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$$f_{\theta}(x) = \frac{1}{\theta} e^{-x/\theta}$$

$$L = \frac{1}{\theta^n} e^{-\sum x_i / \theta}$$

$$l(\theta) = -\sum \frac{x_i}{\theta} - n \ln \theta$$

$$\frac{\partial l}{\partial \theta} = \frac{\sum x_i}{\theta^2} - \frac{n}{\theta} = 0 \Rightarrow \hat{\theta} = \bar{x}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 l}{\partial \theta^2} = -\frac{2 \sum x_i}{\theta^3} + \frac{n}{\theta^2} \Big|_{\hat{\theta}}$$

$$\Rightarrow -\frac{2 \sum x_i}{\bar{x}^3} + \frac{n}{\bar{x}^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{-2 \sum x_i + n \bar{x}}{\bar{x}^3}$$

$$= -\frac{n \bar{x}}{\bar{x}^2} < 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{\theta}_{MLE} = \bar{x}$$

(unrestricted) (or for (11))

at $\theta = \theta_0$ $\hat{\theta}_{MLE} = \theta_0$

$$\Rightarrow f(x) = \frac{1}{\theta_0} e^{-x/\theta_0}$$

$$\frac{1}{(\bar{x})^n} e^{-\frac{\sum x_i}{\bar{x}}}$$

(*) Thus reject H_0 if $\bar{X} \leq c_1$ or $\bar{X} \geq c_2$.

$$\Rightarrow \lambda(n) = \left(\frac{\bar{X}}{\theta_0} \right)^n e^{-\frac{\sum x_i}{\theta_0}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda(n) \leq C \quad \text{reject } H_0$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{\bar{X}}{\theta_0} \right)^n e^{-\frac{\sum x_i}{\theta_0}} \leq C$$

$$\cancel{\left(\frac{\bar{X}}{\theta_0} \right)^n} e^{-\frac{\sum x_i}{\theta_0}} \leq C \quad \left(\frac{\bar{X}}{\theta_0} \right)^n e^{-\frac{\sum x_i}{\theta_0}} \leq C$$

$$\Rightarrow \bar{X} \leq c_1 \quad \text{or} \quad e^{-\frac{\sum x_i}{\theta_0}} \leq C$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\sum x_i}{\theta_0} \geq \ln C$$

$$\Rightarrow \bar{X} \geq c_2$$

(*)

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$$x_i \sim \text{Exp}(\theta)$$

$$y_j \sim \text{Exp}(\mu)$$

$$f(x_i) = \frac{1}{\theta} e^{-x_i/\theta}$$

$$f(y_j) = \frac{1}{\mu} e^{-y_j/\mu}$$

$$1 \leq i \leq n$$

$$1 \leq j \leq m$$

$$L(\theta, \mu | x, y) = \frac{1}{\theta^n} e^{-\frac{\sum x_i}{\theta}} \cdot \frac{1}{(\mu)^m} e^{-\frac{\sum y_j}{\mu}}$$

$$\log L = -\frac{\sum x_i}{\theta} - \frac{\sum y_j}{\mu} - n \log \theta - m \log \mu$$

$$\frac{dL}{d\mu} = +\frac{\sum y_j}{\mu^2} - \frac{m}{\mu}$$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{\mu} = \bar{y}$$

$$\text{Similarly } \frac{dL}{d\theta} = +\frac{\sum x_i}{\theta^2} - \frac{n}{\theta} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{\theta} = \bar{x}$$

~~$$\frac{\partial^2 \ell}{\partial \theta^2} \Big|_{\hat{\theta} = \bar{x}} \quad \frac{\partial^2 \ell}{\partial \mu^2} \Big|_{\hat{\mu} = \bar{y}}$$~~

$$\frac{\partial^2 \ell}{\partial \theta^2} = \frac{-2 \sum x_i}{\theta^3} + \frac{n}{\theta^2} \Big|_{\hat{\theta}} = \frac{-2 \sum x_i}{\bar{x}^3} + \frac{n}{\bar{x}^2} = \frac{-n}{\bar{x}^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \ell}{\partial \mu^2} = \frac{-2 \sum y_i}{\mu^3} + \frac{m}{\mu^2} \Big|_{\hat{\mu}} = \frac{-2 \sum y_i}{\bar{y}^3} + \frac{m}{\bar{y}^2} = \frac{-m}{\bar{y}^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \ell}{\partial \theta \partial \mu} = 0 = \frac{\partial^2 \ell}{\partial \mu \partial \theta}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{n}{\bar{x}^2} & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{m}{\bar{y}^2} \end{bmatrix} = \frac{nm}{\bar{x}^2 \bar{y}^2} \quad \text{is a neg. definit matrix.}$$

As clearly eigen values are neg.

$$\& \quad (A_1) < 0 \quad (A_2) > 0$$

Thus unrestricted MLE will be $\hat{\theta} = \bar{x}$ & $\hat{\mu} = \bar{y}$
 for $\theta = \mu$ ~~$\hat{\theta} = \hat{\mu} = \bar{x}$~~

