





Dataset Division





Overview

1 Recap: What is a dataset?

2 Training datasets

Why is this story incomplete?

Test datasets

Validation datasets and hyperparameter tuning



Datasets: Recap

Discussion

- What is a dataset?
- What does it look like?
- How do we define it mathematically?
- Why do we need data to train models?





Task in pairs

- Think of a supervised machine learning problem you might want to solve. [It can't be anything we've mentioned so far]
- What data would you need to have to train this model?
- How might you go about collecting this data?





Evaluating Model Performance





Evaluating model performance

- We want to use some metric to evaluate our model's performance.
- The most common metric with classification problems is accuracy. I.e. the percentage of predictions which are correct.

all

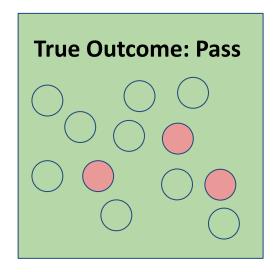


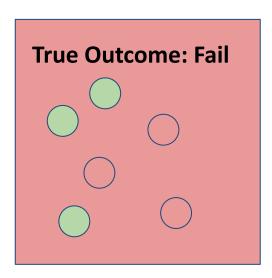


Machine Learning Problem: Predicting whether students will pass or fail a course.

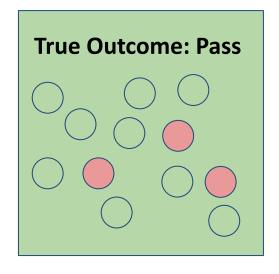


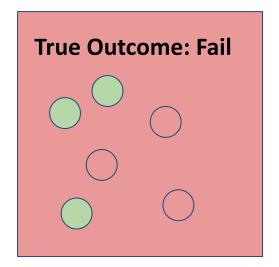
= model predictions











Number of correct predictions = 12 Number of incorrect predictions = 6 Total predictions = 18

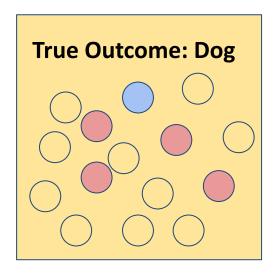
Accuracy = correct predictions/total predictions = 12/18 = 66.67%

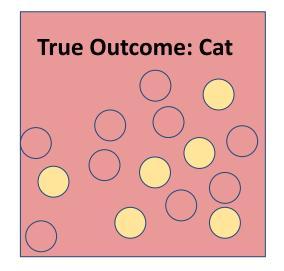


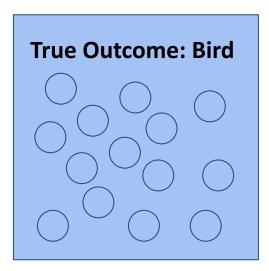
Machine Learning Problem: Predicting whether an image of an animal is a dog, cat or bird.

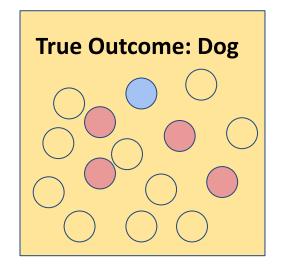


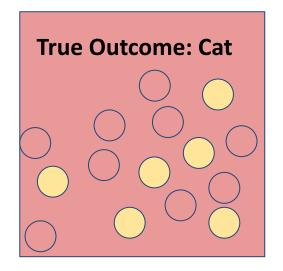
= model predictions

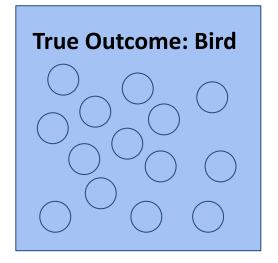








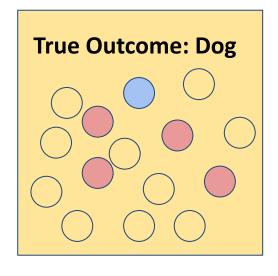


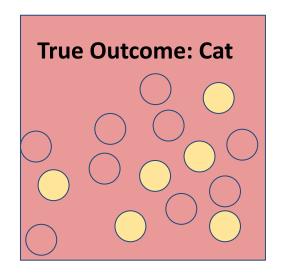


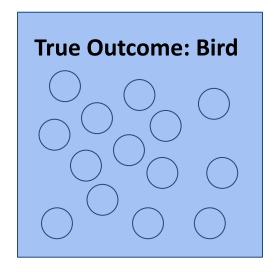
Number of correct predictions = 10 + 9 + 14 = 33Number of incorrect predictions = 5 + 6 + 0 = 11Total predictions = 44

Accuracy = correct predictions/total predictions = 33/44 = 75%









- What do you notice about this classification model?
- Why might this be the case?
- Given this, is accuracy a good metric of the model's performance?



Training and Test Datasets





Discussion

Should we evaluate model performance on this training dataset?

(NOTE: there are valid arguments both ways)





It is an indication of whether our model has learnt from the training data. It tells us whether training is working!

X It might misrepresent our model's performance on unseen data, which is ultimately all we care about.





Discussion

Why might it misrepresent the model's performance on unseen data? (hard)





Test datasets

- Solution!
- Instead have a held-out dataset we call the 'test' dataset
- The model is not trained on this dataset! It is only used for model evaluation

- Is this a good idea?
- What are the downsides of this approach?





[Extra:] Hyperparameters and Validation Dataset





Hyperparameters and Validation Datasets

See whiteboard





Recap questions

- 1. Why do we need to evaluate models?
- 2. What is accuracy and how do we calculate it?
- 3. What is wrong with evaluating on the training data?
- 4. How do we get around this?
- 5. What are the downsides of this solution?
- 6. What are hyperparameters?
- 7. Why might we want to use a validation (val) dataset?



