



## Experiment 2

**Student Name:** Harsh Kumar

**UID:** 22BCS15754

**Branch:** BE-CSE

**Section/Group:** FL\_IOT\_603'B

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**Subject Code:** 22CSH-311

1. **Aim:** Write a code to implement power function in  $O(\log n)$  time complexity
2. **Objective:** To implement power function in  $O(\log n)$  time complexity.
3. **Algorithm**

**Start.**

**Input:** Prompt the user to enter the base and the exponent.

**Read:** Read the base value.

**Read:** Read the exponent value.

**Calculate Power:** Call `calculatePower(base, exponent)`.

- **Base Case:**
  - If `exponent == 0`, return 1.
- **Recursive Case:**
  - Compute `halfPower = calculatePower(base, exponent/2)`.
- **Even Case:**
  - If `exponent % 2 == 0`, return `halfPower * halfPower`.
- **Odd Case:**
  - If `exponent % 2 != 0`, return `base * halfPower * halfPower`.

**Output:** Display the result of `calculatePower(base, exponent)`.

**End.**

## 4. Implementation/Code:

```
#include <iostream>

using namespace std;
```

```
int calculatePower(int base, int exponent) {  
    if (exponent == 0)  
        return 1;  
    int halfPower = calculatePower(base, exponent / 2);  
    if (exponent % 2 == 0)  
        return halfPower * halfPower;  
    else  
        return base * halfPower * halfPower; }  
  
int main() {  
    int base, exponent;  
    cout << "Enter base: ";  
    cin >> base;  
    cout << "Enter exponent: ";  
    cin >> exponent;  
    cout << "Power(" << base << ", " << exponent << ") = " <<  
    calculatePower(base, exponent) << endl;  
    return 0;  
}
```

## 5. Output

```
Enter base: 3  
Enter exponent: 10  
Power(3, 10) = 59049
```

```
=== Code Execution Successful ===|
```

## 6. Time Complexity

The time complexity is  $O(\log n)$ .

## 7. Learning Outcome:

- 1) Learnt how to compute large powers efficiently, improving from a  $O(n)$  approach to  $O(\log n)$ .
- 2) 2) Learnt implementing recursive algorithms.