



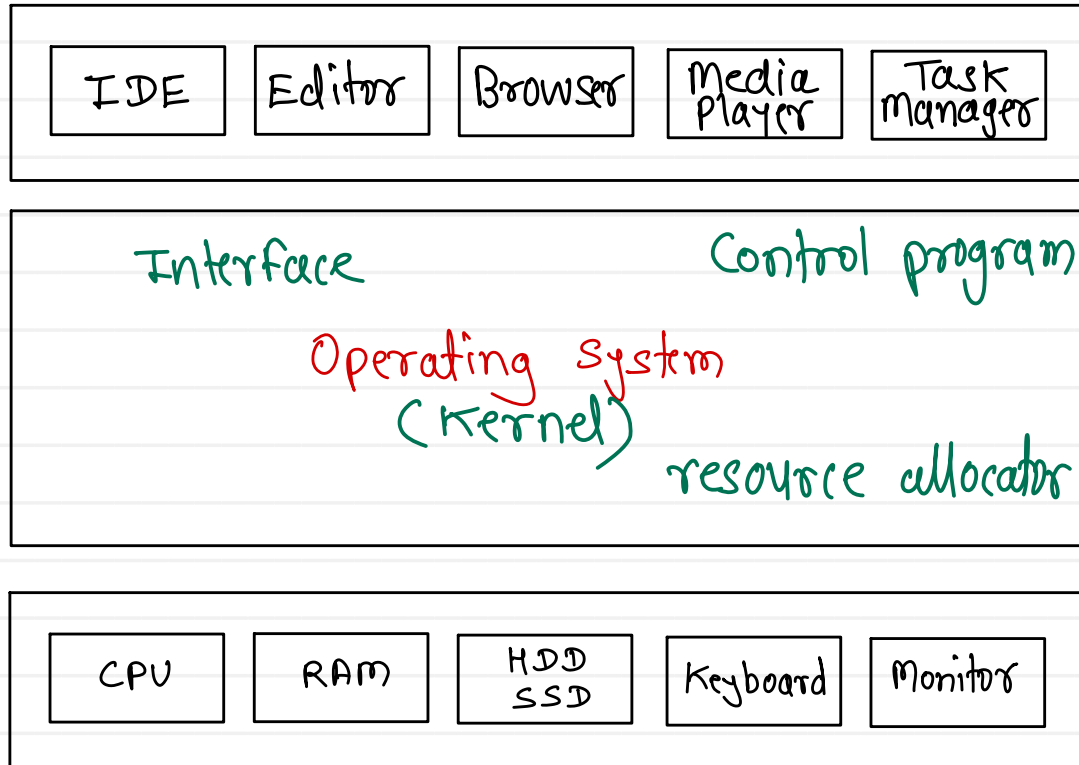
**Sunbeam Institute of Information Technology**  
**Pune and Karad**

