#### **FACULTY OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY**

# **Second Year Bachelor of Engineering**

**Course Code: 102040403** 

**Course Title: Programming with Java** 

**Type of Course: Professional Core Course** 

**Course Objectives:** To understand the basic concepts and fundamentals of platform independent object-oriented language and gain knowledge about basic Java language syntax. To demonstrate skills in writing programs using exception handling techniques, multithreading, and File Management system. To Understand Collection framework and generic programming. To understand streams, network programming and efficient user interface design techniques.

**Teaching & Examination Scheme:** 

Contact hours per week			Course Examination Marks (Maximum / Pa			ssing)		
Locturo	Tutorial	Practical	Credits	Inte	rnal	External		Total
Lecture	Tutoriai	Flactical		Theory	J/V/P*	Theory	J/V/P*	Tutai
3	0	2	4	40 / 14	20 / 7	60/21	30/10	150 / 52

<sup>\*</sup> J: Jury; V: Viva; P: Practical

### **Detailed Syllabus:**

Sr.	Contents	Hours		
1	Introduction: Feature of Java, Java Virtual Machine, Byte Code, JDK, JRE, Comments,			
	Java coding convention	11		
	Array and String: Single and Multidimensional Array, Command line argument,			
	String, String Buffer, String Pool, for-each loop, var-length arguments. Wrapper Class,			
	Arrays class			
	Class Object and Method: Class, Object, Constructor, Method overloading,			
	Constructor overloading, passing, and returning Object as function arguments, passing			
	and returning array of object in function, new keyword, this keyword, static variable,			
	static method, garbage collection, finalize (), access modifier (default, public, private,			
	protected), Singleton class			
	<b>Diagram:</b> Class Diagram, Object Diagram, Has-A Relation			
2	Inheritance: Inheritance: Use of inheritance, Object Class, types of inheritance,			
	Coupling-and-typecasting, Abstract class, Abstract method, Dynamic method dispatch,	4		
	final keyword (variable, method, class), super keyword, Interface, interface naming			
	conflicts, method naming conflict, variable naming conflicts, marker interface,			
	interface vs abstract class vs concrete class			
	<b>Diagram:</b> Generalization, Specialization, Relationship between classes (Is-A Relation),			

3	Inner Class: Class inside Class, method local inner class, anonymous inner-class,	
	interface inside class, interface inside interface, class inside interface, static nested	6
	class, adapter classes	
	Exception Handling: Exception and Error, use of try, catch, throw, throws and finally,	
	Built in Exception, Custom exception, Throwable Class Runtime Stack Mechanism,	
	nested try	
	Package: Use of Package, CLASSPATH, Import statements, Static import, Access	
	control	
4	Threading: Introduction, ways to define, instantiate and start a new Thread, Thread	
	class constructors, Thread priority, yield(), join(), sleep(), Synchronization, Inter	6
	Thread communication, Deadlock, introduction of executor framework	
	Generics: Generic clause, Bounded Type, Generic Methods, and wild char character(?),	
	Communication with non-Generic code, comparable and comparator	
5	Collection API: Collection Framework, ArrayList class, LinkedList class, ListIterator	3
	interface, HashSet class, LinkedHashSet class, TreeSet class, PriorityQueue class,	
	ArrayDeque class, Map interface, HashMap class, LinkedHashMap class, TreeMap class,	
	Hashtable class, Properties class, StreamTokenizer class	
6	File Handling Using Java: Introduction to Stream, Byte Stream, Character stream,	3
	Readers and Writers, File Class, FileOutputStream, FileInputStream, FileWriter,	
	FileReader, ,DataInputStream, DataOutputStream, InputStreamReader, Console,	
	Scanner, PrintStream , PrintWriter class, BuffredReader , object Serialization	
7	Network Programming Using Java: Introduction to Socket Programming, URL class,	7
	InetAddress class, DatagramSocket and DatagramPacket, ServerSocket, Socket class	
	GUI Programming: Introduction of java, swing, Components, Event-Delegation-	
	Model, Listeners, Layouts, Individual Components Label, Button, Check Box, Radio	
	Button, Choice, List, Menu, Text Field, Text Area	

Suggested Specification table with Marks (Theory) (Revised Bloom's Taxonomy):

Distribution of Theory Marks					S	R: Remembering; U: Understanding; A: Application,
R	U	A	N	E	С	N: Analyze; E: Evaluate; C: Create
15%	20%	25%	5%	25%	10%	

Note: This specification table shall be treated as a general guideline for students and teachers. The actual distribution of marks in the question paper may vary slightly from above table.

