



Programme: B. Tech in CSE (Specialization)

Course Code and Title: CSE2002 - Data Structures
and Algorithms

Assignment – 1

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MODULE - I

PROGRAM - I Sequential Search

```
#include <stdio.h>
int Sequential search (int [], int, int);
main ()
{
    printf (" Program for sequential Search using
    lenut force Approach \n");
    printf (" Author : Harsh Raj \n");
    printf (" Experiment Date : 31- 01- 2022 \n");
    printf (" Submission date : 24- 03- 2022 \n");
}
```



```

int A[50], key, n, i, pos;
Printf ("Enter the array size : ");
Scanf ("%d", &n);
Printf ("Enter the array elements : (%d)", n);
for (i = 0; i <= n - 1; i++)
{
    Printf ("Enter the %d element : ", i + 1);
    Scanf ("%d", &A[i]);
}
    
```

```

Printf ("Enter the key to be searched : ");
Scanf ("%d", &key);
pos = sequential search (A, key, n);
if (pos >= 0 & pos <= n - 1)
{
    Printf ("The key is found in array at location %d.", pos + 1);
}
else
    
```

```

Printf ("The key is not found in array");
    
```

```

int sequential search (int A[], int key, int n)
{
```

```

    int i = 0;
    while (i < n && A[i] != key)
    {
        i = i + 1;
    }
}
```

PROGRAM - 2Factorial Recursion

```
# include <stdio.h>
```

```
int factorial (int);
```

```
main()
```

```
{
```

Printf ("program for factorial of a non-negative integer with recursive function \n");

printf ("Submitted : Harsh Raj \n");

printf ("Experiment date : 02-02-2022 ");

printf ("Submission date : 27-03-2022 \n");

```
int num, fact;
```

printf ("Enter the number ");

scanf ("%d", &num);

fact = factorial (num);

printf ("\n The factorial of %d is %d, num

```
int factorial (int n) {
```

if (n <= 0)

if (n == 0)

return 1;

else

return n * factorial (n-1);

PROGRAM - 3

Factorial Non Rec. C

```
# include < stdio.h >
```

```
int Non Rec factorial (int);
```

```
main ()
```

```
{
```

Print f (" program for factorial of a non-negative integer with Non Recursive function \n");

```
Print f (" submitted by : Harsh Raj \n");
```

```
Print f (" Experiment date : 02 - 02 - 2022 \n");
```

```
Print f (" Submission date : 27 - 03 - 2022 \n \n");
```

```
int num, fact;
```

```
print f (" Enter the number : ");
```

```
Scanf ("% d ", & num);
```

```
fact = Non Rec factorial (num);
```

```
Print f ("\n The factorial of % d is % d \n", num, fact);
```

```
int Non Rec factorial (int n)
```

```
{
```

```
int i, fact = 1;
```

```
for (i = 1; i <= n; i++)
```

```
{ fact = fact * i ; }
```

```
return fact;
```

```
}
```

PROGRAM-4 Tower of Hanoi

```
#include <stdio.h>
Void Tower-of-Hanoi (int, char, char, char);
int pow (int, int);

main ()
{
    int n; // number of disks
    Print f ("program to find moves for ToH puzzle");
    print f ("submitted by: Harsh Raj Rn");
    Print f ("Experiment date: 10-02-2022 \n");
    Print f ("Enter the number of disks:");
    Scan f ("%d", &n); // input for no disks
    Tower-of-Hanoi (n, 'S', 'A', 'D');
    Print f ("Total no. of disks moves = %d", pow(2, n));
}

// This function prints the required moves of disks
Void Tower-of-Hanoi (int n, char s, char A, char D)
{
    if (n == 1)
    {
        Print f ("Move disk from %c to %c \n", s, D);
        return;
    }
    Else
    {
        Tower-of-Hanoi (n-1, S, D, A);
        Print f ("Move disk from %c to %c \n", S, D);
    }
}
```

```
int pow ( int x, int y )
```

```
{
```

```
    int res = 1;
```

```
    for ( int i = 1; i <= y; i++ )
```

```
        res = res * x;
```

```
    return res;
```

```
}
```

5. Bin Non Rec.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int Non Bin Rec ( int );
```

```
main ( )
```

```
{
```

Printf ("Program to determine no. of bits to represent a given decimal no. in binary from using Non Bin Rec(n)");

