

4.. Driver and Driver Types



[ICON of JAVA]
(Sun certified & Realtime Expert)
Ex. HCL Employee

Trained Lakhs of Students for last 14 years across INDIA

India's No.1 Software Training Institute

The state of th

www.durgasoft.com Ph: 9246212143,8096969696

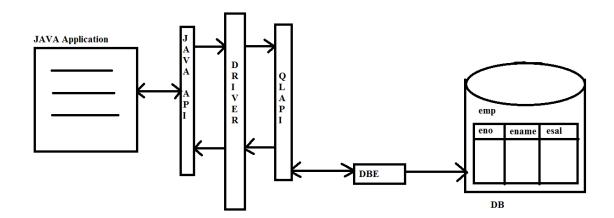
DURGASOFT, # 202,2ndFloor, HUDAMaitrivanam, Ameerpet, Hyderabad - 500038, **2** 040 - 64 51 27 86, 80 96 96 96, 9246212143 | www.durgasoft.com

Driver and Driver Types

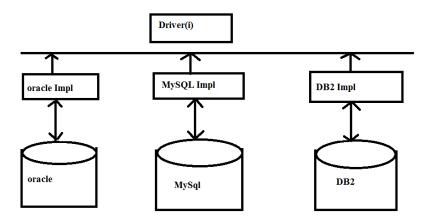
- 1) Type 1 Driver
- 2)Type 2 Driver
- 3) Type 3 Driver
- 4) Type 4 Driver

Driver:

--->Driver is an interface existed between Java application and database to map Java API calls to Query language API calls and Query language API calls to Java API calls.



- -->To provide driver as a product Sun MicroSystems has provided Driver as an interface and Sun MicroSystems.lets the database vendors to provide implementation classes to the driver interface as part of their database software's.
- -->If we want to use Drivers in JDBC applications then we have to get Driver implementation from the respective database software's.



- -->There are 180+ number of drivers but all these drivers could be classified into the following four types
- 1)Type 1
- 2)Type 2
- 3)Type 3
- 4)Type 4

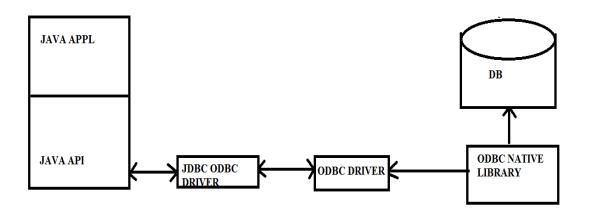




1) Type 1 Driver:

- -->Type 1 Driver is also called as JDBC-ODBC Driver and Bridge Driver.
- -->JDBC-ODBC Driver is a driver provided by Sun Micro Systems as an Implementation to Driver Interface.
- -->Sun MicroSystems has provided JDBC-ODBC Driver with the inter dependent on the Microsoft's productODBC Driver.
- -->ODBC Driver is a Open Specification, it will provide very good environment to interact with any type of database from JDBC-ODBC Driver.
- -->If we want to use JDBC-ODBC Driver in our JDBC Applications first we have to install the MicroSoft Product ODBC Driver native library.
- -->To interact with the database from Java Application if we use JDBC-ODBC Driver then we shouldrequire two types conversions so that JDBC-ODBC Driver is Slower Driver.
- -->JDBC-ODBC Driver is highly recommended for stand alone applications, it is not suitable for web applications, distributed applications and so on.
- -->JDBC-ODBC Driver is suggestable for Simple JDBC applications, not for complex JDBC applications.
- -->The portability of the JDBC-ODBC Driver is very less.

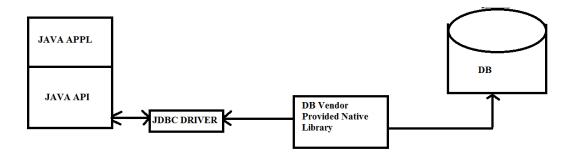






2)Type 2 Driver:

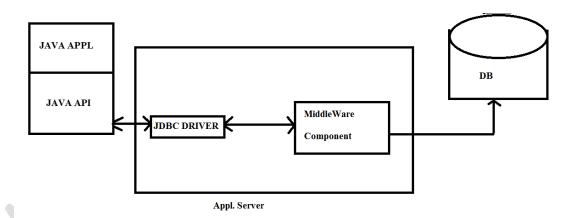
- -->Type 2 Driver is also called part java, part native driver that is Type 2 Driver was implemented by using Java implementations and the database vendor provided native library.
- -->When compared to Type1 Driver Type2 Driver is faster Driver because it should not require two times conversions to interact with the Database from Java Applications.
- -->When compared to Type1 Driver Type2 driver portability is more.
- -->Type2 Driver is still recommended for standalone application not suggestible for web applications and Enterprise applications.
- -->If we want to use Type2 Driver in our Jdbc applications then we have to install the database vendor provided native library.
- -->Type2 Driver is cast full Driver among all the drivers.
- -->Type2 Driver's portability is not good when compared to Type3 Driver and Type4 Driver.





3) Type 3 Driver:

- -->Type 3 Driver is also called as MiddleWare DataBase Server Access Driver and NetWorkDriver.
- -->Type 3 Driver is purely designed for Enterprise applications it is not suggestible for stand alone applications.
- -->Type 3 Driver portability is very good when compared to Type1 and Type2 Driver's.
- -->Type 3 Driver will provide very good environment to interact with multiple no.of databases.
- -->Type 3 Driver will provide very good environment to switch from one database to another database without having modifications in client applications.
- -->Type 3 Driver should not require any native library installations, it should require the Compatibility with the application server.
- -->Type 3 Driver is fastest Driver when compared to all the Drivers.



4) Type 4 Driver:

- -->Type 4 Driver is also called as pure Java Driver and Thin Driver because Type 4 Driver was implemented completely by using java implementations.
- -->Type 4 Driver is the frequent used Driver when compared to all the remaining Drivers.
- -->Type 4 Driver is recommended for any type application includes standalone applications, Network Applications....
- -->Type 4 Driver portability is very good when compared to all the remaining Drivers.
- -->Type 4 driver should not require any native library dependences and it should require one time conversion to interact with database from Java Applications.
- -->Type 4 is the cheapest Driver among all.

