-05-24 10:35	0.20		
##	13717	Other	2015-05-18 11:16	0.02		
##	18213	IA Forces	2017-09-16 16:45	0.10		
##	20474	IA Forces	2020-06-28 18:00	0.01		
##	20778	IA Forces	2019-05-22 10:06	0.01		
##	21355	IA Forces	2019-06-02 16:05	0.04		
##		fire_spread_rate	fire_type	fire_position_on_slope		
##	12962	-1	Ground	Flat		
##	13717	-1	Surface	Flat		
##	18213	-1	Surface	Bottom		
##	20474	-1	Surface	Bottom		
##	20778	-1	Ground	Flat		
##	21355	-1	Surface	Flat		
##		weather_conditions_over_fire	temperature	relative_humidity	wind_direction	
##	12962	Rainshowers	10.5	73	N	
##	13717	Clear	20.0	22	SE	
##	18213	Clear	15.6	32	S	
##	20474	Cloudy	11.0	75	W	
##	20778	Clear	17.0	30	E	
##	21355	Cloudy	18.0	41	W	
##		wind_speed	fuel_type	initial_action_by	ia_arrival_at_fire_date	
##	12962	1	S1	Industry	<NA>	
##	13717	10	D1	FPD Staff	2015-05-18 11:14	
##	18213	20	O1b	HAC	2017-09-16 16:51	
##	20474	2	<NA>	HAC	2020-06-28 17:53	
##	20778	5	M2	HAC	2019-05-22 10:06	
##	21355	15	C2	HAC	2019-06-02 16:05	
##		ia_access	fire_fighting_start_date	fire_fighting_start_size		
##	12962	<NA>	<NA>	NA		
##	13717	<NA>	2015-05-18 11:16	0.02		
##	18213	Conventional	R/W	2017-09-16 16:57	0.10	
##	20474	Ground	2020-06-28 18:00	0.01		
##	20778	Ground	2019-05-22 10:13	0.01		
##	21355	Conventional	R/W	2019-06-02 16:10	1.00	
##		bucketing_on_fire	distance_from_water_source	first_bucket_drop_date		
##	12962	<NA>	NA	<NA>		
##	13717	Y	0.2	2015-05-18 11:16		
##	18213	N	NA	<NA>		
##	20474	N	NA	<NA>		
##	20778	N	NA	<NA>		
##	21355	Y	0.1	2019-06-02 16:25		
##		bh_fs_date	bh_hectares	uc_fs_date	uc_hectares	to_fs_date
##	12962	2014-05-24 10:35	0.20	2014-05-24 11:40	0.20	<NA>
##	13717	2015-05-18 11:16	0.02	2015-05-18 11:50	0.02	<NA>
##	18213	2017-09-16 17:09	0.10	2017-09-16 17:55	0.20	<NA>
##	20474	2020-06-28 18:00	0.01	2020-06-28 18:00	0.01	<NA>
##	20778	2019-05-22 10:06	0.01	2019-05-22 10:06	0.01	<NA>
##	21355	2019-06-02 16:05	0.04	2019-06-02 19:21	0.04	<NA>
##		to_hectares	ex_fs_date	ex_hectares		

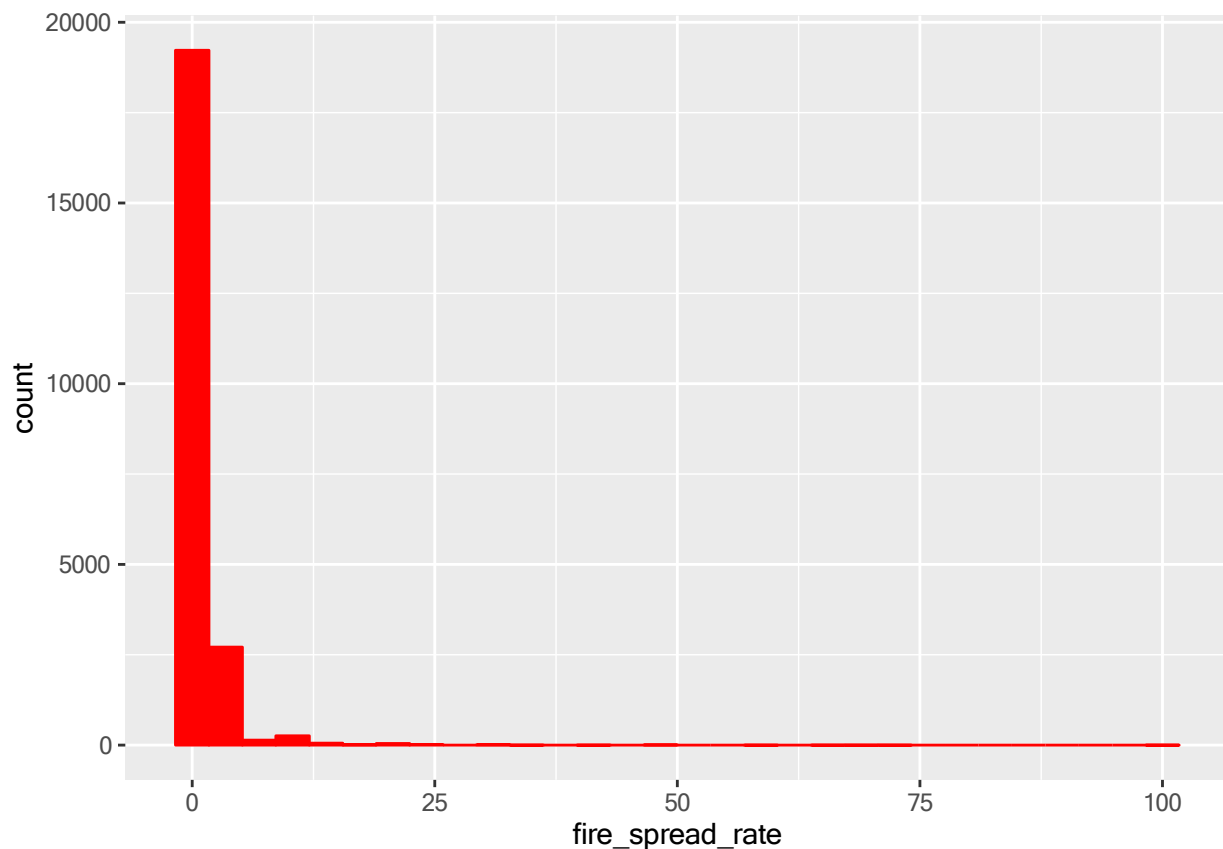
```
## 12962      NA 2014-05-24 14:31      0.20
## 13717      NA 2015-05-18 13:00      0.02
## 18213      NA 2017-09-17 10:50      0.10
## 20474      NA 2020-06-28 19:56      0.01
## 20778      NA 2019-05-22 10:25      0.01
## 21355      NA 2019-06-02 19:50      0.04
```

Upon visual inspection there does not seem to be any pattern related to the `fire_spread_rate` being -1. Based on this, and the definition provided in the data dictionary, with `fire_spread_rate` being ‘The rate of spread of the wildfire at the time of initial assessment, capture in metres per minute’, we felt it was safe to remove these rows, as this is most likely an error with these entries. For the fire to have a negative spread rate, would mean that the fire is retreating instead of spreading, and given that this rate of spread is a measure of how fast the fire moves from a point of origin, this seems counter intuitive to how forest fires work. Given more time, we could reach out to the providers of the data, to try to clarify this area, but for the time being, and since there are only 6 data points, we will remove them.

After we remove the rows with a fire spread rate of -1, we can plot the data for a preliminary visualization.

