

## 7.4.11

Aditya Appana - EE25BTECH11004

October 1, 2025

# Question

If the chord  $y = mx + 1$  of the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$  subtends an angle of measure  $45^\circ$  at the major segment of the circle then the value of  $m$  is

- ①  $2 \pm \sqrt{2}$       ②  $-2 \pm \sqrt{2}$       ③  $-1 \pm \sqrt{2}$       ④ none of these

# Solution

The given line subtends an angle  $45^\circ$  at the major segment of the circle. Therefore, it will subtend  $2 \times 45^\circ = 90^\circ$  at the centre of the circle.

The line  $y = mx + 1$  can be expressed as:

$$\begin{pmatrix} m \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}^T \mathbf{x} + 1 = 0 \quad (1)$$

This line always passes through  $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ , which lies on the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$  (since  $0^2 + 1^2 = 1$ ). Therefore one point of intersection is  $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ .

Let the other point of intersection be  $\mathbf{P}$ .  $\mathbf{P}$  will be a  $\pm 90^\circ$  rotation of  $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$  about the origin.

The rotation matrix is:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & \sin \theta \\ -\sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix}. \quad (2)$$

Therefore:

$$\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\pm 90) & \sin(\pm 90) \\ -\sin(\pm 90) & \cos(\pm 90) \end{pmatrix} \quad (3)$$

$$\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \text{ or } \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (4)$$

# Solution

$$\text{If } \mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, m = \frac{0 - 1}{1 - 0} = -1 \quad (5)$$

$$\text{If } \mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, m = \frac{0 - 1}{-1 - 0} = 1 \quad (6)$$

$$m = \pm 1 \quad (7)$$

Therefore, **d)** is the correct answer.

codes permalink

# Plot

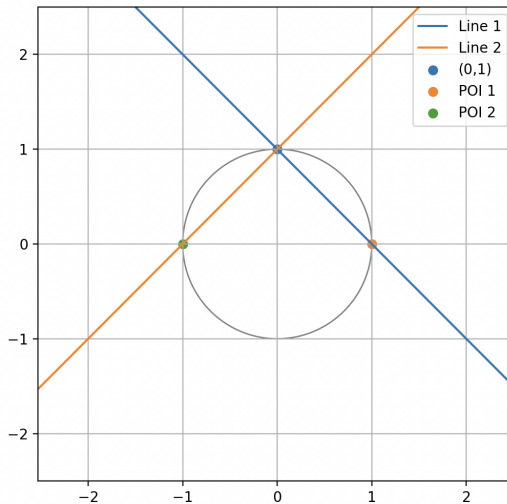


Figure Plot