

# ORIE 4630: Spring Term 2019

## Homework #3 Solutions

### Question 1. [15 points]

Output from lines 6 to 7:

```
> fit
      m          s          df
0.0005273569 0.0133452040 2.7340473894
(0.0003051133) (0.0003283650) (0.1609371218)
```

i) 2.734047

ii) 0.000328365

iii) The test statistic is  $\frac{0.000527357 - 0}{0.000305113} = 1.7284$ , which exceeds  $z_{0.05} = 1.645$ , so the null hypothesis is rejected at the 5% level. This test suggests that the mean is positive.

### Question 2. [15 points]

Output from lines 10 to 21:

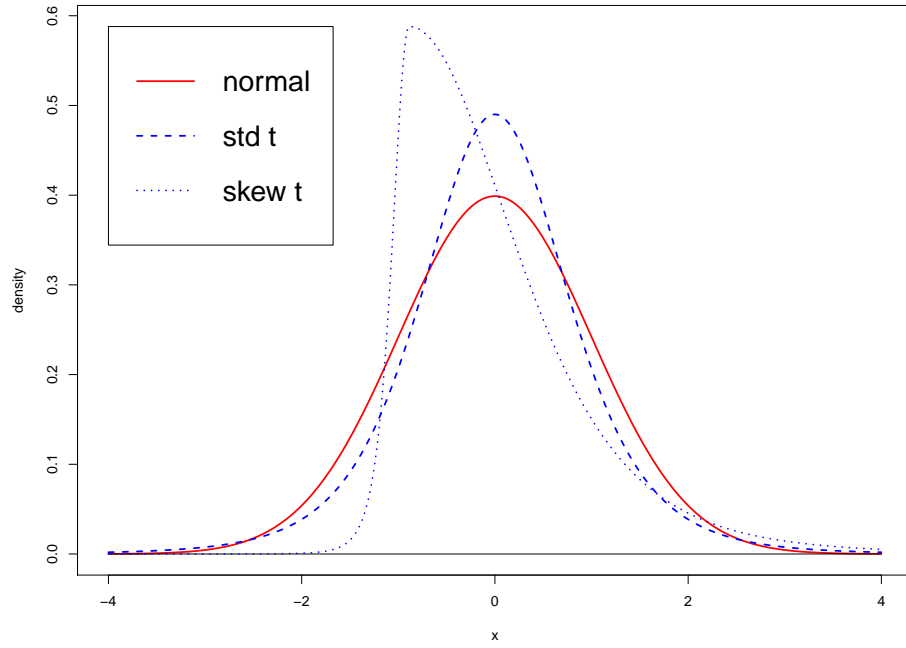
```
> rbind(parameter, round(eststt, 7), round(sestt, 7))
      [,1]      [,2]      [,3]
parameter "mean"    "sd"    "nu"
"0.0005306" "0.0266574" "2.6507656"
"0.0003036" "0.001946"  "0.1487207"
```

i) 2.650766

ii) The standard deviation estimate is 0.0266574. These results are not inconsistent; from the fitted standardized Student's  $t$ -distribution, the implied estimate of the scale parameter is  $0.0266574 \sqrt{\frac{2.650766 - 2}{2.650766}} = 0.0132082$ , which is very close to the estimate of the scale parameter 0.0133452 given in Question 1.

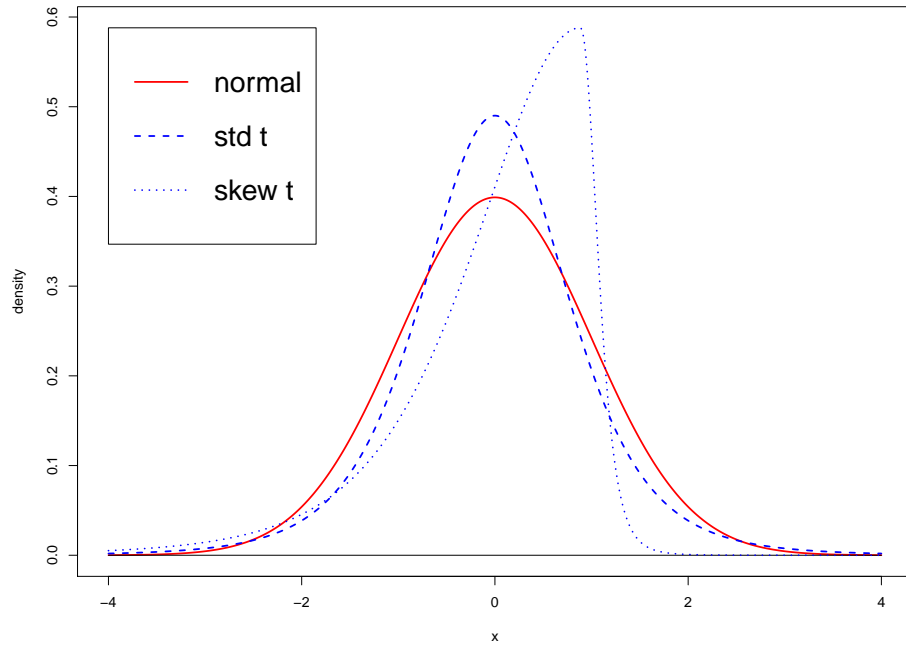
**Question 3. [15 points]**

i) Output from lines 22 to 33 with  $\xi = 2.5$ :



ii) The F-S skewed Student's  $t$ -density with  $\xi = 2.5$  is skewed to the right.

iii) Output from lines 10 to 21 with  $\xi = 1/2.5$ :



iv) The F-S skewed Student's  $t$ -density with  $\xi = 1/2.5$  is skewed to the left.

