Personalized Service via Recommender Engines

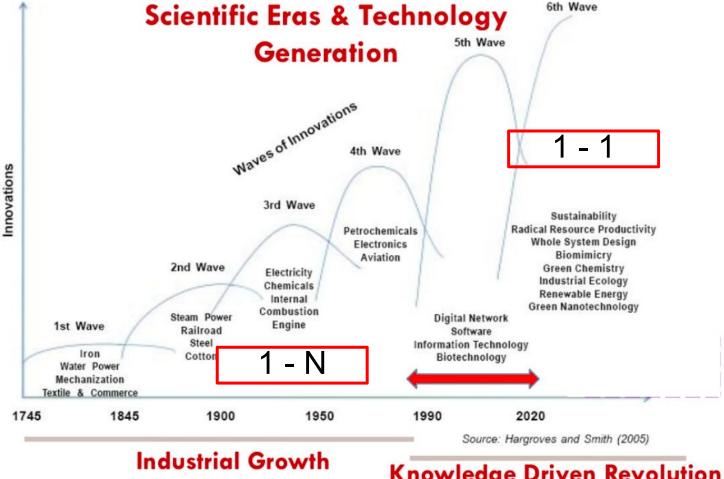
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Personalized Service

Give right **products** to right **consumers** at the right **context** (time and location)!

In **2-sided Marketplace** (buyer-seller)

- Gwynnie Bee: Personalized Fashion
- Simply Hired: Personalized Music
- Smule: Personalized Jobs
- Bayessoft: Personalized Medicine



Knowledge Driven Revolution

The Long Tail Theory

(from Scarcity to Abundance)

1. Physical Retailers

Profit threshold for physical stores (like Tower Records)

2. Hybrid Retailers

Profit threshold for stores with no retail overheads (like Amazon.com)

3. Pure Digital Retailers

Profit threshold for stores with no physical goods (like Rhapsody)

Products

Personalized Service

Search Recommendations

Products, movies, music, news items, ...

Data + Analysis

Searching

(make it convenient to help customer find what they know they want)

Recommending

(enrich their experience by pushing new products to them)

Types of Recommenders

- Editorial and Hand Picked
 - Favorite List
 - Essential Items
- Popularity-based
 - Top-N
 - Recent Hot
- Tailored to Individual Users (This is our focus)

Formulation

- C = {Customers}
- S = {Items}
- Utility Function u: CxS -> R
 - R set of ratings
 - Each rating is ordinal:
 - e.g., 0-5 Stars, Acceptance Probability [0-1]

Utility Matrix

	Song 1	Song 2	Song 3	Song 4
User A	0.9	0.5	?	?
User B	0.8	0.6	0.9	0.3
User C	0.2		1.0	0.2
User D	0.2	1.0	0.9	

Key Steps

- Collect Known Ratings for Matric
 - Derive the ratings
 - Incorporate other data
- Predict unknown ratings from the known ones
 - Define a model and parameters
 - Choose the Utility function & Optimize it
 - Use the fitted model to make predictions
- Evaluate the Performance
 - Metrics to measure success

Utility Matrix

	Song 1	Song 2	Song 3	Song 4
User A	0.9	0.5	[8.0]	[0.2]
User B	0.8	0.6	0.9	0.3
User C	0.2	?	1.0	0.2
User D	0.2	1.0	0.9	?

Step 1. Gathering Data

Explicit

- Ask people to directly rate products
- Hard or expensive

Implicit

- Learn ratings from user behaviors, e.g., purchase, likes, comments, added to shopping cart...
- Structured or unstructured
- Contexts (time and location)

Step 2. Make Predictions

- Challenges
 - Utility Matrix is sparse
 - Cold Start: (1) New Items; (2) New Users
- Main Approaches
 - Content based
 - Collaborative Filtering
 - Latent Factor Models
 - Hybrid Solutions

Step 3. Evaluate Performance

- Goal
 - User Engagement & Satisfaction)
 - Revenue & Profit
- Metrics
 - Accuracy
 - Coverage
 - Novelty (Diversity)
 - Relevancy (Serendipity)

Schedule

- 1. Content-based Recommenders
- 2. Collaborative Filtering Recommenders
- 3. Latent Factor Recommenders
- 4. A Statistical Framework to Unify Them All
- 5. Recent Developments