## **Module - Embedded Operating System**

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End User



- an interface bet<sup>n</sup> end user and hardware

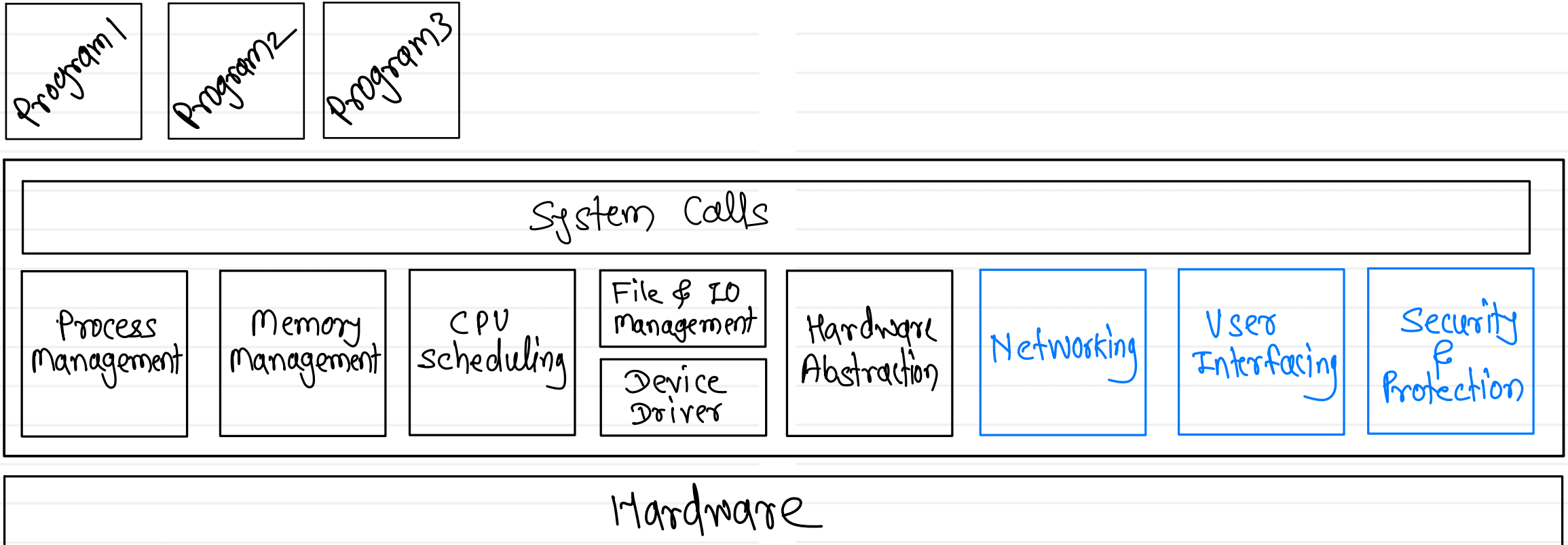
- an interface bet<sup>n</sup> user applications and hardware

- a control program which controls execution of user programs running into system.

- a resource manager/allocator which manages limited h/w resources.

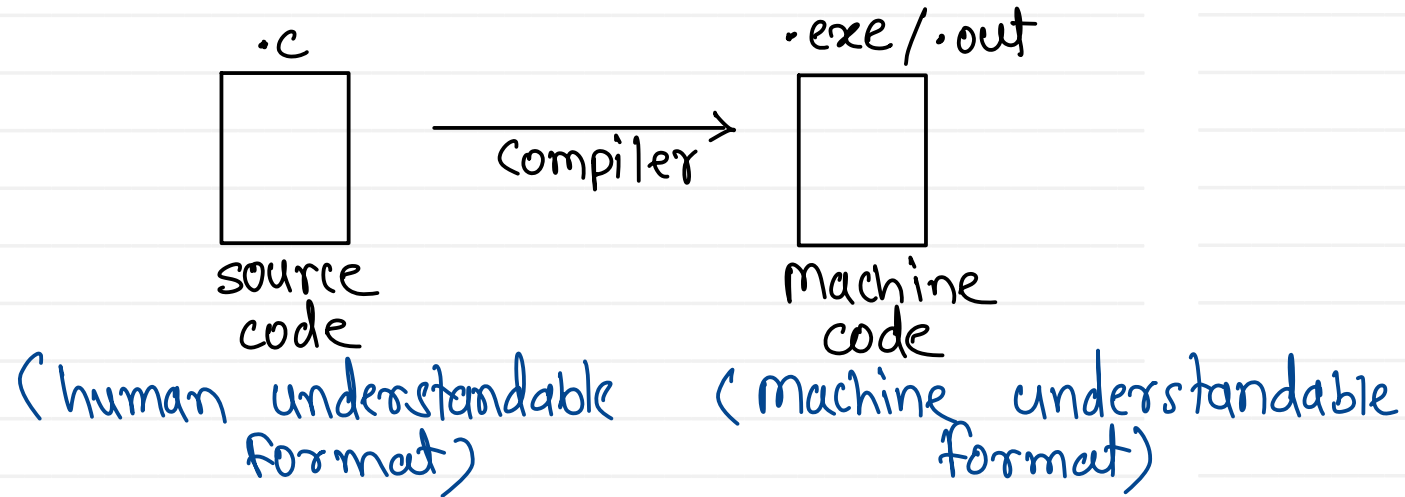
CD/DVD/ISO - code OS + User Appl<sup>n</sup> + System Utilities (kernel)

