1

EE24BTECH11063 - Y. Harsha Vardhan Reddy

Question:

Find the probability that no toss results in a tail when coin is tossed thrice(independent tosses)

Solution:

Theoretical solution:

To calculate the probability of getting all three tails when a coin is tossed three times:

• The probability of getting a tail (T) in a single toss is:

$$P(T) = \frac{1}{2}.$$

• Since the tosses are independent, the probability of getting three tails (TTT) is given by:

$$P(\text{Three Tails}) = P(T) \times P(T) \times P(T)$$
.

• Substituting $P(T) = \frac{1}{2}$, we have:

$$P(\text{Three Tails}) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^3 = \frac{1}{8}.$$

Thus, the probability of getting all three tails is:

 $\frac{1}{8}$

Computational solution:

Z-Transform Computational Method for Coin Toss PMF

1. Z-Transform Expansion

The Z-transform for the number of tails in n coin tosses is given by:

$$T(z) = (p + (1 - p)z)^{n}$$
(0.1)

where:

- p is the probability of tails (p = 0.5 for a fair coin),
- 1 p is the probability of heads (1 p = 0.5 for a fair coin),
- n is the number of tosses (n = 3).

2. Expansion of T(z)

Expand the expression $(p + (1 - p)z)^n$ using the binomial theorem:

$$T(z) = \sum_{k=0}^{n} \binom{n}{k} p^{n-k} (1-p)^k z^k$$
 (0.2)

where:

• $\binom{n}{k}$ is the binomial coefficient, computed as:

$$\binom{n}{k} = \frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!} \tag{0.3}$$

- The coefficient of z^k in T(z) gives the probability P(X = k), where X is the number of tails.
- 3. Probability Mass Function (PMF)

The PMF is computed as:

$$P(X = k) = \binom{n}{k} p^{n-k} (1-p)^k \tag{0.4}$$

Substitute p = 0.5 and 1 - p = 0.5 for a fair coin:

$$P(X = k) = \binom{n}{k} (0.5)^n \tag{0.5}$$

4. Computational Steps

For each $k \in \{0, 1, ..., n\}$:

1) Compute the binomial coefficient:

$$\binom{n}{k} = \prod_{i=0}^{k-1} \frac{n-i}{k-i}$$
 (1.1)

2) Multiply by $(0.5)^n$ to compute P(X = k):

$$P(X=k) = \binom{n}{k} \cdot (0.5)^n \tag{2.1}$$

5. Result for n = 3

Substituting n = 3 and expanding:

$$T(z) = (0.5 + 0.5z)^3 = 0.125 + 0.375z + 0.375z^2 + 0.125z^3$$
 (2.2)

The PMF values are:

$$P(X = 0) = 0.125$$
, $P(X = 1) = 0.375$, $P(X = 2) = 0.375$, $P(X = 3) = 0.125$ (2.3)