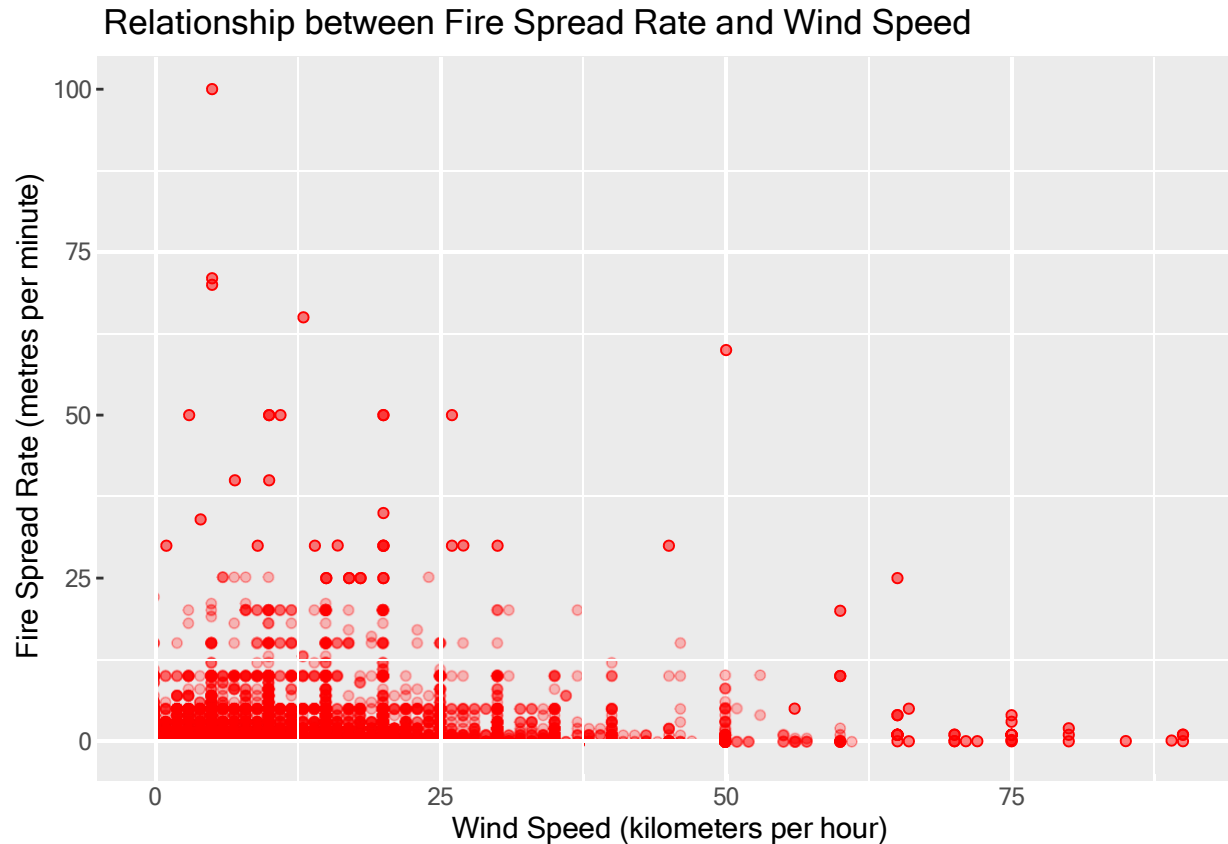
```
fire_clean_no_neg=fire_clean[fire_clean['fire_spread_rate']>=0,]
ggplot(fire_clean_no_neg, aes(x = fire_spread_rate)) +
  geom_histogram(color='red',fill='red')
```

‘stat_bin()’ using ‘bins = 30’. Pick better value with ‘binwidth’.



Based on our histogram, we can see that the data for `fire_spread_rate` is heavily skewed.

```
fire_clean_no_neg=fire_clean[fire_clean['fire_spread_rate']>=0,]
ggplot(fire_clean_no_neg, aes(x = wind_speed, y = fire_spread_rate)) +
  geom_point(color='red',alpha = 0.5) +
  labs(title = "Relationship between Fire Spread Rate and Wind Speed",
       x = "Wind Speed (kilometers per hour)", # Replace with actual units if known
       y = "Fire Spread Rate (metres per minute)")
```



Initial inspection of the scatterplot is difficult to arrive to any meaningful conclusion without further analysis.

Additionally, we will look at the correlation coefficient between `fire_spread_rate` and `wind_speed`.

```
fire_corr=cor(fire_clean_no_neg,use="pairwise.complete.obs")
print(fire_corr)
```

```
##           wind_speed fire_spread_rate
## wind_speed      1.0000000      0.1346716
## fire_spread_rate 0.1346716      1.0000000
```

Based on our output we can see a very weak positive relationship between fire spread rate and wind speed.

```
fire_no_neg_model=lm(fire_spread_rate ~ wind_speed, data = fire_clean_no_neg)
summary(fire_no_neg_model)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = fire_spread_rate ~ wind_speed, data = fire_clean_no_neg)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -4.263  -0.863  -0.597   0.054  99.261
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  0.531266   0.024815   21.41  <2e-16 ***
## wind_speed   0.041468   0.002035   20.38  <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 2.571 on 22478 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.01814,    Adjusted R-squared:  0.01809
## F-statistic: 415.2 on 1 and 22478 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

Intercept: The expected value of `fire_spread_rate` when `wind_speed` is zero is 0.53130. As our p-value is <0.05 , this indicates that we can reject the H_0 that $\theta_0=0$. Therefore, we accept the H_1 that $\theta_0 \neq 0$ and conclude that the intercept is statistically significant.

Slope: For each additional kilometer per hour in `wind_speed`, the `fire_spread_rate` is expected to increase by approximately 0.04150 meters per minute. As our p-value is <0.05 , this indicates that we can reject the H_0 that $\theta_1=0$. Therefore, we accept the H_1 that $\theta_1 \neq 0$ and conclude that there is a significant relationship between `wind_speed` and `fire_spread_rate`.

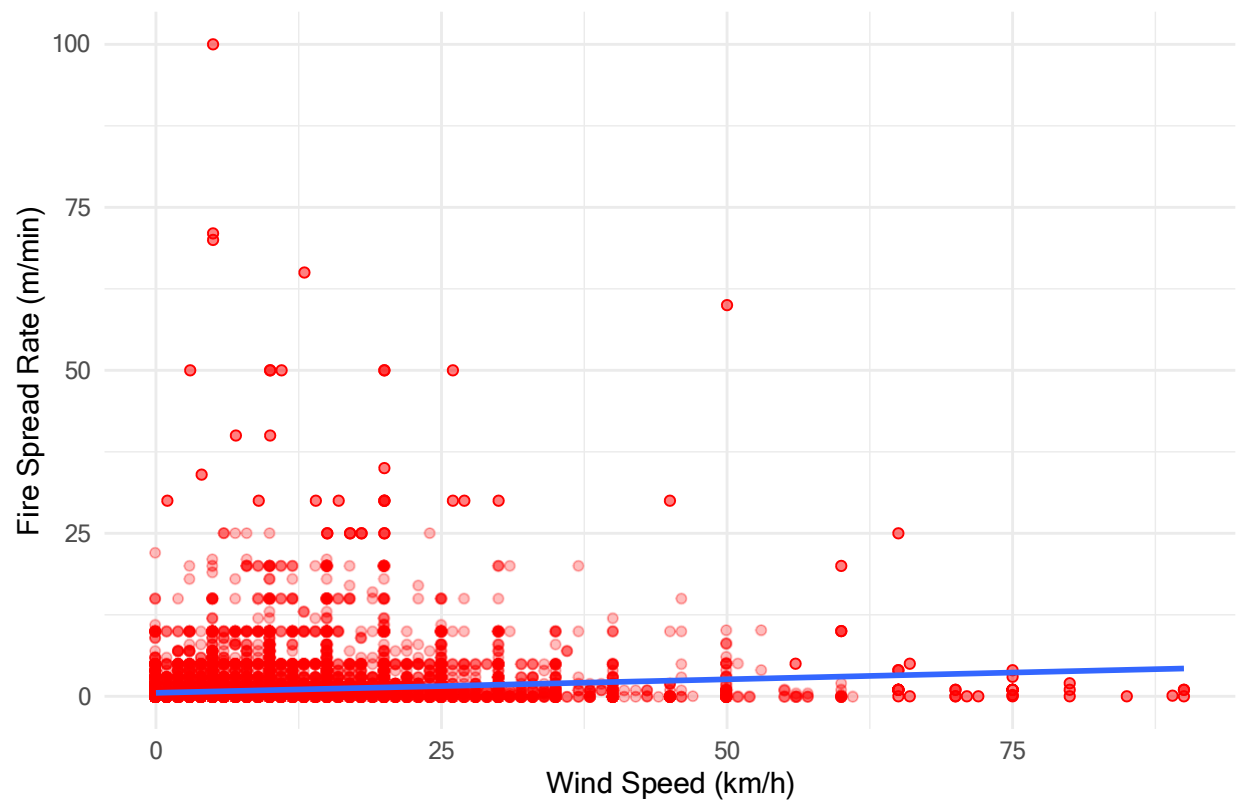
Based on our output table, the equation for our model can be written out as, $\text{fire_spread_rate} = 0.53130 + (0.04150 * \text{wind_speed})$

Our R-squared value indicates that approximately 1.81% of the variance in `fire_spread_rate` is explained by `wind_speed`. This low value suggests that there are other factors affecting fire spread that are not included in our model.

We can plot this model using the following code:

