

## Lab 2: Cats vs Dogs

In this lab, you will train a convolutional neural network to classify an image into one of two classes: "cat" or "dog". The code for the neural networks you train will be written for you, and you are not (yet!) expected to understand all provided code. However, by the end of the lab, you should be able to:

1. Understand at a high level the training loop for a machine learning model.
2. Understand the distinction between training, validation, and test data.
3. The concepts of overfitting and underfitting.
4. Investigate how different hyperparameters, such as learning rate and batch size, affect the success of training.
5. Compare an ANN (aka Multi-Layer Perceptron) with a CNN.

### What to submit

Submit a PDF file containing all your code, outputs, and write-up from parts 1-5. You can produce a PDF of your Google Colab file by going to **File > Print** and then save as PDF. The Colab instructions has more information.

**Do not submit any other files produced by your code.**

Include a link to your colab file in your submission.

Please use Google Colab to complete this assignment. If you want to use Jupyter Notebook, please complete the assignment and upload your Jupyter Notebook file to Google Colab for submission.

With Colab, you can export a PDF file using the menu option **File -> Print** and save as PDF file. **Adjust the scaling to ensure that the text is not cutoff at the margins.**

### Colab Link

Include a link to your colab file here

Colab Link:

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
import time
import torch
import torch.nn as nn
import torch.nn.functional as F
import torch.optim as optim
import torchvision
from torch.utils.data.sampler import SubsetRandomSampler
import torchvision.transforms as transforms
```

## Part 0. Helper Functions

We will be making use of the following helper functions. You will be asked to look at and possibly modify some of these, but you are not expected to understand all of them.

You should look at the function names and read the docstrings. If you are curious, come back and explore the code *after* making some progress on the lab.

```
In [60]: #####
# Data Loading

def get_relevant_indices(dataset, classes, target_classes):
    """ Return the indices for datapoints in the dataset that belongs to the
    desired target classes, a subset of all possible classes.

    Args:
        dataset: Dataset object
        classes: A list of strings denoting the name of each class
        target_classes: A list of strings denoting the name of desired classes
                       Should be a subset of the 'classes'

    Returns:
        indices: list of indices that have labels corresponding to one of the
                 target classes

    """
    indices = []
    for i in range(len(dataset)):
        # Check if the label is in the target classes
        label_index = dataset[i][1] # ex: 3
        label_class = classes[label_index] # ex: 'cat'
        if label_class in target_classes:
            indices.append(i)
    return indices

def get_data_loader(target_classes, batch_size):
    """ Loads images of cats and dogs, splits the data into training, validation
    and testing datasets. Returns data loaders for the three preprocessed data

    Args:
        target_classes: A list of strings denoting the name of the desired
                       classes. Should be a subset of the argument 'classes'
        batch_size: A int representing the number of samples per batch

    Returns:
        train_loader: iterable training dataset organized according to batch size
        val_loader: iterable validation dataset organized according to batch size
        test_loader: iterable testing dataset organized according to batch size
```

```

    """ classes: A list of strings denoting the name of each class
    """

    classes = ('plane', 'car', 'bird', 'cat',
               'deer', 'dog', 'frog', 'horse', 'ship', 'truck')
    #####
    # The output of torchvision datasets are PILImage images of range [0, 1].
    # We transform them to Tensors of normalized range [-1, 1].
    transform = transforms.Compose(
        [transforms.ToTensor(),
         transforms.Normalize((0.5, 0.5, 0.5), (0.5, 0.5, 0.5))])
    # Load CIFAR10 training data
    trainset = torchvision.datasets.CIFAR10(root='./data', train=True,
                                             download=True, transform=transform)

    # Get the list of indices to sample from
    relevant_indices = get_relevant_indices(trainset, classes, target_classes)

    # Split into train and validation
    np.random.seed(1000) # Fixed numpy random seed for reproducible shuffling
    np.random.shuffle(relevant_indices)
    split = int(len(relevant_indices) * 0.8) #split at 80%

    # split into training and validation indices
    relevant_train_indices, relevant_val_indices = relevant_indices[:split], relevant_indices[split:]
    train_sampler = SubsetRandomSampler(relevant_train_indices)
    train_loader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(trainset, batch_size=batch_size,
                                                num_workers=1, sampler=train_sampler)

    val_sampler = SubsetRandomSampler(relevant_val_indices)
    val_loader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(trainset, batch_size=batch_size,
                                              num_workers=1, sampler=val_sampler)

    # Load CIFAR10 testing data
    testset = torchvision.datasets.CIFAR10(root='./data', train=False,
                                             download=True, transform=transform)

    # Get the list of indices to sample from
    relevant_test_indices = get_relevant_indices(testset, classes, target_classes)
    test_sampler = SubsetRandomSampler(relevant_test_indices)
    test_loader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(testset, batch_size=batch_size,
                                              num_workers=1, sampler=test_sampler)

    return train_loader, val_loader, test_loader, classes

#####
# Training
def get_model_name(name, batch_size, learning_rate, epoch):
    """ Generate a name for the model consisting of all the hyperparameter values

    Args:
        config: Configuration object containing the hyperparameters
    Returns:
        path: A string with the hyperparameter name and value concatenated
    """
    path = "model_{0}_bs{1}_lr{2}_epoch{3}".format(name,
                                                  batch_size,
                                                  learning_rate,
                                                  epoch)

    return path

def normalize_label(labels):
    """
    Given a tensor containing 2 possible values, normalize this to 0/1

```

```

Args:
    labels: a 1D tensor containing two possible scalar values
Returns:
    A tensor normalize to 0/1 value
"""
max_val = torch.max(labels)
min_val = torch.min(labels)
norm_labels = (labels - min_val)/(max_val - min_val)
return norm_labels

def evaluate(net, loader, criterion):
    """ Evaluate the network on the validation set.

    Args:
        net: PyTorch neural network object
        loader: PyTorch data loader for the validation set
        criterion: The loss function
    Returns:
        err: A scalar for the avg classification error over the validation set
        loss: A scalar for the average loss function over the validation set
    """
    total_loss = 0.0
    total_err = 0.0
    total_epoch = 0
    for i, data in enumerate(loader, 0):
        inputs, labels = data
        labels = normalize_label(labels) # Convert labels to 0/1

        # labels = labels.unsqueeze(1)

        outputs = net(inputs)
        loss = criterion(outputs, labels.float())
        corr = (outputs > 0.0).squeeze().long() != labels
        total_err += int(corr.sum())
        total_loss += loss.item()
        total_epoch += len(labels)
    err = float(total_err) / total_epoch
    loss = float(total_loss) / (i + 1)
    return err, loss

#####
# Training Curve
def plot_training_curve(path):
    """ Plots the training curve for a model run, given the csv files
    containing the train/validation error/loss.

    Args:
        path: The base path of the csv files produced during training
    """
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    train_err = np.loadtxt("{}_train_err.csv".format(path))
    val_err = np.loadtxt("{}_val_err.csv".format(path))
    train_loss = np.loadtxt("{}_train_loss.csv".format(path))
    val_loss = np.loadtxt("{}_val_loss.csv".format(path))
    plt.title("Train vs Validation Error")
    n = len(train_err) # number of epochs
    plt.plot(range(1,n+1), train_err, label="Train")
    plt.plot(range(1,n+1), val_err, label="Validation")
    plt.xlabel("Epoch")
    plt.ylabel("Error")

```

```
plt.legend(loc='best')
plt.show()
plt.title("Train vs Validation Loss")
plt.plot(range(1,n+1), train_loss, label="Train")
plt.plot(range(1,n+1), val_loss, label="Validation")
plt.xlabel("Epoch")
plt.ylabel("Loss")
plt.legend(loc='best')
plt.show()
```

## Part 1. Visualizing the Data [7 pt]

We will make use of some of the CIFAR-10 data set, which consists of colour images of size 32x32 pixels belonging to 10 categories. You can find out more about the dataset at

<https://www.cs.toronto.edu/~kriz/cifar.html>

For this assignment, we will only be using the cat and dog categories. We have included code that automatically downloads the dataset the first time that the main script is run.

```
In [3]: # This will download the CIFAR-10 dataset to a folder called "data"
# the first time you run this code.
train_loader, val_loader, test_loader, classes = get_data_loader(
    target_classes=["cat", "dog"],
    batch_size=1) # One image per batch
```

0.9%

Downloading <https://www.cs.toronto.edu/~kriz/cifar-10-python.tar.gz> to ./data/cifar-10-python.tar.gz

100.0%

Extracting ./data/cifar-10-python.tar.gz to ./data  
Files already downloaded and verified

### Part (a) -- 1 pt

Visualize some of the data by running the code below. Include the visualization in your writeup.

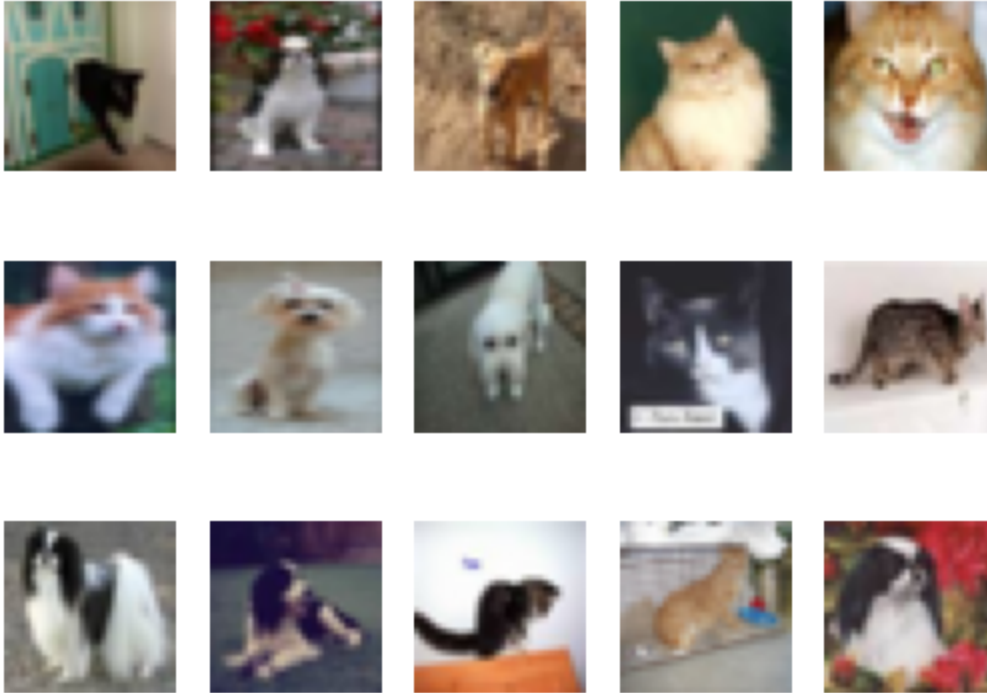
(You don't need to submit anything else.)

```
In [4]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

k = 0
for images, labels in train_loader:
    # since batch_size = 1, there is only 1 image in `images`
    image = images[0]
    # place the colour channel at the end, instead of at the beginning
    img = np.transpose(image, [1,2,0])
    # normalize pixel intensity values to [0, 1]
    img = img / 2 + 0.5
    plt.subplot(3, 5, k+1)
    plt.axis('off')
    plt.imshow(img)

    k += 1
```

```
if k > 14:
    break
```



## Part (b) -- 3 pt

How many training examples do we have for the combined `cat` and `dog` classes? What about validation examples? What about test examples?

```
In [6]: num_train = len(train_loader.sampler)
num_val = len(val_loader.sampler)
num_test = len(test_loader.sampler)

print(f"Number of training examples: {num_train}")
print(f"Number of validation examples: {num_val}")
print(f"Number of test example: {num_test}")
```

```
Number of training examples: 8000
Number of validation examples: 2000
Number of test example: 2000
```

## Part (c) -- 3pt

Why do we need a validation set when training our model? What happens if we judge the performance of our models using the training set loss/error instead of the validation set loss/error?

We need a validation set when training our model because, firstly, it provides an unbiased evaluation of the model fit during training. It helps in assessing the model's performance on the data it hasn't seen before, which gives a better indication of how well the model will perform in reality. Secondly, it helps implementing early stopping to prevent overfitting. Lastly, it can be used for tuning hyperparameters such as learning rate or batch size.

If we judge the performance of our models using the training set loss/error instead, the model may overfit the training data, meaning it will perform well on the training data but poorly on unseen one. Without validation, it's challenging to know if the model generalizes well to new, unseen data. Lastly, the training loss/error may be significantly lower than the validation loss/error due to overfitting.

## Part 2. Training [15 pt]

We define two neural networks, a `LargeNet` and `SmallNet`. We'll be training the networks in this section.

You won't understand fully what these networks are doing until the next few classes, and that's okay. For this assignment, please focus on learning how to train networks, and how hyperparameters affect training.

```
In [7]: class LargeNet(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self):
        super(LargeNet, self).__init__()
        self.name = "large"
        self.conv1 = nn.Conv2d(3, 5, 5)
        self.pool = nn.MaxPool2d(2, 2)
        self.conv2 = nn.Conv2d(5, 10, 5)
        self.fc1 = nn.Linear(10 * 5 * 5, 32)
        self.fc2 = nn.Linear(32, 1)

    def forward(self, x):
        x = self.pool(F.relu(self.conv1(x)))
        x = self.pool(F.relu(self.conv2(x)))
        x = x.view(-1, 10 * 5 * 5)
        x = F.relu(self.fc1(x))
        x = self.fc2(x)
        x = x.squeeze(1) # Flatten to [batch_size]
        return x
```

```
In [8]: class SmallNet(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self):
        super(SmallNet, self).__init__()
        self.name = "small"
        self.conv = nn.Conv2d(3, 5, 3)
        self.pool = nn.MaxPool2d(2, 2)
        self.fc = nn.Linear(5 * 7 * 7, 1)

    def forward(self, x):
        x = self.pool(F.relu(self.conv(x)))
        x = self.pool(x)
        x = x.view(-1, 5 * 7 * 7)
        x = self.fc(x)
        x = x.squeeze(1) # Flatten to [batch_size]
        return x
```

```
In [9]: small_net = SmallNet()
        large_net = LargeNet()
```

## Part (a) -- 2pt

The methods `small_net.parameters()` and `large_net.parameters()` produces an iterator of all the trainable parameters of the network. These parameters are torch tensors containing many scalar values.

We haven't learned how the parameters in these high-dimensional tensors will be used, but we should be able to count the number of parameters. Measuring the number of parameters in a network is one way of measuring the "size" of a network.

What is the total number of parameters in `small_net` and in `large_net` ? (Hint: how many numbers are in each tensor?)

