

INT217 PROJECT REPORT

(Project Semester August-December 2021)

Analysing IPL dataset(2008-2020)

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Introduction

Data management is an administrative process that includes acquiring, validating, storing protecting, and processing required data to ensure the accessibility, reliability, and timeliness of the data for its users

Organizations and enterprises are making use of Big Data more than ever before to inform business decisions and gain deep insights into customer behavior, trends, and opportunities for creating extraordinary customer experiences.

To make sense of the vast quantities of data that enterprises are gathering analyzing and storing today, companies turn to data management solutions and platforms. Data management solutions make processing validation, and other essential functions simpler and less time intensive.

Data visualization is the graphical representation of information and data. By using visual elements like charts, graphs, and maps. data visualization tools provide an accessible way to see and understand trends, outliers, and patterns in data.

There are many options for Excel focused on formulas which help you to automate your spreadsheets. Charts, graphs, and models can all be used to add a visual component to your data With Excel Charts, users will be able to find the best ways to display their data that could drive more effective decision making. Not only can you optimize the way which your data is presented through courses in Excel Charts, but you can also learn customization techniques so you can coordinate your Excel figures with associated documents in Microsoft Office.

In this project I chose IPL as my project theme. Because IPL was started in 2008 and if we analyze the data we can get the idea about teams, players, winners, places(stadiums) etc. I made a dashboard using pivot charts and pivot tables.

An Excel dashboard is one-pager that helps managers and business leaders tracking key or metrics and take a decision based on it. It contains charts/tables/views that are backed by data. A dashboard is often called a report, however, not all reports are dashboards.

When making a dashboard using dataset on excel objectives are taking main place. When we are handling big data set we need to make proper objectives to visualize the data. In this project I used

5 objectives to visualize data on the dashboard.

Objectives

- 1.Matches won by team 1) By Batting first 2) By Bowling first
- 2.More times player of the match
- 3.(A)Winning Toss and Winning match (B)Winning Toss and Losing Match (C)Losing both Toss and Match (D)Losing Toss and Winning Match
- 4. Number of IPL tournaments won by a team
- 5. Matches won by Team by Huge Margin (number of runs Scored).

In this dataset I used pivot tables and pivot charts to visualize the data on my dataset. In dashboard year wise, team wise, city wise data are visualized.

Source of Dataset

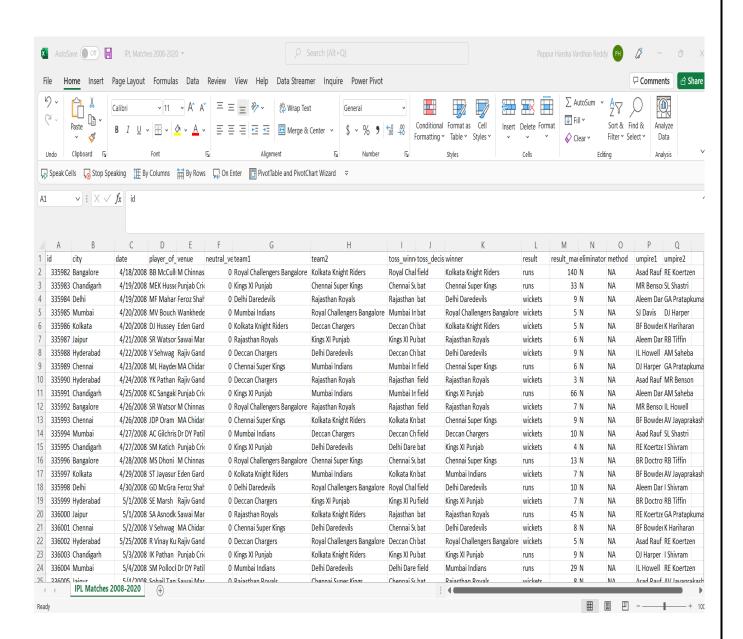
- A data set is a collection of data. In the case of tabular data, a data set corresponds to one or more database tables, where every column of a table represents a particular variable, and each row corresponds to a given record of the data set in question.
- The data set lists values for each of the variables, such as height and weight of an object, for each member of the data set.
- Each value is known as a datum. Data sets can also consist of a collection of documents or files. In this project I used a dataset which is including the details of IPL (2008-2020). And I found out this data set from Kaggle.com.
- Kaggle allows users to find and publish data sets, explore, and build models in a
 web-based data science environment, work with other data scientists and machine
 learning engineers, and enter competitions to solve data science challenges.
- Inside Kaggle you'll find all the code & data you need to do your data science work.
 Use over 19.000 public datasets and 200,000 public notebooks to conquer any analysis in no time.
- Apparently, they have a community of around 3 million people on the platform. In Kaggle.com there are lot of data sets available. Among them I chose the dataset IPL (2008-2020).

