```
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<math.h>
#include<gl/glut.h>
GLint X1, Y1, X2, Y2;
void LineBres(void)
{
    glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT);
// The argument GL COLOR BUFFER BIT is an OpenGL symbolic constant specifying that it is
    int dx=abs (X2-X1), dy=abs (Y2-Y1);
    int p=2*dy-dx;
    int twoDy=2*dy, twoDyDx=2*(dy-dx);
    int p1, p2;
    if(X1>X2)
        p1=X2;
        p2=Y2;
        X2=X1;
    else
        p1=X1;
        p2=Y1;
        X2=X2;
    glBegin(GL POINTS);
    glVertex2i(p1,p2);
    while (p1<X2)
        p1++;
        if(p<0)
           p+=twoDy;
        else
            p2++; // y coordinates incremetus
            p+=twoDyDx;
        glVertex2i(p1,p2);
    glEnd();
    glFlush();
void Init()
    glClearColor(1.0,1.0,1.0,0);
    glColor3f(0.0,0.0,0.0);
    glPointSize(4.0);
//alliewport(0,0,50,50);
    glMatrixMode(GL PROJECTION);
    glLoadIdentity();
    gluOrtho2D(0,50,0,50);
int main(int argc,char **argv)
    printf("enter two points for draw lineBresenham:\n");
    printf("\n enter point1(X1,Y1):");
    scanf("%d%d", &X1, &Y1);
    printf("\n enter point2(X2,Y2):");
    scanf("%d%d", &X2, &Y2);
    glutInit(&argc,argv); // initializes the GLUT library.
    glutInitDisplayMode(GLUT SINGLE | GLUT RGB); // sets the initial display mode
    glutInitWindowSize(300,400); // sets the initial window size to 500x500 pixels
//glut_mitWindowPosition(0,0); //sets the initial window position to coordinates (100,
```

```
100) on the screen.
   glutCreateWindow("LineBresenham"); // creates a window with the given title
   Init();
   glutDisplayFunc(LineBres); // sets the display callback function
   glutMainLoop(); // enters the GLUT event processing loop
   return 0;
}
```

```
//2nd 2D geometric object operations
#include <GL/glut.h>
#include <math.h>
void init()
    glClearColor(1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0); // Set background color to white
    glColor3f(0.0, 0.0, 0.0); // Set drawing color to black
    glMatrixMode(GL_PROJECTION);
    qluOrtho2D(-400, 400, -400, 400); // Set the coordinate system
void drawRectangle(float x, float y, float width, float height, float r, float g, float b)
    glColor3f(r, g, b);
    glBegin(GL_QUADS);
    glVertex2f(x, y);
    glVertex2f(x + width, y);
    glVertex2f(x + width, y + height);
    glVertex2f(x, y + height);
    glEnd();
}
void drawCircle(float x, float y, float radius, float r, float g, float b)
{
   glColor3f(r, g, b);
    glBegin (GL TRIANGLE FAN);
    glVertex2f(x, y);
    for (int i = 0; i <= 100; ++i)</pre>
        float angle = 2 * M PI * i / 100;
        glVertex2f(x + cos(angle) * radius, y + sin(angle) * radius);
    glEnd();
void translate(float dx, float dy)
{
    glTranslatef(dx, dy, 0.0f);
void rotate(float angle)
    glRotatef(angle, 0.0f, 0.0f, 1.0f);
void scale(float sx, float sy)
    glScalef(sx, sy, 1.0f);
}
void display()
{
    glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT);
    // Draw initial rectangle
    glPushMatrix();
    drawRectangle(-200, 0, 100, 50, 0.0f, 0.0f, 1.0f);
