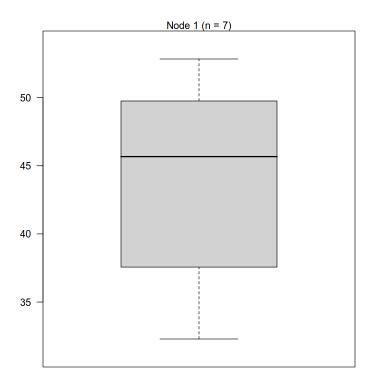
```
In [1]: #Experiment No: 7 - Write a R program to implement Decision tree Algorithm.
In [ ]: # Load the libraries
         library(datasets)
         library(caTools)
         library(party)
         library(dplyr)
         library(magrittr)
In [10]: # Load the readingSkills.csv dataset using read.csv()
         readingSkills <- read.csv("readingSkills.csv")</pre>
         # Display the first few rows of the dataset to confirm
         head(readingSkills)
                   A data.frame: 6 × 4
           nativeSpeaker
                         age shoeSize score
                  <chr> <int>
                                 <dbl> <dbl>
        1
                           5
                                 24.83 32.29
                    yes
        2
                           6
                                 25.95 36.63
                    yes
                                 30.42 49.60
        3
                           11
                    no
        4
                    yes
                           7
                                 28.66 40.28
        5
                           11
                                 31.88 55.46
                    yes
                                 30.07 52.83
        6
                    ves
                           10
In [11]: # Load the data
         readingSkills <- read.csv("readingSkills.csv") # Replace with the correct p
In [15]: # Set a seed to ensure reproducibility
         set.seed(123)
         # Split the data into training and testing sets (70% training, 30% testing)
         split <- sample.split(readingSkills$score, SplitRatio = 0.7)</pre>
         train data <- subset(readingSkills, split == TRUE)</pre>
         test data <- subset(readingSkills, split == FALSE)</pre>
In [17]: # Build a Decision Tree using the 'ctree' function from the 'party' package
         decision tree model <- ctree(score ~ nativeSpeaker + age + shoeSize, data =
         # Plot the decision tree
         plot(decision tree model)
```



In [18]: # Predict the score using the test data

```
# Display the predicted values
          predictions
        A matrix: 3
        × 1 of type
           dbl
           score
        43.63143
        43.63143
        43.63143
In [19]: # Compare predicted values with actual values in the test set
          comparison <- data.frame(Actual = test data$score, Predicted = predictions)</pre>
          # Print the comparison of actual and predicted values
          print(comparison)
          # Calculate the Mean Absolute Error (MAE) to evaluate the model
         MAE <- mean(abs(comparison$Actual - comparison$Predicted))</pre>
          cat("Mean Absolute Error (MAE):", MAE)
```

predictions <- predict(decision\_tree\_model, newdata = test\_data)</pre>

Actual score
1 40.28 43.63143
2 55.46 43.63143
3 48.21 43.63143

Mean Absolute Error (MAE): NaN