ETL PROCESS

ETL is a process that extracts the data from different source systems, then transforms the data like applying calculations, concatenations and finally loads the data into the Data Warehouse system. Full form of ETL is Extract, Transform and Load.

It's tempting to think a creating a Data warehouse is simply extracting data from multiple sources and loading into database of a Data warehouse. This is far from the truth and requires a complex ETL process. The ETL process requires active inputs from various stakeholders including developers, analysts, testers, top executives and is technically challenging.

· Initially, the raw dataset was arranged as shown in given picture:



> Extraction

In this step, data is extracted from the source system into the staging area. Transformations if any are done in staging area so that performance of source system in not degraded. Also, if corrupted data is copied directly from the source into Data warehouse database, rollback

will be a challenge. Staging area gives an opportunity to validate extracted data before warehouse. moves into the Data.

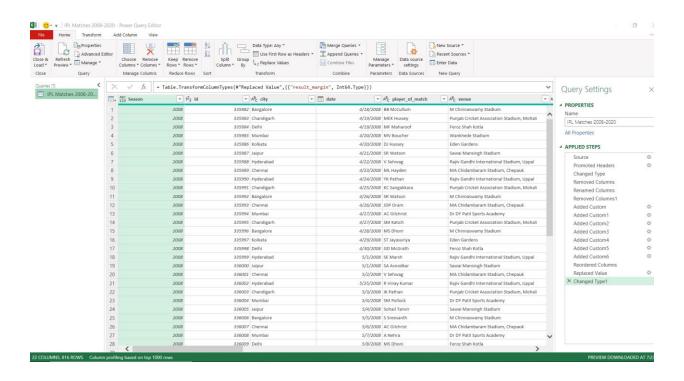
Step1: To extract a csv file go to data tab and select From CSV/text in Get&Transform data Which takes us to the Query editor and then to clean the data select transform.



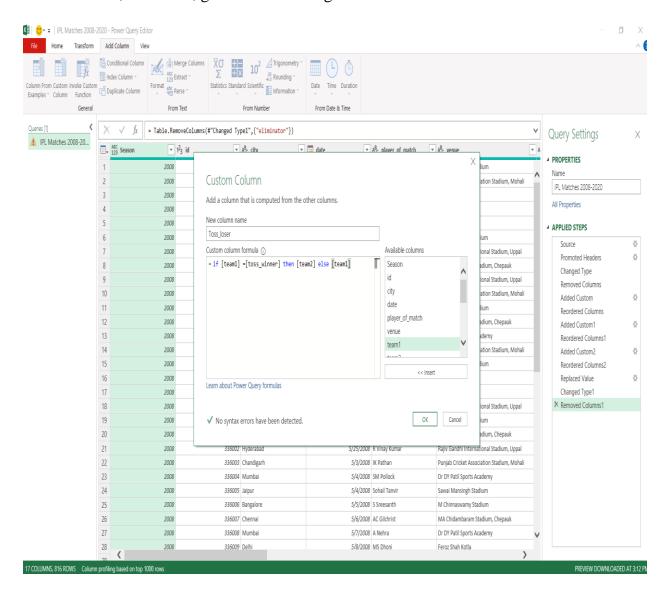
> Transformation

Data extracted from source server is raw and not usable in its original form. Therefore it needs to be cleansed, mapped and transformed. In fact, this is the key step where ETL process adds value and changes data. In this step. you apply a set of functions on extracted data. Data that does not require any transformation is called as direct move or pass-through data.

