

Functions

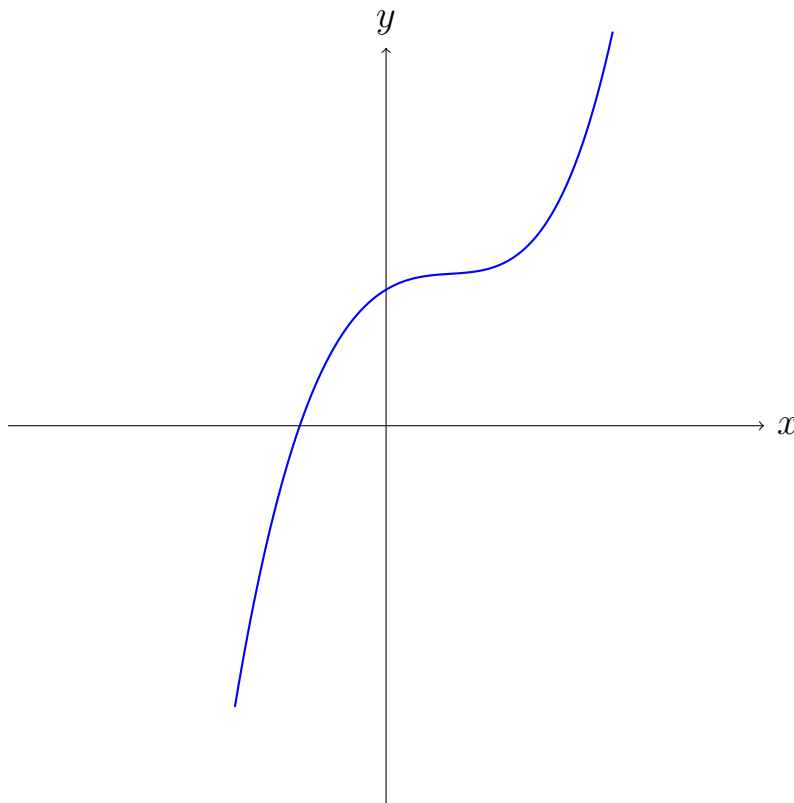
Composition and Product of Functions:

Let $f(x) = \sin(x)$, $g(x) = e^{2x}$, and $h(x) = (x + 1)^2$. Find:

1. $fg(x)$
2. $gf(x)$
3. $f(x)g(x)$
4. $fh(x)$
5. $hf(x)$
6. $f(x)h(x)$
7. $gh(x)$
8. $hg(x)$
9. $g(x)h(x)$
10. $fgh(x)$
11. $f(x)gh(x)$
12. $fg(x)h(x)$

Domain and Range; Inverse Functions:

1. Define the domain and range of a function f .
2. Define what it means for a function g to be the inverse of a function f .
3. Find the inverses of the following functions, specifying their domains:
 - (a) $f(x) = 2x - 3, x \in \mathbb{R}$.
 - (b) $g(x) = \frac{x+1}{x-1}, x > 1$.
 - (c) $h(t) = e^{4t+3}, t \leq 0$.
 - (d) $r(t) = \sin(2\pi t), -\frac{1}{4} \leq t < \frac{1}{4}$.
 - (e) $s(x) = x^2 - 6x + 5, x \leq 3$.
4. The graph of a function $f(x)$ is shown below. Sketch the graph of $f^{-1}(x)$ on the same axes.



Transformations of Graphs:

1. (a) Sketch the graph of $y = \cos(-\theta)$.
(b) Hence sketch the graph of $y = \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \theta\right)$.
(c) Compare this with the graph of $\sin(\theta)$. Explain this result using SOHC-AHTOA.
2. (a) Sketch the graph of $y = x^2$.
(b) By completing the square, express $x^2 - 4x - 12$ in the form $(x - a)^2 + b$ for some constants a and b .
(c) Hence sketch the graph of $y = x^2 - 4x - 12$.
3. Sketch the graph of $y = \tan(x)$. Hence sketch the graph of $y = \tan\left(x + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) - 1$.
4. Sketch the graphs of $\sin(x)$, $2\sin(x)$, and $\frac{1}{2}\sin(x)$ on the same axes, indicating which is which.
5. Sketch the graphs of $\cos(x)$, $\cos(2x)$, and $\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$ on the same axes, indicating which is which.