Reference Books:				
va SE 8 Programmer I Study Guide (Exam 1Z0-808) (Oracle Press)				
Pracle Certified Professional Java SE 8 Programmer II Study Guide: Exam 1Z0-809				
un Certified Programmer for Java 6 Study Guide: Exam 310-065				
ass of JAVA by Pravin M. Jain				
) l				



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Java Fundamentals A comprehensive introduction By Herbert Schildt, Dale Skrien, McGraw Hill

Education.

The Complete Reference, Java 2 (Fourth Edition), Herbert Schild, -TMH

# **Course Outcomes (CO):**

Sr.	Course Outcome Statements %weightage			
CO-1	Use the syntax and semantics of java programming language and basic	25		
	concepts of OOP.			
CO-2	Develop reusable programs using the concepts of inheritance,	30		
	polymorphism, interfaces, collection framework, generic programming			
	and packages.			
CO-3	Demonstrate understanding and use of different exception handling 25			
	mechanisms and concept of multithreading for robust faster and			
	efficient application development.			
CO-4	Design event driven GUI, networking and IO applications which mimic the <b>20</b>			
	real world scenarios.			

# **List of Practicals / Tutorials:**

1	Dagia Dwagnam		
1	Basic Program		
	1. Study of class path and java runtime environment		
	2. Write a program to		
	Implement command line calculator		
	<ul> <li>Write To Prints Fibonacci series.</li> </ul>		
2	Array:		
	1. Define a class Array with following member		
	Field:		
	int data[];		
	Function:		
	Array() //create array data of size 10		
	Array(int size) // create array of size size		
	Array(int data[]) // initialize array with parameter array		
	void Reverse _an _array () //reverse element of an array		
	int Maximum _of _array () // find maximum element of array		
	int Average_of_array() //find average of element of array		
	void Sorting () //sort element of array		
	void display() //display element of array		
	int search(int no) //search element and return index else return -1		
	int size(); //return size of an array		
	int size(), //return size of all array		
	Use all the functions in the main method. Create different objects with different		
	,		
	constructors.		
	2. Define a share Market with fully the		
	2. Define a class Matrix with following		
	Field:		



int row, column: float mat[][] Function: Matrix(int a[][]) Matrix() Matrix(int row, int col) void readMatrix() //read element of array float [][] transpose() //find transpose of first matrix float [[[] matrixMultiplication(Matrix second ) //multiply two matrices and return void displayMatrix(float [][]a) //display content of argument array void displayMatrix() //display content float maximum of array() // return maximum element of first array // return average of first array float average\_of\_array() create three object of Matrix class with different constructors in main and test all the functions in main 3. Write a program to demonstrate usage of different methods of Wrapper class 4. Write a program to demonstrate usage of String and StringBuffer clas 5. Define a class Cipher with following data Field: String plainText; int key **Functions:** Cipher(String plaintext, int key) String Encryption() String Decryption() Read string and key from command prompt and replace every character of string with character which is key place down from current character. Example plainText = "GCET" Kev = 3Encryption function written following String "JFHW" Decryption function will convert encrypted string to original form "GCET" 3 **Basic Program using Class** 1. Create a class BankAccount that has Depositor name, Acc no, Acc type, Balance as Data Members and void createAcc() . void Deposit(), void withdraw() and void BalanceInquiry as Member Function. When a new Account is created, assign the next serial number as the account number. Account number starts from 1

- 2. Create a class time that has hour, minute and second as data members. Create a parameterized constructor to initialize Time Objects. Create a member Function Time Sum (Time, Time) to sum two time objects.
- 3. Define a class with the Name, Basic salary and dearness allowance as data members. Calculate and print the Name, Basic salary (yearly), dearness allowance and tax deducted at source (TDS) and net salary, where TDS is charged on gross salary which is basic salary + dearness allowance and TDS rate is as per following table.

Gross Salary	TDS
Rs. 100000 and below	NIL
Above Rs. 100000	10% on excess over 100000

DA is 74% of Basic Salary for all. Use appropriate member functions.

