

# 线性变换法设计 IIR 数字低通滤波器

```
clc
clear
close all
```

```
% 参数设置
IIRNUMBER = 2;          % 滤波器阶数
SAMPLEF = 10000;        % 采样频率 (Hz)
PI = pi;

% 滤波器系数
fBn = [0.0, 0.7757];    % 反馈系数
fAn = [0.1122, 0.1122]; % 前馈系数

% 滤波器状态 (延迟线)
fxn = zeros(1, IIRNUMBER); % 输入信号历史值
fyn = zeros(1, IIRNUMBER); % 输出信号历史值

% 信号生成参数
fsignal1 = 0.0;          % 信号1初始相位
fsignal2 = PI * 0.1;      % 信号2初始相位
fstepsignal1 = 2 * PI / 50; % 信号1相位步长 (对应200 Hz)
% fstepsignal2 = 2 * PI / 5; % 信号2相位步长 (对应2000 Hz)
fstepsignal2 = [2*PI, 2*PI/2, 2*PI/5, 2*PI/10, 2*PI/20]; %更改fstepsignal2的值

% 缓冲区设置
BUFFER_SIZE = 256;       % 缓冲区大小
fIn = zeros(1, BUFFER_SIZE); % 输入信号缓冲区
fOut = zeros(1, BUFFER_SIZE); % 输出信号缓冲区
nIn = 1; nOut = 1;        % 缓冲区索引

% 模拟输入和滤波处理
NUM_ITER = 1000;          % 总采样点数
inputSignal = zeros(1, NUM_ITER); % 用于记录输入信号
outputSignal = zeros(1, NUM_ITER); % 用于记录输出信号

for m = 1:length(fstepsignal2)
    disp("fstepsignal2 = " + num2str(fstepsignal2(m)))
    for k = 1:NUM_ITER
        % 生成输入信号
        fxn(1) = sin(fsignal1) + cos(fsignal2) / 6.0;

