Step 1: Import necessary libraries

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import tensorflow as tf
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.datasets import mnist
import keras
```

Step 2: Laod the Dataset

Step 3: Define the network Architecture

```
model=Sequential() #Sequential as a feed forward network
model.add(keras.layers.Flatten(input_shape=(28,28))) #Flatten the input(i.e. convett to 1-D array) and provide the input size to the input lamodel.add(keras.layers.Dense(256,activation='relu')) #Define the hidden layer with 128 nodes (<than 28x28) with Relu as activation function
model.add(keras.layers.Dense(10,activation='softmax'))#Define the output layer with 10 nodes (number of classes=10) with softmax activation for
```

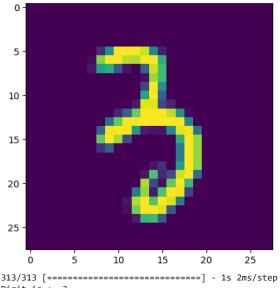
Step 4: Train the Model

model.compile(optimizer='sgd',loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy',metrics=['accuracy']) #Compile the model using the SGD optimizer and metric H=model.fit(x_train,y_train,validation_data=(x_test,y_test),epochs=10) #Fit the model for the training set and also providing the validation:

```
Epoch 1/10
1875/1875 [=
       Epoch 2/10
1875/1875 [:
        Epoch 3/10
1875/1875 [=
      ================================= ] - 6s 3ms/step - loss: 0.2765 - accuracy: 0.9224 - val_loss: 0.2504 - val_accuracy: 0.9309
Epoch 4/10
1875/1875 [
       =========================== ] - 6s 3ms/step - loss: 0.2460 - accuracy: 0.9313 - val_loss: 0.2249 - val_accuracy: 0.9380
Epoch 5/10
       1875/1875 [
Epoch 6/10
      1875/1875 [=
Epoch 7/10
1875/1875 [
       =============================== ] - 6s  3ms/step - loss: 0.1900 - accuracy: 0.9470 - val_loss: 0.1823 - val_accuracy: 0.9497
Epoch 8/10
1875/1875 [
         Epoch 9/10
Epoch 10/10
1875/1875 [===================] - 6s 3ms/step - loss: 0.1554 - accuracy: 0.9568 - val_loss: 0.1516 - val_accuracy: 0.9566
```

Step 5: Evaluate the model

```
\#Randomly choose any image from the test test and evaluate the predict of the model
n=random.randint(0,9999) # choose random number between 0-9999
\verb|plt.imshow(x_test[n])| # display that image
pred=model.predict(x\_test) #predict the output using the model
print("Digit is : " ,np.argmax(pred[n])) # print output
```

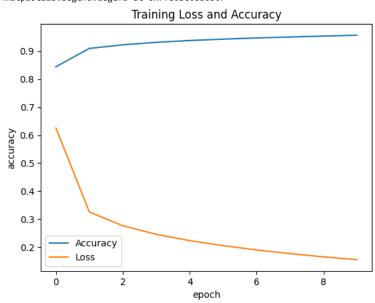


Digit is: 3

→ Step 6: Plot the accuracy and loss Graphs

```
plt.plot(H.history['accuracy']) #get the accuracy for the training set from the model's history attribute
plt.plot(H.history['loss']) #get the loss for the training set from the model's history attribute
plt.title('Training Loss and Accuracy')
plt.ylabel('accuracy')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['Accuracy', 'Loss'])
```

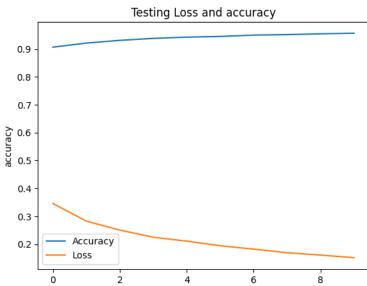
<matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7f8d3c0b5630>



plt.plot(H.history['val_accuracy']) #get the accuracy for the validation set from the model's history attribute plt.plot(H.history['val_loss']) #get the loss for the validation set from the model's history attribute $\verb|plt.title('Testing Loss and accuracy')| \\$ plt.ylabel('accuracy')

```
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['Accuracy', 'Loss'])
```

<matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7f8d3c17a110>



epoch