

# Day 6 Quiz

7.04.2024

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**Q1.** Explain the two types of artificial intelligence. What makes them different?

**Q2.** Explain the two main types of machine learning. What are the differences in the problems they seek to solve.

**Q3.** What is dimensionality reduction and why might we want to do it?

**Q4:** What does the following notation mean?  $x_8^{(9)}$

**Q5:** Explain of the following, stating what they are

- $\theta$
- $h_\theta(X)$
- $\hat{y}$  and  $y$

**Q6:** What is the mathematical goal of clustering? State in words rather than mathematical notation.

**Q7.** Explain the k-means algorithm in as much detail as possible.

**Q8.** Explain the mathematical goal of supervised learning. You should use notation in your answer.

**Q9:** Explain the process of gradient descent in detail. You should use the example of linear regression to help explain your answer.

**Q10.** Explain the difference between correlation and causation. Use a linear regression to support your answer. Argue whether you think the distinction is important for prediction-only tasks and why.

**Q11\*.** Consider a model for predicting future wages.

**(A)** What are the interpretations of  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta_1$  and  $\beta_2$  in the following regression between wages, education and work experience.

$$\text{wages}^{(i)} = \alpha + \beta_1 \text{edu}^{(i)} + \beta_2 \text{exp}^{(i)} + \varepsilon^{(i)}$$

**(C)** What is the final term in the regression? Why is it important to include this term when writing models for the true target feature?

**(B)** How would your interpretation of the parameters change in the following regression?

$$\text{wages}^{(i)} = \hat{\alpha} + \hat{\beta}_1 \text{edu}^{(i)} + \hat{\beta}_2 \text{exp}^{(i)}$$

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\* Hard