```
printf ("Author : Dr. Paras Jain \n");
```

```
printf ("Author : Dr. Paras Jain \n");
```

```
printf ("Experiment date : 04-02-2022 \n");
```

```
printf ("Submission date : 27-02-2022 \n");
```

```
int n, bits;
```

```
printf ("Enter the decimal number : ");
```

```
scanf ("%d", &n);
```

bits = Non Bin Rec (n);
printf ("%d bits are required to represent
the decimal number %d in binary form,
bits, n);

int Non Bin Rec (int n)

}

int count = 0;

while (n > 0)

{

count = count + 1;

n = n/2

Print f ("\\n% d bits required to represent decimal
no. % d in binary form", bits, n);

int BinRec (int n)

{

if (n == 1 || n == 0)

{

return 1;

}

7. PROGRAM - T Rec Max Element

#include <stdio.h>

int RecMaxElement (int [], int);

int Max (int, int);

Main()

{

Print f ("program to find largest Element \\n");

Print f ("Submitted by: Harsh Raj \\n");

Print f ("Experiment date: 04-02-2022 \\n");

Print f ("submission date: 24-03-2022 \\n");

int A[50], n, i, maxval;

Print f ("Enter the Array Size : ");

scanf ("%d", &n)

Print f ("Enter the Array elements : ");

for (i = 0; i <= n - 1; i++)

{

Print f ("Enter the element number % d : ", i + 1);

```
    } Scanf ("%d", &A[i]);
```

```
} Print f ("\n The elements entered for Array : /n");
```

```
Print f ("[");
```

```
{ for (i = 0; i <= n - 1; i++)
```

```
} Print f ("%d", A[i]);
```

```
} Print f (" ]")
```

```
Maxval = Rec Max Element (A, n);
```

```
Print f ("\n\n The largest element in Array is %d  
maxval);
```

The function Rec Max Element finds largest element in a given input Array of n size by Recursion

```
int Rec Max Element (int A[], int n)
```

```
{
```

```
if (n == 1)
```

```
{
```

```
return A[0];
```

```
}
```

```
else
```

```
{
```

```
return max (Rec Max Element (A, n - 1), A[n - 1]);
```

8. PROGRAM - 8 (Max Element)

```
# include <stdio.h>
```

```
int Max Element (int[], int);
```

```
main()
```

```
{
```

```
Print f ("Program to find largest element in array \n");
```

```
Print f ("Project by : Harsh Raj \n");
```

```
Print f ("Experiment date : 04-02-2022");
```

```
Print f ("Submission date : 27-03-2022");
```

```
int A[50], n, i, maxval;
```

```
Print f ("Enter the Array size");
```

```
Scan f ("%d", &n);
```

```
Print f ("Enter Array Elements : \n");
```

```
for (i=0; i<=n-1; i++)
```

```
{
```

```
Print f ("Enter the element number %d; ", i+1);
```

```
Print f ("\n The elements entered for the array  
are \n");
```

```
Print f ("[");
```

```
for (i=0, i<=n-1; i++)
```

```
{
```

```
Print f ("%d", A[i]);
```

```
}
```

```
Print f ("]");
```

```
Max val = Max Element (A, n);
```

```
Print f ("\n\n The largest element in Array %d", max  
val);
```

```

int Max Element (int A[], int n)
{
    int maxval, i;
    maxval = A[0];
    for (i = 1; i <= n - 1; i++)
    {
        if [A[i]] > maxval
            maxval = A[i];
    }
    return maxval;
}

```

9. PROGRAM-9 Unique Element-C

```

#include <stdio.h>
int Unique Elements (int C[], int);
main()
{
    int f("Program to find if elements are unique\n");
    Print f("Submitted by : Harsh Raj\n");
    Print f("Experiment date : 04 -02 - 2022\n");
    int A[50], n, i, flag;
}

```

Print f("Enter the Array Size : ");
 Scan f("%d", &n);
 Print f("\nEnter the array elements : ");

```
for (i=0; i<n-1; i++)
```

```
    Print f ("Enter the element no. %d", i+1);
```

```
    Scan f ("%d", &A[i]);
```

```
Print f ("\n The elements entered in the array are : \n");
```

```
Point f ("[");
```

```
for (i=0; i<n-1; i++)
```

```
    Point f ("%d", A[i]);
```

```
}
```

```
Point f ("]\n")
```

```
flag = Unique Element (A, n);
```

```
if (flag == 1)
```

```
    Print f (" \n The elements in array are unique ");
```

```
else
```

```
    Print f (" \n The elements in array aren't unique ");
```

```
int Unique Elements (int A[], int n)
```

```
int i, j;
```

```
for (i=0; i<n-2; i++)
```

```
    for (j=0; j<=n-1; j++)
```

```
        if (A[i] == A[j])
```

```
            return 0;
```

```
return 1;
```

10. PROGRAM-10 Matrix Mul.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
void MatrixMul (int [ ] [20] ; int [ ] [20] , int );
void printArray (int A [ ] [20] , int n);

main()
{
    int A [20] [20] , B [20] [20] , n , i , j ;
    printf ("program for multiplication of 2 matrices\n");
    printf ("Submitted by: Harsh Raj\n");
    printf ("Experiment date : 04-02-2022");
    printf ("Submission date : 07-03-2022");
    printf ("-----");
    printf ("\n Enter the Matrix dimension : ");
    scanf ("%d" , &n);
    for (i=0; i<=n; i++)
    {
        for (j=0; j<=n-1; j++)
        {
            printf ("Enter the input for A [%d][%d] : " , i , j);
            scanf ("%d" , &A[i][j]);
        }
    }
    printf ("\n");
    printf ("The input matrix A of %d * %d is \n" , n , n);
    printArray (A , n);
    printf ("\n");
    printf ("The input Matrix B of %d * %d is \n" , n , n);
}
```

```

    point Array (B, n);
    Point f ("\\n");
    Matrix Mul (A, B, n);
}
    
```