#### 4 Inheritance and interface

- 1. class Cricket having data members name, age and member methods display() and setdata(). class Match inherits Cricket and has data members no\_of\_odi, no\_of\_test. Create an array of 5 objects of class Match. Provide all the required data through the command line and display the information.
- 2. Define a class Cripher with following data

Field:

String plainText;

int kev

**Functions:** 

Cipher(String plaintext,int key) abstract String Encryption() abstract String Decryption()

Derived two classes Substitution\_Cipher and Caesar\_Cipher override Encryption() and Decryption() Method. in substitute cipher every character of string is replaced with another character. For example, In this method you will replace the letters using the following scheme.

Plain Text: a b c d e f g h i j k l m n o p q r s t u v w x y z Cipher Text: q a z w s x e d c r f v t g b y h n u j m i k o l p

So if string consist of letter "gcet" then encrypted string will be "ezsj" and decrypt it to get original string

In ceaser cipher encrypt the string same as program 5 of LAB 5.

3. Declare an interface called Property containing a method computePrice to compute and return the price. The interface is to be implemented by following two classes i) Bungalow and ii) Flat.

Both the classes have following data members

- name
- constructionArea

The class Bungalow has an additional data member called landArea. Define computePrice for both classes for computing total price. Use following rules for computing total price by summing up sub-costs:



Construction cost(for both classes):Rs.500/- per sq.feet Additional cost (for Flat) : Rs. 200000/-(for Bungalow): Rs. 200/- per sq. feet for landArea Land cost (only for Bungalow): Rs. 400/- per sq. feet Define method main to show usage of method computePrice. 4. Define following classes and interfaces. public interface GeometricShape { public void describe(); public interface TwoDShape extends GeometricShape { public double area(); public interface ThreeDShape extends GeometricShape { public double volume(); public class Cone implements ThreeDShape { private double radius; private double height; public Cone (double radius, double height) public double volume() public void describe() public class Rectangle implements TwoDShape { private double width, height; public Rectangle (double width, double height) public double area() public double perimeter() public void describe() public class Sphere implements ThreeDShape { private double radius; public Sphere (double radius) public double volume() public void describe() Define test class to call various methods of Geometric Shape 5 **Inner Class:** Define two nested classes: Processor and RAM inside the outer class: CPU with following data members class CPU { double price; class Processor{ // nested class double cores; double catch() String manufacturer;

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```
double getCache()
  void displayProcesorDetail()
protected class RAM{ // nested protected class
        // members of protected nested class
        double memory;
  String manufacturer;
  Double clockSpeed;
        double getClockSpeed()
  void displayRAMDetail()
```

- 1. Write appropriate Constructor and create instance of Outer and inner class and call the methods in main function
- 2. Write a program to demonstrate usage of static inner class, local inner class and anonymous inner class

#### 6 **Generics**

1. Declare a class InvoiceDetail which accepts a type parameter which is of type Number with following data members class InvoiceDetail <N extends Number> {