    glPopMatrix();
    glPushMatrix();
    translate(200, 0);
    drawRectangle(-200, 0, 100, 50, 0.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f);
```

```
glPopMatrix();
    glPushMatrix();
    translate (0, 0);
    rotate(45);
    drawRectangle(-200, 0, 100, 50, 1.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f);
    glPopMatrix();
    glPushMatrix();
    translate (0, 0);
    scale(2, 2);
    drawRectangle(-200, 0, 100, 50, 0.5f, 0.0f, 0.5f);
    glPopMatrix();
    // Draw initial circle
    glPushMatrix();
    drawCircle(100, 100, 50, 1.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f);
    glPopMatrix();
    glPushMatrix();
    translate(200, 0);
    drawCircle(300, 100, 50, 0.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f);
    glPopMatrix();
    glPushMatrix();
    translate(300, 100);
    rotate(45);
    drawCircle(0, 0, 50, 0.0f, 0.0f, 1.0f);
    glPopMatrix();
    glPushMatrix();
    translate (300, 100);
    scale(2, 2);
    drawCircle(0, 0, 50, 0.5f, 0.5f, 0.0f);
    glPopMatrix();
    glFlush();
}
int main(int argc,char **argv)
    glutInit(&argc, argv);
    glutInitDisplayMode (GLUT SINGLE | GLUT RGB);
    glutInitWindowSize(800, 800);
    glutInitWindowPosition(100, 100);
    glutCreateWindow("2D Geometric Operations with FreeGLUT");
    init();
    glutDisplayFunc(display);
    glutMainLoop();
    return 0;
}
```

```
#include <GL/glut.h>
#include <cmath>
void init()
    glClearColor(1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0); // Set background color to white
//alEnable(GL DEPTH TEST); // Enable depth testing for 3D rendering
    glMatrixMode(GL PROJECTION);
    gluPerspective (\overline{45.0}, 1.0, 1.0, 100.0); // Set perspective projection
    glMatrixMode(GL MODELVIEW);
void drawCuboid(float x, float y, float z, float length, float width, float height, float
r, float q,
                float b)
{
    glColor3f(r, g, b); // Set the color for the cuboid using RGB values.
    glPushMatrix(); // Save the current transformation matrix.
    glTranslatef(x, y, z); // Translate the cuboid to the specified position (x, y, z).
    glScalef(length, width, height); // Scale the cuboid to the specified dimensions.
    glutSolidCube(1.0); // Draw a unit cube (1x1x1) which is then scaled to the desired
    glPopMatrix(); // Restore the original transformation matrix.
void drawCylinder(float x, float y, float z, float radius, float height, float r, float g,
float b)
{
    glColor3f(r, g, b); // Set the color for the cylinder using RGB values.
    glPushMatrix(); // Save the current transformation matrix.
    glTranslatef(x, y, z); // Translate the cylinder to the specified position (x, y, z). glRotatef(-90, 1.0, 0.0, 0.0); // Rotate to align with the z-axis
    GLUquadric* quad = qluNewQuadric(); // Create a new quadric object.
    gluCylinder(quad, radius, radius, height, 32, 32); // Draw the cylinder with the
specifiedradius and height
    qluDeleteQuadric(quad); // Delete the quadric object to free memory.
    qlPopMatrix(); // Restore the original transformation matrix.