Now, for restricted MLE ~~$\theta = \mu$~~ $\Rightarrow \hat{\theta} = \hat{\mu} = \bar{x}$

$$\Rightarrow l(\theta) = \frac{1}{\theta^{m+n}} e^{-\frac{\sum x_i + \sum y_i}{\theta}}$$

$$l(\theta) = -(m+n) \ln \theta - \frac{(\sum x_i + \sum y_j)}{\theta}$$

$$\frac{dl}{d\theta} = -\frac{(m+n)}{\theta} + \frac{\sum x_i + \sum y_j}{\theta^2} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{\theta} = \frac{\sum x_i + \sum y_j}{m+n}$$

$$\frac{d^2 l}{d\theta^2} \Big|_{\hat{\theta}} < 0 \quad (\text{Verify})$$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{\theta}_{MLE} = \frac{\sum x_i + \sum y_j}{m+n}$$

$$\Rightarrow p(x) = \frac{(m+n)}{(\sum x_i + \sum y_j)^{m+n}} e^{-\frac{(\sum x_i + \sum y_j)}{\theta}}$$

$$= \frac{(m+n)}{(\sum x_i + \sum y_j)^{m+n}} \left(\frac{1}{\bar{x}}\right)^n \left(\frac{1}{\bar{y}}\right)^m$$

$$\Rightarrow p(x) \leq C \quad \text{Reject } H_0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{(m+n)}{(\sum x_i + \sum y_j)^{m+n}} \frac{(\sum x_i)^n}{n^n} \frac{(\sum y_j)^m}{m^m} \leq C$$

$$\frac{(\sum X_i)^{n/m} (\sum Y_j)^{m/m}}{(\sum X_i + \sum Y_j)^{(n+m)/m}} \leq C.$$

$$\frac{(\sum X_i)^{n/m}}{(\sum X_i + \sum Y_j)^{(n+m)/m}} \leq C.$$

$$\frac{\sum X_i}{\sum X_i + \sum Y_j} \leq C$$

Under H_0 . $X_i \sim \text{Exp}(\theta)$; $Y_j \sim \text{Exp}(\mu)$
 $\Rightarrow \sum X_i \sim \text{Gamma}(n, \theta)$
 $\& \sum Y_j \sim \text{Gamma}(m, \theta)$ as $H_0: \mu = \theta$

$$T = \frac{\sum X_i}{\sum X_i + \sum Y_j} \sim \text{Beta}$$

(by transformation)
 Find DO ~~DO~~ $U = \sum X_i$; $V = \sum X_i + \sum Y_j$
 $\sim \text{Exp}(n, \theta)$; $\sim \text{Exp}(n+m, 2\theta)$

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$$L = \frac{1}{d^n} e^{n\theta/2} \prod_{i=1}^n e^{-x_i/\theta} \prod_{j=1}^m \int_{\theta, \infty} (x_j^0)$$

$$= \frac{1}{d^n} e^{n\theta/2} e^{-\sum x_i/\theta} \prod_{j=1}^m \int_{\theta, \infty} (x_j^0)$$

$$\hat{\theta} = X_{(1)}$$

$$L = \frac{1}{n^n} e^{-\frac{\sum x_i}{d}}$$

$$\log L = -n \log d + \frac{n \hat{\theta}}{d} - \frac{\sum x_i}{d}$$

$$= -n \log d + \frac{n X_{(1)}}{d} - \frac{\sum x_i}{d}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial d} = -\frac{n}{d} - \frac{n X_{(1)}}{d^2} + \frac{\sum x_i}{d^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow -\frac{n}{d} + \frac{\sum x_i - n X_{(1)}}{d^2} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{d} = (\bar{x} - X_{(1)})$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 L}{\partial d^2} \Big|_{\hat{d}} < 0 \quad \text{at } \hat{d}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Unrestricted MLE} : \hat{d} = \bar{x} - X_{(1)} \\ \hat{\theta} = X_{(1)}$$

Under H_0 .

$$H_0: \theta \leq 0.$$

$$\text{Case i} \quad \theta \leq X_{(1)} < 0 \Rightarrow \hat{\theta} = X_{(1)}$$

$$\text{Case ii} \quad 0 < 0 < X_{(1)} \Rightarrow \hat{\theta} = 0.$$

In case i $d(x) = 1$.

$$\text{Case ii} \quad \hat{\theta} = 0 \Rightarrow L = \frac{1}{d^n} e^{-\sum x_i/d}$$

$$\Rightarrow L = \frac{1}{d^n} e^{-\sum x_i/d}$$

$$l(d) = -n \log d - \frac{\sum x_i}{d} \Rightarrow -\frac{n}{d} + \frac{\sum x_i}{d^2} = 0 \\ \hat{d} = \bar{x}$$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda(x) = \frac{1}{\bar{x}^n} e^{-\sum x_i / \bar{x}} \\ = \left(\frac{1}{\bar{x} - x_{(1)}} \right)^n e^{n(x_{(1)} - \bar{x})} \\ = \left(\frac{\bar{x} - x_{(1)}}{\bar{x}} \right)^n$$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda(x) \leq C$$

$$\left(\frac{\bar{x} - x_{(1)}}{\bar{x}} \right)^n \leq C$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x_{(1)}}{\bar{x}} \geq C \quad \text{Reject } H_0$$