```
ggplot(fire_clean_no_neg, aes(x = wind_speed, y = fire_spread_rate)) +
  geom_point(alpha = 0.5,color='red') +
  stat_smooth(method = "lm", formula = y~x) + # Add regression line
  labs(title = "Relationship between Fire Spread Rate and Wind Speed",
       x = "Wind Speed (km/h)",
       y = "Fire Spread Rate (m/min)") +
  theme_minimal()
```


Relationship between Fire Spread Rate and Wind Speed

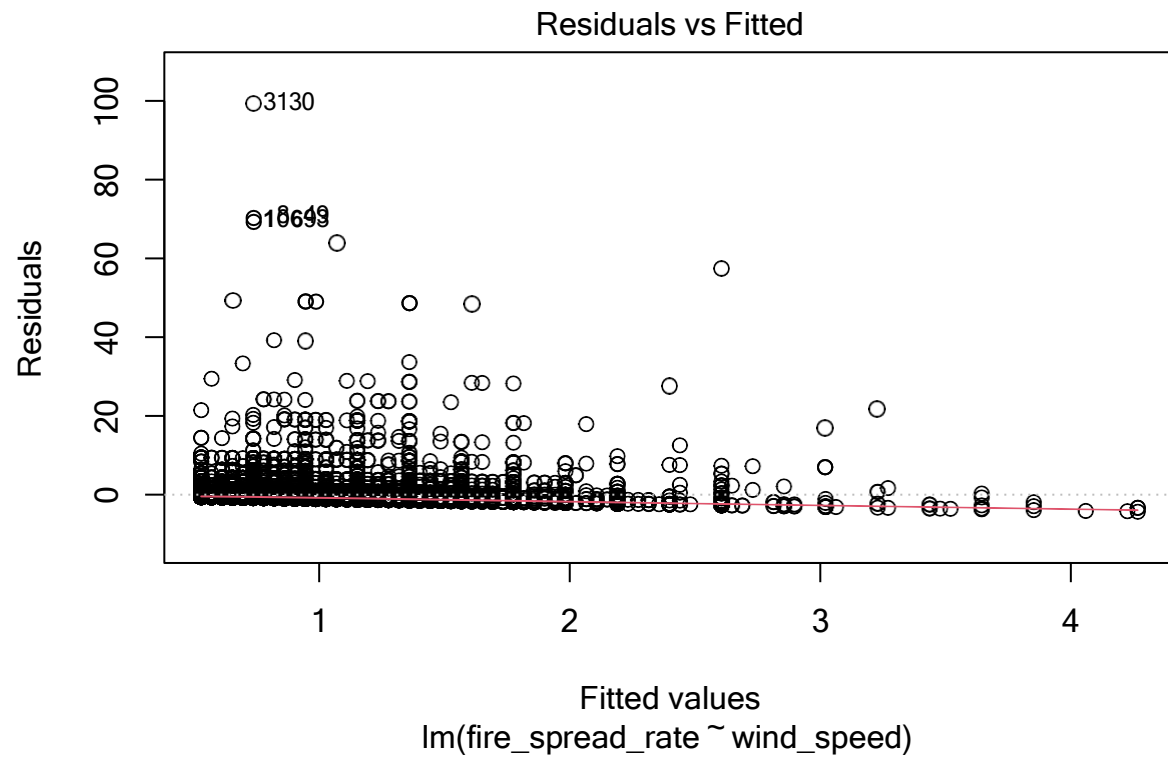


From our output, we can see a weak relationship between `wind_speed` and `fire_spread_rate`. as suggested by our correlation statistics.

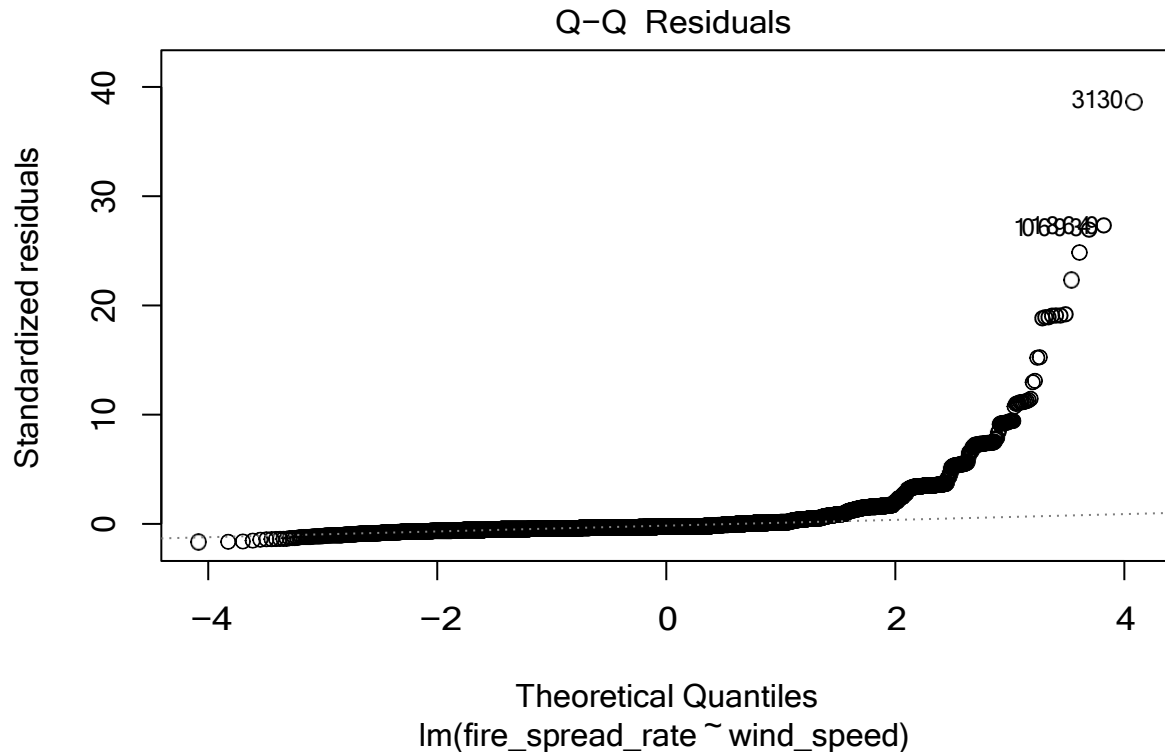
To determine whether the assumptions of independency and normality are met, we can plot the residual and QQ plots.

```
#Residual plot
```

```
plot(fire_no_neg_model, which =1)
```



```
#QQ-plot
plot(fire_no_neg_model, which = 2)
```



For our residual plot we see a large cluster of points on the upper left side of the figure, as well as some outliers. For our QQ plot, we see that the points stray off far from the line towards the right side of the figure. Based on these observations, we can suggest that both assumptions of independency and normality of residuals fail.

By failing both of these assumptions, it suggests issues in our model that can lead to unreliable results. Some potential solutions are to transform the data, or to include interaction terms.

Question 2 - What is the Relationship Between Temperature and Fire Spread Rate

In this project, we explored the relationship between temperature and fire spread rate in Canada. We visualized the distribution of fire spread rate and temperature, calculated the correlation coefficient, performed a linear regression analysis, and conducted a hypothesis test to determine whether the observed relationship is statistically significant. Additionally, we created a geospatial representation of fire spread rate along with temperature to better understand the spatial patterns and relationships between these variables.

The results of the hypothesis test indicate whether there is a statistically significant relationship between temperature and fire spread rate.

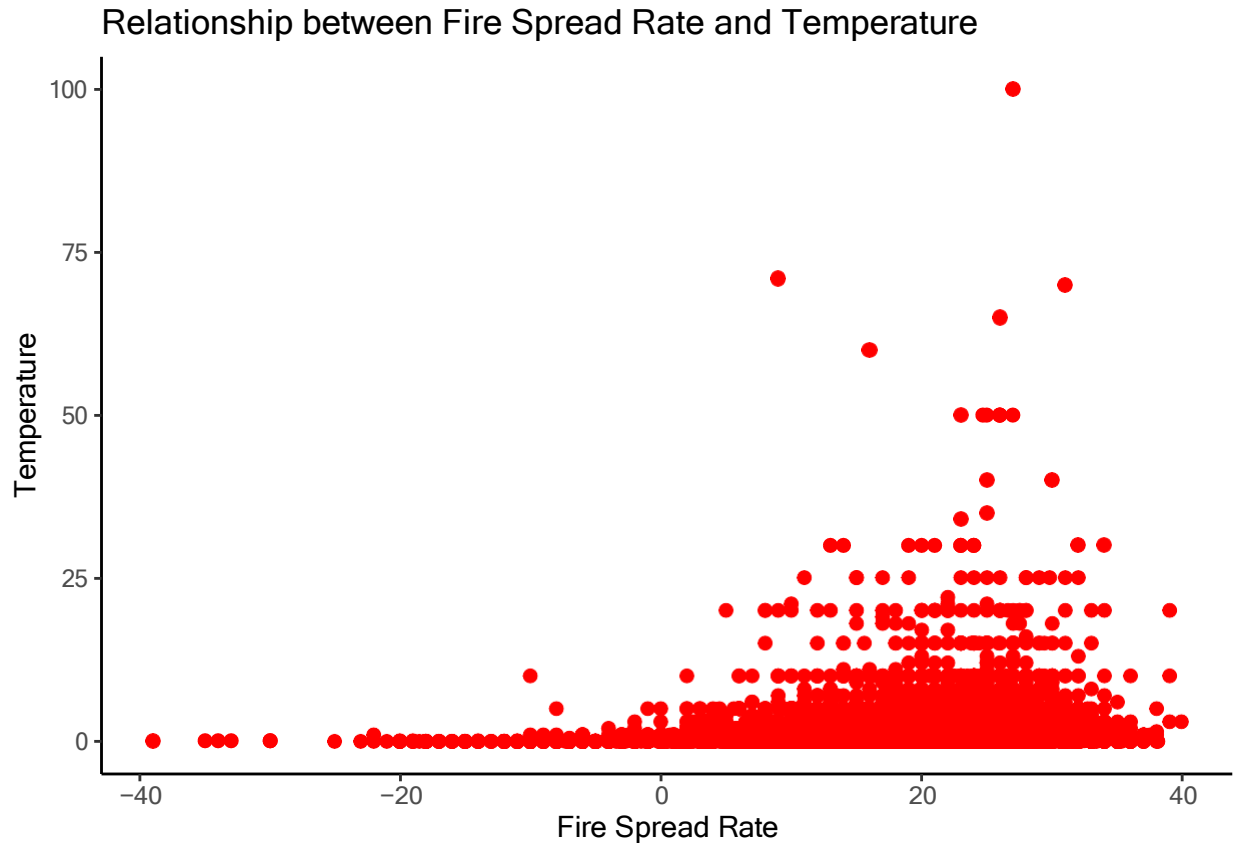
```
data=fire_data
```

