

## EXERCISE 4.2

## Question 1:

Find the roots of the following quadratic equations by factorisation:

(i)  $x^2 - 3x - 10 = 0$

(ii)  $2x^2 + x - 6 = 0$

(iii)  $\sqrt{2}x^2 + 7x + 5\sqrt{2} = 0$

(iv)  $2x^2 - x + 18 = 0$

(v)  $100x^2 - 20x + 1 = 0$

## Solution:

(i) Given:  $x^2 - 3x - 10 = 0$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 - 5x + 2x - 10 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x(x - 5) + 2(x - 5) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x - 5)(x + 2) = 0$$

$$\text{Either } x - 5 = 0 \text{ or } x + 2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 5 \text{ or } x = -2$$

Hence, the roots are **5** and **-2**.

(ii) Given:  $2x^2 + x - 6 = 0$

$$\Rightarrow 2x^2 + 4x - 3x - 6 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x(x + 2) - 3(x + 2) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x + 2)(2x - 3) = 0$$

$$\text{Either } x + 2 = 0 \text{ or } 2x - 3 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x = -2 \text{ or } x = \frac{3}{2}$$

Hence, the roots are **-2** and  **$\frac{3}{2}$** .

(iii) Given:  $\sqrt{2}x^2 + 7x + 5\sqrt{2} = 0$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{2}x^2 + 5x + 2x + 5\sqrt{2} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x(\sqrt{2}x + 5) + \sqrt{2}(\sqrt{2}x + 5) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (\sqrt{2}x + 5)(x + \sqrt{2}) = 0$$

$$\text{Either } \sqrt{2}x + 5 = 0 \text{ or } x + \sqrt{2} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x = -\frac{5}{\sqrt{2}} \text{ or } x = -\sqrt{2}$$

Hence, the roots are  **$-\frac{5}{\sqrt{2}}$**  and  **$-\sqrt{2}$** .

(iv) Given:  $2x^2 - x + \frac{1}{8} = 0$

$$\Rightarrow 16x^2 - 8x + 1 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 16x^2 - 4x - 4x + 1 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 4x(4x - 1) - 1(4x - 1) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (4x - 1)(4x - 1) = 0$$

Either  $4x - 1 = 0$  or  $4x - 1 = 0$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{1}{4} \text{ or } x = \frac{1}{4}$$

Hence, the roots are  $\frac{1}{4}$  and  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

(v) Given:  $100x^2 - 20x + 1 = 0$

$$\Rightarrow 100x^2 - 10x - 10x + 1 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 10x(10x - 1) - 1(10x - 1) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (10x - 1)(10x - 1) = 0$$

Either  $10x - 1 = 0$  or  $10x - 1 = 0$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{1}{10} \text{ or } x = \frac{1}{10}$$

Hence, the roots are  $\frac{1}{10}$  and  $\frac{1}{10}$ .

## Question 2:

Solve the following situations mathematically:

- (i) John and Jivanti together have 45 marbles. Both of them lost 5 marbles each and the product of the number of marbles they now have is 124. We would like to find out how many marbles they had to start with.
- (ii) A cottage industry produces a certain number of toys in a day. The cost of production of each toy (in rupees) was found to be 55 minus the number of toys produced in a day. On a particular day, the total cost of production was ₹750. We would like to find out the number of toys produced on that day.

## Solution:

(i) Let the number of marbles John had be  $x$

Then, the number of marbles Jivanti had =  $45 - x$

The number of marbles left with John, when he lost 5 marbles =  $x - 5$

The number of marbles left with Jivanti, when she lost 5 marbles =  $45 - x - 5 = 40 - x$

According to question,

$$\begin{aligned} (x-5)(40-x) &= 124 &\Rightarrow 40x - x^2 - 200 + 5x &= 124 \\ \Rightarrow x^2 - 45x + 324 &= 0 &\Rightarrow x^2 - 36x - 9x + 324 &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow x(x-36) - 9(x-36) &= 0 &\Rightarrow (x-9)(x-36) &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow x-9 &= 0 \text{ or } x-36 &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow x &= 9 \text{ or } x = 36 \end{aligned}$$

Number of marbles they had to start with 9 and 36.