Step 2: Transform the data by removing the unneeded columns, changing datatypes, removing null values and adding a new column known as season toss loss match loss and some combinations of previous columns using **If then Else** with as shown in the figure.



• If then else function is used in Transformation to form new columns using toss winner, toss loser, game winner and game loser. This function was used as follows.

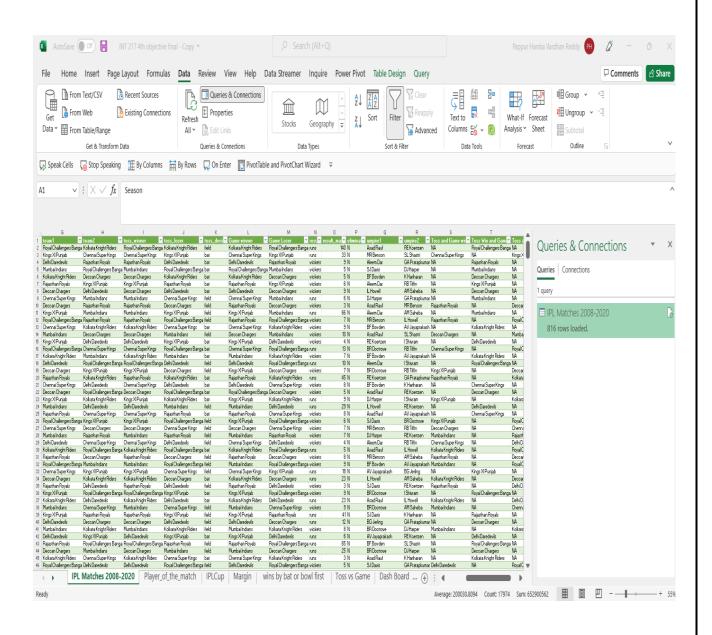


> Loading

Loading data into the target data warehouse database is the last step of the ETL process. In a typical Data warehouse, huge volume of data needs to be loaded in

a relatively short period (nights). Hence, load process should be optimized for performance.

Step 3: After pressing load in the power query editor the output will be as follows



Analysis of Data Set

i. Introduction

A dashboard is a visual interface that provides at-a-glance views into key measures relevant to a particular objective or business process. Excel dashboards make it easy to perform quick overviews of data reports rather than going through large volumes of data. Overviews help in making quick and urgent decisions since one can skim through a lot of information at once and within a short time.

Excel dashboards include various elements such as charts, tables, figures, and gauges that help in presenting the data. They can handle any type of data from different market and purposes, and the information can be used for marketing, financial, or other business projects. The dashboard is most applicable to large volumes of data since it would otherwise be hectic to go through such large volumes of data, especially with limited time.

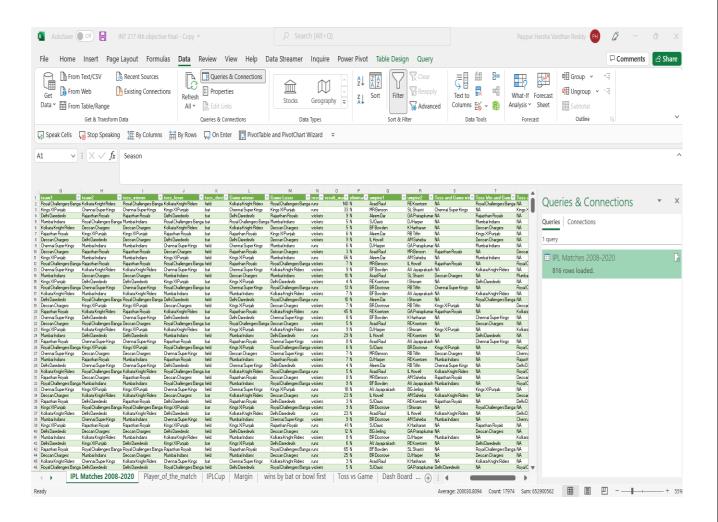
Dashboards have three main attributes:

