



# STRING ASSIGNMENT

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Sec – 3

Q1. Write a C program to find length of a string with and without function.

**With function**

```
#include<stdio.h> int  
  
main()  
{   char str[20];  
  
printf("Enter the String\n");  
  
scanf("%[^\n]s", str);   int l =  
strlen(str);   printf("Length =  
%d", l);  
  
}
```

**Without function**

```
#include<stdio.h> int  
  
main()  
{   char str[20],i;  
  
printf("Enter the String\n");  
  
scanf("%[^\n]s", str);  
  
for(i=0;str[i]!='\0;i++)  
  
    {  
  
    }  
  
printf("%d", i);
```

```
}
```

**Q2.** - Write a C program to copy one string to another string with and without function. **With**

**function**

```
int main()
{
    char str1[100],str2[100];
    printf("Enter the string\n");
    gets(str1);  strcpy(str2,str1);
    puts(str2);
}
```

**Without function**

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int i;
    char a[100], b[100];
    printf("Enter your string\n");
    scanf("%s", a);
    for(i=0;a[i]!='\0';i++)
        b[i]=a[i];
    b[i]='\0';
    printf("Another string\n%s", b);
    return 0;
}
```

**Q 3.** Write a C program to concatenate two strings with and without function.

**With function**

//Q:3

```
#include<stdio.h> #include<string.h>
int main()
{
    char a[100], b[100];
    printf("Enter 1st string\n");
    gets(a);
    printf("Enter 2nd string\n");
    gets(b);
    strcat(a,b);
    printf("Strings after concatenation\n");
    puts(a);
    puts(b); return 0;
}
```

//Q:3

```
#include<stdio.h> #include<string.h>
int main()
{
    int i, j;  char
a[100], b[100];
    printf("Enter 1st string\n");
    gets(a);
    printf("Enter 2nd string\n");
    gets(b);
```

```
        for(i=0;a[i]!='\0';i++);
a[i]=' ';
        i++;
        for(j=0;b[j]!='\0';j++,i++)
            a[i]=b[j];
a[i]='\0';
    printf("Strings after concatenation\n");
    puts(a); puts(b);
    return 0;
}
```

**Q 4.-** Write a C program to compare two strings with and without function.

**With function**

//Q:4

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h> int
main()
{
    char a[100], b[100];
    printf("Enter 1st string\n");
    gets(a);
    printf("your 2nd string\n");
    gets(b);
    if(strcmp(a,b)==0)
        printf("Identical");
    else if(strcmp(a,b)==1)
        printf("string 1st have more ASCII value of mismatching character of string 2nd");
    else
        printf("string 2nd have more ASCII value of mismatching character of string 1st"); return 0;
}
```

**Without function**

//Q:4

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
#include<string.h> int
```

```
main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int i, j, c=0;        char
```

```
a[100], b[100];    printf("Enter 1st
```

```
string\n");
```

```
    gets(a);
```

```
    printf("your 2nd string\n");
```

```
    gets(b);
```

```
    for(i=0;a[i]!='\0';i++);
```

```
    for(j=0;b[j]!='\0';j++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        if(a[j]==b[j])

            c=c+1;

        else if(a[j]>b[j])

        {

            printf("string 1st have more ASCII value of mismatching character of string 2nd");

            break;

        }

        else

        {

            printf("string 2nd have more ASCII value of mismatching character of string 1st");

            break;

        }

    }

    if(c==i)

printf("Identical"); return 0;

}
```

**Q 5.-** Write a C program to convert lowercase string to uppercase.

//Q:5

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int i;
```

```
    char a[100];
```

```
    printf("Enter your string\n");
```

```
    scanf("%[^\n]", a);
```

```
    for(i=0;a[i]!='\0';i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        if(a[i]>=97 && a[i]<=122)
```

```
            a[i]=a[i]-32;
```

```
    }
```

```
    printf("String after conversion\n");
```

```
    printf("%s", a);
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

**Q 6.-** Write a C program to convert uppercase string to lowercase.

//Q:6

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int i;
```

```
    char a[100];
```

```
printf("Enter your string\n");
scanf("%s", a);
for(i=0;a[i]!='\0';i++)
{
    if(a[i]>=65 && a[i]<=90)
        a[i]=a[i]+32;
}
printf("String after conversion\n");
printf("%s", a);
return 0;
}
```