# Functions of operating system



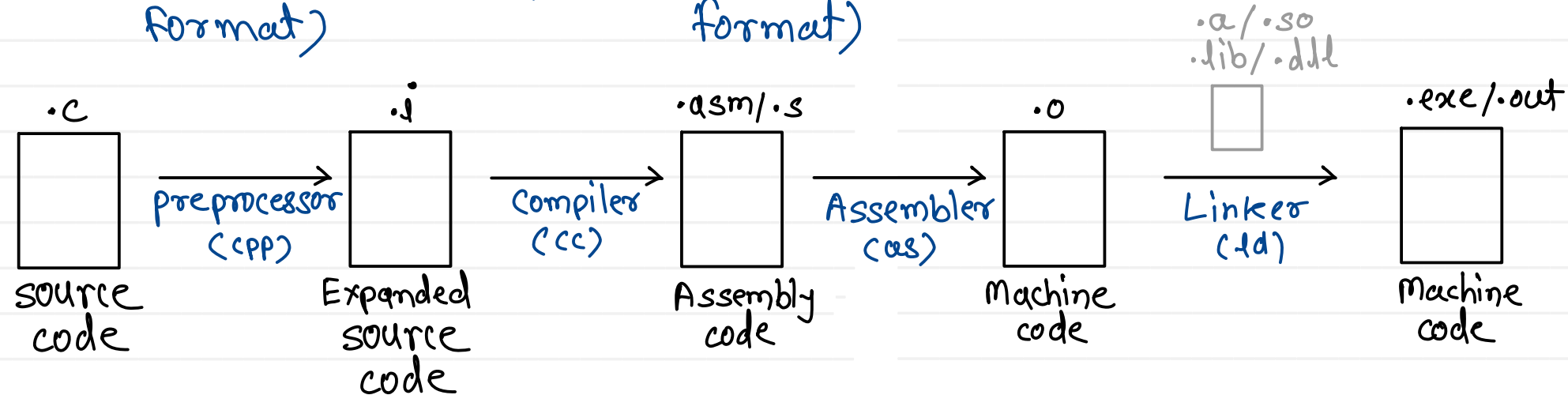
Process - program in execution

Program - set of instructions given to machine (CPU)



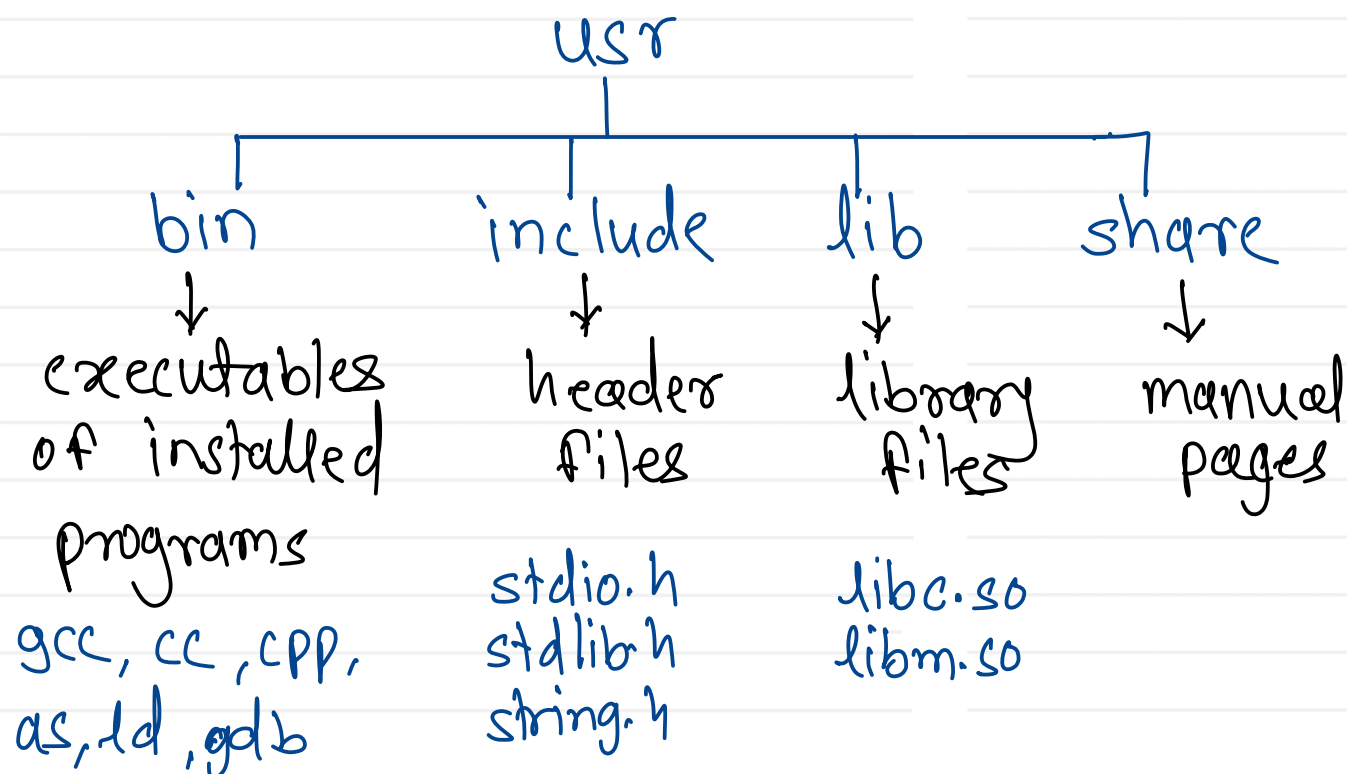
Toolchain : GCC ← frontend of all the tools