```
In [17]: # for param in small_net.parameters():
#         print(param.shape)
# for param in large_net.parameters():
#         print(param.shape)

def count_param(model):
    return sum(param.numel() for param in model.parameters() if param.requires_grad_())

print(f"Total parameters in SmallNet: {count_param(small_net)}")
print(f"Total parameters in SmallNet: {count_param(large_net)}")

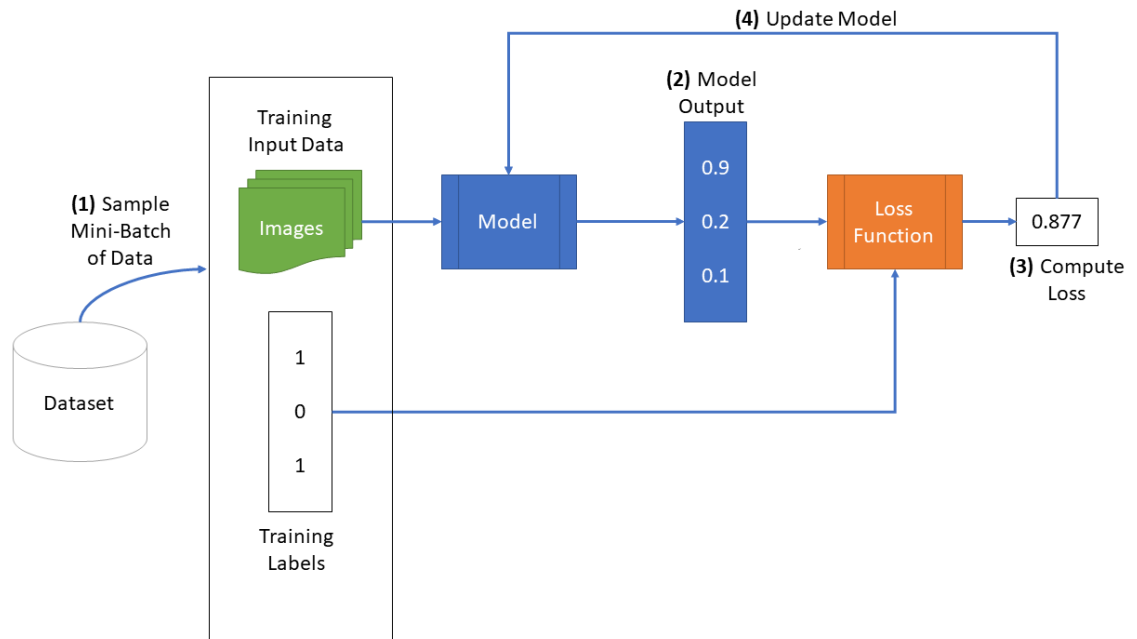
#Number of parameters = sum of layers
#Each layer = input x output + biases
```

```
Total parameters in SmallNet: 386
Total parameters in SmallNet: 9705
```

## The function train\_net

The function `train_net` below takes an untrained neural network (like `small_net` and `large_net` ) and several other parameters. You should be able to understand how this function works. The figure below shows the high level training loop for a machine learning model:





```
In [61]: def train_net(net, batch_size=64, learning_rate=0.01, num_epochs=30):
#####
# Train a classifier on cats vs dogs
target_classes = ["cat", "dog"]
#####
# Fixed PyTorch random seed for reproducible result
torch.manual_seed(1000)
#####
# Obtain the PyTorch data loader objects to load batches of the datasets
train_loader, val_loader, test_loader, classes = get_data_loader(
    target_classes, batch_size)
#####
# Define the Loss function and optimizer
# The loss function will be Binary Cross Entropy (BCE). In this case we
# will use the BCEWithLogitsLoss which takes unnormalized output from
# the neural network and scalar label.
# Optimizer will be SGD with Momentum.
criterion = nn.BCEWithLogitsLoss()
optimizer = optim.SGD(net.parameters(), lr=learning_rate, momentum=0.9)
#####
# Set up some numpy arrays to store the training/test loss/erruracy
train_err = np.zeros(num_epochs)
train_loss = np.zeros(num_epochs)
val_err = np.zeros(num_epochs)
val_loss = np.zeros(num_epochs)
#####
# Train the network
# Loop over the data iterator and sample a new batch of training data
# Get the output from the network, and optimize our loss function.
start_time = time.time()
for epoch in range(num_epochs): # loop over the dataset multiple times
    total_train_loss = 0.0
    total_train_err = 0.0
    total_epoch = 0
    for i, data in enumerate(train_loader, 0):
        # Get the inputs
        inputs, labels = data
        labels = normalize_label(labels) # Convert labels to 0/1
```

```

    # labels = labels.unsqueeze(1)

    # Zero the parameter gradients
    optimizer.zero_grad()
    # Forward pass, backward pass, and optimize
    outputs = net(inputs)
    loss = criterion(outputs, labels.float())
    loss.backward()
    optimizer.step()
    # Calculate the statistics
    corr = (outputs > 0.0).squeeze().long() != labels#.squeeze().long()
    total_train_err += int(corr.sum())
    total_train_loss += loss.item()
    total_epoch += len(labels)
    train_err[epoch] = float(total_train_err) / total_epoch
    train_loss[epoch] = float(total_train_loss) / (i+1)
    val_err[epoch], val_loss[epoch] = evaluate(net, val_loader, criterion)
    print(("Epoch {}: Train err: {}, Train loss: {} |"+
          "Validation err: {}, Validation loss: {}".format(
              epoch + 1,
              train_err[epoch],
              train_loss[epoch],
              val_err[epoch],
              val_loss[epoch])))
    # Save the current model (checkpoint) to a file
    model_path = get_model_name(net.name, batch_size, learning_rate, epoch)
    torch.save(net.state_dict(), model_path)
    print('Finished Training')
    end_time = time.time()
    elapsed_time = end_time - start_time
    print("Total time elapsed: {:.2f} seconds".format(elapsed_time))
    # Write the train/test loss/err into CSV file for plotting later
    epochs = np.arange(1, num_epochs + 1)
    np.savetxt("{}_train_err.csv".format(model_path), train_err)
    np.savetxt("{}_train_loss.csv".format(model_path), train_loss)
    np.savetxt("{}_val_err.csv".format(model_path), val_err)
    np.savetxt("{}_val_loss.csv".format(model_path), val_loss)
    return net, train_err, train_loss, val_err, val_loss

```

## Part (b) -- 1pt

The parameters to the function `train_net` are hyperparameters of our neural network. We made these hyperparameters easy to modify so that we can tune them later on.

What are the default values of the parameters `batch_size`, `learning_rate`, and `num_epochs`?

batch size: 64 learning\_rate: 0.01 num\_epochs: 30

## Part (c) -- 3 pt

What files are written to disk when we call `train_net` with `small_net`, and train for 5 epochs? Provide a list of all the files written to disk, and what information the files contain.

When we call `train_net` with `small_net`, and train for 5 epochs, we got the following files are written to disk:

`model_small_bs64_lr0.01_epoch0` `model_small_bs64_lr0.01_epoch1`  
`model_small_bs64_lr0.01_epoch2` `model_small_bs64_lr0.01_epoch3`  
`model_small_bs64_lr0.01_epoch4` These files are the model checkpoints where each contains the state dictionary of the neural network at the end of the corresponding epoch.

At the end of the training process, the last epoch is used to construct the filenames in CSV:

`model_small_bs64_lr0.01_epoch4_train_err.csv`  
`model_small_bs64_lr0.01_epoch4_train_loss.csv`  
`model_small_bs64_lr0.01_epoch4_val_err.csv`  
`model_small_bs64_lr0.01_epoch4_val_loss.csv` These files contain the training and validation error and loss values recorded.

## Part (d) -- 2pt

Train both `small_net` and `large_net` using the function `train_net` and its default parameters. The function will write many files to disk, including a model checkpoint (saved values of model weights) at the end of each epoch.

If you are using Google Colab, you will need to mount Google Drive so that the files generated by `train_net` gets saved. We will be using these files in part (d). (See the Google Colab tutorial for more information about this.)

Report the total time elapsed when training each network. Which network took longer to train? Why?

```
In [22]: # Since the function writes files to disk, you will need to mount
# your Google Drive. If you are working on the lab locally, you
# can comment out this code.

# from google.colab import drive
# drive.mount('/content/gdrive')

start_time_small = time.time()
train_net(small_net)
end_time_small = time.time()
elapsed_time_small = end_time_small - start_time_small
print("Total time elapsed for small_net: {:.2f} seconds".format(elapsed_time_small))

start_time_small = time.time()
train_net(large_net)
end_time_small = time.time()
elapsed_time_small = end_time_small - start_time_small
print("Total time elapsed for small_net: {:.2f} seconds".format(elapsed_time_small))

'''large_net requires more time to process than small_net.
The reason lies in the number of parameters in each network.
large_net has more layers and a large number of neurons per
```

