## EE25BTECH11059 - Vaishnavi Ramkrishna Anantheertha

**Question**: Write the equation of the lines for which  $\tan \theta = \frac{1}{2}$ , where  $\theta$  is the inclination of the line, and

- (a) y intercept  $-\frac{3}{2}$
- (b) x intercept 4

## **Solution 1:**

Variable	Value
A	$(0,-\frac{3}{2})$
m	$\frac{1}{2}$

TABLE 0: Variables Used

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -\frac{3}{2} \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.1}$$

Let 
$$\mathbf{M} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ m \end{pmatrix}$$
 (0.2)

$$\mathbf{M} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.3}$$

Let eq of line be

$$\mathbf{n}^{\mathbf{T}}(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{A}) = 0 \tag{0.4}$$

where,

$$\mathbf{n}^{\mathbf{T}}\mathbf{M} = 0 \tag{0.5}$$

$$\mathbf{n} = \begin{pmatrix} -m \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.6}$$

$$\mathbf{n} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.7}$$

Hence eq of line is

$$\left(-\frac{1}{2} \quad 1\right)\left(\mathbf{x} - \begin{pmatrix} 0\\ -\frac{3}{2} \end{pmatrix}\right) = 0 \tag{0.8}$$

$$\left(-\frac{1}{2} \quad 1\right)\mathbf{x} = -\frac{3}{2} \tag{0.9}$$

Refer to Figure

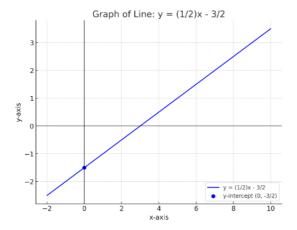


Fig. 0.1

## **Solution 2:**

Variable	Value
A	(4,0)
m	1/2

TABLE 0: Variables Used

Let B be a point on the line

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.10}$$

Let 
$$\mathbf{M} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ m \end{pmatrix}$$
 (0.11)

$$\mathbf{M} = \begin{pmatrix} 1\\ \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.12}$$

Let eq of line be

$$\mathbf{n}^{\mathbf{T}}(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{A}) = 0 \tag{0.13}$$

where

$$\mathbf{n}^{\mathbf{T}}\mathbf{M} = 0 \tag{0.14}$$

$$\mathbf{n} = \begin{pmatrix} -m \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.15}$$

$$\mathbf{n} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.16}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} & 1 \end{pmatrix} (\mathbf{x} - \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}) = 0$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} & 1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = -2$$

$$(0.17)$$

## Refer to Figure

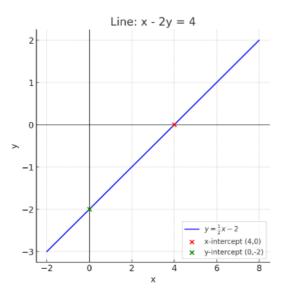


Fig. 0.2