```
# Filter out rows where Fire Spread Rate is negative
data<- data %>%
  filter(fire_spread_rate >= 0)
# Create a scatter plot
ggplot(data, aes(x = temperature, y = fire_spread_rate)) +
  geom_point(color = "red", size = 2) +
```

```
#geom_smooth(method = "lm", se = FALSE, color = "red")

labs(title = "Relationship between Fire Spread Rate and Temperature",
      x = "Fire Spread Rate",
      y = "Temperature") +
theme_classic()
```

```
## Warning: Removed 80 rows containing missing values or values outside the scale range
## ('geom_point()').
```



EDA

```
# Check the structure of the data
str(data)
```

```
## 'data.frame':    22562 obs. of  50 variables:
## $ fire_year      : int  2006 2006 2006 2006 2006 2006 2006 2006 2006 2006 ...
## $ fire_number    : chr  "PWF001" "EWF002" "EWF001" "EWF003" ...
## $ fire_name      : chr  NA NA NA NA ...
## $ current_size   : num  0.1 0.2 0.5 0.01 0.1 0.2 0.01 0.01 0.2 0.6 ...
## $ size_class     : chr  "A" "B" "B" "A" ...
## $ fire_location_latitude : num  56.2 53.6 53.6 53.6 56.2 ...
```

```
## $ fire_location_longitude : num -117 -116 -116 -116 -117 ...
## $ fire_origin : chr "Private Land" "Provincial Land" "Provincial Land" "Provincial
## $ general_cause_desc : chr "Resident" "Incendiary" "Incendiary" "Incendiary" ...
## $ industry_identifier_desc : chr NA NA NA NA ...
## $ responsible_group_desc : chr "Resident" "Others (explain in remarks)" "Others (explain in
## $ activity_class : chr "Grass" "Lighting Fires" "Lighting Fires" "Lighting Fires" ...
## $ true_cause : chr "Permit Related" "Arson Suspected" "Arson Suspected" "Arson Su
## $ fire_start_date : chr "2006-04-02 12:00" "2006-04-03 12:10" "2006-04-03 12:15" "2006
## $ det_agent_type : chr "UNP" "UNP" "UNP" "UNP" ...
## $ det_agent : chr "310" "310" "310" "PUB" ...
## $ discovered_date : chr NA NA NA NA ...
## $ discovered_size : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ reported_date : chr "2006-04-02 20:46" "2006-04-03 12:27" "2006-04-03 12:36" "2006
## $ dispatched_resource : chr "FPD Staff" "FPD Staff" "FPD Staff" "FPD Staff" ...
## $ dispatch_date : chr "2006-04-02 21:10" "2006-04-03 12:33" "2006-04-03 12:36" "2006
## $ start_for_fire_date : chr "2006-04-02 21:20" "2006-04-03 12:35" "2006-04-03 12:42" "2006
## $ assessment_resource : chr "IA Forces" "IA Forces" "IA Forces" "IA Forces" ...
## $ assessment_datetime : chr "2006-04-02 22:00" "2006-04-03 13:20" "2006-04-03 13:23" "2006
## $ assessment_hectares : num 0.01 0.2 0.5 0.01 0.1 0.2 0.01 0.01 0.2 0.6 ...
## $ fire_spread_rate : num 0 0 0 0 0.1 0 0 0 0 0 ...
## $ fire_type : chr "Surface" "Surface" "Surface" "Surface" ...
## $ fire_position_on_slope : chr "Flat" "Lower 1/3" "Bottom" "Flat" ...
## $ weather_conditions_over_fire : chr "Clear" "Clear" "Clear" "Clear" ...
## $ temperature : num 18 12 12 12 6 11 11 16 11 11 ...
## $ relative_humidity : int 10 22 22 22 37 32 25 17 35 44 ...
## $ wind_direction : chr "SW" "SW" "SW" "SW" ...
## $ wind_speed : int 2 10 10 10 2 20 10 2 7 4 ...
## $ fuel_type : chr "O1a" "O1a" "O1a" "O1b" ...
## $ initial_action_by : chr "Land Owner" "Fire Department" "Fire Department" "Industry" ..
## $ ia_arrival_at_fire_date : chr NA NA NA NA ...
## $ ia_access : chr NA NA NA NA ...
## $ fire_fighting_start_date : chr NA NA NA NA ...
## $ fire_fighting_start_size : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA 0.01 NA 0.6 ...
## $ bucketing_on_fire : chr NA NA NA NA ...
## $ distance_from_water_source : num NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ first_bucket_drop_date : chr NA NA NA NA ...
## $ bh_fs_date : chr "2006-04-02 22:00" "2006-04-03 13:20" "2006-04-03 13:23" "2006
## $ bh_hectares : num 0.01 0.2 0.5 0.01 0.1 0.2 0.01 0.01 0.2 0.6 ...
## $ uc_fs_date : chr "2006-04-02 22:00" "2006-04-03 13:20" "2006-04-03 13:23" "2006
## $ uc_hectares : num 0.01 0.2 0.5 0.01 0.1 0.2 0.01 0.01 0.2 0.6 ...
## $ to_fs_date : chr NA NA NA NA ...
## $ to_hectares : num NA NA NA NA 0.1 NA NA 0.01 0.2 NA ...
## $ ex_fs_date : chr "2006-04-03 10:20" "2006-04-03 14:00" "2006-04-03 15:00" "2006
## $ ex_hectares : num 0.1 0.2 0.5 0.01 0.1 0.2 0.01 0.01 0.2 0.6 ...
```

```
# View unique values in Temperature and FireSpreadRate
```

```
unique(data$temperature)
```

```
## [1] 18.0 12.0 6.0 11.0 16.0 28.0 26.0 25.0 35.0 15.0 10.0 13.2
## [13] 27.0 20.0 17.0 22.0 24.0 23.0 21.0 29.0 19.0 21.4 14.5 14.0
## [25] 33.0 31.0 32.0 4.0 24.5 30.0 27.5 22.5 21.5 6.5 9.0 13.0
## [37] 25.5 2.0 30.6 17.5 5.0 12.5 22.4 36.0 26.4 18.7 16.1 21.6
## [49] 16.5 19.5 7.0 24.6 -0.6 20.5 23.5 24.3 22.1 18.4 23.7 26.5
## [61] 8.0 15.6 22.8 12.8 13.5 29.5 14.2 8.3 11.5 8.5 13.3 17.6
```