```
private String invoiceName;
private Namount;
private N Discount
// write getters, setters and constructors
```

Call the methods in Main class

- 2. Implement Generic Stack
- 3. Write a program to sort the object of Book class using comparable and comparator interface. (Book class consist of book id, title, author and publisher as data members)

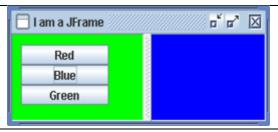
#### **Exception Handling**

- 1. Write a program for creating a Bank class, which is used to manage the bank account of customers. Class has two methods, Deposit () and withdraw (). Deposit method displays the old balance and new balance after depositing the specified amount. The Withdrawal method displays old balance and new balance after withdrawing. If balance is not enough to withdraw the money, it throws **ArithmeticException** and if balance is less than 500 rs after withdrawing then it throw custom exception, **NotEnoughMoneyException**.
- 2. Write a complete program for calculation average of n + ve integer numbers of Array A.
  - a. Read the array from keyboard
  - b. Raise and handle Exception if
    - i. Element value is -ve or non-integer.
    - ii. If n is zero.

8	Threading					
	1. Write a program to find prime numbers in a given range using both methods of					
	multithreading. Also run the same program using executor framework					
	2. Assume one class Queue that defines a queue of fixed size says 15.					
	<ul> <li>Assume one class producer which implements Runnable, having priority</li> </ul>					
	NORM_PRIORITY +1					
	• One more class consumer implements Runnable, having priority					
	NORM_PRIORITY-1					
	• Class TestThread has a main method with maximum priority, which creates 1					
	thread for producer and 2 threads for consumer.					
	<ul> <li>Producer produces a number of elements and puts them on the queue. when</li> </ul>					
	the queue becomes full it notifies other threads.					
	Consumer consumes a number of elements and notifies other threads when the queue					
	becomes empty.					
9	Collection API:					
9						
	1. Write a program to demonstrate user of ArrayList, LinkedList ,LinkedHashMap,					
	TreeMap and HashSet Class. And also implement CRUD operation without					
	database connection using Collection API.					
	2. Write a program to Sort Array, ArrayList, String, List, Map and Set					
1.0						
10	File Handling Using Java:					
	1. Write a programme to count occurrences of a given word in a file.					
	2. Write a program to print it self.					
	3. Write a program to display list of all the files of given directory					
11	Networking					
	1. Implement Echo client/server program using TCP					
	2. Write a program using UDP which give name of the audio file to server and server					
	reply with content of audio file					
12	GUI					
	1. Write a programme to implement an investment value calculator using the data					
	inputted by the user. textFields to be included are amount, year, interest rate and					
	future value. The field "future value" (shown in gray) must not be altered by the					
	user.					
	Amount:					
	Year:					
	Interest Rate:					
	Future Value:					
	Calculate					
	Calculate					
	2. Write a program which fills the rectangle with the selected color when the button					
	is pressed.					



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### 13 | **Case Study 1**:

**Seven Seas**, a reputed 3-star hotel of Gandhinagar, wants to automate its room management and booking services for providing better service to their customers. Define the classes as shown in the below class diagram, specifying all the getters and setters for each class.

Booking objects can only be created by specifying the room number, guest name, guest email id and number of days guests would be staying at the hotel. Room objects can be created only by-passing room type ("S" - Standard, "D" - Deluxe and "L" - Luxury), daily rent and specifying whether the room has sea view or not. Room number will be assigned by the system as and when the room gets added (starting from room number 101). For every new room added, the default occupancy status will be set as false. Hotel objects can be created without passing any arguments.

Hotel class should be defined as public class and it has the following behaviors:

1) **addRoom:** This behavior accepts 3 arguments, i.e. room type, daily room rent and sea view