#### Question 4. [15 points]

Output from lines 34 to 43:

```
> rbind(parameter, round(estskt, 7), round(seskt, 7))
      [,1]      [,2]      [,3]      [,4]
parameter "mean"    "sd"    "nu"    "xi"
      "0.0002299" "0.0266256" "2.6542137" "0.972674"
      "0.0004155" "0.0019335" "0.148922"  "0.0233196"
```

i) The maximum likelihood estimate of  $\xi$  is  $\hat{\xi} = 0.972674$ . This estimate is less than 1, so it suggests the returns are skewed to the left.

ii) The standard error of  $\hat{\xi}$  is 0.0233196.

iii) The value of the test statistic is  $\frac{0.972674 - 1}{0.0233196} = -1.1718$ . Since  $|-1.1718| < 1.960 = z_{0.975}$ , the null hypothesis is not rejected in a test at the 5% level. The conclusion of the test is that there is no evidence the returns are skewed.

#### Question 5. [20 points]

Output from lines 44 to 48:

```
> fitLSE
```

Call:

```
lm(formula = Returns$GS ~ Returns$SP500)
```

Coefficients:

```
(Intercept) Returns$SP500
-8.568e-05    1.434e+00
```

```
> summary(fitLSE)
```

Call:

```
lm(formula = Returns$GS ~ Returns$SP500)
```

Residuals:

```
      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
-0.139437 -0.007101 -0.000145  0.006916  0.144971
```

Coefficients:

```
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) -8.568e-05  2.997e-04  -0.286    0.775
Returns$SP500  1.434e+00  2.413e-02  59.436 <2e-16 ***
```

---

```
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

Residual standard error: 0.01621 on 2925 degrees of freedom

Multiple R-squared: 0.547, Adjusted R-squared: 0.5469

F-statistic: 3533 on 1 and 2925 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

```
> round(confint(fitLSE, level=0.95), 7)
              2.5 \%    97.5 \%
(Intercept)  -0.0006732 0.0005019
Returns$SP500 1.3866921 1.4813073
> round(head(fitLSE$residuals), 7)
      1          2          3          4          5          6
-0.0190801 -0.0003300 0.0007390 0.0068111 0.0130959 -0.0053528
```

- i) The least squares estimate is  $(\hat{\alpha}, \hat{\beta}) = (0.00008568, 1.434)$ .
- ii) The standard error of  $\hat{\beta}$  is 0.02413.
- iii) The 95% confidence interval for  $\beta$  is (1.38669, 1.48131).
- iv) Since the value 1 is not in the 95% confidence interval for  $\beta$ , the null hypothesis  $H_0 : \beta = 1$  would be rejected in favor of the alternative hypothesis  $H_A : \beta \neq 1$  in a test at the 5% level.
- v) The estimate of  $\sigma_\epsilon$  is 0.01621.

#### Question 6. [20 points]

Output from lines 49 to 63:

```
> rbind(parameter, round(mle, 7), round(se, 7))
      [,1]      [,2]      [,3]      [,4]
parameter "alpha"    "beta"    "sd"    "nu"
      "-0.0003151" "1.3678901" "0.0180398" "2.6336112"
      "0.0002044"  "0.0222406" "0.0012963" "0.1405194"
> cbind(parameter, lowerCL, upperCL)
      parameter lowerCL      upperCL
[1,] "alpha"    "-0.0007156" "8.54e-05"
[2,] "beta"     "1.3242993"  "1.4114809"
[3,] "sd"       "0.0154991"  "0.0205805"
[4,] "nu"       "2.3581982"  "2.9090242"
```

- i) The maximum likelihood estimate is  $(\hat{\alpha}, \hat{\beta}) = (-0.0003151, 1.367890)$ .
- ii) The standard error of the maximum likelihood estimate of  $\beta$  is 0.0222406.
- iii) The 95% confidence interval for  $\beta$  is (1.324299, 1.411481).
- iv) Since the value 1 is not in the 95% confidence interval for  $\beta$ , the null hypothesis  $H_0 : \beta = 1$  would be rejected in favor of the alternative hypothesis  $H_A : \beta \neq 1$  in a test at the 5% level.
- v) The estimate of  $\sigma_\epsilon$  is 0.018040.