```
layer compared to small_net, leading to increased computational  
complexity and thus longer training times.'''
```

Files already downloaded and verified

Files already downloaded and verified

Epoch 1: Train err: 0.416875, Train loss: 0.6750125570297241 |Validation err: 0.3665, Validation loss: 0.651271503418684  
Epoch 2: Train err: 0.365375, Train loss: 0.645360360622406 |Validation err: 0.3845, Validation loss: 0.6601899191737175  
Epoch 3: Train err: 0.35025, Train loss: 0.6313966364860535 |Validation err: 0.345, Validation loss: 0.6224232353270054  
Epoch 4: Train err: 0.33725, Train loss: 0.615510021686554 |Validation err: 0.355, Validation loss: 0.6221916098147631  
Epoch 5: Train err: 0.325, Train loss: 0.6042631051540375 |Validation err: 0.3235, Validation loss: 0.6165914889425039  
Epoch 6: Train err: 0.312875, Train loss: 0.5926906671524048 |Validation err: 0.335, Validation loss: 0.616919482126832  
Epoch 7: Train err: 0.309625, Train loss: 0.5865938510894776 |Validation err: 0.333, Validation loss: 0.60477314889431  
Epoch 8: Train err: 0.30275, Train loss: 0.5790050482749939 |Validation err: 0.33, Validation loss: 0.6020251903682947  
Epoch 9: Train err: 0.300375, Train loss: 0.5771953854560852 |Validation err: 0.326, Validation loss: 0.6010829322040081  
Epoch 10: Train err: 0.298625, Train loss: 0.5693206179141999 |Validation err: 0.3175, Validation loss: 0.5904763760045171  
Epoch 11: Train err: 0.29225, Train loss: 0.5660302231311798 |Validation err: 0.325, Validation loss: 0.598873233422637  
Epoch 12: Train err: 0.288, Train loss: 0.5601779036521911 |Validation err: 0.332, Validation loss: 0.6010615658015013  
Epoch 13: Train err: 0.28275, Train loss: 0.5616342921257019 |Validation err: 0.314, Validation loss: 0.597919387742877  
Epoch 14: Train err: 0.286125, Train loss: 0.5547096033096314 |Validation err: 0.33, Validation loss: 0.6100959070026875  
Epoch 15: Train err: 0.286125, Train loss: 0.5528013541698455 |Validation err: 0.3135, Validation loss: 0.5972558706998825  
Epoch 16: Train err: 0.28775, Train loss: 0.558177636384964 |Validation err: 0.3125, Validation loss: 0.6017906814813614  
Epoch 17: Train err: 0.286125, Train loss: 0.5528635742664337 |Validation err: 0.315, Validation loss: 0.5913266986608505  
Epoch 18: Train err: 0.282625, Train loss: 0.5498520925045013 |Validation err: 0.314, Validation loss: 0.5923054600134492  
Epoch 19: Train err: 0.280625, Train loss: 0.5468230969905853 |Validation err: 0.3125, Validation loss: 0.5979579910635948  
Epoch 20: Train err: 0.275125, Train loss: 0.5450280342102051 |Validation err: 0.3115, Validation loss: 0.5971324592828751  
Epoch 21: Train err: 0.282375, Train loss: 0.5475271475315094 |Validation err: 0.306, Validation loss: 0.5867987843230367  
Epoch 22: Train err: 0.276375, Train loss: 0.5455792791843415 |Validation err: 0.314, Validation loss: 0.5975023871287704  
Epoch 23: Train err: 0.2795, Train loss: 0.5461577324867248 |Validation err: 0.322, Validation loss: 0.594504171051085  
Epoch 24: Train err: 0.27875, Train loss: 0.5423737134933472 |Validation err: 0.32, Validation loss: 0.5950107229873538  
Epoch 25: Train err: 0.270875, Train loss: 0.539586375951767 |Validation err: 0.317, Validation loss: 0.5968796731904149  
Epoch 26: Train err: 0.27525, Train loss: 0.5415864021778106 |Validation err: 0.3115, Validation loss: 0.5876989085227251  
Epoch 27: Train err: 0.276875, Train loss: 0.5401414029598236 |Validation err: 0.308, Validation loss: 0.60043905954808  
Epoch 28: Train err: 0.276875, Train loss: 0.5403922572135925 |Validation err: 0.3035, Validation loss: 0.590910043567419  
Epoch 29: Train err: 0.275, Train loss: 0.5406191668510437 |Validation err: 0.3105, Validation loss: 0.602784238755703

Epoch 30: Train err: 0.27275, Train loss: 0.5399593875408173 |Validation err:  
0.3095, Validation loss: 0.5954833133146167  
Finished Training  
Total time elapsed: 776.01 seconds  
Total time elapsed for small\_net:796.33 seconds  
Files already downloaded and verified  
Files already downloaded and verified  
Epoch 1: Train err: 0.45825, Train loss: 0.6907159585952759 |Validation err:  
0.4285, Validation loss: 0.6825322918593884  
Epoch 2: Train err: 0.42025, Train loss: 0.6778951029777527 |Validation err:  
0.4135, Validation loss: 0.6724218428134918  
Epoch 3: Train err: 0.403375, Train loss: 0.6652929220199585 |Validation err:  
0.388, Validation loss: 0.6509127989411354  
Epoch 4: Train err: 0.386875, Train loss: 0.6564120931625366 |Validation err:  
0.3895, Validation loss: 0.6492501199245453  
Epoch 5: Train err: 0.379125, Train loss: 0.6488895163536071 |Validation err:  
0.3735, Validation loss: 0.6411709655076265  
Epoch 6: Train err: 0.358625, Train loss: 0.6351959795951844 |Validation err:  
0.353, Validation loss: 0.6288387458771467  
Epoch 7: Train err: 0.34975, Train loss: 0.6244515461921691 |Validation err:  
0.347, Validation loss: 0.621803779155016  
Epoch 8: Train err: 0.333, Train loss: 0.60806897854805 |Validation err: 0.34  
6, Validation loss: 0.6098825614899397  
Epoch 9: Train err: 0.3255, Train loss: 0.6013412532806397 |Validation err: 0.  
353, Validation loss: 0.6113541182130575  
Epoch 10: Train err: 0.316125, Train loss: 0.589971958398819 |Validation err:  
0.3275, Validation loss: 0.5958525044843554  
Epoch 11: Train err: 0.304625, Train loss: 0.5755284597873688 |Validation err:  
0.3225, Validation loss: 0.5974238198250532  
Epoch 12: Train err: 0.29225, Train loss: 0.5633340358734131 |Validation err:  
0.335, Validation loss: 0.6160336602479219  
Epoch 13: Train err: 0.2945, Train loss: 0.5602497692108155 |Validation err:  
0.3055, Validation loss: 0.5852993428707123  
Epoch 14: Train err: 0.276, Train loss: 0.5410372107028961 |Validation err: 0.  
3115, Validation loss: 0.5981923518702388  
Epoch 15: Train err: 0.274375, Train loss: 0.5361248102188111 |Validation err:  
0.322, Validation loss: 0.589577816426754  
Epoch 16: Train err: 0.271875, Train loss: 0.5321849179267883 |Validation err:  
0.33, Validation loss: 0.5949276192113757  
Epoch 17: Train err: 0.258375, Train loss: 0.5216944117546082 |Validation err:  
0.321, Validation loss: 0.6040281560271978  
Epoch 18: Train err: 0.24625, Train loss: 0.5060607051849365 |Validation err:  
0.2975, Validation loss: 0.576768814586103  
Epoch 19: Train err: 0.242125, Train loss: 0.49587542009353636 |Validation er  
r: 0.319, Validation loss: 0.5961064686998725  
Epoch 20: Train err: 0.24025, Train loss: 0.4912865343093872 |Validation err:  
0.3165, Validation loss: 0.6071177646517754  
Epoch 21: Train err: 0.23825, Train loss: 0.48105130696296694 |Validation err:  
0.3045, Validation loss: 0.5866228230297565  
Epoch 22: Train err: 0.22875, Train loss: 0.4668804063796997 |Validation err:  
0.3125, Validation loss: 0.6127813709899783  
Epoch 23: Train err: 0.221375, Train loss: 0.4632520172595978 |Validation err:  
0.319, Validation loss: 0.6030319491401315  
Epoch 24: Train err: 0.2145, Train loss: 0.4519543213844299 |Validation err:  
0.3095, Validation loss: 0.6148185972124338  
Epoch 25: Train err: 0.208125, Train loss: 0.4380663480758667 |Validation err:  
0.315, Validation loss: 0.6092131873592734  
Epoch 26: Train err: 0.203875, Train loss: 0.431913818359375 |Validation err:  
0.3015, Validation loss: 0.6327717043459415  
Epoch 27: Train err: 0.191125, Train loss: 0.4144328112602234 |Validation err:

```

0.3035, Validation loss: 0.6441452819854021
Epoch 28: Train err: 0.187375, Train loss: 0.40448825764656066 |Validation er
r: 0.3165, Validation loss: 0.6951028285548091
Epoch 29: Train err: 0.178, Train loss: 0.3864849299192429 |Validation err: 0.
3135, Validation loss: 0.7589928675442934
Epoch 30: Train err: 0.170375, Train loss: 0.37377100086212156 |Validation er
r: 0.3105, Validation loss: 0.6959757674485445
Finished Training
Total time elapsed: 889.36 seconds
Total time elapsed for small_net:909.40 seconds
Out[22]: 'large_net requires more time to process than small_net. \nThe reason lies in
the number of parameters in each network.\nlarge_net has more layers and a lar
ge number of neurons per\layer compared to small_net, leading to increased co
mputational\ncplexity and thus longer training times.'
```

## Part (e) - 2pt

Use the function `plot_training_curve` to display the trajectory of the training/validation error and the training/validation loss. You will need to use the function `get_model_name` to generate the argument to the `plot_training_curve` function.

Do this for both the small network and the large network. Include both plots in your writeup.

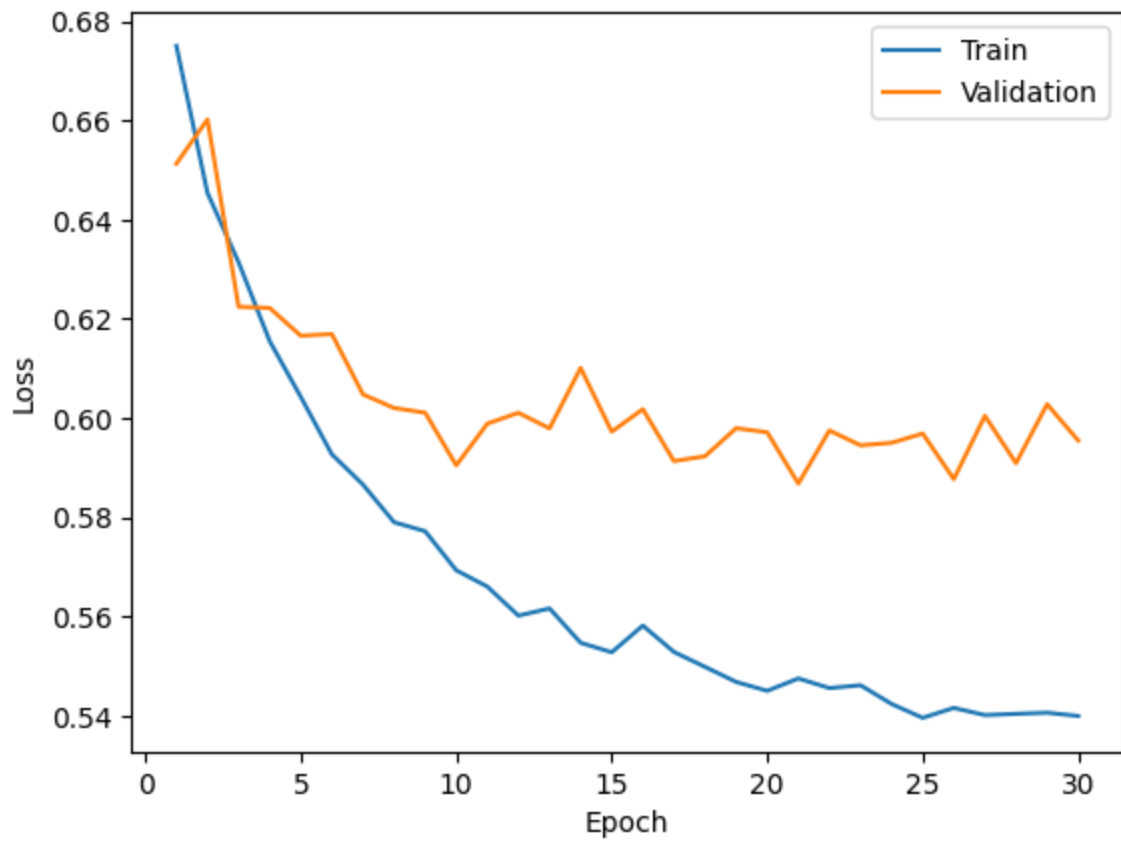
```

In [24]: small_net_model_name = get_model_name(small_net.name, batch_size=64, learning_
large_net_model_name = get_model_name(large_net.name, batch_size=64, learning_

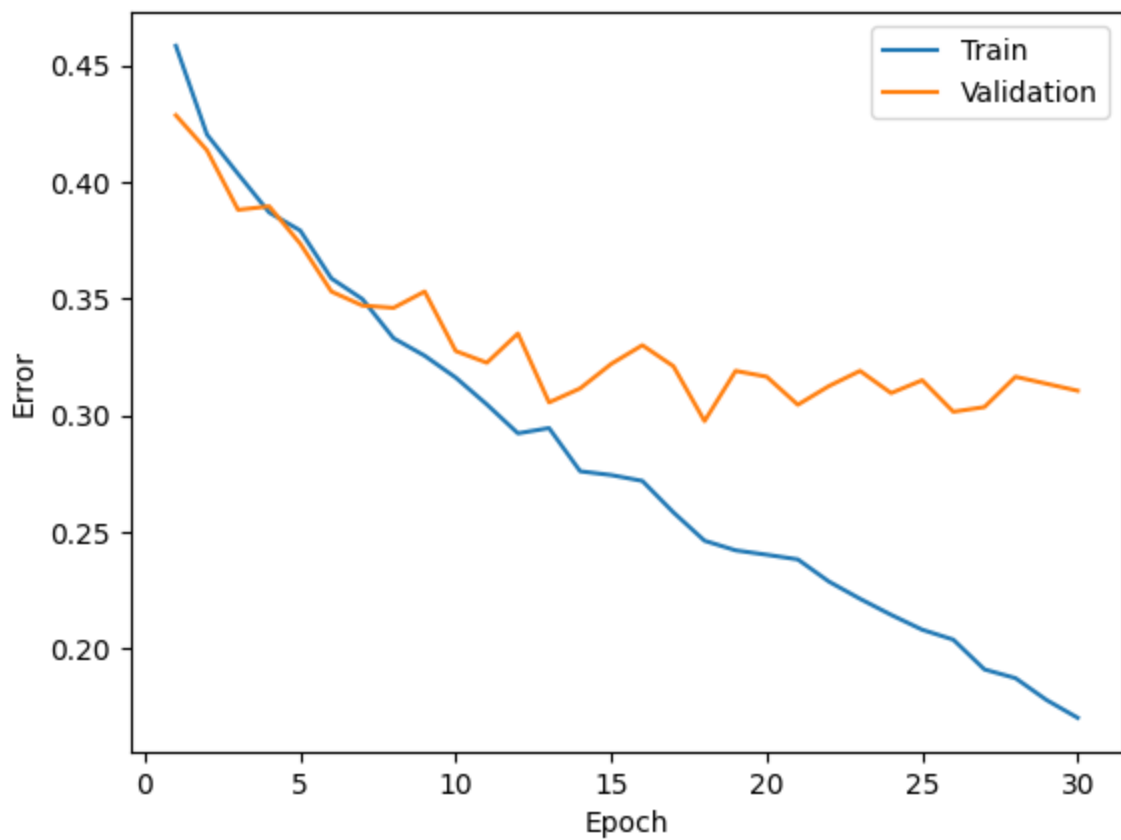
plot_training_curve(small_net_model_name)
plot_training_curve(large_net_model_name)
```



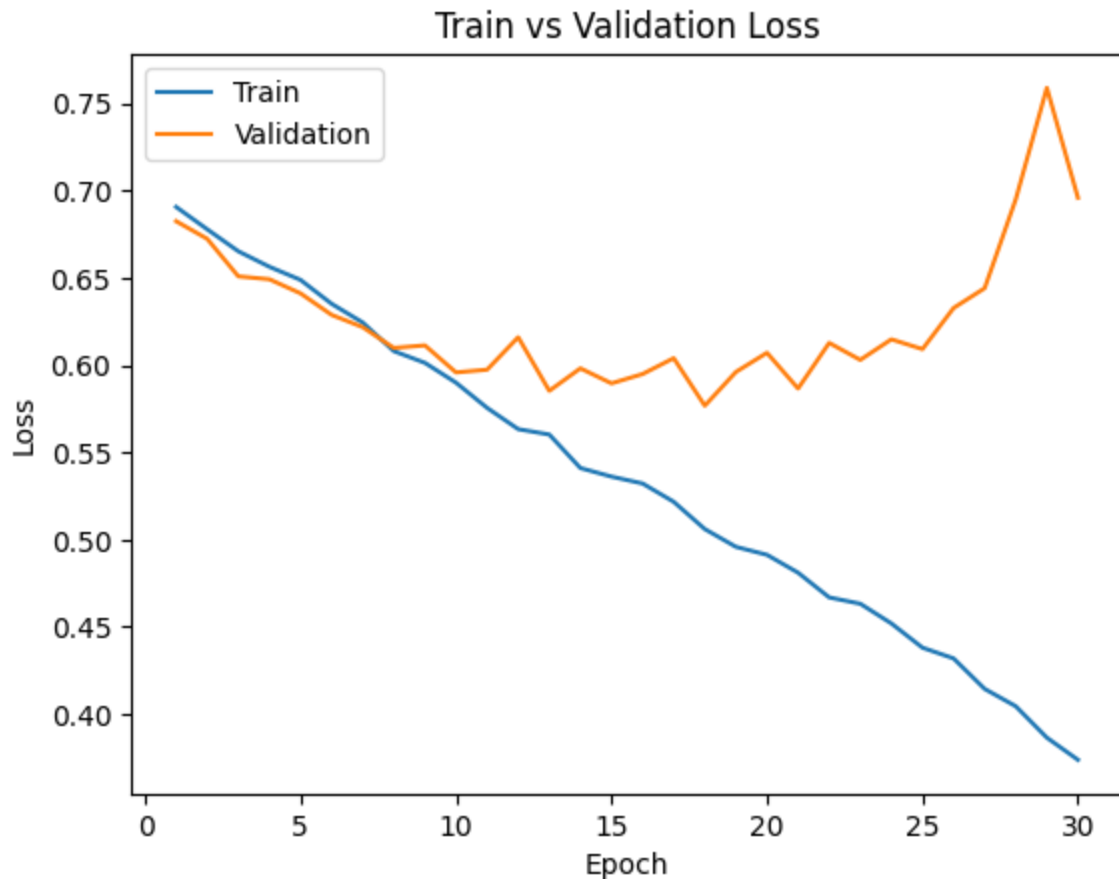
Train vs Validation Loss



Train vs Validation Error







## Part (f) - 5pt

Describe what you notice about the training curve. How do the curves differ for `small_net` and `large_net`? Identify any occurrences of underfitting and overfitting.

Training curves for `small_net`:

- Training E/L: decreases over time but not reaches low values
- Validation E/L: slightly decreases over time but remains relatively high

Training curves for `large_net`:

- Training E/L: Decreases more linearly and rapidly to low values
- Validation E/L: initially decreases then either start increasing or plateauing.

--> `small_net` may be underfitting since both training and validation e/l are high and do not decrease significantly, suggesting the capacity is insufficient for the complexity of the data.

--> `large_net` may be overfitting since the training e/l is low but the validation e/l is high or increasing after an initial decrease, due to the fact that the model is memorizing the training data rather than generalizing.

## Part 3. Optimization Parameters [12 pt]

For this section, we will work with `large_net` only.

## Part (a) - 3pt

Train `large_net` with all default parameters, except set `learning_rate=0.001`. Does the model take longer/shorter to train? Plot the training curve. Describe the effect of lowering the learning rate.