preprocessor	: cpp
compiler	: cc
Assembler	: as
Linker	: ld
Debugger	: gdb



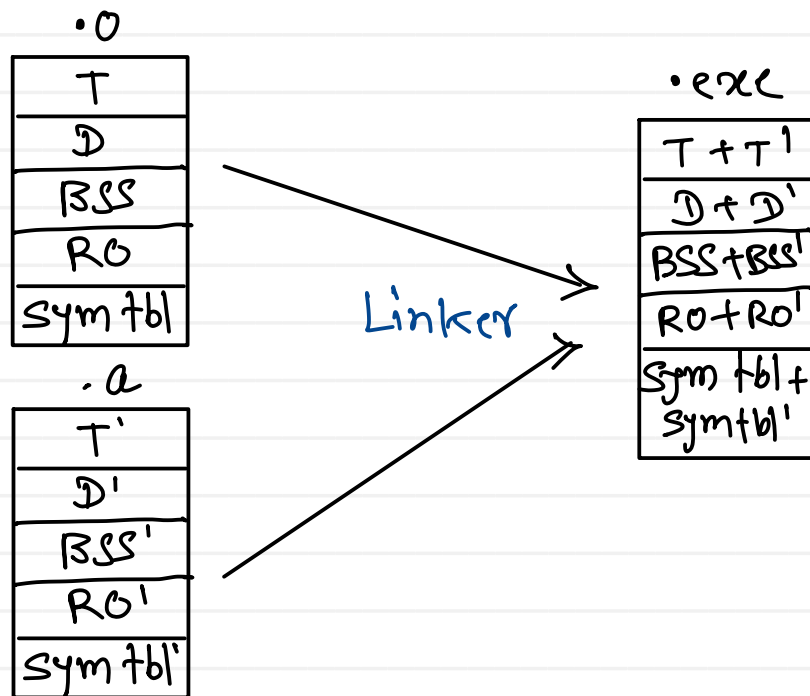
sudo apt-get install gcc

- all user installed programs are kept into usr director



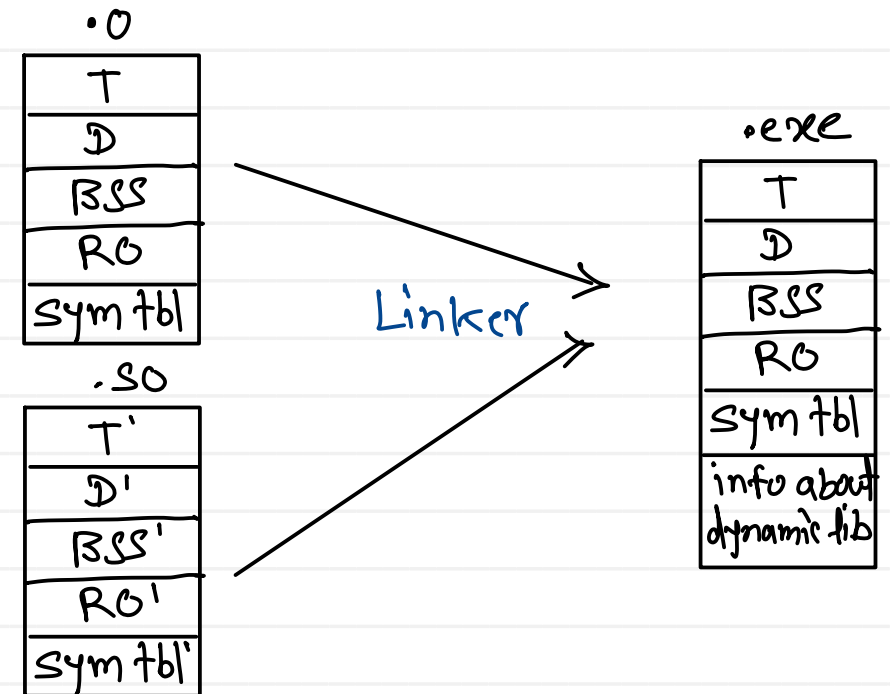
## Static linking

- static libraries are added into executable file



## Dynamic linking

- info about dynamic libraries is added into executable file



# Program

(Hard disk)

• .exe / .out

Executable Header
Text
Data
BSS
ro data
