

## ECONOMICS

## 5

## MIGRATION

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## I. CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER.

- According to the 2011 census, the total population of India was .....  
 a) 121 crore      b) 221 crore      c) 102 crore      d) 100 crore      **Ans: a)**
- ..... has recorded the maximum number of emigrants.  
 a) Ramanathapuram      b) Coimbatore  
 c) Chennai      d) Vellore      **Ans: c)**
- During 2015, ..... of illiterates were migrants from Tamil Nadu.  
 a) 7 %      b) 175 %      c) 23 %      d) 9 %      **Ans: a)**
- The poorer sections of the population migrate .....  
 a) As a survival strategy      b) To improve their living standards  
 c) As a service      d) To get experience      **Ans: a)**

## ADDITIONAL

- ..... is the major factor responsible for women's mobility in India.  
 a) Profession      b) Education      c) Marriage      d) Climate      **Ans: c)**
- The largest migration corridor in the world in 2010 was .....  
 a) East Berlin - West Berlin      b) India - Pakistan  
 c) North Korea - South Korea      d) Mexico - USA      **Ans: d)**
- ..... has the longest migration distance of any bird in the world.  
 a) Flamingo      b) Arctic Tern      c) Emu      d) Sparrow      **Ans: b)**
- The Census of 2011 enumerated ..... crore people were reported as migrants.  
 a) 45 crore      b) 50 crore      c) 10 crore      d) 5 crore      **Ans: a)**

## II. FILL IN THE BLANKS.

- Migration is enumerated on ..... and ..... bases.  
**Ans: Place of birth and place of residence**
- The mobility of population in rural areas is ..... than urban areas. **Ans: More**
- In rural India, as per census 2011, ..... percent of the population are counted as migrants.  
**Ans: 37**
- ..... is the major reason for female migration. **Ans: Marriage**
- Any migrant stream would consist of ..... sub streams. **Ans: Heterogeneous**



### ADDITIONAL

6. Changes in population of an area occurs due to births, deaths and .....

**Ans: Migration**

7. Occupation is the major factor responsible for ..... migrants in India.

**Ans: Male**

8. The international migration is preferred by ..... of women.

**Ans: 18%**

### III. MATCH THE FOLLOWING.

- |                        |  |
|------------------------|--|
| 1. Migration policy    | - a) Work                              |
| 2. Female migrants     | - b) Low incidence of migration        |
| 3. Chennai             | - c) Maximum number of emigration      |
| 4. Better off migrants | - d) Marriage                          |
| 5. Salem               | - e) To reduce the volume of migration |
| 6. Male migrants       | - f) To improve the living standards.  |

**Ans: 1-e 2-d 3-c 4-f 5-b 6-a**

### IV. GIVE SHORT ANSWERS.

#### 1. Enlist the reasons for migration.

- Movement related to work an employment appears to the driving force of migration.
- Apart from the above, trade, business, employment. etc in other countries are other reasons for migration.
- Women migration is mainly associated with their marriage.

#### 2. What are the major factors responsible for female migrants in India?

- The major factor responsible for female migration in India is marriage.
- They also migrate within the country or foreign countries because of job.

#### 3. Name the four districts in Tamil Nadu which record low number of immigration.

The following districts in Tamilnadu are recorded low number of immigration-

Dindugal	Salem	Krishnagiri
Namakkal	Dharmapuri	Nilgiris

#### 4. What are the factors responsible for the poorer sections and better off sections to migrate.

- Poor sections of the population migrate as a survival strategy in response to distressing conditions in rural areas.
- Migrants from better-off sections migrate to improve their living standards.

**5. List the four destinations and the percentage of migrants from Tamil Nadu.**

Destinations	Percentage
Saudi Arabia	16 %
Singapore	20 %
United Arab Emirates	18 %
USA, Australia, Malaysia, Kuwait and Oman	13 %

**6. What does the study reveal about the occupation undertaken by migrants?**

- The study clearly reveals various occupations undertaken by the migrants.
- Highly skilled professions on one hand and low skilled occupations on the other along with a large number of semi-skilled occupations.

**ADDITIONAL**

**7. On what bases the migration is enumerated in the Census of India?**

**Place of birth** : If the place of birth is different from the place of enumeration (known as life-time migrant)

**Place of residence** : If the place of last residence is different from the place of enumeration (known as migrant by place of last residence).

**8. Name the four districts in Tamil Nadu which record maximum number of immigration.**

The following districts in Tamilnadu are recorded maximum number of immigration-

Chennai	Ramanathapuram
Coimbatore	Tiruchirapalli

**V. ANSWER IN DETAIL.**

**1. State the aims of migration policies.**

The main aims of migration policies are-

- To reduce the volume of migration
- To redirect the migrant streams.

**To reduce the volume of migration.**

- As a large part of migration is a reflection of poverty and insecurity faced by large sections of the rural people, the focus of intervention has to be in rural areas.
- Rural development policies to reduce poverty and insecurity would be essential to reduce the rate of migration.

**The redirect the migrant streams:**

- Redirection of migrant streams, away from big metropolitan cities is a desirable policy option.
- This policy can help in reducing spatial inequalities by suitable strategies, such as developing a more dispersed pattern of urbanization.

**2. Discuss the patterns of migration.**

The pattern of migration is very complex, compressing of a number of streams. They are-

- Rural to rural; rural to urban; urban to rural; urban to urban.
- Short, medium and long distance migration streams.
- Long-term stable migration and short-term circulatory type of movements.

**3. Elucidate about some of the interesting findings on migration in Tamil Nadu.**

- Some of the interesting findings on migration in Tamil Nadu are-
- Of the total migration in Tamil Nadu, 65 % have migrated or moved abroad while 35 % have moved within the country.
- Chennai district has recorded the maximum number of emigrants followed by Coimbatore, Ramanathapuram and Tiruchirappalli districts.
- Cuddalore, Karur, Thiruvannamalai, Vellore, Namakkal, Salem, Dindigul, Krishnagiri, Nilgiris and Dharmapuri districts record low number of emigrants.

**4. Analyse the educational qualifications of migrants from Tamil Nadu in 2015.**

The educational qualifications of migrants from Tamil Nadu in 2015 are-

S.No	Educational qualification	Percentage
1.	Illiterates	7 %
2.	Completed 10th Std	30 %
3.	Completed 12th Std	10 %
4.	Vocational training	15 %
5.	Graduates	11 %
6.	Professionally qualified	12 %
7.	Post graduates	11 %

**VI. WRITE THE CORRECT STATEMENT.****1. In recent times, workers from Tamil Nadu are moving to Africa. (F)**

In the ancient period, workers from Tamil Nadu moved to Africa.

**2. In Tamil Nadu, the extent of migration is much high in urban areas compared to rural areas. (F)**

The migration is much higher in the Rural areas compared to Urban areas.

**3. Any migrant stream would consist of homogenous sub-streams. (F)**

Any migrant stream would consist of heterogeneous sub-streams.

**4. Two out of every 10 persons is reported to be a migrant. (F)**

Two out of every 5 persons is reported to be a migrant.

**VII. PROJECT & ACTIVITY.**

1. Prepare statistical data by interaction with your class mates and school mates and find out how many families have migrated.

(Self Activity)

2. Prepare an album of pictures on rural to rural. Urban to urab, urban to rural and urban to urban migration.

(Self Activity)

**VIII. LIFE SKILLS.**

1. Collect date on various languages spoken in your class and represent through a pie diagram.

(Self Activity)



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