**Q 7-**Write a C program to toggle case of each character of a string.

//Q:7

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int i;
    char a[100];
    printf("Enter your string\n");
    scanf("%s", a);
    for(i=0;a[i]!='\0';i++)
    {
        if(a[i]>=97 && a[i]<=122)
            a[i]=a[i]-32;
        else if(a[i]>=65 && a[i]<=90)
            a[i]=a[i]+32;
    }
    printf("String after toggle\n");
    printf("%s", a);
    return 0;
}
```

**Q 8-**Write a C program to find total number of alphabets, digits or special character in a string.

//Q:8

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int i, c1=0, c2=0, c3=0; char a[100];
    printf("Enter your string\n");
    scanf("%s", a);
    for(i=0;a[i]!='\0';i++)
    {
        if(a[i]>='a' && a[i]<='z' || a[i]>='A' && a[i]<='Z')
            c1=c1+1;
        else if(a[i]>='0' && a[i]<='9')
            c2=c2+1;
        else
            c3=c3+1;
    }
    printf("Total no. of alphabets = %d\n", c1);
    printf("Total no. of digits = %d\n", c2);
    printf("Total no. of special character = %d", c3);
    return 0;
}
```

**Q 9-**

//Q:9

```
#include<stdio.h> int
main()
{
    int i, j=0, k=0, l=0, m=0;
    char a[100], p[100], q[100], r[100], s[100];
    printf("Enter your string\n");
    scanf("%s", a);
    for(i=0;a[i]!='\0';i++)
    {
        if(a[i]=='a' || a[i]=='e' || a[i]=='i' || a[i]=='o' || a[i]=='u' || a[i]=='A' || a[i]=='E' || a[i]=='I' || a[i]=='O' || a[i]=='U')
        {
            p[j]=a[i];
            j++;
        }
        else if(a[i]>='a' && a[i]<='z' || a[i]>='A' && a[i]<='Z')
        {
            q[k]=a[i];
            k++;
        }
        else if(a[i]>='0' && a[i]<='9')
        {
            r[l]=a[i];
            l++;
        }
        else
        {
            s[m]=a[i];
            m++;
        }
    }
    p[j]='\0';
    q[k]='\0';    r[l]='\0';
    s[m]='\0';
    printf("string of vowels\n%s\n", p);
    printf("string of consonants\n%s\n", q);
    printf("string of digits\n%s\n", r);
    printf("string of special character\n%s", s);
    return 0;
}
Q 10-
```

```
//Q:10
#include<stdio.h> int
main()
{
    int i, c1=0, c2=0;
    char a[100];
    printf("Enter your string\n");
    scanf("%s", a);    for(i=0;a[i]!='\0';i++)
    {
        if(a[i]=='a' || a[i]=='e' || a[i]=='i' || a[i]=='o' || a[i]=='u' || a[i]=='A' ||
a[i]=='E' || a[i]=='I' || a[i]=='O' || a[i]=='U')
```

```
        c1=c1+1;
        else if(a[i]>='a' && a[i]<='z' || a[i]>='A' && a[i]<='Z')
            c2=c2+1;
    }
    printf("Total no. of vowels = %d\n", c1);
    printf("Total no. of consonants = %d", c2);
    return 0;
}
```

Q11-

```
#include<stdio.h> int
main()
{
    int i, c=0;
    char a[100];
    printf("Enter your string\n");
    scanf("%s", a);    for(i=0;a[i]!='\0';i++)
        if(a[i]!=' ')
            c=c+1;
    if(a[0]!=' ' && a[i-1]!=' ')
        printf("Total no. of words = %d", c-1);
    else if(a[0]!=' ' || a[i-1]!=' ')
        printf("Total no. of words = %d", c);
    else
        printf("Total no. of words = %d", c+1);
    return 0;
}
```