```
In [25]: # Note: When we re-construct the model, we start the training
# with *random weights*. If we omit this code, the values of
# the weights will still be the previously trained values.
large_net = LargeNet()
train_net(large_net, learning_rate=0.001)

model_path = get_model_name(large_net.name, 64, 0.001, 29) #assuming 30 epochs
plot_training_curve(model_path)

'''Lowering the learning rate generally results in a longer training
porcess with a more gradual and stable convergence. This can help
achieving better generalization by avoiding overshooting and ensuring
the model does not skip over minima in the loss function. However,
an excessively low learning rate might lead to excessively slow training
and the potential for the model to get stuck in suboptimal solutions.

Time elapsed: 1011.79s'''
```

Files already downloaded and verified

Files already downloaded and verified

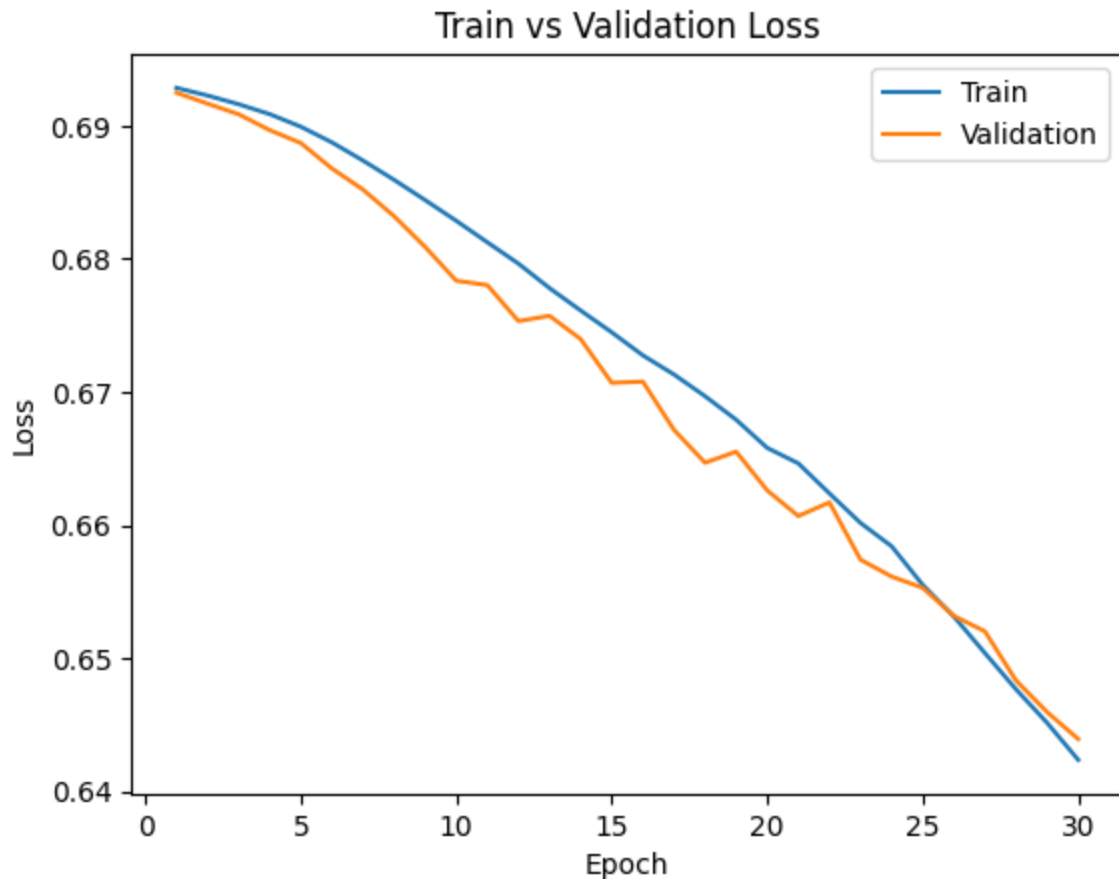
Epoch 1: Train err: 0.47625, Train loss: 0.6928360052108765 |Validation err: 0.467, Validation loss: 0.6924686636775732  
Epoch 2: Train err: 0.448625, Train loss: 0.6922589735984802 |Validation err: 0.4305, Validation loss: 0.6916493605822325  
Epoch 3: Train err: 0.43575, Train loss: 0.6916067447662354 |Validation err: 0.4285, Validation loss: 0.6908544562757015  
Epoch 4: Train err: 0.430125, Train loss: 0.6908613076210022 |Validation err: 0.424, Validation loss: 0.6896594148129225  
Epoch 5: Train err: 0.43425, Train loss: 0.6899195213317871 |Validation err: 0.4195, Validation loss: 0.6886937506496906  
Epoch 6: Train err: 0.435875, Train loss: 0.6887414779663086 |Validation err: 0.4195, Validation loss: 0.6867830120027065  
Epoch 7: Train err: 0.437, Train loss: 0.6873778896331787 |Validation err: 0.4185, Validation loss: 0.685198362916708  
Epoch 8: Train err: 0.4375, Train loss: 0.6859283361434937 |Validation err: 0.4125, Validation loss: 0.6831994950771332  
Epoch 9: Train err: 0.424625, Train loss: 0.6844063110351563 |Validation err: 0.411, Validation loss: 0.6808883715420961  
Epoch 10: Train err: 0.424125, Train loss: 0.6828512725830078 |Validation err: 0.408, Validation loss: 0.6783524416387081  
Epoch 11: Train err: 0.425375, Train loss: 0.6812374067306518 |Validation err: 0.4125, Validation loss: 0.6780228316783905  
Epoch 12: Train err: 0.42, Train loss: 0.6796347332000733 |Validation err: 0.413, Validation loss: 0.6753195822238922  
Epoch 13: Train err: 0.415, Train loss: 0.6777958979606629 |Validation err: 0.415, Validation loss: 0.6757139153778553  
Epoch 14: Train err: 0.41225, Train loss: 0.676115725517273 |Validation err: 0.412, Validation loss: 0.6739730350673199  
Epoch 15: Train err: 0.409125, Train loss: 0.6744775424003601 |Validation err: 0.415, Validation loss: 0.6706844922155142  
Epoch 16: Train err: 0.406375, Train loss: 0.6727494630813599 |Validation err: 0.4105, Validation loss: 0.6707756388932467  
Epoch 17: Train err: 0.4015, Train loss: 0.6713142442703247 |Validation err: 0.404, Validation loss: 0.6671578288078308  
Epoch 18: Train err: 0.39925, Train loss: 0.6696815996170044 |Validation err: 0.4055, Validation loss: 0.6646826025098562  
Epoch 19: Train err: 0.400875, Train loss: 0.6679153003692627 |Validation err: 0.396, Validation loss: 0.6655164361000061  
Epoch 20: Train err: 0.392125, Train loss: 0.6657992796897888 |Validation err: 0.4045, Validation loss: 0.6626073978841305  
Epoch 21: Train err: 0.389625, Train loss: 0.6646366119384766 |Validation err: 0.394, Validation loss: 0.6606824025511742  
Epoch 22: Train err: 0.389, Train loss: 0.6623814749717712 |Validation err: 0.393, Validation loss: 0.6617059614509344  
Epoch 23: Train err: 0.3845, Train loss: 0.6601637983322144 |Validation err: 0.3975, Validation loss: 0.6574058458209038  
Epoch 24: Train err: 0.38225, Train loss: 0.6584126424789428 |Validation err: 0.386, Validation loss: 0.6561386473476887  
Epoch 25: Train err: 0.378875, Train loss: 0.6555113334655762 |Validation err: 0.388, Validation loss: 0.6552941966801882  
Epoch 26: Train err: 0.37675, Train loss: 0.6531408720016479 |Validation err: 0.3875, Validation loss: 0.65318663418293  
Epoch 27: Train err: 0.375125, Train loss: 0.6503939228057861 |Validation err: 0.3875, Validation loss: 0.6520215608179569  
Epoch 28: Train err: 0.371375, Train loss: 0.6476678924560547 |Validation err: 0.3875, Validation loss: 0.6483367551118135  
Epoch 29: Train err: 0.367875, Train loss: 0.6451551876068116 |Validation err: 0.3815, Validation loss: 0.6459614392369986

Epoch 30: Train err: 0.3625, Train loss: 0.6423756089210511 | Validation err: 0.3785, Validation loss: 0.6439380161464214

Finished Training

Total time elapsed: 1011.79 seconds





## Part (b) - 3pt

Train `large_net` with all default parameters, except set `learning_rate=0.1`. Does the model take longer/shorter to train? Plot the training curve. Describe the effect of *increasing* the learning rate.

```
In [26]: large_net = LargeNet()
train_net(large_net, learning_rate=0.1)

model_path = get_model_name(large_net.name, 64, 0.1, 29) #assuming 30 epochs
plot_training_curve(model_path)
```

'''Increasing the learning rate to 0.1 generally results in a shorter training process due to faster initial convergence. However, this comes with the potential downside of instability in the training process. The training and validation errors and losses may not decrease smoothly and might oscillate or increase if the learning rate is excessively high, preventing the model from converging to an optimal solution.

Time elapsed: 859.60s'''

Files already downloaded and verified

Files already downloaded and verified

Epoch 1: Train err: 0.4285, Train loss: 0.6748176345825195 |Validation err: 0.371, Validation loss: 0.6331098210066557  
Epoch 2: Train err: 0.37, Train loss: 0.6390678839683532 |Validation err: 0.3495, Validation loss: 0.6213860679417849  
Epoch 3: Train err: 0.355125, Train loss: 0.6258888664245605 |Validation err: 0.328, Validation loss: 0.6011855136603117  
Epoch 4: Train err: 0.325375, Train loss: 0.5985033819675446 |Validation err: 0.3195, Validation loss: 0.5889167711138725  
Epoch 5: Train err: 0.31975, Train loss: 0.5847481439113617 |Validation err: 0.325, Validation loss: 0.6108177285641432  
Epoch 6: Train err: 0.307875, Train loss: 0.5748495907783508 |Validation err: 0.3235, Validation loss: 0.594539794139564  
Epoch 7: Train err: 0.300875, Train loss: 0.5654441576004028 |Validation err: 0.3125, Validation loss: 0.5799257354810834  
Epoch 8: Train err: 0.287, Train loss: 0.5523363053798676 |Validation err: 0.3115, Validation loss: 0.5795844318345189  
Epoch 9: Train err: 0.281125, Train loss: 0.5446515836715698 |Validation err: 0.3195, Validation loss: 0.5828199805691838  
Epoch 10: Train err: 0.262875, Train loss: 0.5169935195446015 |Validation err: 0.322, Validation loss: 0.5988915394991636  
Epoch 11: Train err: 0.259875, Train loss: 0.5200313606262207 |Validation err: 0.318, Validation loss: 0.5937206912785769  
Epoch 12: Train err: 0.253125, Train loss: 0.5072792971134186 |Validation err: 0.3175, Validation loss: 0.6370595134794712  
Epoch 13: Train err: 0.241375, Train loss: 0.4955726802349091 |Validation err: 0.3225, Validation loss: 0.66776735894382  
Epoch 14: Train err: 0.2425, Train loss: 0.4968647246360779 |Validation err: 0.3195, Validation loss: 0.6147276423871517  
Epoch 15: Train err: 0.243, Train loss: 0.4899309017658234 |Validation err: 0.339, Validation loss: 0.6290505044162273  
Epoch 16: Train err: 0.245625, Train loss: 0.49452349185943606 |Validation err: 0.3405, Validation loss: 0.6779557932168245  
Epoch 17: Train err: 0.230375, Train loss: 0.4770533633232117 |Validation err: 0.336, Validation loss: 0.6705080633983016  
Epoch 18: Train err: 0.235125, Train loss: 0.48424429941177366 |Validation err: 0.3405, Validation loss: 0.6495688920840621  
Epoch 19: Train err: 0.23225, Train loss: 0.477221688747406 |Validation err: 0.3375, Validation loss: 0.6972468625754118  
Epoch 20: Train err: 0.230125, Train loss: 0.48232338643074035 |Validation err: 0.3225, Validation loss: 0.6969501907005906  
Epoch 21: Train err: 0.234125, Train loss: 0.4883787717819214 |Validation err: 0.3495, Validation loss: 0.729984562844038  
Epoch 22: Train err: 0.21875, Train loss: 0.4616849253177643 |Validation err: 0.3325, Validation loss: 0.7529665129259229  
Epoch 23: Train err: 0.227125, Train loss: 0.482577397108078 |Validation err: 0.355, Validation loss: 0.690998699516058  
Epoch 24: Train err: 0.214375, Train loss: 0.4560214042663574 |Validation err: 0.331, Validation loss: 0.7966298069804907  
Epoch 25: Train err: 0.218875, Train loss: 0.46395377862453463 |Validation err: 0.343, Validation loss: 0.8448417577892542  
Epoch 26: Train err: 0.211, Train loss: 0.45213429880142214 |Validation err: 0.3715, Validation loss: 0.8014498688280582  
Epoch 27: Train err: 0.235, Train loss: 0.4975194091796875 |Validation err: 0.3235, Validation loss: 0.8089121002703905  
Epoch 28: Train err: 0.224, Train loss: 0.47590521931648255 |Validation err: 0.3585, Validation loss: 0.7959228344261646  
Epoch 29: Train err: 0.210125, Train loss: 0.44688198709487914 |Validation err: 0.3495, Validation loss: 0.8872387297451496

Epoch 30: Train err: 0.234, Train loss: 0.5024558358192444 | Validation err: 0.3335, Validation loss: 0.842799480073154

Finished Training

Total time elapsed: 859.60 seconds





Out[26]: 'Increasing the learning rate to 0.1 generally results in a shorter training process due to faster initial convergence. However, this comes with the potential downside of instability in the training process. The training and validation errors and losses may not decrease smoothly and might oscillate or increase if the learning rate is excessively high, preventing the model from converging to an optimal solution.'

### Part (c) - 3pt

Train `large_net` with all default parameters, including with `learning_rate=0.01`. Now, set `batch_size=512`. Does the model take longer/shorter to train? Plot the training curve. Describe the effect of *increasing* the batch size.