        % 更新信号相位
        fsignal1 = fsignal1 + fstepsignal1;
        if fsignal1 >= 2 * PI
            fsignal1 = fsignal1 - 2 * PI;
        end
        fsignal2 = fsignal2 + fstepsignal2(m);
        if fsignal2 >= 2 * PI
            fsignal2 = fsignal2 - 2 * PI;
        end

        % 保存到缓冲区
```

```

fIn(nIn) = fXn(1);
nIn = mod(nIn, BUFFER_SIZE) + 1; % 循环缓冲区索引

% IIR 滤波器计算
fSum = 0.0;
for i = 1:IIRNUMBER
    fSum = fSum + fXn(i) * fAn(i) + fYn(i) * fBn(i);
end
fYn(1) = fSum; % 滤波器当前输出

% 更新延迟线
for i = IIRNUMBER:-1:2
    fXn(i) = fXn(i-1);
    fYn(i) = fYn(i-1);
end

% 保存滤波器输出到缓冲区
fOut(nOut) = fSum;
nOut = mod(nOut, BUFFER_SIZE) + 1; % 循环缓冲区索引

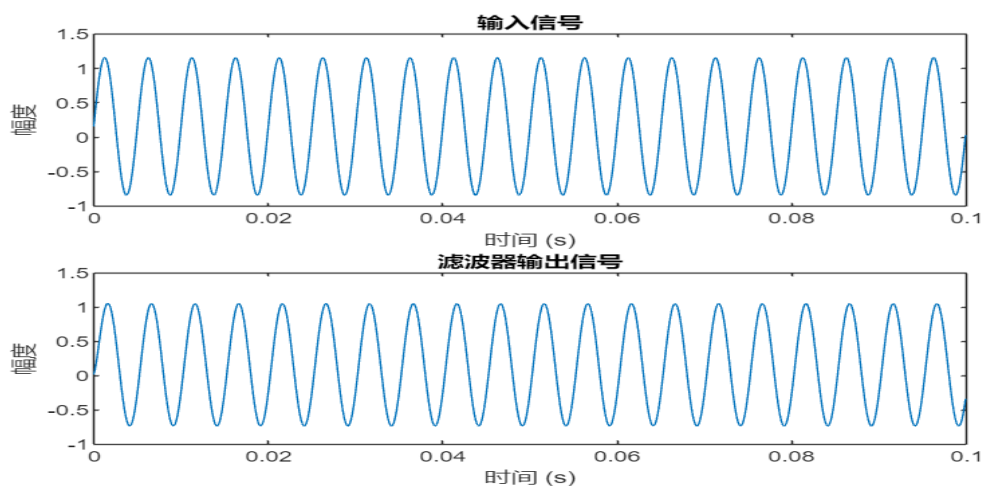
% 保存结果到数组
inputSignal(k) = fXn(1);
outputSignal(k) = fSum;
end

% 绘图
t = (0:NUM_ITER-1) / SAMPLEF; % 时间轴
figure;
subplot(2, 1, 1);
plot(t, inputSignal);
title('输入信号');
xlabel('时间 (s)');
ylabel('幅度');

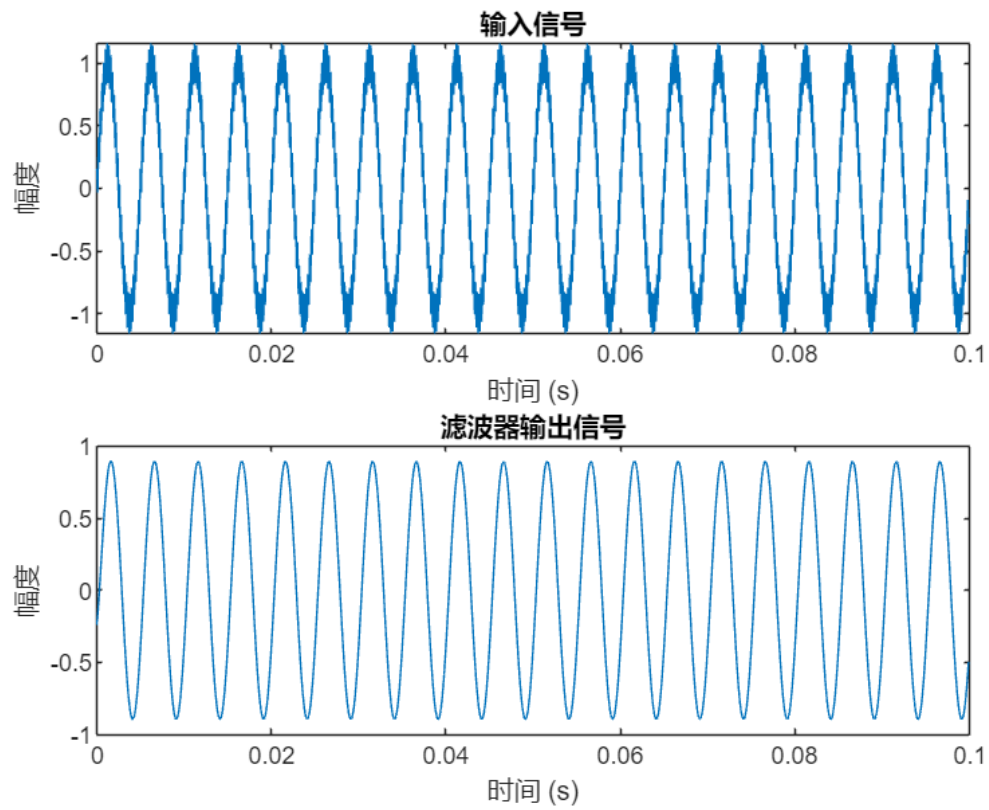
subplot(2, 1, 2);
plot(t, outputSignal);
title('滤波器输出信号');
xlabel('时间 (s)');
ylabel('幅度');
end