// This function computes multiplication of input matrix A & B

```
void Matrix Mul (int A[20][20], int B[20][20], int n)
```

```
int ( [20][20], i, j, k;
```

```
for (i=0; i<=n-1; i++)
    {
```

```
    for (j=0; j<=n-1; j++)
        {
```

```
        C[i][j] = 0;
```

```
        for (k=0; k<=n-1; k++)
            {
```

```
                C[i][j] = C[i][j] + A[i][k] * B[k][j];
            }
        }
```

```
Point f ("The output C=A*B is as follows:\\n")
```

```
point Array (C, n);
```

// This function prints element in Matrix

```
void point Array (int A[20][20], int n)
```

```
int i, j;
```

```
for (i=0; i<=n-1; i++)
    {
```

```
        for (j=0; j<=n-1; j++)
            {
```

Point f ("%d", A[i][j]);

Point f (" ");

MODULE - 2

* PROGRAM - 7 Selection in C

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
Void selection - sort (int A[], int n);
```

```
Void print Array (int A[], int n);
```

```
main ()
```

```
{
```

```
int n, A[20], i;
```

Printf(" program for sorting an array using Descente form
based Selection Sort \n");

```
printf(" Submitted by : Harsh Raj \n");
```

```
printf(" Experiment date : 14-02-2022 \n");
```

```
printf("\n Enter the array size : ");
```

```
scanf ("%d", &n);
```

```
for (i=0; i<=n-1; i++)
```

```
{
```

```
printf (" Enter the element number %d : ", i+1);
```

```
scanf ("%d", &A[i]);
```

```
Print f("\n The array before sorting is : [");
```

```
Print Array (A, n);
```

```
Print f ("] \n \n")
```

Selection - sort (A, n);

Print f ("The array after sorting is : [");

Print Array (A) n);

Print f ("] \n \n ");

// This function prints the elements of an array

Void print Array (int A [] , int n)

{

int q ;

for (i = 0 ; i < = n - 1 ; i ++)

 printf ("% . d " , A [i])

 Print f (" ");

}

PROGRAM - 2 Bubble.c

include < stdio . h >

Void Bubble - sort (int A [] , int n);

Void Print Array (int A [] , int n);

main ()

{

int A [20] , n , i ;

Print f (" program for sorting an array using
brute force based bubble sort ");

Print f (" Author : Harsh Raj " \n);

Print f (" Experiment date : 14-02-2022 \n ");

Print f (" Submission date : 24-03-2022 \n \n ");

Print f (" - - - - - - - - - - - ");

```
Printf("Enter Array size : ", &n);
scanf("%d", &n);
printf("\n");
for (i=0; i<=n-1; i++)
{
    printf("Enter the element no.%d : ", i+1);
    scanf("%d", &A[i]);
}
printf("\n The array before sorting is : [ ");
printf("Array (A, n)");
printf("]\n\n");
```

Bubble - sort (A, n);

```
printf("The array after sorting is : [ ");
print Array (A, n);
printf("]\n\n");
```

// This function sorts elements in ascending order.

Void Bubble - sort (int A[], int n)

{ int i, j, temp;

for (i=0; i<=n-2;)

for (j=0; j<=n-2-i; j++)

{ if (A[j+1] < A[j])

temp = A[j];

A[j] = A[j+1];

A[j+1] = temp;

// This function prints the elements in an array.

```
void print Array (int A[], int n);
```

```
{ int i;
```

```
for (i = 0; i <= n - 1; i++)
```

```
{
```

```
printf ("%d", A[i]);
```

```
printf (" ");
```

```
}
```

3. PROGRAM - 3 Insertion.c

```
#include < stdio.h >
```

```
void insertionSort (int A[], int n)
```

```
void print Array (int A[], int n);
```

```
main ()
```

```
{
```

```
int A[20], n, i;
```

printf (" program for sorting an array using brute force based insertion sort \n");

```
printf (" Author : Harsh Raj \n");
```

```
printf (" Submission date : 27-03-2022 \n\n");
```

```
printf ("-----\n");
```

```
printf ("\n Enter the array size : ");
```

```
scanf ("%d", &n);
```

```
printf ("\n");
```

```
for (i = 0; i <= n - 1; i++)
```

```

} {
  Print f ("Enter the element no.%d : ", i+1);
  Scan f ("%d ", & A[i]);
}
Print f ("The array before sorting is : [");
Print * (Array (A, n));
Print f ("] \n \n");
  
```

insertion - sort (int A, n);