}
void translate(float dx, float dy, float dz)
{
    glTranslatef(dx, dy, dz);
// Function to rotate a 3D object
void rotate(float angle, float x, float y, float z)
   glRotatef(angle, x, y, z);
void scale(float sx, float sy, float sz)
   glScalef(sx, sy, sz);
void display()
    glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT | GL DEPTH BUFFER BIT);
    glLoadIdentity();
    gluLookAt(0.0, 0.0, 10.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0, 0.0); // Set the camera view
// Draw a cuboid
    glPushMatrix();
    drawCuboid(-2, 0, 0, 2, 2, 1, 0.0f, 0.0f, 1.0f);
    translate (4, 0, 0);
    drawCuboid(-2, 0, 0, 2, 2, 1, 0.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f);
```

```
glPushMatrix();
   rotate(45, 0, 1, 0);
   drawCuboid(-2, 0, 0, 2, 2, 1, 1.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f);
   glPopMatrix();
   glPushMatrix();
    scale(1.5, 1.5, 1.5);
    drawCuboid(-2, 0, 0, 2, 2, 1, 0.5f, 0.0f, 0.5f);
   glPopMatrix();
   glPopMatrix();
   glPushMatrix();
   drawCylinder(2, 2, 0, 1, 10, 1.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f);
    translate (0, -2, 0);
    drawCylinder(2, 2, 0, 1, 1, 0.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f);
   glPushMatrix();
   rotate(30, 1, 0, 0);
   drawCylinder(2, 2, 0, 1, 1, 0.0f, 0.0f, 1.0f);
   glPopMatrix();
   glPushMatrix();
    scale(1.5, 1.5, 1.5);
   drawCylinder(2, 4, 0, 1, 1, 0.5f, 0.5f, 0.0f);
   glPopMatrix();
   glPopMatrix();
   glutSwapBuffers(); // Swap the buffers to display the rendered frame
}
void timer(int value)
   glutPostRedisplay(); // Redraw the scene
   glutTimerFunc(33, timer, 0); // Set the timer to call itself again after 33 ms
int main(int argc, char** argv)
   glutInit(&argc, argv);
   glutInitDisplayMode (GLUT DOUBLE | GLUT RGB | GLUT DEPTH);
   glutInitWindowSize(800,800);
   glutInitWindowPosition(100, 100);
   glutCreateWindow("3D Geometric Operations with FreeGLUT");
   init();
   glutDisplayFunc(display);
//glutTimerFunc(33, timer, 0); // Start the timer
   glutMainLoop();
   return 0;
}
```

```
#include <GL/glut.h>
#include <iostream>
const int canvas width = 500;
const int canvas_height = 500;
GLfloat obj_points[][2] = { {100, 100}, {200, 100}, {200, 200}, {100, 200} };
const int num points = sizeof(obj points) / sizeof(obj points[0]);
GLfloat translation x = 100;
GLfloat translation y = 50;
GLfloat rotation angle = 45;
GLfloat scaling factor = 1.5;
void init() {
    glClearColor(1.0, 1.0, 1.0); // Set background color to white
    glMatrixMode(GL PROJECTION);
    gluOrtho2D(0, canvas width, 0, canvas height); // Set the coordinate system
}
void drawObjects() {
    // Draw the initial object (a square)
    glColor3f(0.0, 0.0, 0.0);
    glBegin(GL LINE LOOP);
    for (int i = 0; i < num points; ++i) {</pre>
        glVertex2f(obj_points[i][0], obj_points[i][1]);
    glEnd();
    glColor3f(0.0, 1.0, 0.0);
    glPushMatrix();
    glTranslatef(translation x, translation y, 0.0);
    glBegin(GL_LINE_LOOP);
    for (int i = 0; i < num points; ++i) {</pre>
        glVertex2f(obj points[i][0], obj points[i][1]);
    glEnd();
    glPopMatrix();
    // Apply transformations and draw rotated object
    glColor3f(1.0, 0.0, 0.0);
    glPushMatrix();
    glTranslatef(obj_points[0][0], obj_points[0][1], 0.0);
    glRotatef(rotation_angle, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0);
    glTranslatef(-obj_points[0][0], -obj_points[0][1], 0.0);
    glBegin(GL_LINE_LOOP);
    for (int i = 0; i < num points; ++i) {</pre>
        glVertex2f(obj_points[i][0], obj_points[i][1]);
    glEnd();
    glPopMatrix();
    glColor3f(0.0, 0.0, 1.0);
    glPushMatrix();
    glTranslatef(obj_points[0][0], obj_points[0][1], 0.0);