```

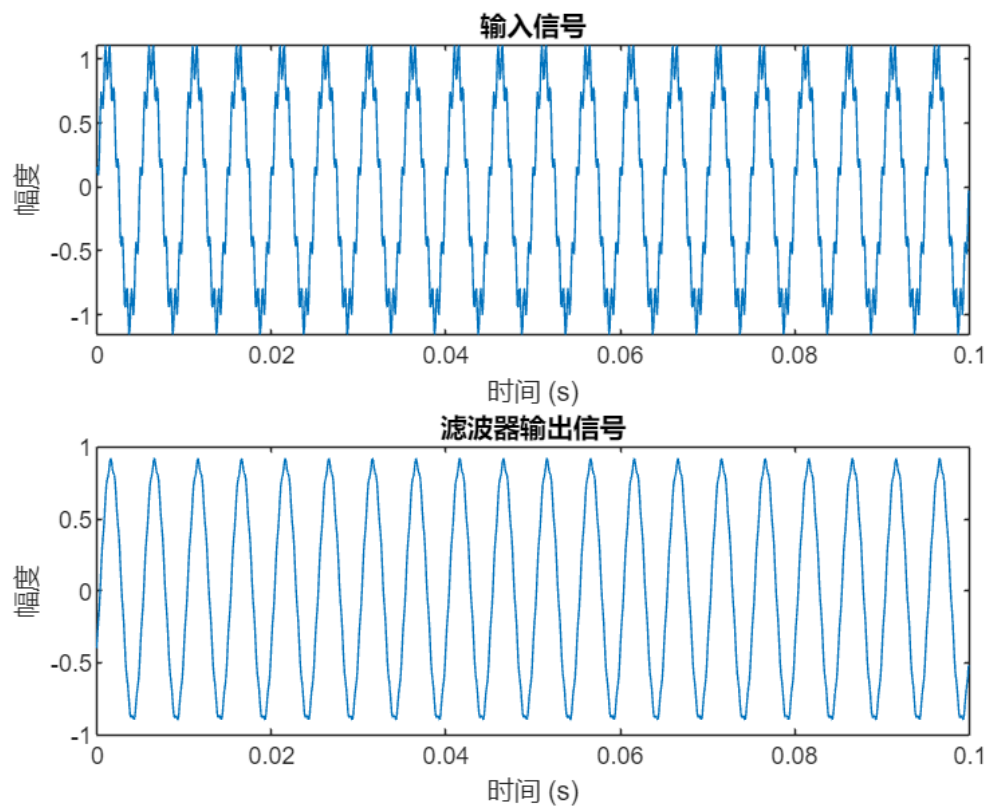
fStepSignal2 = 6.2832



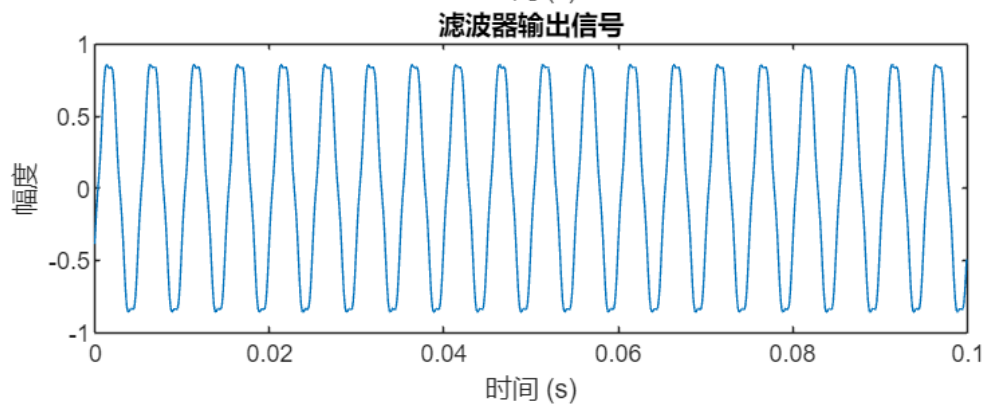
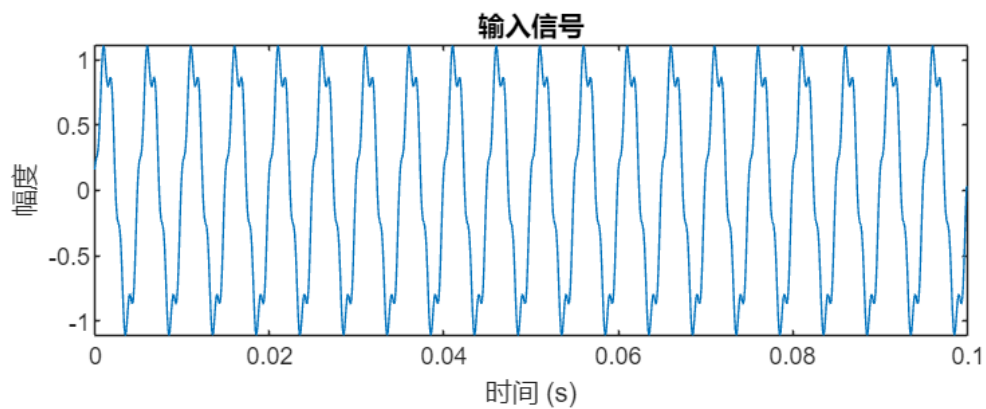
fStepSignal2 = 3.1416



fStepSignal2 = 1.2566



fStepSignal2 = 0.62832



fstepSignal2 = 0.31416