```

Print f ("The array after sorting is : [");
Print Array (A, n);
Print f ("] \n \n");
  
```

Void insertion - sort (int A[], int n)

```

int key, j, i;
for (j = 0; j <= n - 1; j++)
  
```

```

    key = A[j];
    i = j - 1;
  
```

// Insert A[j] in sorted sequence [A[0...j-1]

```

    while (i >= 0 && A[i] > key)
      
```

```

        A[i+1] = A[i];
        i = i - 1;
      
```

```

    A[i+1] = key;
  
```

* PROGRAM-4 Mergesort.c

```

#include <stdio.h>
void Mergesort (int A[], int n);
void Merge (int B[], int m, int A[], int p, int q);
void print Array (int A[], int n);

main()
{
    int A[20], n, i;
    printf ("Program to sort an array using divide and conquer based merge sort \n");
    printf ("Author: Harsh Raj");
    printf ("Experiment date: 19-02-2022\n");
    printf ("Submission date: 27-03-2022 \n");
    printf ("\nEnter the array size");
    scanf ("%d", &n);
    printf ("\n");
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        printf ("Enter the element no. %d of: ", i + 1);
        scanf ("%d", &A[i]);
    }
    printf ("The Array before sorting is: [");
    print Array (A, n);
    printf ("]\n\n");
    Mergesort (A, n);
    printf ("The array after sorting is: [");
}

```

```

    } Print Array (A, n);
    Print f ("]\n\n")
}
    
```

// This function sorts the elements of array in ascending order

```

Void Merge Sort (int A[], int n)
{
}
    
```

```

    int s, i, j = 0, k, B[2n], C[10], p, q;
}
    
```

```

    if (n > 1)
}
    
```

```

        for (i = 0; i < = n/2 - 1; i++)
    }
    
```

```

        B[i] = A[i];
    }
    
```

```

    P = i;
}
    
```

```

        for (k = n/2; k < = n - 1; k++)
    }
    
```

```

        C[j] = A[k];
    }
    
```

```

        j++;
    }
    
```

```

        q = j;
}
    
```

```

        Merge Sort (B, p);
}
    
```

```

        Merge Sort (C, q);
}
    
```

```

        Merge (B, C, A, P, Q);
}
    
```

// This function merges two sorted arrays

```

Void Merge (int B[], int r, int A[], int p, int q)
{
}
    
```

```

    int i = 0, j = 0, k = 0, int 1, int 2;
}
    
```

while ($i < p \& j < q$)

{ if ($B[i] \leq C[j]$)

{ } A[k] = B[i];

{} i = i + 1;

else

{ A[k] = C[j];

{} j = j + 1;

{} k = k + 1;

{} ind2 = k;

{} if ($i = p$)

{}

for (ind1 = j; ind1 < q - 1; ind1++)

A[ind2] = C[ind1];

{} ind2 = ind2 + 1;

{} else

{}

for (ind1 = i; ind1 <= p - 1; ind1++)

A[ind2] = B[ind1];

{} ind2 = ind2 + 1;

* PROGRAMS

Quicksort - C

```
## include <stdio.h>
void Quicksort (int A[], int p, int r);
int position (int A[], int p, int r);
void exchange (int *x, int *y);
void print Array (int A[], int n);
```

main()

{

int A[20], n, i;

Print f ("program for sorting an array using
and conquer Quicksort \n");

Print f ("Author : Harsh Raj");

Print f ("Experiment date : 19-02-2022\n");

Print f ("Submission date: 27-03-2022\n");

Print f ("Enter the array size: ");

Scan f ("%d", &n);

Print f ("\n");

for (i = 0; i <= n - 1, i++)

{

Print f ("Enter element no. %d : ", i + 1);

Scan f ("%d" & A[i]);

Print f ("The Array before sorting is : [");

Print Array (A, n);

Print f ("] \n");

}

// This function sort the elements in ascending order

```
void Quick sort (int A[], int p, int r)
```

```
{
```

```
    int x = A[r];
```

```
    int i, j;
```

```
    i = p - 1;
```

```
    for (j = p; j <= r - 1; j++)
```

```
        if (A[j] <= x)
```

```
            i = i + 1
```

```
            exchange (&A[i], &A[j]);
```

```
    exchange (&A[i + 1], &A[r]);
```

```
    return i + 1;
```

```
// This function exchanges the given 2 values  
// using call by reference
```

```
void exchange (int *x, int *y)
```

```
{
```

```
    int temp;
```

```
    temp = *x;
```

```
*x = *y;
```

```
*y = temp;
```

* PROGRAM - 6 Rec Bin search C

```
# include <stdio.h>
```

```
int Rec_Bin_search (int A[], int Data, int low, int high);
```

```
Void print Array (int A[], int n);
```

```
main()
```

```
{
```

```
int [20], n, i, Data, index;
```

```
Print f ("program for searching a key in an  
array using Recursive binary search\n");
```

