

## EXERCISE 2: BUILT-IN FUNCTIONS AND MODULES

1. Show the printout of the following statements:
  - a. `print('{0: 9.3f}'.format(57.467657))`
  - b. `print('{:>9.2f}'.format(5789.4))`
  - c. `print('{:*>25s}'.format("Programming is fun"))`
2. What are the results of the following statements?
  - a. `s = 'How are you'`  
`print('% .3s'%s)`
  - b. `x = 10`  
`print('%#o'%x)`
  - c. `y = 125.68`  
`print('% .2e'%y)`
  - d. `z = 3.14159`  
`print('%06.2f'%(z))`
3. For each of the following variables, what is the type?
  - a. `y = input("What is your age?")`
  - b. `z = int(input("how many children do you have?"))`
4. Write a program that asks the user to enter day, month, year and display date in format: dd/mm/yy.
5. Open help for the **math** module
  - a. What does `math.ceil()` do? What about `math.floor()`?
  - b. What are the data constants in the math module?
6. Open help for the **random** module
  - a. Try the following:

```
In [10]: import random
# create object that generates random numbers
r = random.Random()
# randrange() function return an int, one of 1,2,3,4
val = r.randrange(1,5)
print(val)
```

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- b. Read the documentation for **randrange()** function and generate a random odd number less than 100.
  - c. Generate a floating point number in the interval [0.0, 1.0) using **random()** function.
7. Open help for the **calendar** module.
- a. Try the following:

```
In [8]: import calendar
cal = calendar.TextCalendar()
cal.pryear(2019)
```

- b. Observe that the week starts on Monday. Read the documentation for **TextCalendar()**, and see how to display week start on Thursday?
- c. Find a function to print just the month in which your birthday occurs this year.
- d. Try this:

```
In [27]: c = calendar.LocaleTextCalendar(5,"VIETNAMESE")
c.pryear(2019)
```

- e. Experiment with **calendar.isleap()**

```
In [29]: calendar.isleap(2019)
```