```
In [27]: large_net = LargeNet()
train_net(large_net, batch_size=512)

model_path = get_model_name(large_net.name, 512, 0.01, 29) #assuming 30 epochs
plot_training_curve(model_path)

'''Increasing the batch size to 512 generally results in fewer updates
per epoch, which can lead to faster processing per epoch. The training
and validation curves are likely to show smoother and more stable
error and loss reductions due to more accurate estimates. However, this
might slow down the convergence rate per epoch, as larger batches provide
less frequent updates.

Time elapsed: 731.50s'''
```



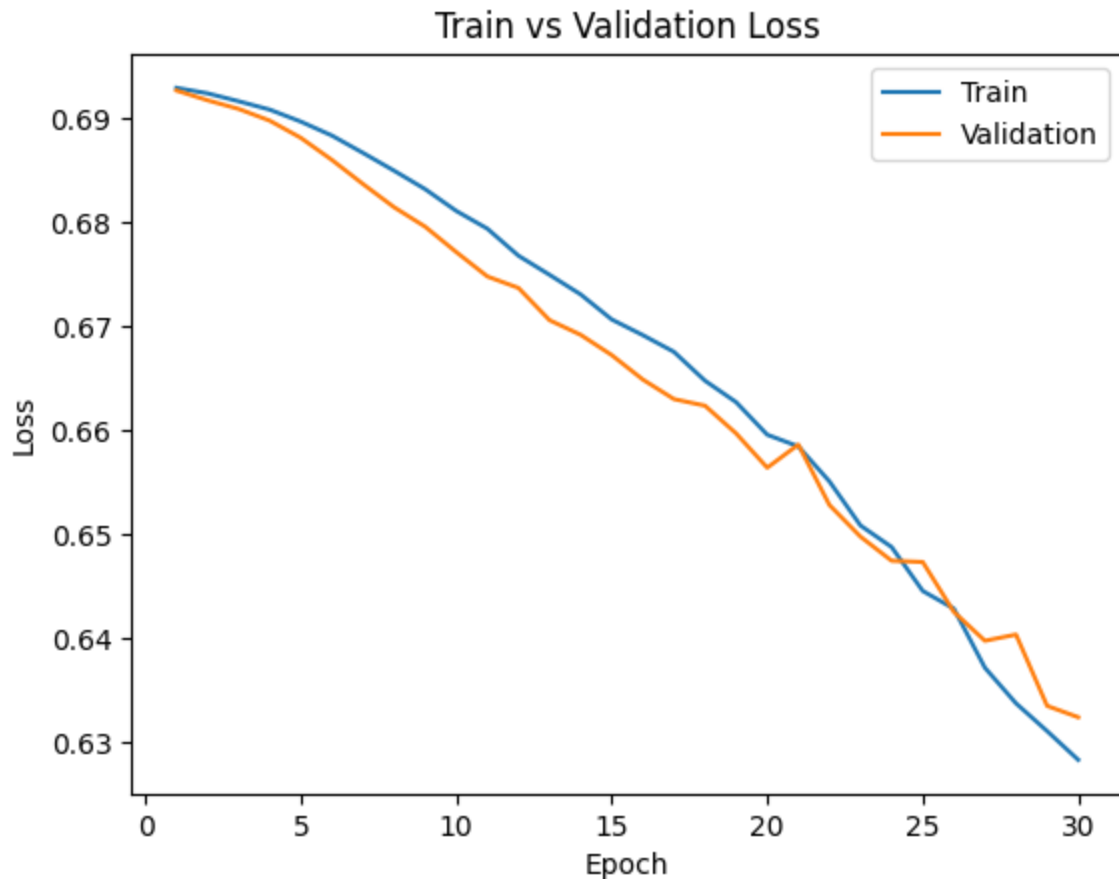
Files already downloaded and verified  
Files already downloaded and verified  
Epoch 1: Train err: 0.48175, Train loss: 0.6929379478096962 |Validation err: 0.478, Validation loss: 0.6926824003458023  
Epoch 2: Train err: 0.457625, Train loss: 0.6924103945493698 |Validation err: 0.434, Validation loss: 0.6917425245046616  
Epoch 3: Train err: 0.437, Train loss: 0.6916500553488731 |Validation err: 0.4265, Validation loss: 0.6909130066633224  
Epoch 4: Train err: 0.433625, Train loss: 0.6908450201153755 |Validation err: 0.424, Validation loss: 0.6897871494293213  
Epoch 5: Train err: 0.434, Train loss: 0.6896935999393463 |Validation err: 0.424, Validation loss: 0.6881357729434967  
Epoch 6: Train err: 0.43825, Train loss: 0.6883535273373127 |Validation err: 0.428, Validation loss: 0.6860138028860092  
Epoch 7: Train err: 0.43925, Train loss: 0.6866881288588047 |Validation err: 0.426, Validation loss: 0.6836980283260345  
Epoch 8: Train err: 0.435375, Train loss: 0.6849783509969711 |Validation err: 0.412, Validation loss: 0.6814675629138947  
Epoch 9: Train err: 0.42375, Train loss: 0.6832022815942764 |Validation err: 0.414, Validation loss: 0.6795944273471832  
Epoch 10: Train err: 0.421, Train loss: 0.6811105087399483 |Validation err: 0.416, Validation loss: 0.6771572679281235  
Epoch 11: Train err: 0.42075, Train loss: 0.679404579102993 |Validation err: 0.4095, Validation loss: 0.6748130768537521  
Epoch 12: Train err: 0.41475, Train loss: 0.676807101815939 |Validation err: 0.412, Validation loss: 0.673710897564888  
Epoch 13: Train err: 0.410375, Train loss: 0.6749714314937592 |Validation err: 0.412, Validation loss: 0.6706132143735886  
Epoch 14: Train err: 0.406875, Train loss: 0.6730894558131695 |Validation err: 0.4125, Validation loss: 0.6692064553499222  
Epoch 15: Train err: 0.4005, Train loss: 0.6706800721585751 |Validation err: 0.41, Validation loss: 0.6672562062740326  
Epoch 16: Train err: 0.397625, Train loss: 0.6691757440567017 |Validation err: 0.405, Validation loss: 0.6649072021245956  
Epoch 17: Train err: 0.39375, Train loss: 0.6675703041255474 |Validation err: 0.4015, Validation loss: 0.6630297154188156  
Epoch 18: Train err: 0.392875, Train loss: 0.6647942252457142 |Validation err: 0.3935, Validation loss: 0.6623944640159607  
Epoch 19: Train err: 0.386125, Train loss: 0.662734717130661 |Validation err: 0.3875, Validation loss: 0.6597277820110321  
Epoch 20: Train err: 0.38175, Train loss: 0.6596063487231731 |Validation err: 0.4, Validation loss: 0.656437024474144  
Epoch 21: Train err: 0.3855, Train loss: 0.6584837883710861 |Validation err: 0.388, Validation loss: 0.6586578786373138  
Epoch 22: Train err: 0.37825, Train loss: 0.6551220901310444 |Validation err: 0.3855, Validation loss: 0.6528529226779938  
Epoch 23: Train err: 0.372, Train loss: 0.6508823968470097 |Validation err: 0.3835, Validation loss: 0.6498084962368011  
Epoch 24: Train err: 0.376625, Train loss: 0.6488143876194954 |Validation err: 0.384, Validation loss: 0.6474964022636414  
Epoch 25: Train err: 0.36875, Train loss: 0.644597377628088 |Validation err: 0.3835, Validation loss: 0.6473769396543503  
Epoch 26: Train err: 0.37275, Train loss: 0.6428937427699566 |Validation err: 0.375, Validation loss: 0.6425864994525909  
Epoch 27: Train err: 0.359, Train loss: 0.637214906513691 |Validation err: 0.3785, Validation loss: 0.6398078054189682  
Epoch 28: Train err: 0.354125, Train loss: 0.633796326816082 |Validation err: 0.369, Validation loss: 0.6404024064540863  
Epoch 29: Train err: 0.354125, Train loss: 0.6311298832297325 |Validation err: 0.3675, Validation loss: 0.6335538029670715

Epoch 30: Train err: 0.352875, Train loss: 0.6283673532307148 | Validation err:  
0.3675, Validation loss: 0.6324604004621506

Finished Training

Total time elapsed: 731.50 seconds





Out[27]: 'Increasing the batch size to 512 generally results in fewer updates per epoch, which can lead to faster processing per epoch. The training and validation curves are likely to show smoother and more stable error and loss reductions due to more accurate estimates. However, this might slow down the convergence rate per epoch, as larger batches provide less frequent updates.'

### Part (d) - 3pt

Train `large_net` with all default parameters, including with `learning_rate=0.01`. Now, set `batch_size=16`. Does the model take longer/shorter to train? Plot the training curve. Describe the effect of *decreasing* the batch size.

```
In [28]: large_net = LargeNet()
train_net(large_net, batch_size=16)

model_path = get_model_name(large_net.name, 16, 0.01, 29) #assuming 30 epochs
plot_training_curve(model_path)

'''Decreasing the batch size to 16 generally results in more
updates per epoch, which can lead to longer training processing per
epoch. The training and validation curves are likely to show more
fluctuations and variability due to noisier gradient estimates,
causing a less stable and more erratic descent of the e/l values.