```
Print f ("Author : Harsh Raj\n");
```

```
Print f ("Enter the no. of elements: ");
```

```
Scan f ("% d", &n);
```

```
Print f ("Enter the elements in ascending order:\n");
```

```
for (i=0 ; i<=n-1 ; i++)
```

```
{
```

```
Scan f ("% d", &A[i]);
```

```
}
```

```
Print f ("\nEnter the element to be searched:");
```

```
Scan f ("% d", &Data);
```

```
Print f ("The given array is :\n");
```

```
Print Array (A, n);
```

```
Print f ("\n");
```

```
Index = Rec_BinSearch (A, Data, 0, n-1);
```

```
if index >= 0)
```

```
{
```

```
Print f ("\n Data found at location % d", index);
```

```
else
```

}

Print f ("Data not found \n");

}

```

int Rec Bin search (int A[], int Data, int low, int high)
{
    int mid;
    while (low <= high)
    {
        mid = (low + high) / 2;
        if (A[mid] == Data)
            return mid;
        else if (A[mid] < Data)
            return Rec Bin search (A, Data, mid + 1, high);
        else
            return Rec Bin search (A, Data, low, mid - 1);
    }
    return -1;
}

```

// This function prints an Array

void print Array (int A[], int n)

{ int i;

```

for (i=0; i<=n-1; i++)
{
    printf ("%d", A[i]);
    printf (" ");
}

```

* PROGRAM-7 Bin Search.c

```

#include <stdio.h>
int Bin search (int A[], int data, int low, int high);
void print Array (int A[], int n)
main ()
{
    int A [20], n, i, Data, index;
    printf ("Program for searching a key in an array
            using non-Recurring binary search \n");
    printf ("Author: Harsh Raj");
    printf ("Experiment date: 23-02-2022");
    printf ("Submission date: 27-03-2022\n\n");

    printf ("Enter the no.of elements: ");
    scanf ("%d", &n);
    printf ("Enter array elements in ascending order");
    for (i=0; i<=n-1; i++)
    {
        scanf ("%d", &A[i]);
    }
    printf ("\nEnter the element to be searched: ");

```

```
scanf ("%d", &data);
```

Point f ("\\n The given array is : [");

Point Array (A, n);

Point f ("] \\n ");

```
index = Bin search (A, Data, 0, n-1);
```

if (index >= 0)

{

Point f ("\n Data found at location %d ", index);

}

else

{

Point f ("Data not found \n");

}

}

// function prints elements in an array.

```
void print Array (int A[], int n)
```

{

int i;

```
for (i = 0; i <= n - 1; i++)
```

{

Point f ("%d ", A[i])

Point f (" ");

{

```
int Bin search (int A[], int Data, int low, int high)
```

{

```
int mid;
```

```
while (low <= high)
```

```
{
```

```
    mid = (low + high) / 2;
```

```
    if (A[mid] == Data)
```

```
{
```

```
    return mid;
```

```
}
```

```
else if (Data < A[mid]) {
```

```
    high = mid - 1;
```

```
}
```

```
else {
```

```
    low = mid + 1;
```

```
}
```

MODULE-3

1. Single Linked List.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <conio.h>
```

```
// creating structure for single linked list struct  
slink list.
```

{

```
int data
```

```
struct slink list * next
```

{};

```
// renaming slink list as node
```

```
typedef struct slink list node;
```

```
node * start = NULL;
```

```
int menu()
```

```
{
```

```
int ch
printf ("\n Create a list");
printf ("\n");
printf ("\n2. Insert a node at begining \n");
printf ("\n3. Insert a node at end ");
printf ("\n4. Insert a node at specified position");
printf ("\n");
printf ("\n5. Delete a node at beginning ");
printf ("\n6. Delete a node at last ");
printf ("\n7. Delete a node at specified position");
```

```
printf ("\n8. Traverse the list (left to right);  
printf ("\n9. Traverse the list (right to left);  
printf ("\n");  
printf ("\n10. Count nodes");  
printf ("\n11. Exit \n");  
printf ("\n\n Enter your choice : ");  
scanf ("%d") & ch;  
return ch;  
}
```

Function to get node dynamically

```
node * get node ()  
{
```

```
    node * newnode  
    newnode = (node *) malloc (size of (node));  
    printf ("\nEnter data: ");  
    scanf ("%d", & newnode → data);  
    newnode → next = NULL;  
    return newnode;  
}
```

// function to count the number of nodes in the linked list

```
int countnode (node * ptr)  
{
```

```
    int count = 0;  
    while (ptr != NULL)
```

```
        count ++;
```

} $\text{ptr} = \text{ptr} \rightarrow \text{next};$

} $\text{return } (\text{count});$

// function to create a single linked list with n nodes

void CreateList(int n)

{

int i;

node * newnode;

node * temp;

for (i=1; i<=n; i++)

{

newnode = getNode();

if (start == NULL)

{

start = new node;

}

else

{

temp = start;

while (temp \rightarrow next != NULL)

temp = temp \rightarrow next;

temp \rightarrow next = new node;