```
## [73] 26.2 19.6 9.4 7.5 16.7 21.2 5.4 3.0 1.0 18.5 23.2 16.3
## [85] 24.8 26.7 19.8 31.5 25.6 28.2 28.7 20.2 22.7 17.3 30.8 24.7
## [97] 23.6 17.4 22.3 28.6 -18.0 0.1 -1.0 30.9 -8.0 -7.0 11.2 0.0
## [109] 19.4 -10.0 -5.0 6.2 11.7 -2.0 14.4 21.1 25.7 26.6 10.8 15.3
## [121] 0.2 -7.3 -4.0 7.6 8.9 -11.0 28.5 13.6 30.7 -6.0 -15.0 -3.0
## [133] 5.5 26.1 9.5 14.9 15.5 13.4 16.9 24.4 17.8 19.9 15.4 26.8
## [145] 25.4 21.8 18.2 27.2 -3.5 -12.0 -14.0 -13.0 20.9 2.5 14.6 12.1
## [157] 16.2 12.2 19.2 19.1 10.6 -9.0 8.2 6.6 20.6 17.7 3.2 20.7
## [169] 18.6 8.6 20.1 15.2 11.8 22.6 28.3 3.5 -2.7 6.1 4.8 13.8
## [181] 10.5 2.4 14.3 28.9 34.0 -21.0 26.3 -18.5 7.4 22.2 11.9 24.1
## [193] 14.8 20.3 18.3 29.1 8.7 7.2 5.1 27.8 15.7 -20.0 31.6 2.6
## [205] 5.7 13.7 12.4 27.4 -33.0 8.1 9.1 NA -25.0 8.8 30.5 14.1
## [217] 19.7 6.4 4.5 10.4 24.9 24.2 -17.0 10.2 13.9 18.1 23.9 -22.0
## [229] 10.3 -19.0 8.4 -16.0 -30.0 14.7 23.4 20.4 19.3 32.1 16.6 12.3
## [241] 18.8 25.8 37.0 1.5 16.4 -1.5 25.2 5.6 29.4 21.3 27.6 28.1
## [253] 27.1 9.3 18.9 12.7 6.3 27.7 32.5 23.8 33.2 25.3 20.8 17.9
## [265] 23.3 27.9 29.3 15.9 21.9 17.1 21.7 28.4 17.2 15.1 16.8 0.5
## [277] 32.4 29.8 30.4 39.0 -35.0 -34.0 2.3 13.1 28.8 3.3 6.7 23.1
## [289] 2.2 29.2 11.6 5.3 -2.5 29.6 33.4 27.3 11.1 1.7 31.8 22.9
## [301] 15.8 9.7 29.7 9.2 31.7 -3.4 35.4 31.2 7.3 30.1 1.3 12.6
## [313] 5.8 25.9 1.9 31.3 6.8 0.7 3.6 3.7 26.9 -23.0 25.1 38.0
## [325] 0.3 34.5 35.3 29.9 39.9 9.9 38.1 1.6 11.3 32.6 5.9 32.7
## [337] 37.5 4.7 12.9 -39.0 -0.2 10.1 7.9 9.8
```

```
unique(data$fire_spread_rate)
```

```
## [1] 0.0 0.1 1.0 12.0 0.5 1.5 3.0 2.0 5.0 10.0 0.2 35.0
## [13] 4.0 30.0 0.4 50.0 0.9 8.0 20.0 3.5 7.0 0.3 6.0 11.0
## [25] 17.0 9.0 25.0 18.0 40.0 2.5 100.0 0.7 15.0 0.8 1.2 1.1
## [37] 1.8 1.9 13.0 4.5 1.7 8.5 70.0 0.6 2.2 4.9 16.0 65.0
## [49] 21.0 5.7 34.0 71.0 19.0 60.0 22.0 5.5
```

We will also look at a summary of the data

```
summary(data$temperature)
```

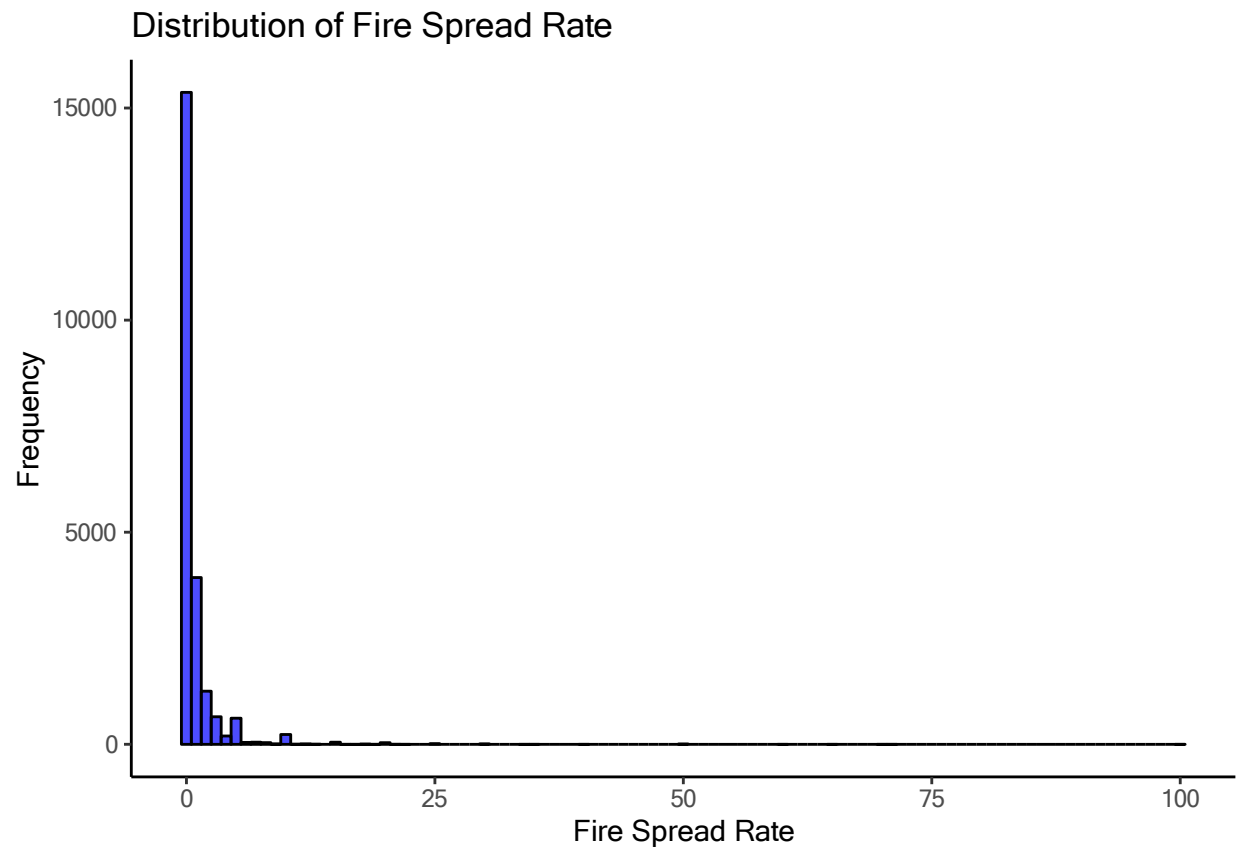
```
##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.    NA's
## -39.00   14.00   19.00   17.85   23.00   39.90      80
```

```
summary(data$fire_spread_rate)
```

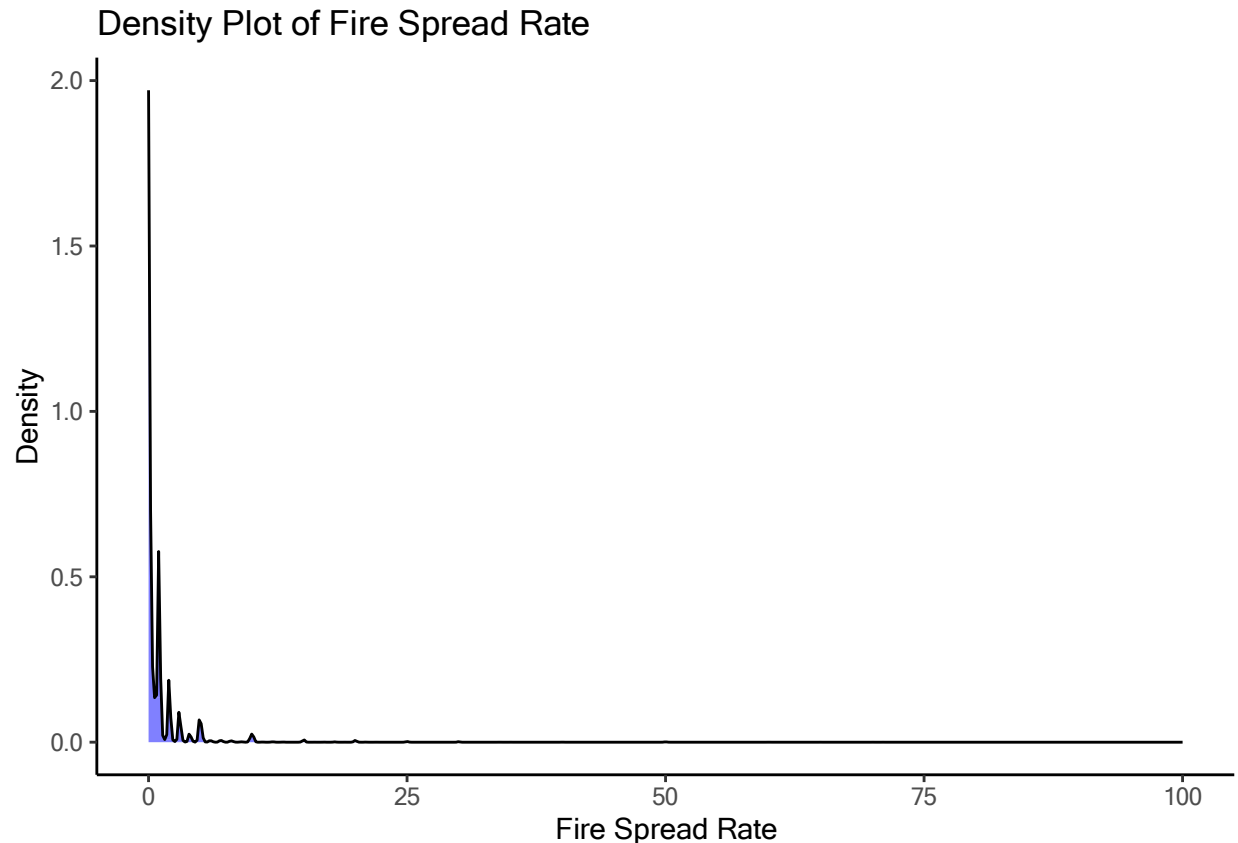
```
##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
##  0.0000   0.0000   0.0000   0.8962   1.0000 100.0000
```