Time elapsed: 786.35s'''
```

Files already downloaded and verified

Files already downloaded and verified

Epoch 1: Train err: 0.431125, Train loss: 0.6775951156616211 |Validation err: 0.3765, Validation loss: 0.6524865489006042

Epoch 2: Train err: 0.3665, Train loss: 0.6397962672710419 |Validation err: 0.34, Validation loss: 0.6153583776950836

Epoch 3: Train err: 0.34, Train loss: 0.6108648151755333 |Validation err: 0.3545, Validation loss: 0.6386994345188141

Epoch 4: Train err: 0.310625, Train loss: 0.5838440904021263 |Validation err: 0.3585, Validation loss: 0.627867395401001

Epoch 5: Train err: 0.303875, Train loss: 0.5661497976779938 |Validation err: 0.309, Validation loss: 0.5720634469985962

Epoch 6: Train err: 0.282625, Train loss: 0.5452762733697891 |Validation err: 0.297, Validation loss: 0.5681465764045716

Epoch 7: Train err: 0.272375, Train loss: 0.5307247740030289 |Validation err: 0.303, Validation loss: 0.5963114368915557

Epoch 8: Train err: 0.257375, Train loss: 0.5120504722297191 |Validation err: 0.3225, Validation loss: 0.594950798034668

Epoch 9: Train err: 0.24375, Train loss: 0.49815547588467596 |Validation err: 0.3115, Validation loss: 0.5927945764064789

Epoch 10: Train err: 0.236125, Train loss: 0.4758587064445019 |Validation err: 0.299, Validation loss: 0.5824692375659942

Epoch 11: Train err: 0.22325, Train loss: 0.46039793533086776 |Validation err: 0.294, Validation loss: 0.5907773015499115

Epoch 12: Train err: 0.2115, Train loss: 0.4392077845335007 |Validation err: 0.2955, Validation loss: 0.6165005106925965

Epoch 13: Train err: 0.19775, Train loss: 0.4213145221620798 |Validation err: 0.2965, Validation loss: 0.6381007109880448

Epoch 14: Train err: 0.185875, Train loss: 0.39938959342241287 |Validation err: 0.3025, Validation loss: 0.6384129821062088

Epoch 15: Train err: 0.172125, Train loss: 0.37252350616455077 |Validation err: 0.3005, Validation loss: 0.6880015993118286

Epoch 16: Train err: 0.1595, Train loss: 0.3548425424098969 |Validation err: 0.3185, Validation loss: 0.7510374298095703

Epoch 17: Train err: 0.15225, Train loss: 0.34372536893188954 |Validation err: 0.32, Validation loss: 0.756384923696518

Epoch 18: Train err: 0.146125, Train loss: 0.33057632213830945 |Validation err: 0.3215, Validation loss: 0.7525357532501221

Epoch 19: Train err: 0.142375, Train loss: 0.3163160899281502 |Validation err: 0.325, Validation loss: 0.839108394742012

Epoch 20: Train err: 0.131125, Train loss: 0.2964155449643731 |Validation err: 0.314, Validation loss: 0.8519868032932282

Epoch 21: Train err: 0.116625, Train loss: 0.2698152696490288 |Validation err: 0.3275, Validation loss: 0.8781985543966293

Epoch 22: Train err: 0.111875, Train loss: 0.25801056348532436 |Validation err: 0.332, Validation loss: 1.0879512681961059

Epoch 23: Train err: 0.10375, Train loss: 0.24617139928415419 |Validation err: 0.328, Validation loss: 1.199315859735012

Epoch 24: Train err: 0.106, Train loss: 0.2545570976734161 |Validation err: 0.331, Validation loss: 1.0771006989479064

Epoch 25: Train err: 0.099125, Train loss: 0.23489023365452885 |Validation err: 0.328, Validation loss: 1.1844299555420876

Epoch 26: Train err: 0.092625, Train loss: 0.2269826663825661 |Validation err: 0.3225, Validation loss: 1.2233365597724914

Epoch 27: Train err: 0.08475, Train loss: 0.21149816323816775 |Validation err: 0.3185, Validation loss: 1.2257391151189805

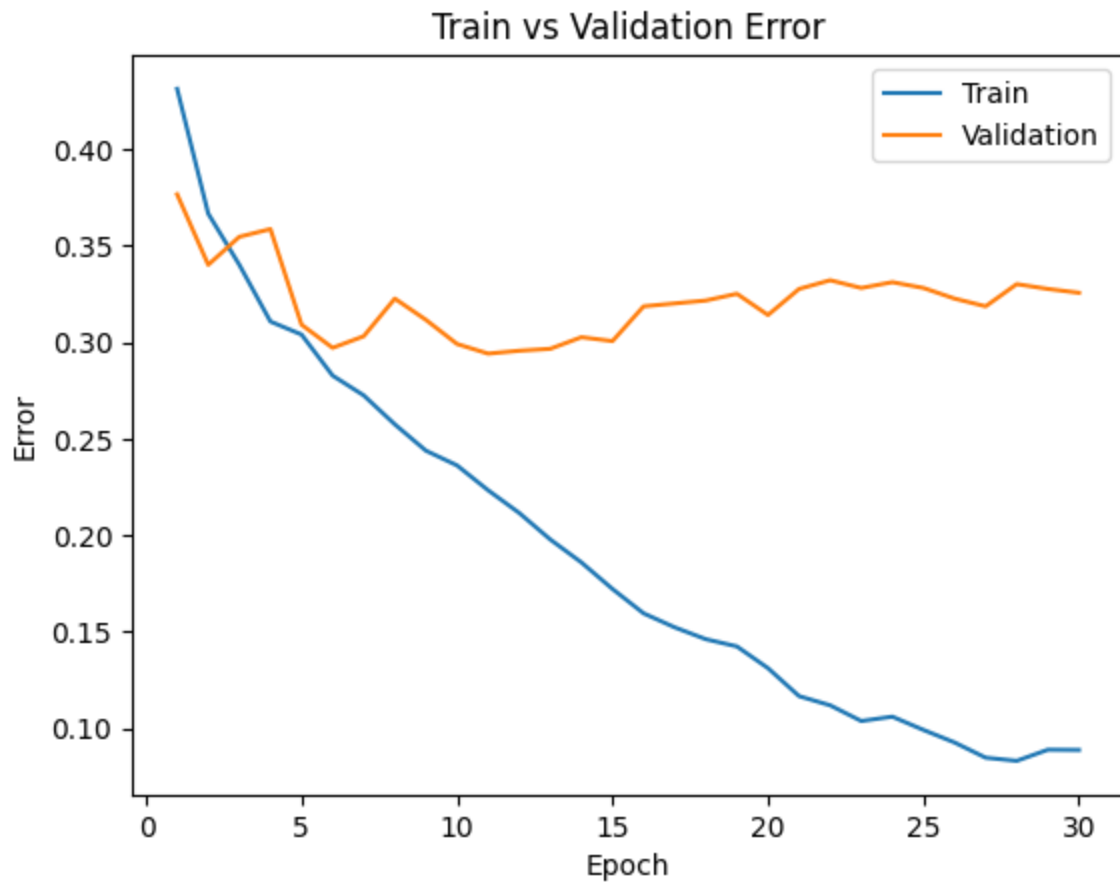
Epoch 28: Train err: 0.083125, Train loss: 0.20922722659260035 |Validation err: 0.33, Validation loss: 1.2421558672189712

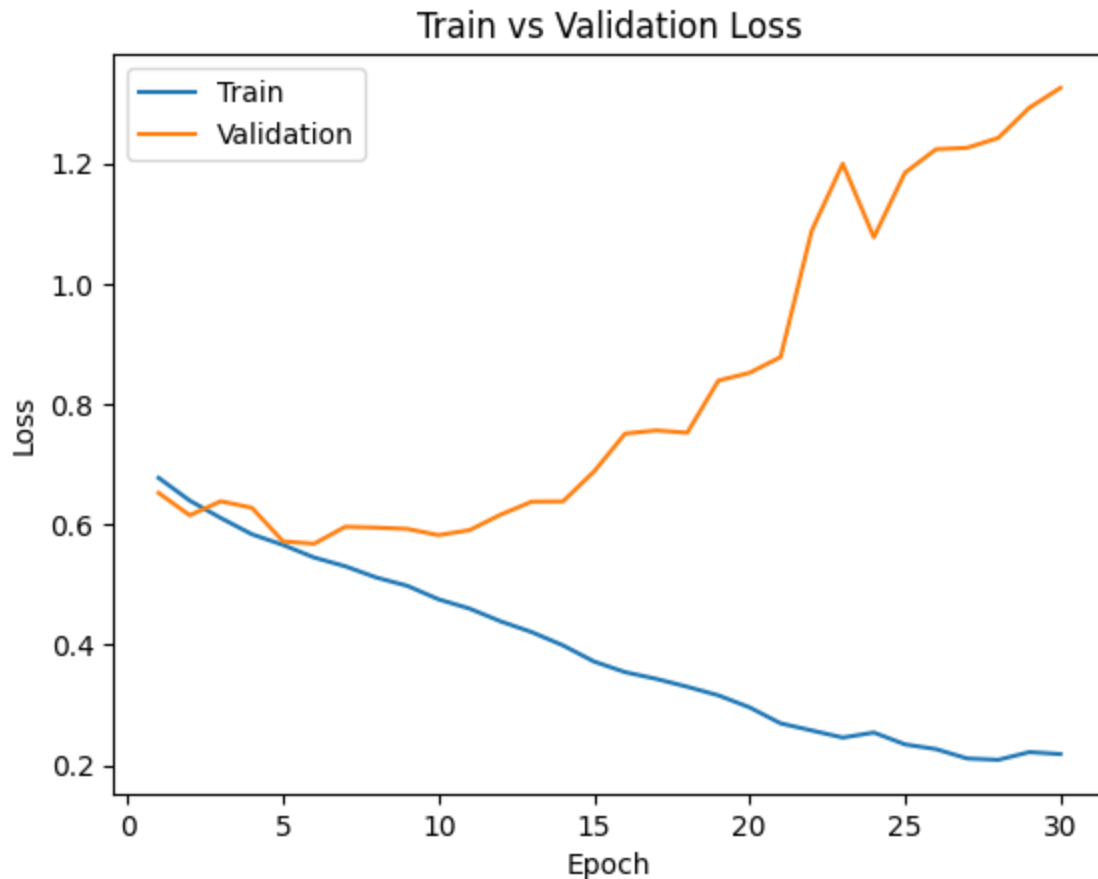
Epoch 29: Train err: 0.088875, Train loss: 0.22206926218047737 |Validation err: 0.3275, Validation loss: 1.2922988674640656

Epoch 30: Train err: 0.08875, Train loss: 0.21878464705869555 | Validation err: 0.3255, Validation loss: 1.3253305872678758

Finished Training

Total time elapsed: 786.35 seconds





Out[28]: 'Decreasing the batch size to 16 generally results in more updates per epoch, which can lead to longer training processing per epoch. The training and validation curves are likely to show more fluctuations and variability due to noisier gradient estimates, causing a less stable and more erratic descent of the e/l values. '

## Part 4. Hyperparameter Search [6 pt]

### Part (a) - 2pt

Based on the plots from above, choose another set of values for the hyperparameters (network, batch\_size, learning\_rate) that you think would help you improve the validation accuracy. Justify your choice.

```
In [ ]: '''
Network: 'LargeNet'
--> 'LargeNet' architecture shows better capacity to model the complex
patterns compared to 'SmallNet', with its deeper layers and greater
number of parameters.

Batchsize: 128
--> 128 is large enough to benefit from the speedups of batch processing
while still providing a reasonably stable estimate of the gradients,
reducing noise compared to smaller batch sizes like 16 or 64, leading
to more stable training and better convergence.

Learning Rate: 0.005
--> This is a compromise choice between the very small learning rates 0.001
```

```
and 0.01. A smaller learning rate can help the model converge more smoothly,
ensuring stady progress towards convergence without the risk of the training
process becoming too slow. '''
```

## Part (b) - 1pt

Train the model with the hyperparameters you chose in part(a), and include the training curve.

```
In [29]: large_net = LargeNet()
train_net(large_net, learning_rate=0.005, batch_size=128)