    glScalef(scaling_factor, scaling_factor, 1.0);
    glTranslatef(-obj_points[0][0], -obj_points[0][1], 0.0);
    glBegin(GL LINE LOOP);
    for (int i = 0; i < num points; ++i) {</pre>
        glVertex2f(obj_points[i][0], obj_points[i][1]);
    glEnd();
    glPopMatrix();
```

```
void display() {
    glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);
    glMatrixMode(GL_MODELVIEW);
    glLoadIdentity();
    // Draw the objects on the canvas
    drawObjects();
    glutSwapBuffers();
}
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
    glutInit(&argc, argv);
    glutInitDisplayMode(GLUT_DOUBLE | GLUT_RGB);
    glutInitWindowSize(canvas_width, canvas_height);
    glutInitWindowPosition(100, 100);
    glutCreateWindow("2D Transformations with FreeGLUT");
    init();
    glutDisplayFunc(display);
    glutMainLoop();
    return 0;
```

```
#include <GL/glut.h>
#include <iostream>
#include <cmath>
const int display width = 800;
const int display_height = 600;
GLfloat vertices[][3] =
    \{-1, -1, -1\},\
    \{1, -1, -1\},\
    \{1, 1, -1\},\
    \{-1, 1, -1\},\
    \{-1, -1, 1\},\
    \{1, -1, 1\},\
    { 1, 1, 1},
{-1, 1, 1}
};
GLuint edges[][2] =
    \{0, 1\}, \{1, 2\}, \{2, 3\}, \{3, 0\},
    {4, 5}, {5, 6}, {6, 7}, {7, 4},
    \{0, 4\}, \{1, 5\}, \{2, 6\}, \{3, 7\}
GLfloat angle = 0;
void init()
    \label{lem:glclearColor} $$ glClearColor(0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0); // Set background color to black glEnable(GL_DEPTH_TEST); // Enable depth testing $$ $$
    glMatrixMode(GL PROJECTION);
    gluPerspective (45, (GLfloat) display width / (GLfloat) display height, 0.1, 50.0);
    glMatrixMode(GL MODELVIEW);
}
void drawCube()
{
    glBegin(GL LINES);
    for (int i = 0; i < 12; ++i)
         glVertex3fv(vertices[edges[i][0]]);
         glVertex3fv(vertices[edges[i][1]]); //1
    glEnd();
void display()
    glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT | GL DEPTH BUFFER BIT);
    glLoadIdentity();
    glTranslatef(0.0f, 0.0f, -5.0f); // Translation matrix
    glRotatef(angle, 1.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f); // Rotation matrix
    glScalef(1.5f, 1.5f, 1.5f); // Scaling matrix
// Draw the 3D object
    drawCube();
    glutSwapBuffers();
}
void timer(int value)
    angle += 1.0f;
```

```
if (angle > 360)
       angle -= 360;
    glutPostRedisplay(); // Redraw the scene
   glutTimerFunc(50, timer, 0); // Set the timer to call itself again after 33 ms
(approx 30 FPS)
}
int main(int argc, char** argv)
   glutInit(&argc, argv);
   glutInitDisplayMode (GLUT_DOUBLE | GLUT_RGB | GLUT_DEPTH);
   glutInitWindowSize(display_width, display_height);
    glutInitWindowPosition(100, 100);
    glutCreateWindow("3D Transformations with FreeGLUT");
    init();
    glutDisplayFunc(display);
    glutTimerFunc(50, timer, 0);// Start the timer
   glutMainLoop();
    return 0;
}
```

```
#include <GL/freeglut.h>
#include <cstdlib>
#include <ctime>
#include <cmath>
const int num objects = 10;
struct Object
{
    float x;
    float y;
    float radius;
    float speed x;
    float speed y;
    float color[3];
Object objects[num objects];
void initObjects()
    srand(time(NULL));
    for (int i = 0; i < num_objects; ++i)</pre>
        objects[i].x = rand() % (800 - 100) + 50;
        objects[i].y = rand() % (600 - 100) + 50;
        objects[i].radius = rand() % 21 + 10;
        objects[i].speed_x = rand() % 11 - 5;
        objects[i].speed y = rand() % 11 - 5;
        objects[i].color[0] = (float) rand() / RAND MAX; // Random value between 0 and 1
        objects[i].color[1] = (float) rand() / RAND_MAX;
        objects[i].color[2] = (float) rand() / RAND_MAX;
    }
}
void drawObjects()