flag. It assigns a room number to the added room and returns the room number.

2) **bookRoom:** This behavior accepts an unoccupied room number, guest's name, email id and

the number of days the guest wants to stay at the hotel room (in given order). The behavior sets the bill attribute and returns the same. If the specified room is occupied, the behavior does not set the bill attribute and returns -1.

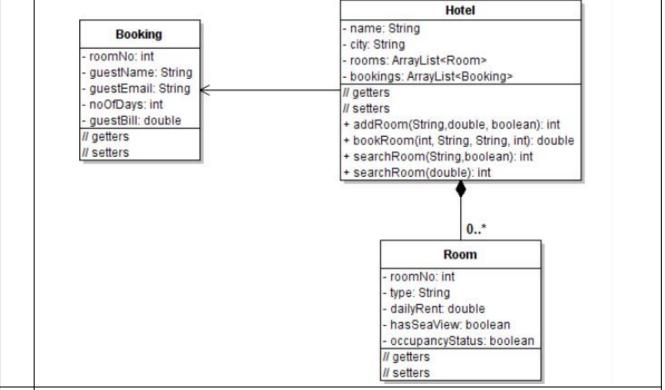
- 3) **searchRoom:** This behavior allows to search with two different criteria:
- a) It accepts the type of room desired and flag that specifies if sea view is also required.
- b) It accepts the upper limit the guest would like to pay as daily rent for a room

For both (a) and (b) criteria, the behavior is supposed to return the number of unoccupied rooms matching the specified criteria.

NOTE: Data and Business validations need not be handled.



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#### 14 | Case Study-2:

## **Shopping Complex**

A Shopping Complex is a building which has many shops. Each shop has many items to be sold. A customer can buy items from any shop in the shopping

complex if stock is available. There are four classes defined: **Building, ShoppingComplex, Shop and Item** where ShoppingComplex is the public class. A Building object can only be

created by passing its name and number of floors that it has. A ShoppingComplex object can be created by passing a Shop object to it. A Shop object can be created only by passing its type. An Item object can be created only by passing its name, available quantity and minimum stock.

The business behaviors should be implemented as mentioned below:

**addShop (Shop newShop)**: This behavior takes a Shop object and adds it to the list of shops in the ShoppingComplex if the list does not already have a shop of the same type. It returns the total number of shops in the shopping complex.

**addShop (Shop newShop, String type)**: This method adds a Shop object to the array list only if the type of the Shop matches with the type passed as input argument to this method and returns the total number of shops in the shopping complex. If the type of Shop does not match with the type passed as input then this method should return -1.

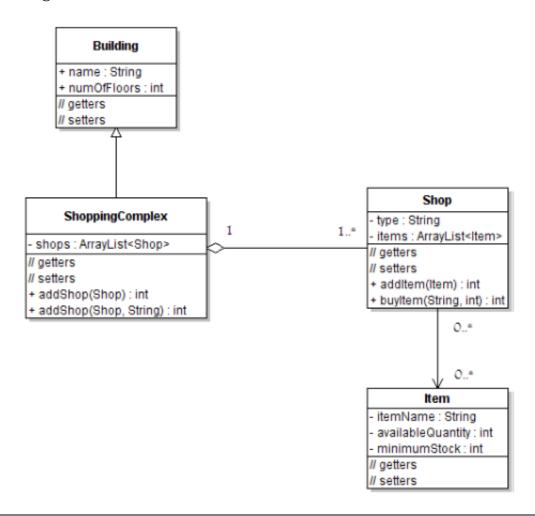
**addItem (Item newItem):** This method adds an Item object to the shop if that item name is not already present in that shop and returns the total number of items in the shop. If that item is already present in the shop it returns -2.

**buyItem(String itemName, int requiredQuantity) :** This behavior takes an item name and required quantity. An item is sold if the remaining quantity of that item after that sale

is >= the minimum stock for that item. In that case it returns the updated quantity of that item. If the given item name is not present in the shop then this behavior returns -1. In case the item is present but not available in the required quantity then it returns -3.

Note: Data and business validations are not required.

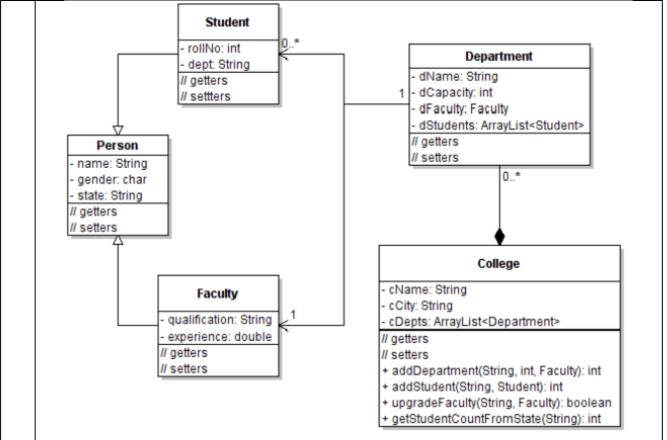
Class Diagram:



#### 15 | Case Study 3:

NalSarovar college is a popular college in Gandhinagar city of Gujarat. The college has decided to automate its Department, Student and Faculty management activities so as to improve their operation efficiency. The proposed system needs to be developed as per the Class diagram shown below:

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A Person object can only be created by specifying a person's name, gender(M / F) and the state he/she belongs to. Unless a student is added to a department, he/she will neither have roll number nor a department. Hence Student objects can be created without passing these arguments. Every faculty has some qualification and certain experience. Hence, faculty objects can be created only by passing these attribute values.

Department objects can only be created by providing its name, student capacity and corresponding faculty in-charge. College objects can only be created by specifying its name and city. College class to be defined as a public class.

#### **Supplementary learning Material:**

- 1 Lecture Note, SWAYAM NPTEL Course "Programming with Java"
- 2 Open-source Tools (Java 8, Visual Studio Code, eclipse)

Curriculum Revision:		
Version:	1	
Drafted on (Month-Year):		
Last Reviewed on (Month-Year):		
Next Review on (Month-Year):		