```
# Plot a histogram
```

```
ggplot(data, aes(x = fire_spread_rate)) +
  geom_histogram(binwidth = 1, fill = "blue", color = "black", alpha = 0.7) +
  labs(title = "Distribution of Fire Spread Rate",
       x = "Fire Spread Rate",
       y = "Frequency") +
  theme_classic()
```



```
# Alternatively, plot a density plot  
ggplot(data, aes(x = fire_spread_rate)) +  
  geom_density(fill = "blue", alpha = 0.5) +  
  labs(title = "Density Plot of Fire Spread Rate",  
        x = "Fire Spread Rate",  
        y = "Density") +  
  theme_classic()
```



```
# Calculate skewness
spread_rate_skewness <- skewness(data$fire_spread_rate)
print(paste("Skewness of Fire Spread Rate:", spread_rate_skewness))
```

```
## [1] "Skewness of Fire Spread Rate: 11.2632058482397"
```

The value 11.22 suggests that the distribution of fire spread rates is heavily skewed to the right, meaning that most of the fire spread rates are relatively low, but there are a few extremely high values (outliers) that pull the tail of the distribution to the right.

Before performing a regression analysis, it is important to investigate the correlation between both variables.

To normalize the distribution of the fire spread rate we can attempt a log transformation

```
# Log Transformation
data$log_fire_spread_rate <- log(data$fire_spread_rate + 1)

log_spread_rate_skewness <- skewness(data$log_fire_spread_rate)
print(paste("Skewness of Log Transformed Fire Spread Rate:", log_spread_rate_skewness))
```

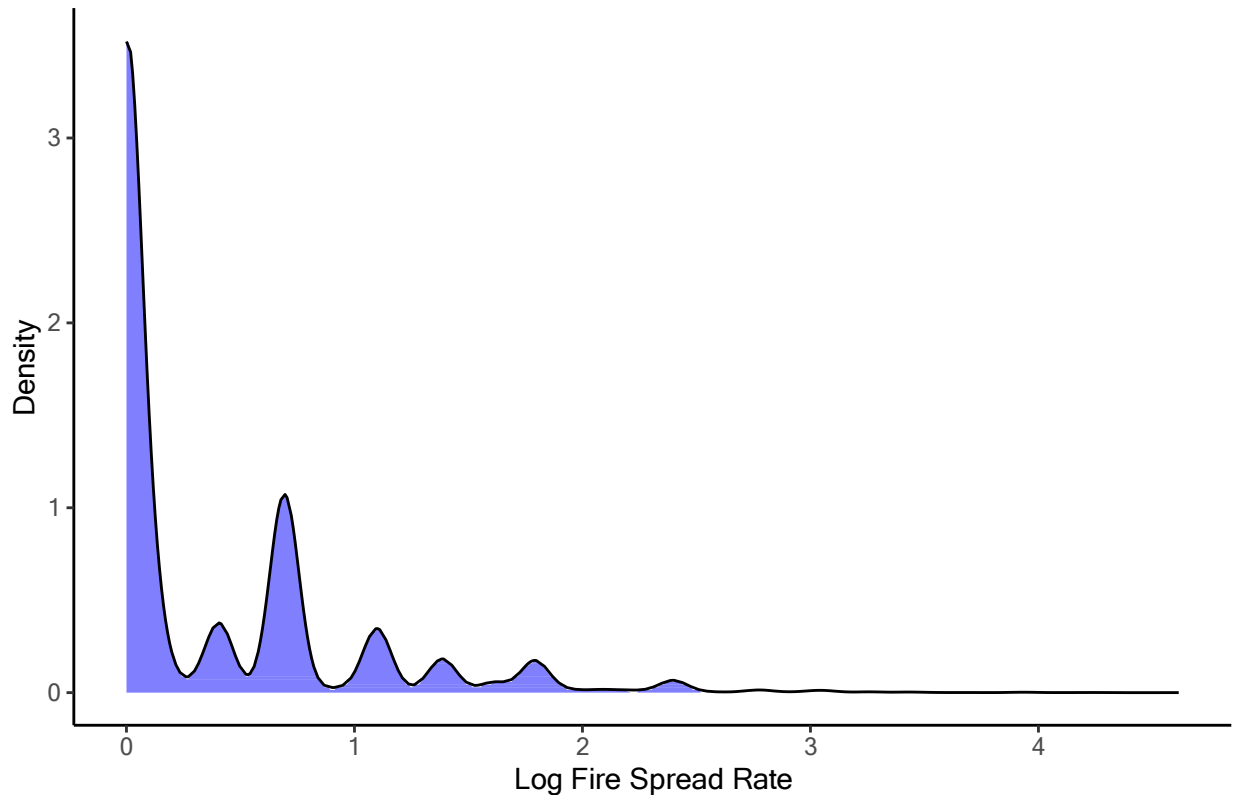
```
## [1] "Skewness of Log Transformed Fire Spread Rate: 1.92868885555048"
```

```
ggplot(data, aes(x = log_fire_spread_rate)) +
  geom_density(fill = "blue", alpha = 0.5) +
  labs(title = "Log Transformed Density Plot of Fire Spread Rate",
```



```
x = "Log Fire Spread Rate",
y = "Density") +
theme_classic()
```

Log Transformed Density Plot of Fire Spread Rate



Following this, we will calculate Pearson correlation between log-transformed fire spread rate and temperature

```
correlation_log <- cor(data$log_fire_spread_rate, data$temperature, use = "complete.obs")
print(paste("Pearson correlation coefficient (Log Fire Spread Rate and Temperature):", correlation_log))
```

```
## [1] "Pearson correlation coefficient (Log Fire Spread Rate and Temperature): 0.250089700065433"
```

We will now rechecking correlation fire spread rate and temperature to see if the relationship has improved now.

The regression model can be coded as:

```
# Fit a linear regression model
log_model <- lm(log_fire_spread_rate ~ temperature, data = data)
summary(log_model)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = log_fire_spread_rate ~ temperature, data = data)
##
## Residuals:
```

```
##      Min      1Q  Median      3Q      Max
## -0.7690 -0.3839 -0.2119  0.2326  4.0652
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  0.0389989  0.0096034   4.061  4.9e-05 ***
## temperature  0.0191612  0.0004948  38.727  < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.5651 on 22480 degrees of freedom
## (80 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.06254,    Adjusted R-squared:  0.0625
## F-statistic:   1500 on 1 and 22480 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

