

EXERCISE 4.1

Question 1:

Check whether the following are quadratic equations:

- (i) $(x+1)^2=2(x-3)$
- (ii) $x - 2x = (-2)(3-x)$
- (iii) $(x-2)(x+1) = (x-1)(x+3)$
- (iv) $(x-3)(2x+1) = x(x+5)$
- (v) $(2x-1)(x-3) = (x+5)(x-1)$
- (vi) $x^2 + 3x + 1 = (x-2)^2$
- (vii) $(x+2)^3 = 2x(x^2-1)$
- (viii) $x^3 - 4x^2 - x + 1 = (x-2)^3$

Solution:

(i) Given: $(x+1)^2=2(x-3)$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + 1 + 2x = 2x - 6$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + 1 + 2x - 2x + 1 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + 2 = 0$$

As the highest power of x is 2, so the given equation is **quadratic**.

(ii) Given: $x^2 - 2x = (-2)(3-x)$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 - 2x = -6 + 2x$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 - 4x + 6 = 0$$

As the highest power of x is 2, so the given equation is **quadratic**.

(iii) Given: $(x-2)(x+1) = (x-1)(x+3)$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 - 2x + x - 2 = x^2 - x + 3x - 3$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 - x - 2 = x^2 + 2x - 3$$

$$\Rightarrow 3x - 1 = 0$$

As the highest power of x is 2, so the given equation is **quadratic**.

(iv) Given: $(x-3)(2x+1) = x(x+5)$

$$\Rightarrow 2x^2 - 6x + x - 3 = x^2 + 5x$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 - 10x - 3 = 0$$

As the highest power of x is 2, so the given equation is **quadratic**.

(v) Given: $(2x-1)(x-3) = (x+5)(x-1)$

$$\Rightarrow 2x^2 - 6x - x + 3 = x^2 + 5x - x - 5$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 - 11x + 8 = 0$$

As the highest power of x is 2, so the given equation is **quadratic**..

(vi) Given: $x^2 + 3x + 1 = (x-2)^2$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + 3x + 1 = x^2 + 4 - 4x$$

$$\Rightarrow 7x - 3 = 0$$

As the highest power of x is 1, so the given equation is **not quadratic**.

Question 2:

Represent the following situations in the form of quadratic equations:

- (i) The area of a rectangular plot is 528 m^2 . The length of the plot (in metres) is one more than twice its breadth. We need to find the length and breadth of the plot.

Solution:

(i) Let breadth of the rectangular plot = $x \text{ m}$

Then, length of the plot = $(2x + 1) \text{ m}$

Area of a rectangular plot = $l \times b$,

$$\Rightarrow 528 = (2x + 1)x$$

$$\Rightarrow 528 = 2x^2 + x$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x^2 + x - 528 = 0$$

Which is the required quadratic equation.

- (ii) The product of two consecutive positive integers is 306. We need to find the integers.

Solution:

(ii) Let the two consecutive integers be x and $x + 1$

Then, $x(x+1) = 306$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + x - 306 = 0$$

Which is the required quadratic equation.

- (iii) Rohan's mother is 26 years older than him. The product of their ages (in years) 3 years from now will be 360. We would like to find Rohan's present age.

Solution:

(iii) Let the present age of Rohan = x years

Rohan's mother's present age = $(x + 26)$ years

After 3 years, Rohan's age = $(x + 3)$ years

After 3 years, Rohan's mother's age = $(x + 26 + 3)$ years

According to question,

$$(x + 3)(x + 29) = 360$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + 29x + 3x + 87 - 360 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + 32x - 273 = 0$$

Which is the required quadratic equation.

- (iv) A train travels a distance of 480 km at a uniform speed. If the speed had been 8 km/h less, then it would have taken 3 hours more to cover the same distance. We need to find the speed of the train.

Solution:

(iv) Let speed of the train = x km/h

Total distance to be covered = 480 km

$$\text{Time} = \frac{\text{distance}}{\text{speed}} = \frac{480}{x}$$

Decreased speed of the train = $(x - 8)$ km/h

Now,
$$\text{Time} = \frac{480}{x - 8}$$

According to question,

$$\frac{480}{x - 8} - \frac{480}{x} = 3 \quad \Rightarrow \quad 480 \left[\frac{1}{x - 8} - \frac{1}{x} \right] = 3$$

$$\Rightarrow 480 \left[\frac{x - x + 8}{x(x - 8)} \right] = 3 \quad \Rightarrow \quad 480 \times 8 = 3x(x - 8)$$

$$\Rightarrow 3840 = 3x^2 - 24x \quad \Rightarrow \quad 3x^2 - 24x - 3840 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 - 8x - 1280 = 0$$

Which is the required quadratic equation.