model_path = get_model_name(large_net.name, 128, 0.005, 29) #assuming 30 epochs
plot_training_curve(model_path)
```

Files already downloaded and verified

Files already downloaded and verified

Epoch 1: Train err: 0.466625, Train loss: 0.6925613274649968 |Validation err: 0.4305, Validation loss: 0.6916250251233578  
Epoch 2: Train err: 0.450375, Train loss: 0.6910346604528881 |Validation err: 0.4295, Validation loss: 0.6889703720808029  
Epoch 3: Train err: 0.43025, Train loss: 0.6885915559435648 |Validation err: 0.417, Validation loss: 0.6850200556218624  
Epoch 4: Train err: 0.43075, Train loss: 0.6850066941881937 |Validation err: 0.4135, Validation loss: 0.6797109991312027  
Epoch 5: Train err: 0.421125, Train loss: 0.6813858889398121 |Validation err: 0.4105, Validation loss: 0.6762858554720879  
Epoch 6: Train err: 0.41575, Train loss: 0.6772955551980033 |Validation err: 0.4125, Validation loss: 0.6729710213840008  
Epoch 7: Train err: 0.40525, Train loss: 0.6732198548695397 |Validation err: 0.406, Validation loss: 0.6695918701589108  
Epoch 8: Train err: 0.400625, Train loss: 0.6694106298779684 |Validation err: 0.402, Validation loss: 0.6651057451963425  
Epoch 9: Train err: 0.390375, Train loss: 0.6656965234922985 |Validation err: 0.3965, Validation loss: 0.6595603972673416  
Epoch 10: Train err: 0.38475, Train loss: 0.6609482859808301 |Validation err: 0.3995, Validation loss: 0.6561327464878559  
Epoch 11: Train err: 0.3745, Train loss: 0.6547089446158636 |Validation err: 0.389, Validation loss: 0.6526065990328789  
Epoch 12: Train err: 0.379375, Train loss: 0.6502427931815858 |Validation err: 0.3815, Validation loss: 0.644555889070034  
Epoch 13: Train err: 0.368, Train loss: 0.6429186813415043 |Validation err: 0.3755, Validation loss: 0.6408654823899269  
Epoch 14: Train err: 0.3545, Train loss: 0.6349006607418969 |Validation err: 0.369, Validation loss: 0.6390239223837852  
Epoch 15: Train err: 0.3545, Train loss: 0.6318594690353151 |Validation err: 0.387, Validation loss: 0.6491694524884224  
Epoch 16: Train err: 0.35075, Train loss: 0.6262631151411269 |Validation err: 0.3565, Validation loss: 0.628677923232317  
Epoch 17: Train err: 0.350125, Train loss: 0.6246447080657596 |Validation err: 0.353, Validation loss: 0.6269082017242908  
Epoch 18: Train err: 0.343125, Train loss: 0.6182646609487987 |Validation err: 0.3425, Validation loss: 0.6209848523139954  
Epoch 19: Train err: 0.336375, Train loss: 0.6113258013649593 |Validation err: 0.3485, Validation loss: 0.6220515631139278  
Epoch 20: Train err: 0.33775, Train loss: 0.6074292054252018 |Validation err: 0.3375, Validation loss: 0.6129200533032417  
Epoch 21: Train err: 0.329, Train loss: 0.6031468643082513 |Validation err: 0.339, Validation loss: 0.6126730777323246  
Epoch 22: Train err: 0.328625, Train loss: 0.5975030670090328 |Validation err: 0.3295, Validation loss: 0.6114750765264034  
Epoch 23: Train err: 0.322, Train loss: 0.5931989011310396 |Validation err: 0.324, Validation loss: 0.6026201024651527  
Epoch 24: Train err: 0.318, Train loss: 0.5889226595560709 |Validation err: 0.3265, Validation loss: 0.5991240553557873  
Epoch 25: Train err: 0.30575, Train loss: 0.5788383200055077 |Validation err: 0.3145, Validation loss: 0.5968427658081055  
Epoch 26: Train err: 0.306875, Train loss: 0.5727524052536677 |Validation err: 0.318, Validation loss: 0.5964446403086185  
Epoch 27: Train err: 0.302, Train loss: 0.569608471696339 |Validation err: 0.315, Validation loss: 0.5982305780053139  
Epoch 28: Train err: 0.3005, Train loss: 0.5655598697208223 |Validation err: 0.335, Validation loss: 0.6148588359355927  
Epoch 29: Train err: 0.29175, Train loss: 0.5603908352435581 |Validation err: 0.324, Validation loss: 0.6088103912770748

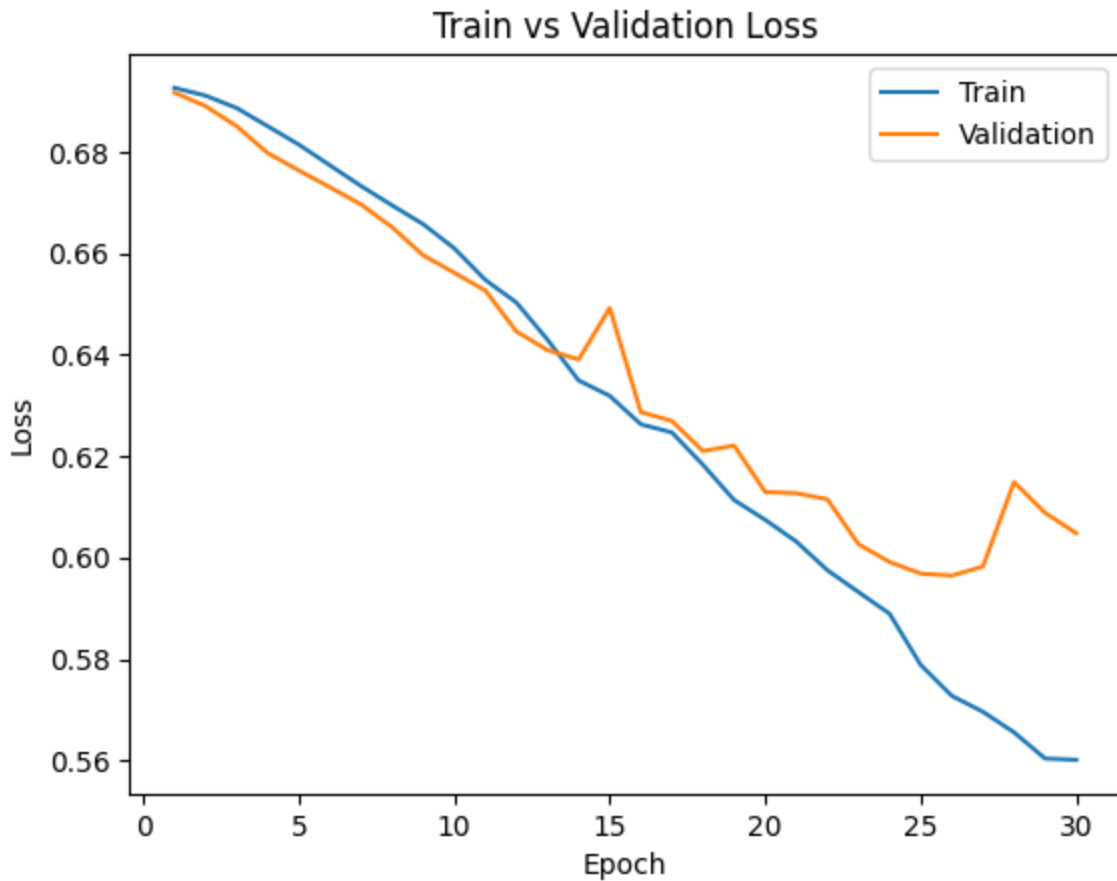


Epoch 30: Train err: 0.292375, Train loss: 0.5601361673029642 | Validation err: 0.326, Validation loss: 0.604809433221817

Finished Training

Total time elapsed: 791.68 seconds





### Part (c) - 2pt

Based on your result from Part(a), suggest another set of hyperparameter values to try. Justify your choice.

In [ ]:

```
'''
Network: LargeNet
--> Continuing with LargeNet because it provides more capacity
for learning complex patterns compared to SmallNet, which is
beneficial for a dataset like CIFAR-10.

Learning Rate: 0.01
--> This can help speed up the convergence, allowing the model to
learn more quickly, especially when the training curves from the previous
hyperparameter showed that the model could benefit from a faster
learning rate without becoming unstable.

Batch size: 256
--> This can help in stabilizing the training process by providing more
accurate gradient estimates, leading to a better generalization.'''
```

### Part (d) - 1pt

Train the model with the hyperparameters you chose in part(c), and include the training curve.

```
In [30]: large_net = LargeNet()
train_net(large_net, learning_rate=0.01, batch_size=256)

model_path = get_model_name(large_net.name, 256, 0.01, 29) #assuming 30 epochs
plot_training_curve(model_path)
```

Files already downloaded and verified

Files already downloaded and verified

Epoch 1: Train err: 0.467625, Train loss: 0.6926687750965357 |Validation err: 0.4355, Validation loss: 0.6918838322162628

Epoch 2: Train err: 0.45125, Train loss: 0.6913920938968658 |Validation err: 0.446, Validation loss: 0.6896145716309547

Epoch 3: Train err: 0.4285, Train loss: 0.6892960034310818 |Validation err: 0.418, Validation loss: 0.6862078309059143

Epoch 4: Train err: 0.432625, Train loss: 0.6857281904667616 |Validation err: 0.4185, Validation loss: 0.6810974553227425

Epoch 5: Train err: 0.4265, Train loss: 0.68235875479877 |Validation err: 0.4145, Validation loss: 0.6774234771728516

Epoch 6: Train err: 0.418125, Train loss: 0.6785927079617977 |Validation err: 0.415, Validation loss: 0.6732236221432686

Epoch 7: Train err: 0.408625, Train loss: 0.6743733454495668 |Validation err: 0.412, Validation loss: 0.6696045845746994

Epoch 8: Train err: 0.4015, Train loss: 0.6709288191050291 |Validation err: 0.4015, Validation loss: 0.6678666546940804

Epoch 9: Train err: 0.398125, Train loss: 0.6680959537625313 |Validation err: 0.403, Validation loss: 0.660556748509407

Epoch 10: Train err: 0.389375, Train loss: 0.6634314749389887 |Validation err: 0.3995, Validation loss: 0.658379316329956

Epoch 11: Train err: 0.379625, Train loss: 0.6566815190017223 |Validation err: 0.3855, Validation loss: 0.6529561430215836

Epoch 12: Train err: 0.374875, Train loss: 0.6521265283226967 |Validation err: 0.3855, Validation loss: 0.6488026455044746

Epoch 13: Train err: 0.37425, Train loss: 0.6494845673441887 |Validation err: 0.382, Validation loss: 0.6489764079451561

Epoch 14: Train err: 0.355, Train loss: 0.6393899209797382 |Validation err: 0.3685, Validation loss: 0.6378336399793625

Epoch 15: Train err: 0.359, Train loss: 0.6352421008050442 |Validation err: 0.364, Validation loss: 0.6348829343914986

Epoch 16: Train err: 0.35, Train loss: 0.626285532489419 |Validation err: 0.361, Validation loss: 0.6286248341202736

Epoch 17: Train err: 0.349, Train loss: 0.6286160126328468 |Validation err: 0.3885, Validation loss: 0.6491348221898079

Epoch 18: Train err: 0.345125, Train loss: 0.6229680832475424 |Validation err: 0.357, Validation loss: 0.6288279891014099

Epoch 19: Train err: 0.348375, Train loss: 0.6185612175613642 |Validation err: 0.359, Validation loss: 0.628604456782341

Epoch 20: Train err: 0.33975, Train loss: 0.6089958921074867 |Validation err: 0.347, Validation loss: 0.620079830288887

Epoch 21: Train err: 0.332125, Train loss: 0.6057972330600023 |Validation err: 0.335, Validation loss: 0.616322323679924

Epoch 22: Train err: 0.329125, Train loss: 0.5998155809938908 |Validation err: 0.3325, Validation loss: 0.6092384159564972

Epoch 23: Train err: 0.323, Train loss: 0.5930873621255159 |Validation err: 0.332, Validation loss: 0.6120522990822792

Epoch 24: Train err: 0.325, Train loss: 0.5918655060231686 |Validation err: 0.3375, Validation loss: 0.6046039462089539

Epoch 25: Train err: 0.310125, Train loss: 0.5815890226513147 |Validation err: 0.3235, Validation loss: 0.6006881669163704

Epoch 26: Train err: 0.309125, Train loss: 0.574936468154192 |Validation err: 0.3255, Validation loss: 0.606749102473259

Epoch 27: Train err: 0.299, Train loss: 0.5672708619385958 |Validation err: 0.3195, Validation loss: 0.6002172753214836

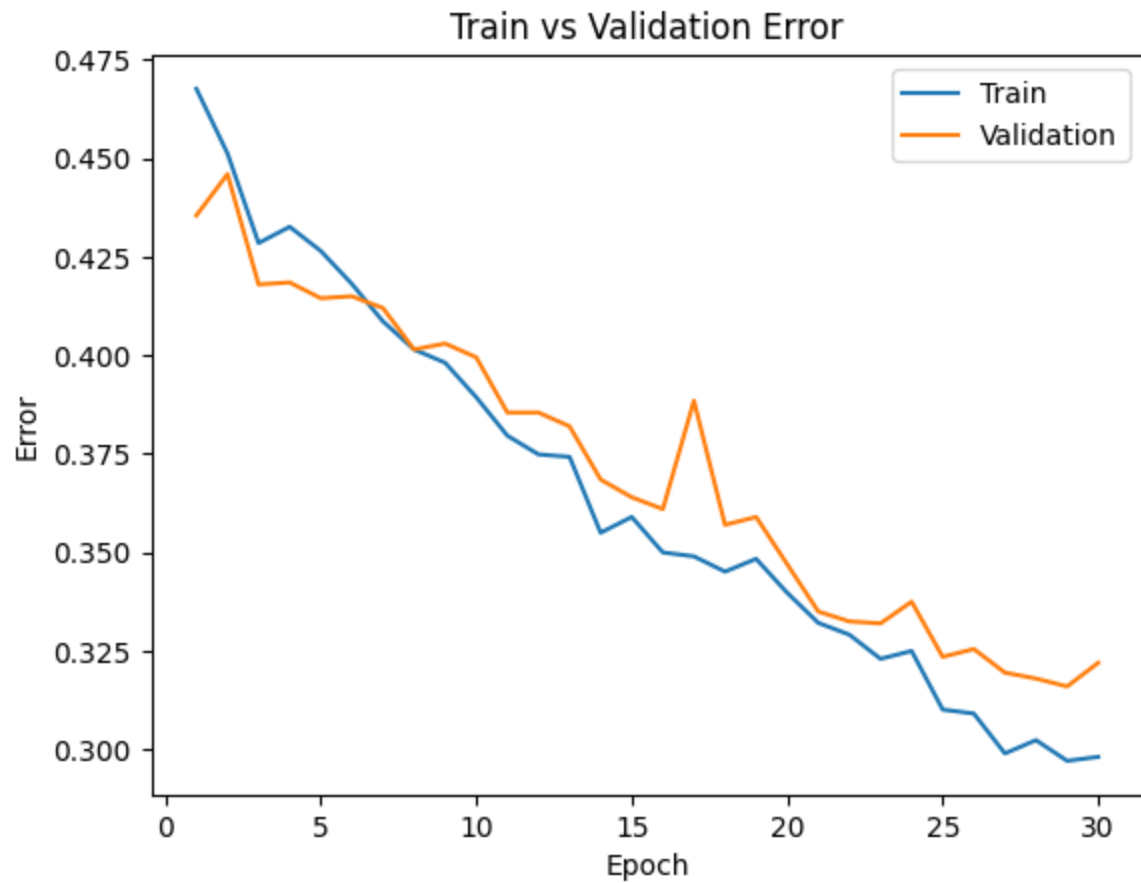
Epoch 28: Train err: 0.302375, Train loss: 0.5661260196939111 |Validation err: 0.318, Validation loss: 0.5957315787672997

Epoch 29: Train err: 0.297125, Train loss: 0.5622713100165129 |Validation err: 0.316, Validation loss: 0.6002558171749115

Epoch 30: Train err: 0.298125, Train loss: 0.5677183549851179 | Validation err:  
0.322, Validation loss: 0.5977195203304291

Finished Training

Total time elapsed: 768.61 seconds





## Part 4. Evaluating the Best Model [15 pt]

### Part (a) - 1pt

Choose the **best** model that you have so far. This means choosing the best model checkpoint, including the choice of `small_net` vs `large_net`, the `batch_size`, `learning_rate`, **and the epoch number**.

Modify the code below to load your chosen set of weights to the model object `net`.

```
In [32]: best_model = LargeNet()
model_path = get_model_name(best_model.name, batch_size=256, learning_rate=0.001)
best_state = torch.load(model_path)
best_model.load_state_dict(best_state)
```

```
Out[32]: <All keys matched successfully>
```

### Part (b) - 2pt

Justify your choice of model from part (a).

```
In [ ]: '''
I chose the best model based on:

- Time elapsed: the model should take a balance amount of time to
```

converge. Somewhere between 760 to 800 seconds.

– Training vs Validation Error Graph: the graph shows a relatively minimal difference between the two errors, and a peak of 0.446 (relatively low) indicating good generalization; and the errors generally decrease over epochs.

– Training vs Validation Loss Graph: Similarly, the training and validation loss curves are close and decreasing steadily (despite a spike at 17th epoch), suggesting the model is improving its performance on both the training and validation sets.

## Part (c) - 2pt

Using the code in Part 0, any code from lecture notes, or any code that you write, compute and report the **test classification error** for your chosen model.