Q12-

```
#include<stdio.h> #include<string.h>
int main()
{
    char a[100];
    printf("Enter your string\n");
    gets(a);
    strrev(a);
    printf("String after reverse\n");
    puts(a);
    return 0;
}
```

Q13-

```
#include<stdio.h> #include<string.h>
int main()
{
    int i, x;
    char a[100], b[100];
    printf("Enter your string\n");
    gets(a);
    for(i=0;a[i]!='\0';i++)
        b[i]=a[i];
    b[i]='\0';
    strrev(a);
    x=strcmp(a,b); if(x==0)
```



```
        printf("String is palindrome");
    else
        printf("String is not palindrome");
    return 0;
}
```

Q 15-

#include&lt;stdio.h&gt;

#include&lt;string.h&gt; int

main()

{

int i;

char a[100], x;

printf("Enter your string\n");

gets(a);

printf("Enter the character whose first occurrence to be found: ");

scanf("%c", &amp;x);

for(i=0;a[i]!='\0';i++)

if(a[i]==x)

break;

printf("First occurrence of character %c of position is %d", x, i+1);

return 0;

}

Q 16-

#include&lt;stdio.h&gt;

#include&lt;string.h&gt; int

main()

{

int i, j;

char a[100], x;

printf("Enter your string\n"); gets(a); printf("Enter the

character whose last occurrence to be found: ");

scanf("%c", &amp;x);

for(i=0;a[i]!='\0';i++)

if(a[i]==x)

```
        j=i;

        printf("Last occurrence of character %c of position is %d", x, j+1);

        return 0;

    }
```

Q 17-

```
#include<stdio.h>

#include<string.h> int

main()

{

    int i;

    char a[100], x;

    printf("Enter your string\n");

    gets(a);

    printf("Enter the character whose all occurrence to be found: ");

    scanf("%c", &x);

    printf("All occurrence of a character %c of positions is ", x);

    for(i=0;a[i]!='\0';i++)

        if(a[i]==x)

            printf("%d ", i+1);    return 0;

}
```

Q 18-

```
#include<stdio.h>

#include<string.h> int

main()

{

    int i, c=0; char a[100], x; printf("Enter your string\n"); gets(a);

    printf("Enter the character whose occurrences to be count: ");

    scanf("%c", &x);

    for(i=0;a[i]!='\0';i++)

    {

        if(a[i]==x)

            c=c+1;

    }
```

```
    }  
  
    printf("Number of occurrence of character %c is %d", x, c);  
  
    return 0;  
  
}
```

Q19-

```
#include<stdio.h> int  
  
main()  
{  
  
    int i, max, c[128]={ };  
  
    char a[1000];  
  
    printf("Enter your string\n");  
  
    scanf("%s", a);    for(i=0;a[i]!='\0';i++)  
  
        c[a[i]]++;  
  
    max = c[0];  
  
    printf("Highest frequency character is/are  
");    for(i=0;i<=127;i++)        if(c[i]>max)  
  
        max=c[i];    for(i=0;i<=127;i++)  
  
    if(c[i]==max)  
  
        printf("%c ", i);  
  
    return 0;  
  
}
```

Q20

```
#include<stdio.h>  
  
#include<string.h> int  
  
main()  
{  
  
    int i, min, x, c[128]={ };  
  
    char a[1000];  
  
    printf("Enter your string\n");  
  
    scanf("%s", a);    for(i=0;a[i]!='\0';i++)  
  
        c[a[i]]++;
```

```
x = c[0];

for(i=0;i<=127;i++)

if(c[i]>x)

x=c[i];

min=x;

for(i=0;i<=127;i++)

if(c[i]<min && c[i]>0)

min=c[i];

printf("Lowest frequency character is/are

");    for(i=0;i<=127;i++)        if(c[i]==min)

printf("%c ", i);

return 0;

}
```