(ii) Let the number of toys produced in a day be  $x$

Then, cost of production of each toy on that day = ₹  $(55 - x)$

Total cost of production on that day =  $x(55 - x)$

According to question,

$$\begin{aligned} x(55-x) &= 750 &\Rightarrow 55x - x^2 &= 750 \\ \Rightarrow x^2 - 55x + 750 &= 0 &\Rightarrow x^2 - 25x - 30x + 750 &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow x(x-25) - 30(x-25) &= 0 &\Rightarrow (x-30)(x-25) &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow x-30 &= 0 \text{ or } x-25 &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow x &= 30 \text{ or } x = 25 \end{aligned}$$

Number of toys produced on that day was 25 or 30.

**Question 3:**

Find two numbers whose sum is 27 and product is 182.

**Solution:**

Let the first number be  $x$ , then another number will be  $27 - x$ .

According to the questions, we have:

$$\begin{aligned}x(27 - x) &= 182 \\ \Rightarrow 27x - x^2 &= 182 \\ \Rightarrow x^2 - 27x + 182 &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow x^2 - 14x - 13x + 182 &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow (x - 14)(x - 13) &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow x = 14 \text{ or } x = 13\end{aligned}$$

Hence, the required numbers are 13 and 14.

**Question 4:**

Find two consecutive positive integers, the sum of whose squares is 365.

**Solution:**

Let the two consecutive integers be  $x$  and  $x + 1$ .

According to question,

$$\begin{aligned}x^2 + (x + 1)^2 &= 365 & \Rightarrow x^2 + x^2 + 2x + 1 &= 365 \\ \Rightarrow 2x^2 + 2x - 364 &= 0 & \Rightarrow x^2 + x - 182 &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow x^2 + 14x - 13x - 182 &= 0 & \Rightarrow x(x + 14) - 13(x + 14) &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow (x - 13)(x + 14) &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow x &= 13, -14\end{aligned}$$

(-14 is rejected because it is negative integer)

Hence, the two consecutive positive integers are 13 and  $13 + 1 = 14$ .

## Question 5:

The altitude of a right triangle is 7 cm less than its base. If the hypotenuse is 13 cm, find the other two sides.

## Solution:

Let the base of right triangle be  $x$  cm.

Then, altitude of right triangle will be  $(x - 7)$  cm

Hypotenuse = 13cm [Given]

By Pythagoras' theorem, we have:

$$\begin{aligned}(13)^2 &= x^2 + (x - 7)^2 \\ \Rightarrow 169 &= x^2 + x^2 - 14x + 49 \\ \Rightarrow 2x^2 - 14x - 120 &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow x^2 - 7x - 60 &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow x^2 - 12x + 5x - 60 &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow (x - 12)(x + 5) &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow x = 12 \quad \text{or} \quad x = -5.\end{aligned}$$

Hence, the base of the right triangle is **12 cm**  
and its altitude is  $12 - 7 = \mathbf{5 \text{ cm}}$ .

## Question 6:

A cottage industry produces a certain number of pottery articles in a day. It was observed on a particular day that the cost of production of each article (in rupees) was 3 more than twice the number of articles produced on that day. If the total cost of production on that day was ₹90, find the number of articles produced and the cost of each article.

## Solution:

Let total number of pottery articles produced in a day =  $x$

Cost of production of each article = ₹  $\frac{90}{x}$

According to question,

$$\begin{aligned}2x + 3 &= \frac{90}{x} \\ \Rightarrow x(2x + 3) &= 90 & \Rightarrow 2x^2 + 3x &= 90 \\ \Rightarrow 2x^2 + 3x - 90 &= 0 & \Rightarrow 2x^2 + 15x - 12x - 90 &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow x(2x + 15) - 6(2x + 15) &= 0 & \Rightarrow (2x + 15)(x - 6) &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow 2x &= -15 \quad \text{or} \quad x - 6 &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow x &= -\frac{15}{2} \quad \text{or} \quad x = 6 \quad \left(-\frac{15}{2} \text{ is rejected}\right)\end{aligned}$$

$\therefore$  Number of articles produced per day = 6

Cost of production of each article =  $\frac{90}{6} = \mathbf{₹ 15}$