    for (int i = 0; i < num objects; ++i)</pre>
        glPushMatrix();
        glTranslatef(objects[i].x, objects[i].y, 0.0);
        glColor3fv(objects[i].color);
        glBegin(GL POLYGON);
        for (float angle = 0; angle < 360; angle += 10)</pre>
            float x = objects[i].radius * cos(angle * 3.14159 / 180.0);
            float y = objects[i].radius * sin(angle * 3.14159 / 180.0);
            glVertex2f(x, y);
        glEnd();
        glPopMatrix();
}
void updateObjects()
    for (int i = 0; i < num_objects; ++i)</pre>
        objects[i].x += objects[i].speed x;
        objects[i].y += objects[i].speed_y;
        if (objects[i].x - objects[i].radius < 0 || objects[i].x + objects[i].radius > 800)
            objects[i].speed x = -objects[i].speed x;
        if (objects[i].y - objects[i].radius < 0 || objects[i].y + objects[i].radius > 600)
            objects[i].speed_y = -objects[i].speed_y;
```

```
}
void display()
    glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);
    drawObjects();
    glutSwapBuffers();
    updateObjects();
void reshape(int w, int h)
   glViewport(0, 0, w, h);
    glMatrixMode(GL PROJECTION);
    glLoadIdentity();
    gluOrtho2D(0, 800, 0, 600);
    glMatrixMode(GL_MODELVIEW);
int main(int argc, char** argv)
    glutInit(&argc, argv);
    glutInitDisplayMode(GLUT_DOUBLE | GLUT_RGB);
    glutInitWindowSize(800, 600);
    glutCreateWindow("Animation Effects");
    glutDisplayFunc(display);
    glutReshapeFunc(reshape);
    initObjects();
    glutMainLoop();
    return 0;
```

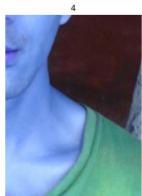
## In [4]:

```
#7th
 import cv2
 import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
 # Read the image
 img = cv2.imread('C:\\Users\CSELAB2\Desktop\pictures\9.jpeg')
# Get the height and width of the image height, width = img.shape[:2]
# Split the image into four quadrants quad1 = img[:height//2, :width//2] quad2 = img[:height//2, width//2:] quad3 = img[height//2:, :width//2] quad4 = img[height//2:, width//2:] plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5)) plt.subplot(1, 2, 1) plt.imshow(quad1) plt.title("1")
 plt.title("1")
plt.axis("off")
 plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
 plt.imshow(quad2)
 plt.title("2")
plt.axis("off")
 plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
 plt.imshow(quad3)
 plt.title("3")
plt.axis("off")
 plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
 plt.imshow(quad4)
 plt.title("4")
 plt.axis("off")
 plt.show()
```









```
In [8]:
#8th
import cv2
# import numpy as np
# import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
def translate_image(image, dx, dy):
    rows, cols = image.shape[:2]
    translation_matrix = np.float32([[1, 0, dx], [0, 1, dy]])
    translated_image = cv2.warpAffine(image, translation_matrix, (cols, rows))
    return translated_image
# Read the image
image = cv2.imread('C:\\Users\CSELAB2\Desktop\pictures\9.jpeg')
##double slash has to be given
# Get image dimensions
height, width = image.shape[:2]
# Calculate the center coordinates of the image
center = (width // 2, height // 2)
rotation_value = int(input("Enter the degree of Rotation:"))
scaling_value = int(input("Enter the zooming factor:"))
# Create the 2D rotation matrix
rotated = cv2.getRotationMatrix2D(center=center, angle=rotation_value, scale=1)
rotated_image = cv2.warpAffine(src=image, M=rotated, dsize=(width, height))
scaled = cv2.getRotationMatrix2D(center=center, angle=0, scale=scaling_value)
scaled_image = cv2.warpAffine(src=rotated_image, M=scaled, dsize=(width, height))
h = int(input("How many pixels you want the image to be translated horizontally? "))
v = int(input("How many pixels you want the image to be translated vertically?"))