- ❖ Dashboards are typically graphical in nature, providing visualizations that help focus attention on key trends, comparisons, and exceptions
- ❖ Dashboards often display only data that are relevant to the goal of the dashboard

Because dashboards are designed with a specific purpose or goal, they inherently contain predefined conclusions that relieve the end user from performing his own analysis

ii. General Description

In this project I used a data set IPL(2008-2020) from the kaggle.com. In the data set there are 17 columns & 817 rows Data set is containing all data for 2008-2020.



In this data set there are 22 columns and 817 rows columns named as id, city, date, team 1, team 2, toss winner, toss decision, result, al applied winner, win by runs, win by wickets, player of the match, venue, umpire 1. umpire 2. umpire

In dashboard mainly I used 5 charts to Visualize the data and they change according to year.

(iii)Specific Requirements-Functions and Formulas

Making dashboard I used pivot tables and pivot charts to analyze the data. With the help of them we can analyse the data and visualize the data very well. There are lot of advantages of using pivot tables and pivot charts. This is effective way of representing data in a pictorial manner, makes the process of data visualization of data easier. And I used 1 slicer to visualize data more attractive. And for the Toss vs Match objective I used the Index, Match , count, count if functions and a Dropbox.

√Pivot Tables

Pivot tables are one of Excel's most powerful features. A pivot table allows you to extract the significance from a large, detailed data set. A pivot table is a statistics tool that summarizes and reorganizes selected columns and rows of data in a spreadsheet or database table to obtain a desired report. The tool does not actually change the spreadsheet or database itself, it simply "pivots" or turns the data to view it from different perspectives.

Pivot tables are especially useful with large amounts of data that would be time-consuming to calculate by hand. A few data processing functions a pivot table can perform include identifying sums, averages, ranges, and others. The table then arranges this information in a simple, meaningful layout that draws attention to key values. Pivot table is a generic term. This refers to a tool specific to Excel for creating pivot tables.

√Pivot Charts

Pivot Charts complement PivotTables by adding visualizations to the summary data in a Pivot Table, and allow you to easily see comparisons, patterns, and trends. A pivot chart is especially useful when dealing with tremendous amounts of data.

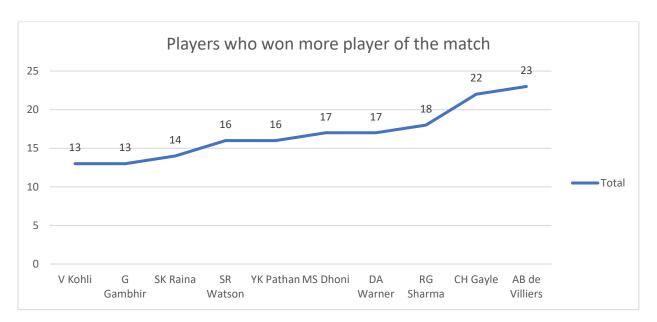
For example, a society having many employees is maintaining the working hours of each pupil through Excel, such that at the end of each month, the employee with the highest number of working hours, would be provided a bonus due to the sincerity and devotion to the society.

(iv) Analysis Results

1.Top 10 players who won Man of the Match:

- **a)** Introduction: In this objective we have listed the top 10 players who won more number of times the Man of the Match player.
- **b**) Specific Requirements:

- i. Inserted a Pivot table from the data and filtered the Top10 players who won more number of Man of the Match.
- **ii.** With the help of data Column chart is plotted.
- iii. With the help of slicer of season, we can know which player won more man of the matches in a particular season
- c) Analysis Results: AB de Villiers is the player who won a greater number of times Man of the match in all seasons