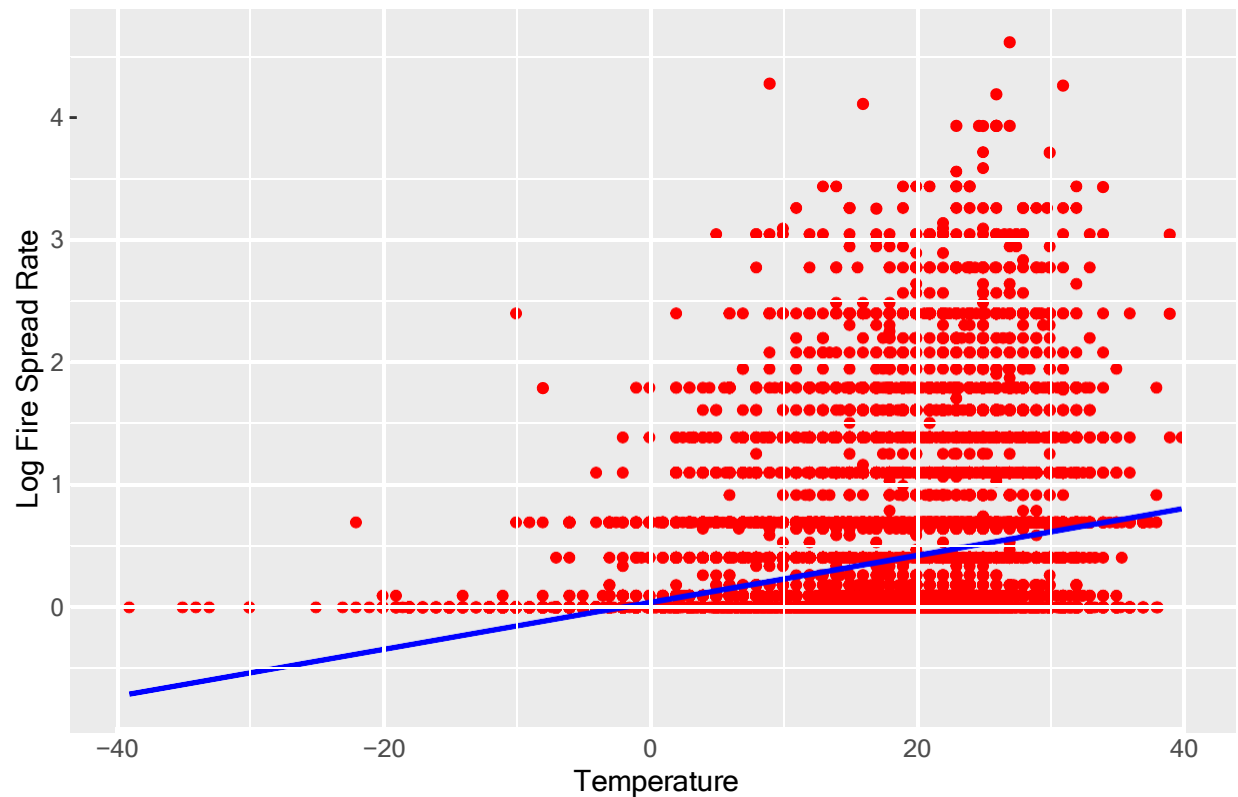
```
ggplot(data, aes(x = temperature, y = log_fire_spread_rate)) +
  geom_point(color = "red") +
  geom_smooth(method = "lm", se = FALSE, color = "blue") +
  labs(title = "Log Fire Spread Rate vs Temperature",
       x = "Temperature",
       y = "Log Fire Spread Rate")
```

```
## 'geom_smooth()' using formula = 'y ~ x'
```

```
## Warning: Removed 80 rows containing non-finite outside the scale range
## ('stat_smooth()').
```

```
## Warning: Removed 80 rows containing missing values or values outside the scale range
## ('geom_point()').
```

Log Fire Spread Rate vs Temperature

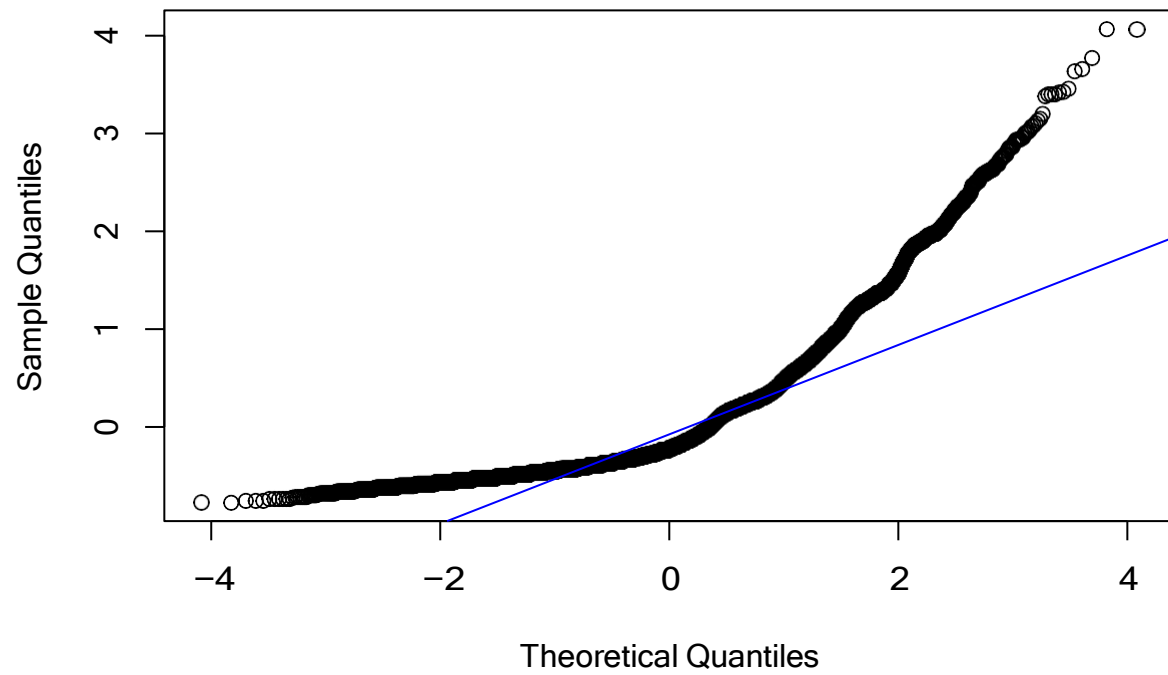


The graph shows the relationship between temperature and the rate of fire spread. The red dots represent data points where the x-axis represents the temperature and the y-axis represents the log of the fire spread rate. The blue line represents a line of best fit, indicating that there is a positive correlation between the two variables. This means that as temperature increases, the fire spread rate also increases, and this is illustrated by the upward trend of the blue line.

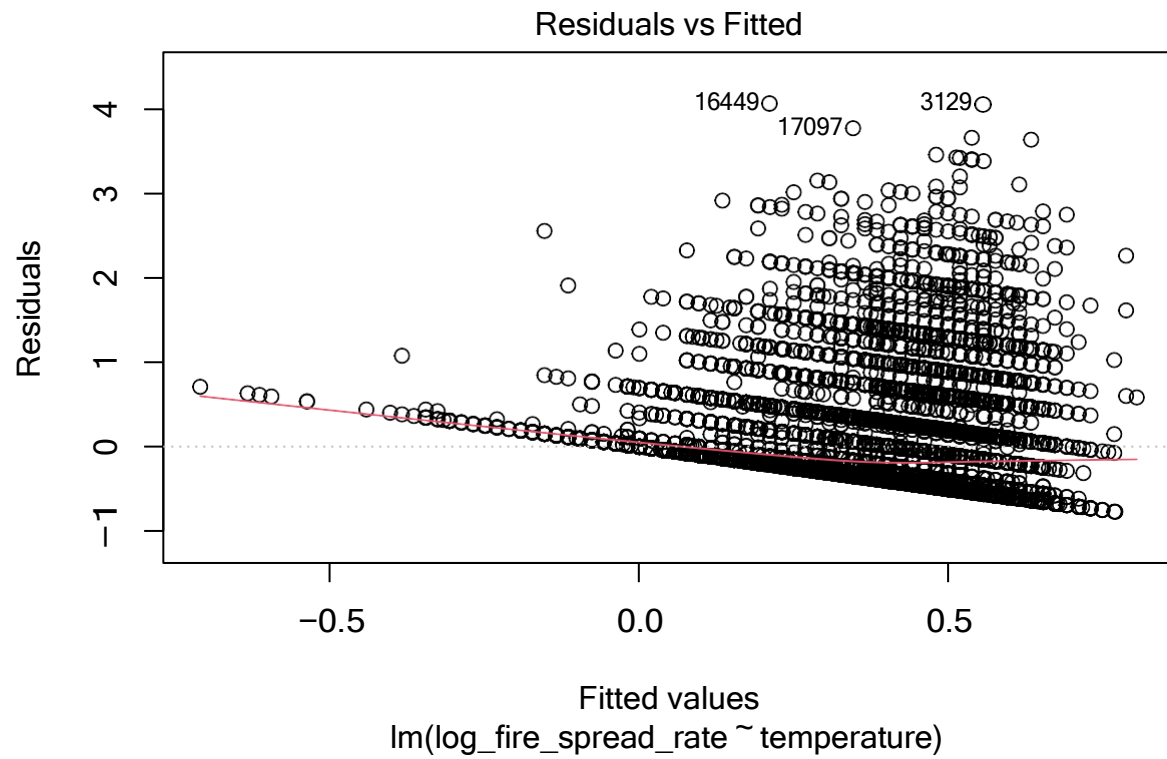
Q-Q Plot and Residuals Plot to check the normality

```
# Q-Q plot to check normality of residuals
qqnorm(residuals(log_model))
qqline(residuals(log_model), col = "blue")
```

