

Sample Paper-03 (unsolved) Mathematics Class – XI

Time allowed: 3 hours Maximum Marks: 100

General Instructions:

- a) All questions are compulsory.
- b) The question paper consists of 26 questions divided into three sections A, B and C. Section A comprises of 6 questions of one mark each, Section B comprises of 13 questions of four marks each and Section C comprises of 7 questions of six marks each.
- c) All questions in Section A are to be answered in one word, one sentence or as per the exact requirement of the question.
- d) Use of calculators is not permitted.

Section A

- Write the condition for which ${}^{n}C_{r}$ is greatest when n is even
- **2.** Write the coordinates of the end points of the diameter of the circle represented by the equation $x^2 + y^2 + 2gx = 0$
- 3. Write down the length of the latus rectum of a parabola represented by the equation $y^2 = 4ax$
- **4**. Write down the coordinates of the centroid of the triangle with vertices (a_1, a_2, a_3) , (b_1, b_2, b_3) , (c_1, c_2, c_3)
- 5. Write the domain and range of the function $\sin^{-1} x$
- 6. How many 4 digits numbers can be formed with the digits 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 that are divisible by 4.

Section B

- 7. Find all values of *a* for which the roots of the quadratic equation $(a-3)x^2 2ax + 5a = 0$ are real and positive
- **8**. Find the index *n* of the binomial in the expansion of $\left(\frac{x}{7} + \frac{2}{7}\right)^n$ if the 9th term of it has the greatest coefficient.
- 9. Solve the inequality |x+1|+|x-4| > 7
- **10**. In a triangle ABC m points are taken on side AB n points are taken on side BC and k points are taken on side AC. But no points taken are at the vertices A, B, C. Find how many triangles can be formed with those points taken as vertices.
- **11**. Find the domain of the function $f(x) = \sqrt{x(3-x)} \log(x-1)$
- 12. Prove that $\frac{\sin \theta + \cos \theta}{\cos^3 \theta} = \frac{1 \tan^4 \theta}{1 \tan \theta}$



- **13**. Find the limit $\lim_{x\to 0} x \cot 3x$
- **14.** Solve $\sin 5\theta \cos 3\theta = \sin 6\theta \cos 2\theta$
- **15**. Find $f \circ g(x)$ and $g \circ f(x)$ if $f(x) = 2^x$ and $g(x) = x^2$
- **16**. Prove that the x-intercept and y intercept made by the circle $x^2 + y^2 + 2gx + 2fy + c = 0$ is $2\sqrt{g^2 c}$ and $2\sqrt{f^2 c}$ respectively
- 17. Prove that $\sin^{-1} x + \cos^{-1} x = \frac{\pi}{2}$
- **18.** Prove by mathematical induction that $10^{2n} 1$ is divisible by 11 for all positive integer values of n
- **19**. If P(A') = 0.4; $P(A \cup B) = 0.7$ and A & B are independent events find the value of P(B)

Section C

- **20**. An AP is such that when third term is subtracted from the sum of second and fifth term is 10 and the sum of second and ninth term is 17. Find the AP
- 21. A bag contains 5 white balls and 8 red balls. Two drawings are made successively containing 3 balls each. Balls are not replaced after the first trial... Find the probability that the first drawing will give 3 white and the second drawing will give 3 red balls.
- **22.** How many diagonals are there in a polygon of *n* sides.
- **23.** Differentiate $x^2 \cos x$ from the first principle with respect to x
- **24.** Find the sum of *n* terms of the series $1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + \dots + n^2$
- **25.** Prove that the equation $x^2 3y^2 2x + 18y 35 = 0$ represents a hyperbola and find its foci and directrix
- **26.** Calculate the mean deviation from the mean for the following data 6,20,8,4,12,13,10,7,6