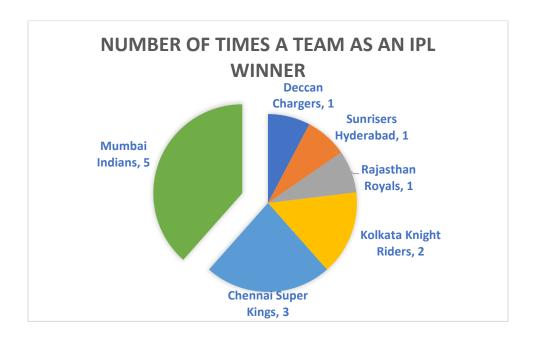


2. Total Number of matches won by each team

- **a**) Introduction: In this objective I had showed that the count of IPL tournament winnings of each team
- **b)** Specific Requirements:
 - i. Inserted a Pivot table from the data and filtered the finals of each season and got the team who won the IPL season of that particular season.
 - ii. With the help of data line chart is plotted.
- iii. With the help of slicer of season we can know the total winning of each IPL season.

c) Analysis Results:

MI is the team who won most number of IPL tournaments .



3. Total Number of matches won by each team

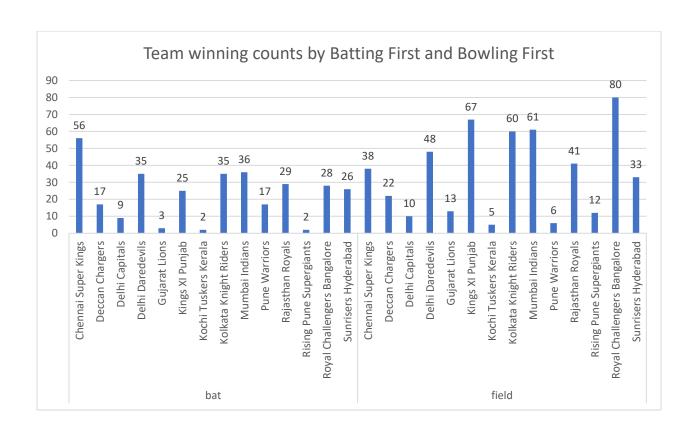
a) Introduction: In this objective I had showed that the count of winnings of each team by choosing bowling first and by batting first.

b) Specific Requirements:

- i. Inserted a Pivot table from the data and filtered the Top10 players who won a greater number of Man of the Match.
- ii. With the help of data Bar chart is plotted.
- **iii.** With the help of slicer of city and season we can know the total winning of each team by bowling first and batting first.

c) Analysis Results:

RCB is the team who won more number of matches by choosing bowling first CSK is the team who won more number of matches by choosing batting first.



4. Toss Vs Match:

a)Introduction: In this Objective, We can see the Number of Matches:

- 1)Won Toss and Won Match
- 2)Won Toss and Lost Match
- 3)Lost Toss and Won Match

4)Lost Toss and Won Match by respective Teams.

b) Specific Requirements/Functions and Formulas:

- ❖ If then else functions on **ETL** are used.
- ❖ I have created two columns of Toss Looser and Game Looser with the help of ETL.

- ❖ And after creating those columns in ETL I have used again IF then else function in ETL to create a combinations of toss and match wins and losses.
- ❖ After that I have created the four pivot tables for the
 - 1)won toss and won match
 - 2)lost toss and won match
 - 3)lost toss and lost match
 - 4) won toss and lost match.

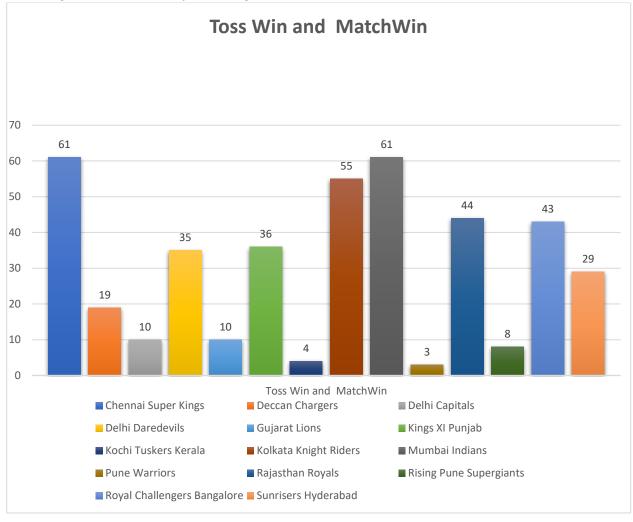
And then created a dynamic regular table which takes input from the Drop Down list as I created.