Symbol table

magic number (2 or 4 bytes) (identity to file format)

windows : .exe → Portable Executable (PE) → MZ  
 Linux : .out → Executable Linking Format (ELF) → ZELF  
 type of program → (CLI / GUI / Library)  
 info about remaining sections (start, end, size)  
 address of entry point function (main)

← instructions of program in machine code format

← static & global variable (initialized)

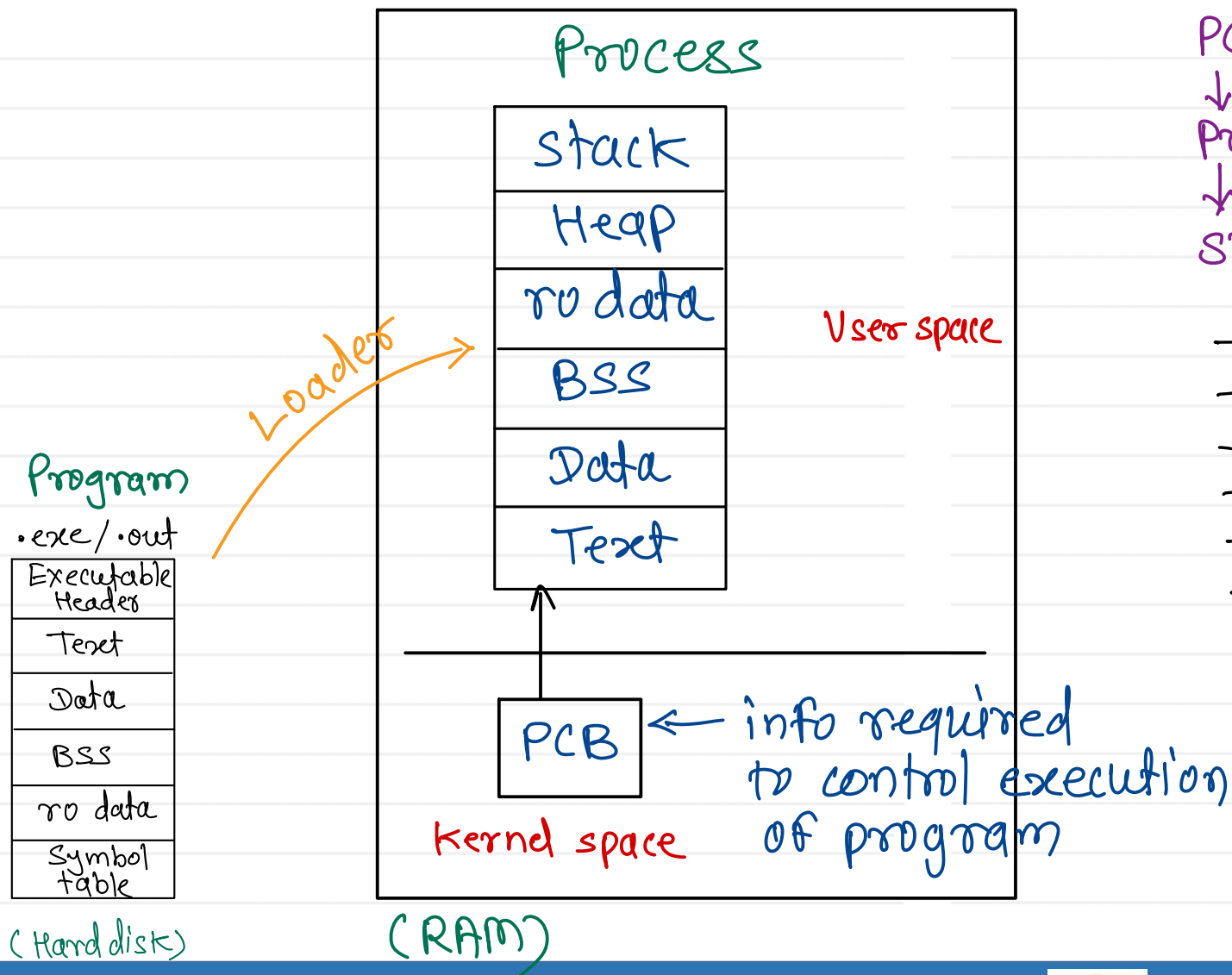
← static & global variable (uninitialized)

