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Probability Assignment

EE22BTECH11022-G.SAI HARSHITH*

Question: The frequency response H(f) of of a linear time-invariant system has magnitude as shown in Fig. 0

Statement 1: The system is necessarily a pure delay system for inputs which are bandlimited to $-a \le f \le a$.

Statement 2: For any wide-sense stationary input process with power spectral density $S_X(f)$, the output power spectral density $S_Y(f)$ obeys $S_X(f) = S_Y(f)$ for $-a \le f \le a$.

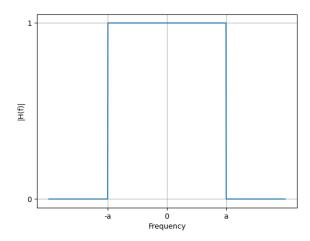


Fig. 0. |H(f)| vs frequency

Solution: A system where output signal is a delayed version of input signal with no other transformations or operations is called a pure delay system.

1) Let us consider a pure delay LTI system with x(t) and y(t) as input and output signals in time domian. Let T_d be delay between input and output. So,

$$y(t) = x(t - T_d) \tag{1}$$

Appling fourier transform,

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} y(t)e^{-2\pi f jwt}dt = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t - T_d)e^{-2\pi f jt}dt$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t)e^{-2\pi f j(t+T_d)}d(t + T_d)$$
(3)
$$= e^{-2\pi f jT_d} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t)e^{-2\pi f jt}dt$$
(4)

$$Y(f) = e^{-2\pi f j T_d} X(f) \tag{5}$$

Here Y(f) and X(f) are output and input signals in frequency domian. Let H(f) be

$$H(f) = \frac{Y(f)}{X(f)} \tag{6}$$

$$=e^{-2\pi f j T_d} \tag{7}$$

$$= (1)e^{-2\pi f j T_d}$$
 (8)

Comparing (8) with

$$H(f) = |H(f)|e^{j\angle H(f)}$$
 (9)

$$|H(f)| = 1\tag{10}$$

$$\angle H(f) = -2\pi f T_d \tag{11}$$

As input is bandlimited in $-a \le f \le a$. We have

$$|H(f)| = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } -a \le f \le a \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$
 (12)

From (12) and Fig. 0, |H(f)| is same.But from (11), $\angle H(f)$ is directly proportional to frequency and time delay. The system will acts as pure delay system. Now, if we take f^2 as frequency, the system doesn't act as pure delay system. Example: Consider

$$H(f) = e^{-2\pi f^2 j T_d}$$
 (13)

Appling inverse fourier transform to get time responce.

$$h(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} H(f)e^{2\pi i f t} df$$
 (14)

$$=\sqrt{\frac{T_d}{it}}e^{-(\frac{i\pi t}{T_d})}\tag{15}$$

But h(t) should be delta function that is $\delta(t-T_d)$ to get $x(t-T_d)$ when convoluted with x(t). Therfore system doesn't necessarily be pure delay even |H(f)| is same. So, Statement 1 is incorrect.

2) For wide-sense stationary LTI sytem,

$$S_Y(f) = |H(f)|^2 S_X(f)$$
 (16)

From (12), for $-a \le f \le a$,

$$S_Y(f) = (1)^2 S_X(f)$$
 (17)

$$S_{Y}(f) = S_{X}(f) \tag{18}$$

Statement 2 is correct.