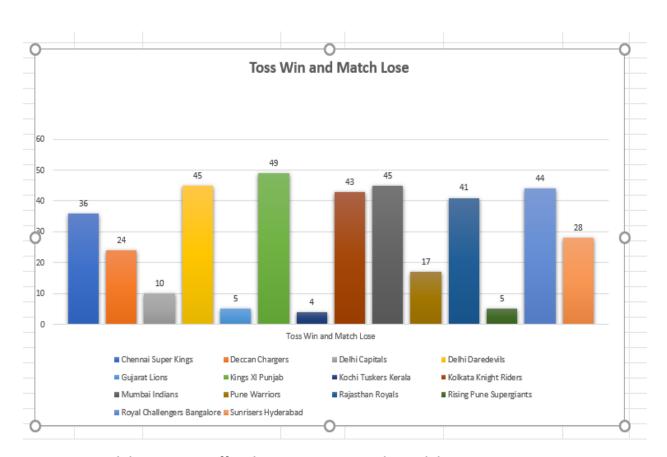
- ❖ I have created a Dropdown List in which we can select the above four listed categories and with the help of **Index** and **Match** functions I created a formula which will display the count of matches played by respective teams who
- ❖ 1)won toss and won match
- ❖ 2)lost toss and won match
- 3)lost toss and lost match
- ❖ 4) won toss and lost match.

And when we select the an item from the drop down it is taken reference in the regular table and the Index match functions take place from there and gives us the dynamic values.

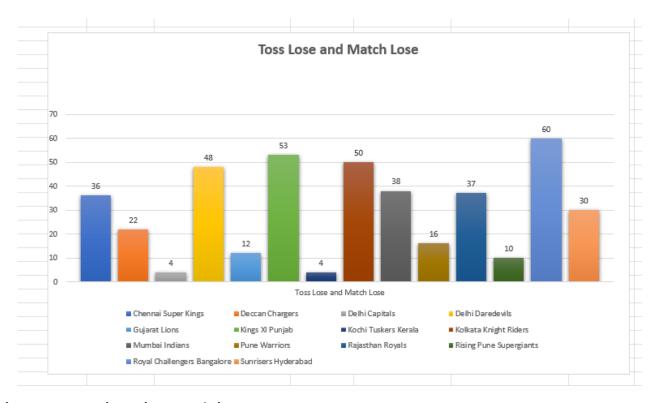
c) Analysis Results:

Mumbai Indians and Chennai Super Kings had won more Number of Matches Winning Toss and also By Loosing Toss.

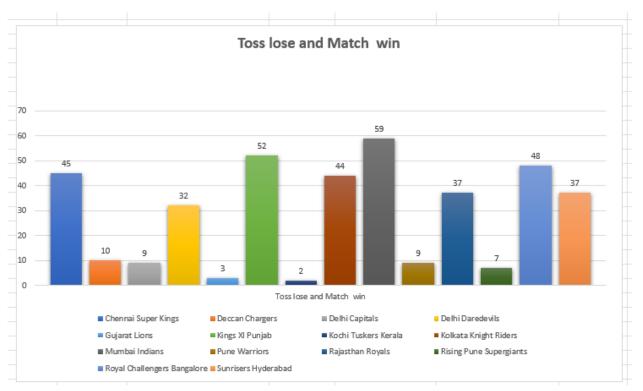




Kings XI Punjab has greater effect by Toss winning and Match lose.



RCB lost more matches when toss is lost.



Delhi Capitals won more matches when toss is lost.