```
In [33]: # If you use the `evaluate` function provided in part 0, you will need to
# set batch_size > 1
train_loader, val_loader, test_loader, classes = get_data_loader(
    target_classes=["cat", "dog"],
    batch_size=64)

net = LargeNet()
best_model_path = "model_large_bs256_lr0.01_epoch28"
net.load_state_dict(torch.load(best_model_path))
net.eval()

criterion = nn.BCEWithLogitsLoss()
test_err, test_loss = evaluate(net, test_loader, criterion)

print("Test Classification Error: {:.4f}".format(test_err))
```

Files already downloaded and verified  
Files already downloaded and verified  
Test Classification Error: 0.3180

## Part (d) - 3pt

How does the test classification error compare with the **validation error**? Explain why you would expect the test error to be *higher* than the validation error.

```
In [ ]: '''
The test classification error is 0.318 and the validation error is
0.316. This small difference indicates that the model generalizes well
to unseen data. The results are close, suggesting that the model's
performance on the test set is consistent with its performance during
validation.

The test error is typically expected to be higher than the validation
error because the model is often fine-tuned and optimized based on the
validation set performance, giving a slight bias towards this data.
Additionally, the test set represents completely unseen data, so the
model might perform slightly worse on it. If the model had overfitted
the training data, we would expect a significant increase in error
'''
```

```
on the test set, but the small discrepancy here indicates good
generalization.
'''
```

## Part (e) - 2pt

Why did we only use the test data set at the very end? Why is it important that we use the test data as little as possible?

In [ ]:

```
'''
We only used the test dataset at the very end to ensure that our
model evaluation is unbiased and accurately reflects its performance
on truly unseen data. This practice helps to assess the model's
generalization ability, ensuring that it performs well on new and
unseen data.

It is important to use the test data as little as possible to prevent
any indirect influence on the model during training and validation.
Frequent use of the test data could lead to overfitting on the test
set. We may obtain a more accurate measure of the model's true
performance and generalizability by keeping the test data separate
and only using it for final evaluation.
'''
```

## Part (f) - 5pt

How does your best CNN model compare with a 2-layer ANN model (no convolutional layers) on classifying cat and dog images. You can use a 2-layer ANN architecture similar to what you used in Lab 1. You should explore different hyperparameter settings to determine how well you can do on the validation dataset. Once satisfied with the performance, you may test it out on the test data.

Hint: The ANN in lab 1 was applied on greyscale images. The cat and dog images are colour (RGB) and so you will need to flatten and concatenate all three colour layers before feeding them into an ANN.

In [64]:

```
torch.manual_seed(1)
#Adapt the ANN for RGB colours
class RGBPigeon(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self, hidden_units):
        super(RGBPigeon, self).__init__()
        self.layer1 = nn.Linear(32*32*3, hidden_units)
        self.layer2 = nn.Linear(hidden_units, 1)
        self.name = "RGBPigeon"

    def forward(self, img):
        flattened = img.view(-1, 32*32*3)
        activation1 = self.layer1(flattened)
        activation1 = F.relu(activation1)
        activation2 = self.layer2(activation1)
        activation2 = activation2.squeeze(1)
        return activation2
```



```

train_loader, val_loader, test_loader, classes = get_data_loader(
    target_classes=["cat", "dog"],
    batch_size=64
)

hidden_units = 50
learning_rate = 0.001
batch_size = 256
num_epochs = 30

ann_net = RGBPigeon(hidden_units)
train_net(ann_net, batch_size, learning_rate, num_epochs)

model_name = get_model_name(ann_net.name, batch_size, learning_rate, num_epochs)

best_state = torch.load(model_name)
ann_net.load_state_dict(best_state)

plot_training_curve(model_name)

'''
First tuning:
- hidden units: 50
- learning rate: 0.01
- batch_size: 128
_ epochs: 30
--> validation error (lowest): 0.375
--> time elapsed: 767.37s
--> huge gap between train and validation e/l graphs --> lower learning rate
--> validation loss graph does not decrease

Second tuning:
- hidden units: 50
- learning rate: 0.001
- batch_size: 128
_ epochs: 30
--> validation error: 0.387
--> time elapsed: 734.88s
--> smaller gap
--> validation loss graph decreases before plateauing in the end
--> increase batch size

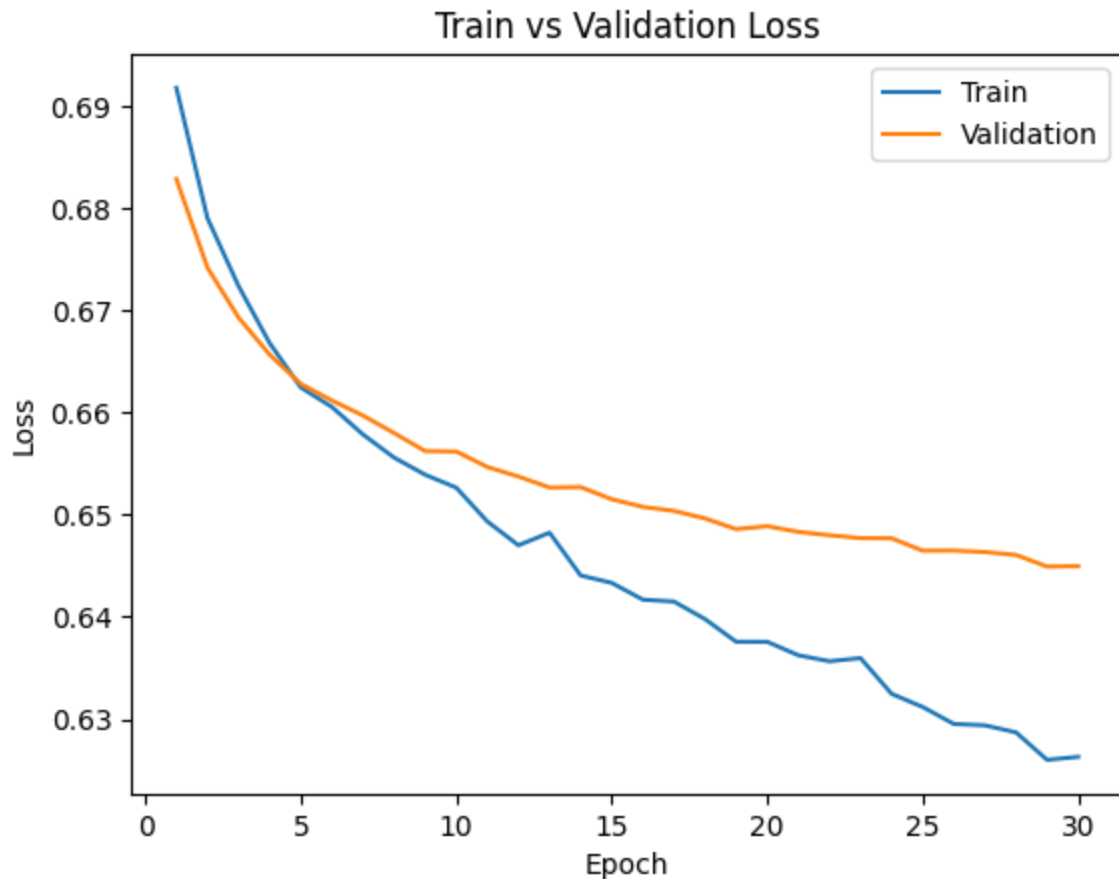
Third tuning:
- hidden units: 50
- learning rate: 0.001
- batch_size: 256
_ epochs: 30
--> validation error: 0.3745
--> time elapsed: 769.85
--> smallest gap
--> validation loss graph mostly decreases
--> choose this hyperparameter'''

```

Files already downloaded and verified  
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Files already downloaded and verified  
Epoch 1: Train err: 0.48075, Train loss: 0.6917383931577206 |Validation err: 0.435, Validation loss: 0.6828234419226646  
Epoch 2: Train err: 0.421125, Train loss: 0.6789810340851545 |Validation err: 0.405, Validation loss: 0.6741442605853081  
Epoch 3: Train err: 0.411125, Train loss: 0.6723413038998842 |Validation err: 0.409, Validation loss: 0.6692637801170349  
Epoch 4: Train err: 0.405625, Train loss: 0.666766781359911 |Validation err: 0.4095, Validation loss: 0.6656371131539345  
Epoch 5: Train err: 0.40175, Train loss: 0.6624317094683647 |Validation err: 0.402, Validation loss: 0.6627759858965874  
Epoch 6: Train err: 0.40075, Train loss: 0.6605246495455503 |Validation err: 0.401, Validation loss: 0.6611541509628296  
Epoch 7: Train err: 0.398, Train loss: 0.6578308138996363 |Validation err: 0.402, Validation loss: 0.6596853509545326  
Epoch 8: Train err: 0.3915, Train loss: 0.6555723827332258 |Validation err: 0.4005, Validation loss: 0.657972164452076  
Epoch 9: Train err: 0.389875, Train loss: 0.653894554823637 |Validation err: 0.3995, Validation loss: 0.6562057286500931  
Epoch 10: Train err: 0.38625, Train loss: 0.6526302881538868 |Validation err: 0.398, Validation loss: 0.6561630368232727  
Epoch 11: Train err: 0.3815, Train loss: 0.6493184752762318 |Validation err: 0.3965, Validation loss: 0.6546483933925629  
Epoch 12: Train err: 0.378625, Train loss: 0.6469909083098173 |Validation err: 0.3965, Validation loss: 0.6537143215537071  
Epoch 13: Train err: 0.3755, Train loss: 0.6482248082756996 |Validation err: 0.395, Validation loss: 0.6526420786976814  
Epoch 14: Train err: 0.375125, Train loss: 0.64403928630054 |Validation err: 0.3935, Validation loss: 0.6526851281523705  
Epoch 15: Train err: 0.374875, Train loss: 0.643316401168704 |Validation err: 0.3885, Validation loss: 0.6514970436692238  
Epoch 16: Train err: 0.372, Train loss: 0.6416746135801077 |Validation err: 0.3885, Validation loss: 0.6507491171360016  
Epoch 17: Train err: 0.369375, Train loss: 0.6414899658411741 |Validation err: 0.3875, Validation loss: 0.6503567174077034  
Epoch 18: Train err: 0.369125, Train loss: 0.6397712156176567 |Validation err: 0.3855, Validation loss: 0.6496157795190811  
Epoch 19: Train err: 0.3675, Train loss: 0.6375567857176065 |Validation err: 0.3815, Validation loss: 0.6485712081193924  
Epoch 20: Train err: 0.366375, Train loss: 0.6375516708940268 |Validation err: 0.38, Validation loss: 0.648858517408371  
Epoch 21: Train err: 0.367375, Train loss: 0.6362333502620459 |Validation err: 0.3745, Validation loss: 0.648301899433136  
Epoch 22: Train err: 0.367125, Train loss: 0.6356506831943989 |Validation err: 0.377, Validation loss: 0.647974967956543  
Epoch 23: Train err: 0.36475, Train loss: 0.6359535437077284 |Validation err: 0.3745, Validation loss: 0.6476937532424927  
Epoch 24: Train err: 0.363875, Train loss: 0.6324601471424103 |Validation err: 0.374, Validation loss: 0.6476798877120018  
Epoch 25: Train err: 0.363375, Train loss: 0.6311747413128614 |Validation err: 0.3755, Validation loss: 0.6464635133743286  
Epoch 26: Train err: 0.361, Train loss: 0.6295151375234127 |Validation err: 0.3745, Validation loss: 0.6464731022715569  
Epoch 27: Train err: 0.360375, Train loss: 0.6293793749064207 |Validation err: 0.3765, Validation loss: 0.6463354825973511  
Epoch 28: Train err: 0.35875, Train loss: 0.6286924220621586 |Validation err: 0.376, Validation loss: 0.6460454761981964

Epoch 29: Train err: 0.359125, Train loss: 0.626005232334137 | Validation err:  
0.3745, Validation loss: 0.6449100002646446  
Epoch 30: Train err: 0.357375, Train loss: 0.6262957341969013 | Validation err:  
0.376, Validation loss: 0.6449496522545815  
Finished Training  
Total time elapsed: 769.85 seconds





Out[64]: '\nFirst tuning:\n- hidden units: 50\n- learning rate: 0.01\n- batch\_size: 128\n- epochs: 30\n--> validation error: 0.398\n--> time elapsed: 767.37s\n--> huge gap between train and validation e/l graphs --> lower learning rate\n--> validation loss graph does not decrease\n\nSecond tuning:\n- hidden units: 50\n- learning rate: 0.001\n- batch\_size: 128\n- epochs: 30\n--> validation error: 0.4105\n--> time elapsed: 734.88s\n--> smaller gap\n--> validation loss graph decreases before plateauing in the end'

```
In [69]: train_loader, val_loader, test_loader, classes = get_data_loader(
        target_classes=["cat", "dog"],
        batch_size=64)

net = RGBPigeon(hidden_units)
best_model_path = "model_RGBPigeon_bs256_lr0.001_epoch29" #
net.load_state_dict(torch.load(best_model_path))
net.eval()

criterion = nn.BCEWithLogitsLoss()
test_err, test_loss = evaluate(net, test_loader, criterion)

print("Test Classification Error: {:.4f}".format(test_err))

...

Test error for my best CNN model is lower than the test error for ANN in lab 1
with 0.3180 compared to 0.3585, suggesting that the CNN model is better suited
for the task classifying cat and dog images. This difference could be due to
the CNN's ability to learn spatial hierarchies of features, compared to more
limited capability of the ANN to capture such complex patterns.

...
```

Files already downloaded and verified  
Files already downloaded and verified  
Test Classification Error: 0.3585