COUNTERFACTUAL REGRET MINIMIZATION

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Motivation

- Games like chess and go are games with perfect information
- Meanwhile, card games like poker are partially observable systems
- Traditional methods don't work
- Can we make some \$\$\$?

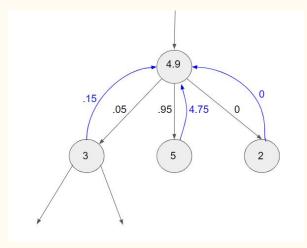


Terminology

- Relating to or expressing what has not happened or is not the case
- **Infoset** "node" in game tree
- Strategy probability distribution across actions
- Utility the payoff for the action
- **Regret** u(Alternative choice) u(Current choice)
- Main idea of CFR is to update our strategy at each node according to accumulated regret values

The CFR Algorithm

- Run the agent against itself for many iterations (self play algorithm)
- At each infoset, calculate the strategy using current accumulated regrets
- 3. Calculate the utility of all possible actions recursively and update accumulated regret
- 4. Average strategy across all iterations at each node converges to a Nash equilibrium



POCKET POKER!

https://cfr-poker-web.vercel.app/

- 20 card deck
- 2 cards to each player
- 1 public card visible to both
- 1 round of betting (fold, check, call, raise)
- Showdown
 - Three-of-a-kind
 - Pair
 - High card

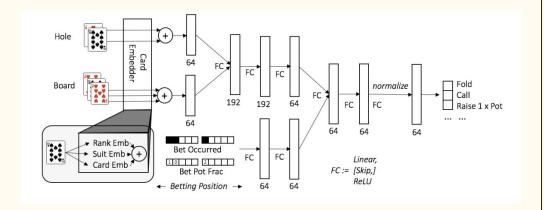


Results

- Automated evaluation Ran trained player against other player "archetypes"
 - Always large net gain
- Manual evaluation Played against it on my web app
 - Ends up with many more chips than me after a good amount of rounds

Deep CFR

- Input: infoset
- Output: predicts regrets
- Replaces the tabular nature of traditional CFR
- My next approach





Algorithm 4 External Sampling with Stochastically-Weighted Averaging

```
1: Initialize: \forall I \in \mathcal{I}, \forall a \in A(I) : r_I[a] \leftarrow s_I[a] \leftarrow 0
 2: ExternalSampling(h, i):
        if h \in Z then return u_i(h)
        if P(h) = c then sample a' and return ExternalSampling(ha', i)
        Let I be the information set containing h
        \sigma(I) \leftarrow \text{RegretMatching}(r_I)
        if P(I) = i then
 8:
            Let u be an array indexed by actions and u_{\sigma} \leftarrow 0
            for a \in A(I) do
 9:
               u[a] \leftarrow \text{ExternalSampling}(ha, i)
              u_{\sigma} \leftarrow u_{\sigma} + \sigma(I, a) \cdot u[a]
11:
12:
            for a \in A(I) do
               By Equation 4.20 compute \tilde{r}(I,a) \leftarrow u[a] - u_{\sigma}
13:
               r_I[a] \leftarrow r_I[a] + \tilde{r}(I,a)
14:
15:
            return u_{\sigma}
16:
        else
            Sample action a' from \sigma(I)
17:
18:
            u \leftarrow \text{ExternalSampling}(ha', i)
            for a \in A(I) do
19:
               s_I[a] \leftarrow s_I[a] + \sigma(I,a)
20:
21:
            return u
```