5.Matches won by Team by Huge Margin : (By runs and By wickets)

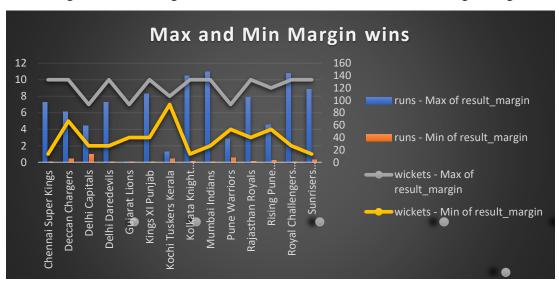
a) Introduction: The analysis shows the Teams who won matches By huge margins (i.e., by more runs and wickets) and the Teams who won matches by Low margin (i.e.., by least runs) while defending. And the Teams who won matches by more wickets and a smaller number of wickets while chasing.

b)Specific Requirements/Functions and Formulas:

- i. Pivot table of the data of Import
- ii. With the help of data Combined Chart (i.e., column and line chart) is plotted.

c) Analysis Results:

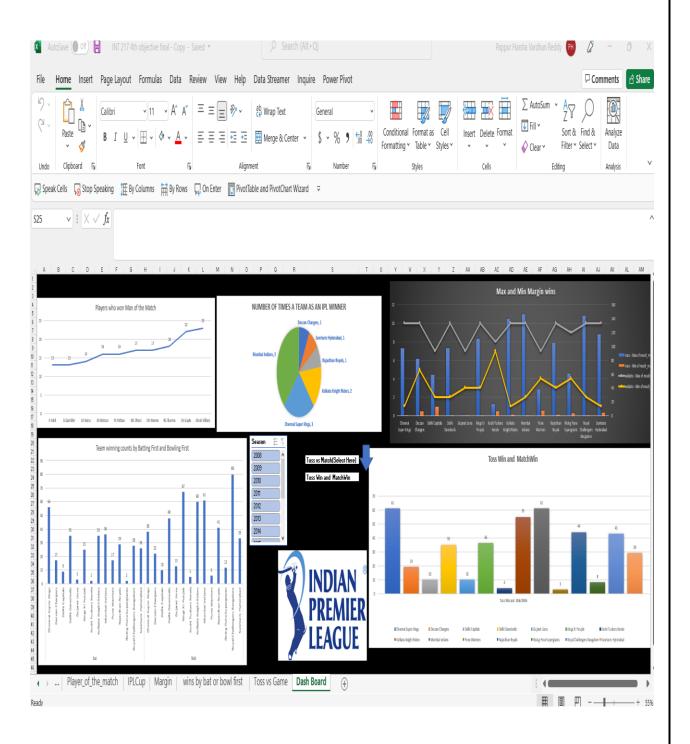
Chennai Super Kings is the team who won by huge margin of 97 runs while defending, while chasing also it has won the match without loosing a single wicket.



List of Analysis with results

- AB de Villiers is the player who is a greater number of times Man of the match in all seasons and in all the cities.
- RCB is the team who won the greatest number of matches in all seasons and cities.
- Chennai Super Kings is the team who won by huge margin of 97 runs while defending, while chasing also it has won the match without losing a single wicket.
- Mumbai Indians had won a greater Number of Matches Winning Toss and By Loosing Toss.
- Royal Challengers Bangalore had Lost a greater number of matches By Loosing Toss.
- Kings XI Punjab had Lost many Matches although By Winning Toss.

Dashboard



Conclusion

From this subject I learned lot of things such that how to manage data, visualizing data, preparing data etc. Using excel, tableau how we can handle big data in these platforms.

This whole subject is containing lot of things such that ETL process in data warehouse, cleaning data, preparing data, visualizing data, formulas. Using these methods, we can manage; handle big data and visualize the data.

In this project I came to know that how to make attractive dashboard using pivot tables and pivot charts. Using these methods and functions we can do data management easily in near future.

BIBLIOGRAPHY:

• Dataset source:

https://www.kaggle.com/patrickb1912/ipl-complete-dataset-20082020

• Information about Data Management: https://www.blue-pencil.ca/what-is-data-management-and-why-it-is-important/

Excel formula references

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-ujVQzTtxSg&list=PLWPirh4EWFpEpO6NjjWLbKSCb-wx3hMql