

Assignment 2

CS20BTECH11028

and latex-tikz codes from

<https://github.com/Harsha24112002/AI1103/tree/main/Assignment-2>

1 PROBLEM GATE EC 56

Let X and Y be jointly distributed random variables such that the conditional distribution of Y , given $X = x$, is uniform on the interval $(x - 1, x + 1)$. Suppose $E(X) = 1$ and $Var(X) = \frac{5}{3}$. The mean of the random variable Y is

- (A) $\frac{1}{2}$ (C) $\frac{3}{2}$
 (B) 1 (D) 2

2 SOLUTION GATE EC 56

We know that,

$$\Pr_{(Y|X=x)}(y) = \frac{f(x, y)}{f_1(x)} \quad (2.0.1)$$

where $f(x, y) = \Pr(X = x, Y = y)$, $f_1(x)$ is the marginal probability for $X=x$.

Given that $\Pr(Y|X = x)$ is uniform over the interval $(x-1, x+1)$.

$$\Rightarrow \Pr_{(Y|X=x)}(y) = \frac{1}{(x+1) - (x-1)} \quad (2.0.2)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \quad (2.0.3)$$

$$\Rightarrow \Pr_{(Y|X=x)}(y) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} & y \in (x-1, x+1) \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad (2.0.4)$$

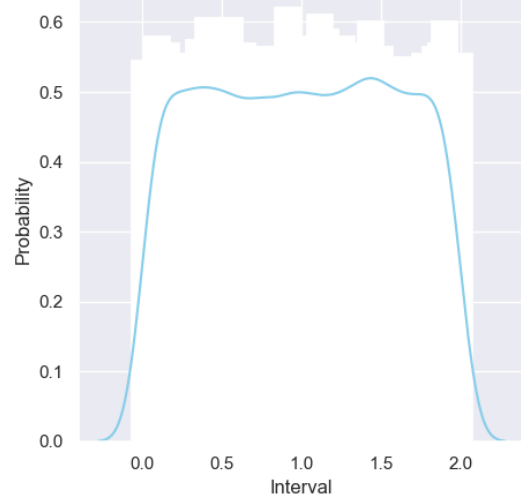


Fig. 4: Distribution of $\Pr_{(Y|X=1)}(y)$

Given $E(X) = 1$

$$\Rightarrow \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x f_1(x) dx = 1 \quad (2.0.5)$$

Now consider $E(Y)$,

$$E(Y) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} y f_1(y) dy \quad (2.0.6)$$

As $f_1(y)$ is a marginal probability of $Y=y$ we can write as,

$$E(Y) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} y f(x, y) dx dy \quad (2.0.7)$$

From 2.0.1 we can write ,

$$E(Y) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} y \Pr_{(Y|X=x)}(y) f_1(x) dx dy \quad (2.0.8)$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} y \Pr_{(Y|X=x)}(y) dy \right) f_1(x) dx \quad (2.0.9)$$

From 2.0.4 we can simplify as,

$$E(Y) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\int_{(x-1)}^{(x+1)} y \Pr_{(Y|X=x)}(y) dy \right) f_1(x) dx \quad (2.0.10)$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\int_{(x-1)}^{(x+1)} y \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) dy \right) f_1(x) dx \quad (2.0.11)$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left(\frac{(x+1)^2 - (x-1)^2}{2} \right) f_1(x) dx \quad (2.0.12)$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x f_1(x) dx \quad (2.0.13)$$

$$= E(X) \quad (2.0.14)$$

Hence from 2.0.5 it can be seen that

$$E(Y) = 1 \quad (2.0.15)$$

∴ Option B is true