}

}

}

// function to insert a node at the begining of
the linked list

void insert_at_beg ()
 {

node * newnode

newnode = getnode ();

if (start == NULL)

start = newnode

}

else

{

newnode -> next = start;

start = newnode;

}

printf ("\n New Node has been inserted at the
beginning .. in ");

// function to insert a node at the end of the linked
list

Void insert_at_end ()

{

node * newnode, * temp;

newnode = getnode ();

if (start == NULL)

{

start = newnode;

}

else

{

temp = start;

```

while (temp → next != NULL)
    temp = temp → next;
    temp → next = newnode;
}
    
```

```

print f ("\n New Node has been inserted at the
end \n");
}
    
```

// function to insert a node at specified position in
the linked list

```
Void insert_at_mid()
```

```
{
```

```
node * newnode, * temp, * prev;
```

```
Ent pos, node ctr, ctr = 1;
```

```
newnode = getnode();
```

```
print f ("\nEnter the position : ");
```

```
Scanf ("%d", & pos);
```

```
node ctr = countnode (start);
```

```
i ≠ (pos > 1 & pos < node ctr).
```

```
{
```

```
temp = prev = start;
```

```
while (ctr < pos)
```

```
{
```

```
prev = temp;
```

```
temp = temp → next;
```

```
ctr ++;
```

```
}
```

```
else
```

```
print f ("position %d is not a middle
position ", pos);
```

```
{
```

// function to delete a node from the beginning

void delete_at_beg ()

{

node *temp;

if (start == NULL)

{

Printf ("\n No nodes are exist ..");

return;

}

else

{

temp = start;

start = temp → next

free (temp);

print ("\n Node deleted");

}

}

// function to delete a node from specified position

void delete_at_mid ()

{

int cur = 1, pos, node cur;

node * temp, * prev;

if (start == NULL)

{

print (" \n Empty List ..");

return;

}

else

{

```
Printf ("\n Enter position of node to delete:");
Scanf ("%d", & pos);
node ctr = count node (start);
if (pos > node ctr)
```

{

This node doesn't exist

printf (

if (pos > if & pos < node ctr)
{

temp = prev = start;

while (ctr < pos)

{

prev = temp)

temp = temp → next;

ctr ++

}

prev → next = temp → next ;

free (temp);

printf ("\n Node deleted .. .");

{

else

{ printf ("\n Invalid position"); getch();

{

}

}

// function to traverse a linked list from left to right

void traverse ()

{ node * temp

temp = start;

printf ("\n Contents of list (left to right): \n");

```
if (start == NULL)
{
    Print f ("\n Empty List");
    return;
}
else
{
    while (temp != NULL)
    {
        print f ("% d ->", temp → data);
        temp = temp → next;
    }
    Print ("X");
}
```

// Right to left

```
Void rev = traverse (node* start)
```

```
{ if (start == NULL)
    {
        return;
    }
    else
    {
        rev = traverse (start → next);
        print f ("% d ->", start → data);
    }
}
```

```
main()
{
```

```
int ch;
while (y) {
    ch = menu();
    switch (ch)
    {
```

case 1:

```
    if (start == NULL) {
        printf ("\n No. of nodes you want:");
        scanf ("%d", &n);
        Create (list (n));
        printf ("\n list created..\n");
    }
}
```

else

```
    printf ("list is already created \n");
    break;
```

Case 2:

```
insert - at - beg();
```

break;

Case 3:

```
insert - at - mid;
```

Case 4:

```
insert - at - mid;
```

Case 5:

```
delete - at - beg();
```

break;

Case 6:

```
delete - at - last();
```

break;

Case 7:

```
delete - at - mid();
```

```

        break;
case 8: traverse();
        break;
Case 9: printf("contents of list (right to left):\n");
        rev_traverse(start);
        break;
Case 10: printf("\nNo. of nodes : %d", count-
            node(start));
    
```

DOUBLE LINKED LIST.C

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <conio.h>

```

Struct dlinklist
{

```

    Struct dlinklist * left;
    int data;
    Struct dlinklist * right;
}

```

```

typedef Struct dlinklist node;
node * start = NULL;

```

int menu()

int ch

printf("\n1. Create");

printf("\n2. Insert");

printf("\n3. Insert at beginning");

printf("\n4. Insert at end");

```

Point f (" \n4. Insert node at Specific position");
Point f (" \n5. Delete a node at beginning ");
Point f (" \n6. Delete a node from middle "last ");
Point f (" \n7. Delete a node from middle ");
Point f (" \n8. Traverse the list from left to
        right ");
Point f (" \n9. Traverse the list from right to left ");
Point f (" \n10. Count no. of nodes in the list ");
printf ("\n11. Exit ");
Point f ("\n\n Enter your choice : ");
scanf ("%d", &ch );
return ch;
}
    