translated_image = translate_image(scaled_image, dx=h, dy=v)
cv2.imwrite('Final_image.png', translated_image)
Enter the degree of Rotation:2
Enter the zooming factor:45
How many pixels you want the image to be translated horizontally? 34
How many pixels you want the image to be translated vertically? 34
Out[8]:
True
In [29]:
#9th
import cv2
```

```
import numpy as np
# Load the image
image_path = "C://Users/CSELAB2/Desktop/pictures/6.jpeg" # Replace with the path to your image
img = cv2.imread(image path)
# Convert the image to gravscale
gray = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
# Edge detection
edges = cv2.Canny(gray, 100, 200) # Use Canny edge detector
# Texture extraction
kernel = np.ones((5, 5), np.float32) / 25 # Define a 5x5 averaging kernel
texture = cv2.filter2D(gray, -1, kernel) # Apply the averaging filter for texture extraction
# Display the original image, edges, and texture
cv2.imshow('Original Image', img)
cv2.imshow('Edges', edges)
cv2.imshow('Texture', texture)
# Wait for a key press and then close all windows
cv2.waitKey(0)
cv2.destroyAllWindows()
```

## In [26]:

```
#10th
import cv2
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Load the image in grayscale
img = cv2.imread("C://Users/CSELAB2/Desktop/pictures/6.jpeg", cv2.IMREAD_GRAYSCALE)
def blur():
     return np.ones((3, 3), np.float32) / 9 # 3x3 averaging kernel for blur
def filtering(image, kernel):
     m, n = kernel.shape
     if (m == n):
         y, x = image.shape
         y = y - m + 1
         new_image = np.zeros((y, x))
         for i in range(y):
              for j in range(x):
                   new_image[i][j] = np.sum(image[i:i+m, j:j+m] * kernel)
     return new_image
# Apply blur filter
blurred_image = filtering(img, blur())
# Display the original and blurred images
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
plt.imshow(img, cmap='gray')
plt.title("Original Grayscale Image")
plt.axis("off")
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
plt.imshow(blurred_image, cmap='gray')
plt.title("Blurred Image")
plt.axis("off")
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```





```
In [30]:
```

```
#11ta
import cv2
import numpy as np
# Specify the path to your image (adjust this path according to your system)
image_path = r'C:\Users\CSELAB2\Desktop\pictures\4.jpeg
# Read the image
image = cv2.imread(image_path)
# Convert the image to grayscale (contours work best on binary images)
gray = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
# Apply thresholding (you can use other techniques like Sobel edges)
_, binary_image = cv2.threshold(gray, 127, 255, cv2.THRESH_BINARY)
contours, _ = cv2.findContours(binary_image, cv2.RETR_EXTERNAL, cv2.CHAIN_APPROX_SIMPLE)
# Draw all contours on the original image
cv2.drawContours(image, contours, -1, (0, 255, 0), 3)
# Display the result
cv2.imshow('Contours', image)
cv2.waitKey(0)
cv2.destroyAllWindows()
```

## In [\*]:

```
#12th
import cv2
# Load the pre-trained Haar Cascade classifier for face detection
face_cascade = cv2.CascadeClassifier(cv2.data.haarcascades + 'haarcascade_frontalface_default.xml')
eye_cascade = cv2.CascadeClassifier(cv2.data.haarcascades + 'haarcascade_eye.xml')
# Read the input image (replace 'your_image.jpg' with the actual image path)
image_path = "C:\\Users\CSELAB2\Desktop\pictures\9.jpeg"
image = cv2.imread(image_path)
# Convert the image to grayscale
gray = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
# Detect faces in the image
faces = face_cascade.detectMultiScale(gray, scaleFactor=1.3, minNeighbors=5)
# Draw rectangles around detected faces
for (x, y, w, h) in faces:
   cv2.rectangle(image, (x, y), (x + w, y + h), (255, 0, 0), 2)
# Save or display the result
cv2.imwrite('detected_faces.jpg', image) # Save the result
cv2.imshow('Detected Faces', image) # Display the result
cv2.waitKey(0)
cv2.destroyAllWindows()
```

## In [ ]: