

Operating Systems Lab Assignment - 1 Report

Name: Harsh Sen

Roll no. 2301730194

Course Code: ENCS351

Program: B.Tech CSE(AI/ML)

Experiment: Process Creation and Management Using Python

Objective:

To simulate Linux process management operations using Python to understand process creation, execution, and control, including `fork()`, `exec()`, zombie/orphan behavior, and scheduling via nice values.

Tools Used:

Python 3.x

Linux Environment (Ubuntu/WSL via Terminal)

Tasks Performed:

- Task 1: Created multiple child processes using `os.fork()` and displayed Parent/Child PIDs.
- Task 2: Executed system commands (`ls`, `date`, `ps`) using `os.execvp()` to replace process images.
- Task 3: Simulated Zombie (parent sleeps, child exits) and Orphan (parent exits, child sleeps) processes.
- Task 4: Inspected process details using the Linux `/proc` filesystem (specifically `/proc/[pid]/status`, `/exe`, and `/fd`).
- Task 5: Created CPU-intensive tasks with different `nice()` values (-5, 0, 5) to observe process prioritization logic.

Outputs:

- Successfully displayed parent-child relationships and distinct PIDs.
- Verified valid execution of external shell commands within Python.
- Observed how the OS adopts Orphan processes (re-parented to init/systemd).
- Retrieved internal process status and file descriptors from /proc.
- Demonstrated priority scheduling (noting that increasing priority requires root privileges).

```
===== Operating Systems Assignment: Process Management =====
```

```
--- TASK 1: Creating Child Processes ---
```

```
[Child] PID: 11660, Parent PID: 11658, Message: Child 0 running
```

```
[Child] PID: 11661, Parent PID: 11658, Message: Child 1 running
```

```
[Child] PID: 11662, Parent PID: 11658, Message: Child 2 running
```

```
[Parent] All children finished.
```

```
--- TASK 2: Executing Commands in Child Processes ---
```

```
[Child] PID 11663 executing command: ['ls']  
process_management.py projects
```

```
[Child] PID 11664 executing command: ['date']  
Tue Nov 18 15:36:50 UTC 2025
```

```
[Child] PID 11665 executing command: ['ps']
```

PID	TTY	TIME	CMD
11657	pts/7	00:00:00	sudo
11658	pts/7	00:00:00	python3
11665	pts/7	00:00:00	ps

```
--- TASK 3: Zombie & Orphan Simulation ---
```

```
[Zombie Simulation]
```

```
[Parent] Not calling wait() → Child becomes zombie.
```

```
[Child-Zombie] PID 11666 exiting...
```

```
Run: ps -el | grep defunct
```

```
[Orphan Simulation]
```

```
[Parent] Exiting immediately → Child becomes orphan.
```

```
--- TASK 4: /proc Inspection ---
```

```

--- TASK 4: /proc Inspection ---

Enter a PID to inspect: [Child-Orphan] PID 11716 sleeping...
[Child-Orphan] New Parent PID after orphaning: 11658
11658

[PROCESS STATUS]
Name:   python3
State:  R (running)
VmSize: 17000 kB

[EXECUTABLE PATH]
/usr/bin/python3.12

[OPEN FILE DESCRIPTORS]
['0', '1', '2', '3']

--- TASK 5: Priority Scheduling ---

[Child] High Priority → nice value: -5
[Child] Normal Priority → nice value: 0
[Child] Low Priority → nice value: 5
[Child High Priority] Completed
[Child Low Priority] Completed
[Child Normal Priority] Completed

[Parent] Priority execution complete.

===== All Tasks Completed Successfully =====

```

Learning Outcomes:

- Process Life-cycle: Understood how `fork()` duplicates a process and how the OS manages Parent-Child relationships.
- Context Switching: Demonstrated how `exec()` replaces the current process memory with a new program.
- State Management: Observed the creation of Zombies (terminated but not waited for) and Orphans (running without original parent).
- System Internals: Learned to extract raw process data from the `/proc` directory.

- Scheduling: Learned that negative nice values increase priority and require sudo privileges.

Complexity:

- Time Complexity: $O(n)$ for creating n child processes.
- Space Complexity: $O(n)$ for maintaining process IDs and context in memory.

Conclusion:

This experiment deepened the understanding of process management concepts in Linux. By practically implementing the Python os module, we visualized how the Operating System handles process creation, resource allocation (/proc), and scheduling priorities. We successfully identified that Orphan processes are adopted by the init process (PID 1 or systemd) to prevent resource leaks.