```

```
> node * get_node();
{
```

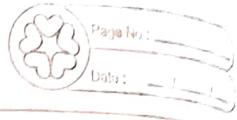
```

node * newnode;
newnode = (node *) malloc (size of (node));
Print f (" \n Enter data : ");
scanf ("%d", &newnode->data);
newnode->left = NULL;
newnode->right = NULL;
return newnode;
}
```

```
> void create_list (int n)
{
```

```

int i;
node * newnode;
node * temp;
for (i = 1; i <= n; i++)
{
```



```
newnode = getnode();
if (start == NULL)
    start = newnode;
else
{
    temp = start;
    while (temp->right != NULL)
        temp->right = newnode;
    newnode->left = temp;
}
```

```
> int countnode (node * start)
{
    if (start == NULL)
        return 0;
    else
        return 1 + countnode (start->right);
}
```

```
> void all_insert_beg()
{
    node * newnode;
    newnode = getnode();
    if (start == NULL)
        start = newnode;
    else
    {
        newnode->right = start;
        start->left = newnode;
        start = newnode;
    }
}
```

printf ("\n New node has been inserted \n");

```
> void all_insert_end()
{
    node * newnode, * temp;
    newnode = getnode();
    if (start == NULL)
        start = newnode;
    else
        temp = start;
        while (temp -> right != NULL)
            temp = temp -> right;
        temp -> right = newnode;
        newnode -> left = temp;
    printf ("New node inserted at the end");
}
```

```
> void all_insert_mid()
{
    node * newnode, * temp;
    int pos, node ctr, ctr = 1;
    newnode = getnode();
    printf ("\nEnter the position:");
    scanf ("%d", &pos);
    node ctr = countnode (start);
    if (pos - node ctr >= 2)
    {
        printf ("position is out of Range..");
        return;
    }
}
```

printf ("position is out of Range..");

return;

```
if (pos > 1 & & pos < nodectr) {
    temp = start;
```

```
    while (ctr < pos - 1)
        {
```

```
        temp = temp → right;
```

```
        ctr++;
```

```
}
```

```
    newnode → left = temp;
```

```
    newnode → right = temp → right;
```

```
    temp → right → left = newnode;
```

```
    temp → right = newnode;
```

```
{
```

```
else (position isn't intermediate")
```

```
{}
```

> void all-delete-beg ()

```
{
```

```
node * temp;
```

```
if (start == NULL)
```

```
{
```

```
printf ("\n Entry List");
```

```
getch ();
```

```
return;
```

```
}
```

```
else {
```

```
temp = start;
```

```
start = start → right;
```

```
start → left = NULL;
```

```
free (temp);
```

```
printf ("\n node deleted");
```

```
{}
```

```
}
```

> void all_delete_end()

{

node * newnode, * temp

newnode = get_node();

if (start == NULL)

start = newnode;

else

temp = start;

while (temp != NULL):

temp->right = newnode;

newnode->left = temp;

}

point f ("\n New Node inserted at the end");

}

> void all_insert_mid()

{

node * newnode * temp;

int pos, node ctr, ctr=1

newnode = get_node();

Print f ("\nEnter the position : ");

Scan f ("%d" & pos);

node ctr = count_node (start);

if (pos - node ctr >= 2)

{

Print f ("\n position is out of range ");

return;

}

if (pos > & pos < node ctr)

{

temp = start;
 while (ctr < pos - 1)

}

temp = ~~start~~; temp → right;
 while ctr++

}

new node → left = temp;

new node → right = temp → right;

temp → right → left = newnode;

temp → right = newnode;

printf("new node inserted at position");

}

else

Point f ("position% d of list is not
 an intermediate position");

> Void all - delete - beg()

{

node* temp;

if (start == NULL)

{

Point f ("\nEmpty list");

get ch();

return

}

else {

temp = start;

start = start → right;

start → left = NULL;

free (temp);

printf ("In NODE deleted");

}

> void all-delete - last()

{

node * temp

if (start == NULL)

printf ("In Empty List");

getch();

return;

}

else {

temp = start;

while (temp != right || right == NULL)

temp = temp->right

temp->left->right = NULL;

free (temp);

temp = (NULL);

> void - all - delete - mid()

{

int i = 0, pos, node * t;

node * temp;

if (start == NULL)

printf ("In Empty List");

getch();

return;

}

else

{

Print f (" \n Enter the position of node to del ")

Scan f ("%d", &pos);

node ctr = CountNode (start);

If (pos > node ctr) {

Print f (" This node doesn't exist ");

getch();

return

}

else if (pos > 1 & pos < node ctr)

{

temp = start; i = 1;

while (i < pos)

{ temp = temp -> right;

i++

}

temp = right -> left = temp -> left;

temp -> right = temp -> right;

free (temp);

Print f (" node deleted ");

else {

Print f (" invalid position)

getch();

}

}

> void traverse_left_to_right ()

node * temp;

temp = start;

Print f (" The contents of list (left to right))

If (start == NULL)

Point f ("\\n Empty list");
else {
 while (temp != NULL)
 {
 Print f ("%d -> " temp->data);
 temp = temp->right;
 }
 Print f ("X");
}

> void traverse_right_to_left ()

{
 node * temp;
 temp = start;
 Print f ("\\n The contents of list (Right to left)");
 if (start == NULL)
 Print f ("\\n Empty list");
 else
 {
 while (temp->left != NULL)
 temp = temp->left;
 while (temp != NULL)
 {

 Print f ("%d -> ", temp->data);
 temp = temp->right;
 }

}

Print f ("%d --> ", temp->data);
temp = temp->left;

}

}