Normal Q-Q Plot



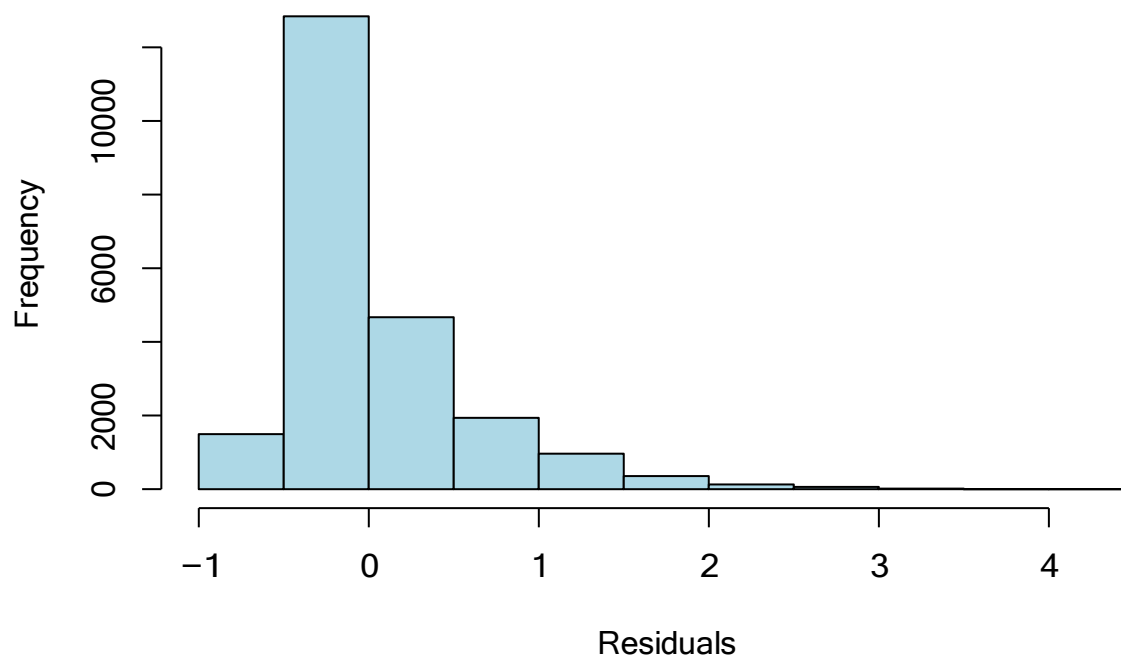
```
# Residuals vs Fitted plot  
plot(log_model, which = 1)
```



Histogram of residuals

```
hist(residuals(log_model), main = "Histogram of Residuals", xlab = "Residuals", col = "lightblue")
```

Histogram of Residuals



Residual plot: This plot suggests that the linear model is not a good fit for the data, and alternative models might be considered.

Q-Q Residual: This plot indicates that the data is not normally distributed because it deviates from a straight line. The points are curved and have a few outliers. The data is skewed to the right as it deviates from the straight line on the right-hand side.

```
# Get model summary and extract statistics
log_model_summary <- summary(log_model)
r_squared_log <- log_model_summary$r.squared
adj_r_squared_log <- log_model_summary$adj.r.squared
p_value_log <- log_model_summary$coefficients[2, 4]

print(paste("R-squared (log model):", r_squared_log))
```

```
## [1] "R-squared (log model): 0.0625448580788178"
```

```
print(paste("Adjusted R-squared (log model):", adj_r_squared_log))
```

```
## [1] "Adjusted R-squared (log model): 0.062503156337629"
```

```
print(paste("p-value for temperature (log model):", p_value_log))
```

```
## [1] "p-value for temperature (log model): 1.1251791730511e-317"
```

To avoid the complexity by temperature variable Adjusted R-squared -the relationship between the temperature and fire spread rate is weak, meaning temperature does not explain much of the variation in fire spread rate. P Value suggests that the temperature is likely statistically significant, meaning it has a real effect on the dependent variable.

To check this since the p-value only reflects the significance of the relationship, it's also worth considering if other variables (like humidity, wind speed, vegetation_type

```
# Extra work--Consider including other relevant features
data$humidity <- data$relative_humidity
data$wind_speed <- data$wind_speed
data$vegetation_type <- data$fuel_type

# Update the model to include additional features
model <- lm(fire_spread_rate ~ temperature + humidity + wind_speed + vegetation_type, data = data)

# Summarize the updated model
summary(model)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = fire_spread_rate ~ temperature + humidity + wind_speed +
##     vegetation_type, data = data)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -4.849  -1.028  -0.475   0.221  98.075
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)    1.241233    0.161542   7.684 1.63e-14 ***
## temperature     0.031667    0.003164  10.009 < 2e-16 ***
## humidity      -0.017181    0.001239 -13.866 < 2e-16 ***
## wind_speed      0.044757    0.002431  18.413 < 2e-16 ***
## vegetation_typeC2  0.223939    0.121777   1.839 0.065942 .
## vegetation_typeC3 -0.246459    0.156810  -1.572 0.116036
## vegetation_typeC4 -0.443133    0.259062  -1.711 0.087185 .
## vegetation_typeC7 -0.845929    0.621074  -1.362 0.173202
## vegetation_typeD1 -0.759180    0.176130  -4.310 1.64e-05 ***
## vegetation_typeM1 -0.559852    0.160891  -3.480 0.000503 ***
## vegetation_typeM2 -0.699145    0.130445  -5.360 8.44e-08 ***
## vegetation_typeM3 -1.718422    1.577507  -1.089 0.276024
## vegetation_typeM4 -0.739332    2.726585  -0.271 0.786274
## vegetation_typeO1a -0.760666    0.127503  -5.966 2.48e-09 ***
## vegetation_typeO1b -0.719319    0.134277  -5.357 8.57e-08 ***
## vegetation_typeS1 -0.892669    0.173143  -5.156 2.55e-07 ***
## vegetation_typeS2 -1.039302    0.174980  -5.940 2.91e-09 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 2.724 on 17918 degrees of freedom
## (4627 observations deleted due to missingness)
```

```
## Multiple R-squared:  0.07169,    Adjusted R-squared:  0.07086
## F-statistic: 86.48 on 16 and 17918 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

This thing concludes that not only one factor is responsible for the fire spread these other factors combiningly also affect that.

Creating a new column according to the size_class to represent that in the visualization as High or low spread in the particular area.

```
# Create SpreadCategory based on size_class
data$SpreadCategory <- ifelse(data$size_class %in% c("D", "E"), "High", "Low")

#head(data) #masking output here to avoid clutter, as we have seen this before, want to leave it in to
```

Geospatial Visualization: Map the fire occurrences geographically with spread rate and temperature as visual layers

```
#For the following code, the output is an HTML output, therefore exporting it in a PDF format is not possible

#data <- data[!is.na(data$fire_location_longitude) & !is.na(data$fire_location_latitude), ]
# Ensure data is not NULL and has the required columns
#if (!is.null(data) && all(c("fire_location_longitude", "fire_location_latitude", "fire_spread_rate", "fire_temperature"))) {

  # Print debugging information

  # Filter out rows with missing lat/long
  #data <- data[!is.na(data$fire_location_longitude) & !is.na(data$fire_location_latitude), ]

  #leaflet(data) %>%
  #addTiles() %>%
  #addCircleMarkers(~fire_location_longitude, ~fire_location_latitude,
                    #radius = ~fire_spread_rate * 0.1,
                    #color = ~ifelse(SpreadCategory == "High", "red", "green"),
                    #fillOpacity = 0.5,
                    #popup = ~paste("Spread Rate:", fire_spread_rate, "<br>",
                                     #"Temperature:", temperature)) %>%
  #setView(lng = mean(data$fire_location_longitude, na.rm = TRUE),
          #lat = mean(data$fire_location_latitude, na.rm = TRUE),
          #zoom = 6) %>%
  #addLegend("bottomright",
            #colors = c("red", "green"),
            #labels = c("High Spread Rate", "Low Spread Rate"),
            #title = "Spread Rate Category")
#} else {
  #print("Data is NULL or required columns are missing.")
#}
```

Added clustering Points for Better Performance on this geospatial visualization. This will interactively shows the area where the fire spread rate and temperature is high or low.

Hypothesis testing:


```
# Extract the p-value for temperature in the transformed model  
p_value_log <- summary(log_model)$coefficients[2, 4]
```

```
# Hypothesis testing
```

```
if (p_value_log < 0.05) {  
  print("Reject the null hypothesis. There is a statistically significant relationship between temperat  
}  
else {  
  print("Fail to reject the null hypothesis. There is no statistically significant relationship between  
}
```

```
## [1] "Reject the null hypothesis. There is a statistically significant relationship between temperatu
```

```
# Print p-value for confirmation
```

```
print(paste("P-value:", p_value_log))
```

```
## [1] "P-value: 1.1251791730511e-317"
```

There is a statistically significant relationship between temperature and fire spread rate (log-transformed).

The analysis of the residual plot and Q-Q residual plot suggests that the linear regression model is not an appropriate fit for the data. The residual plot indicates a poor linear relationship, and the Q-Q residual plot reveals that the data is not normally distributed, with a right-skew and the presence of outliers. Given these observations, alternative modeling approaches, such as non-linear regression or robust regression techniques, should be considered to better capture the underlying patterns in the data and avoid the reliance on normality assumptions.