Q41

```
#include<stdio.h>

#include<string.h> int

main()

{

    int i, j, la, lb;    char

a[100], b[100], ra, rb;

printf("Enter 1st string\n");

gets(a);

printf("your 2nd string\n");

gets(b);

la=strlen(a);

lb=strlen(b);    if(la==lb)

{

    for(i=1;i<=la-1;i++)

for(j=0;j<=la-1-i;j++)

if(a[j]>a[j+1])

{
```

```
        ra=a[j];

        a[j]=a[j+1];

a[j+1]=ra;

        }

        for(i=1;i<=lb-1;i++)

for(j=0;j<=lb-1-i;j++)

                if(b[j]>b[j+1])

                {

                        rb=b[j];

                        b[j]=b[j+1];

b[j+1]=rb;

                }

        if(strcmp(a,b)==0)

        printf("String is anagram");

        else

                printf("String is not anagram");

    }

    else

        printf("String are not anagram");

return 0;

}
```

Q42

#include&lt;stdio.h&gt; int

main()

{

int i, j;

char a[100];

printf("Enter your word\n");

scanf("%s", a); printf("Your word

is\n"); printf("%s\n\n", a);

for(i=0;a[i]!='\0';i++)

{

```
        for(j=0;j<=i;j++)  
  
        printf("%c", a[j]);  
  
        printf("\n");  
  
        }  
  
        return 0;  
  
}
```

Q43

```
#include<stdio.h>  
  
#include<string.h> int  
  
main()  
  
{  
  
        char a[100];  
  
        int i, l, k, j;  
  
        printf("Enter your string\n");  
  
        scanf("%s", a);        l=strlen(a);  
  
        for(i=0;i<=l-1;i++)  
  
                if(a[i]==' ')  
  
                        {  
  
                                k=i;  
  
                                break;  
  
                        }        for(i=0;i<=l-  
  
1;i++)  
  
                                if(a[i]==' ')  
  
                                        j=i;  
  
                                printf("Middle name is\n");  
  
                                for(i=k+1;i<=j-1;i++)  
  
                                        printf("%c", a[i]);        return 0;  
  
}
```

Q44

```
#include<stdio.h>

#include<string.h> int

main()

{

    int choice, l, i;    char

ch, a[100], b[100];

    printf("Menu\n1. Length of string\n2. Copy of one string into another\n3. Capitalize all letters of

string\n4. Reverse of string\n5. Comparison of two strings\n");    printf("Enter your choice from

Menu\n");    scanf("%d", &choice);

    switch(choice)

    {

        case 1: printf("Enter your string\n");

            scanf("%*c%[^\\n]", a);

            l=strlen(a);

            printf("Length of string is %d", l);

            break;

        case 2: printf("Enter one string\n");

            scanf("%*c%[^\\n]", a);

printf("Your another string\n");

            strcpy(b,a);

            puts(b);

            break;

        case 3: printf("Enter your string\n");

            scanf("%*c%[^\\n]", a);

for(i=0;a[i]!='\\0';i++)

            {

                if(a[i]>=97 && a[i]<=122)

                    a[i]=a[i]-32;

            }

            printf("String after capitalize all letters\n");

            puts(a);

            break;
```

```
case 4: printf("Enter your string\n");

        scanf("%*c%[\n]", a);

        strrev(a);

        printf("Reverse of string\n");

        puts(a);

break;

case 5: printf("Enter 1st string\n");

        scanf("%*c%[\n]", a);

printf("Enter 2nd string\n");

        scanf("%*c%[\n]", b);

        if(strcmp(a,b)==0)

                printf("Identical");

        else if(strcmp(a,b)==1)

                printf("string 1st have more ASCII value of mismatching character of string

2nd");

        else

                printf("string 2nd have more ASCII value of mismatching character of string

1st");

        break;

default: printf("Invalid choice");

}

printf("\nThanks for visiting now you can exit");

return 0;

}
```



Q.97 What are the functions used for reading a string? If you want to read your full name, which function will you prefer? why?

Ans: `gets()` function is used for reading a string and because `gets()` can read large strings until the enter key is pressed. So we can read full name by this.

Q.98 What are the ways to initialize 1D and 2D arrays?

Ans: (i) Compile time initialization  
(ii) Run time initialization