← read only data (string constants)

← info about symbols → functions (return type, name, address, no. of args, type of args)  
 ↓  
 variables (name, address, type, section, initial value)

(Executable file)

(sectioned binary)



PCB (Process Control block)

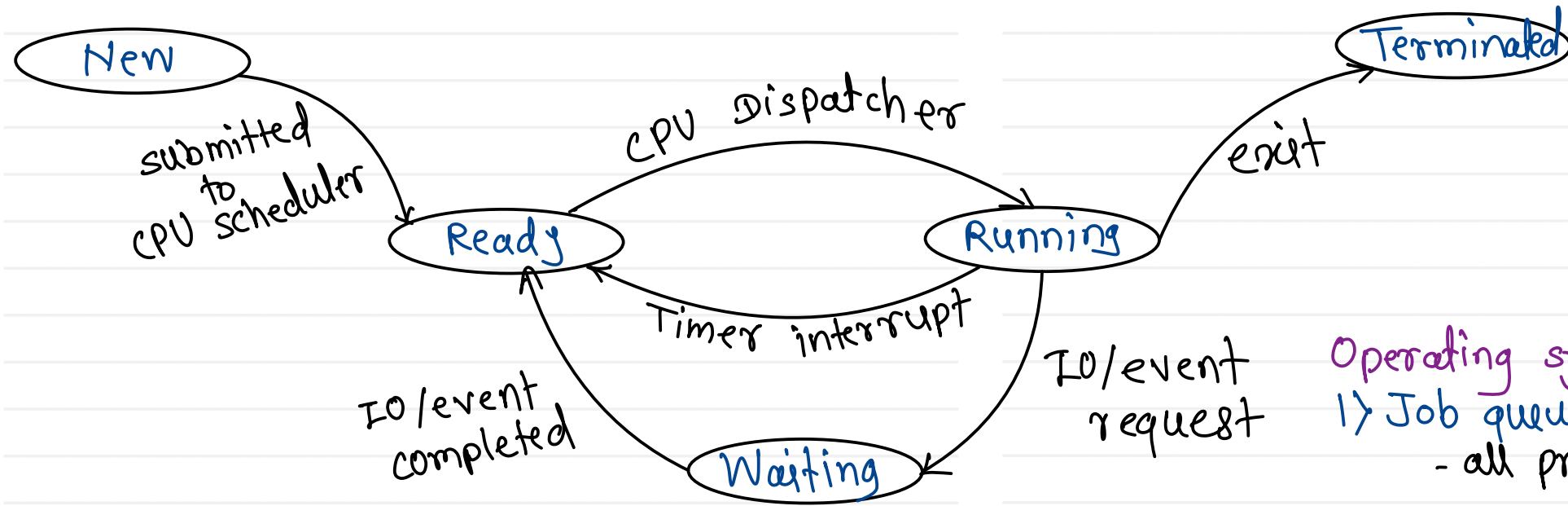
↓  
Process descriptor

↓  
struct task\_struct (sched.h)

- pid, ppid
- exit status
- CPU sched info (state, pri, algo....)
- mem info (limit/base, segment/page tbl)
- files info (opened file .....
- IPC info (signals.....)
- execution context
- kernel stack



# Process life cycle



Operating system data structures:

1) Job queue/process list:  
- all process of system

2) Ready queue:  
- processes which are ready to execute on CPU

3) Waiting queues:  
- processes waiting for IO/event to occur  
- waiting queues will be multiple



Thank you!!!

Devendra Dhande

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