```
main () {
```

```
    int ch, n
```

Print f (" C program to illustrate the operation on
double linked list ")

```
print f (" Author= Harsh Raj ")
```

```
print f ( Experiment date: 
```

\n");

```
print f ( Submission date : 24-03-2022 \n );
```

```
print f (" \n );
```

```
while (1) {
```

```
    ch = menu c);
```

```
    switch (ch)
```

```
{
```

case 1:

```
Print f ( Enter " no. of nodes to create: "
```

```
Scan f ("%d", &n);
```

```
CreateList (n);
```

```
break;
```

case 2: all - insert - at - beg ();

```
break;
```

case 3: all - insert - at - end ();

```
break;
```

case 4: all - insert - at - mid ();

```
break;
```

case 5: all - delete - at - beg ();

```
break;
```

case 6: all - delete - at - ~~end~~ end ();

```
break;
```

case 7: all - delete - at - mid ();

```
break;
```

case 8: traverse - left - to - right();

break;

Case 9: traverse → weight to left = 0;

break;

exit (0);

}

Circular Single linked list .c

```
# include < stdio.h >
```

```
# include < conio.h >
```

```
# include < stdlib.h >
```

```
struct cslinklist
```

```
{
```

```
int data
```

```
struct cslinklist * next;
```

```
}
```

```
typedef struct cslinklist node;
```

```
node * start = NULL;
```

```
int nodectr;
```

```
node * get_node()
```

```
{
```

```
node * newnode
```

```
newnode = (node *) malloc ( sizeof ( node ) );
```

```
printf (" Enter data : ");
```

```
scanf ("%d", & newnode-> data );
```

```
newnode-> next = NULL; return;
```

```
newnode;
```

```
}
```

```
int menu() {  
    int ch;  
    clrscr();  
    printf ("\n1. Create a list");  
    printf ("\n2. Insert node at beginning");  
    printf ("\n3. Insert node at end");  
    printf ("\n4. Delete node at beginning");  
    printf ("\n5. Delete node at last");  
    printf ("\n6. Delete node at middle");  
    printf ("\n7. Display the list");  
    printf ("\n8. Exit");  
    printf ("\n9. Enter your choice");  
    Scan ("%d", &ch);  
    return ch;  
}
```

```
> void createlist (int n)  
{  
    int i;  
    node * newnode;  
    node * temp;  
    node * start = NULL;  
    for (i=0; i<n-1; i++)  
        newnode = getnode();  
    if (start == NULL)  
        Start = newnode;  
    else {  
        temp = start;  
        while (temp->next != NULL)  
            temp = temp->next;  
        temp->next = newnode;  
    }  
}
```

temp = ~~temp~~ start

while (temp → next != NULL)

temp = temp → next;

temp → next = new node;

}

}
new node → next = start;

→ void display () {

node * temp ;

printf ("\n The contents of list (LtoR)");

if (start == NULL)

printf ("\n Empty list");

else {

do {

printf ("%d", temp → data);

temp = temp → next;

} while (temp != start);

printf ("X");

}

}

→ void all → insert — beg ()

{

node * newnode, * last ;

newnode = getnode ();

if (start == NULL) {

```

start = newnode;
newnode->next = start;
}

else {
    last = start;
    while (last->next != start)
        last = last->next;
    newnode->next = start;
    start = newnode;
    last->next = start;
}

else {
    last = start;
    while (last->next != start)
        last = last->next;
    newnode->next = start;
    start = newnode;
    last->next = start;
}
    
```

> void f ("In node inserted at beginning");

node *++;

}

> void all_insert_end () {

node* newnode, * temp;

newnode = getnode();

if (start == NULL) {

start = newnode;

newnode->next = start;

}

else {

temp = start;

while (temp → next != start)

temp = temp → next;

temp → next = newnode;

newnode → next = start;

}

Print f ("In Node inserted at end..");

node ctr++

}

> void all_insert_mid () {

node * newnode, * temp, * prev;

int i, pos;

newnode = getnode();

Print f ("Enter the position: ");

Scan f ("%d", & pos);

if (pos > 1 && pos < node ctr) {

temp = start;

prev = temp;

i = 1;

while (i < pos) {

prev = temp;

temp = temp → next; i++;

}

prev → next = newnode

newnode → next = temp;

node ctr++

Print f ("In Node inserted at middle");

}