

# 12.122

EE25BTECH11004 - Aditya Appana

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## Question

The  $S_2$  operation on a molecule with the axis of rotation as the Z-axis, moves a nucleus at  $(x, y, z)$  to

- A)  $(-x, -y, z)$       B)  $(x, -y, -z)$       C)  $(-x, y, -z)$       D)  $(-x, -y, -z)$

## Solution

The rotation matrix for a rotation by an angle  $\theta$  about the z-axis is:

$$R_z(\theta) = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta & 0 \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (1)$$

Let the point be  $\mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix}$ . Therefore the rotated vector will be:

$$R_z(\theta)\mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta & 0 \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} \quad (2)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x \cos \theta - y \sin \theta \\ x \sin \theta + y \cos \theta \\ z \end{pmatrix} \quad (3)$$

It can be seen that a rotation about the Z-axis does not change the z-coordinate.  
Hence option(A) is correct.

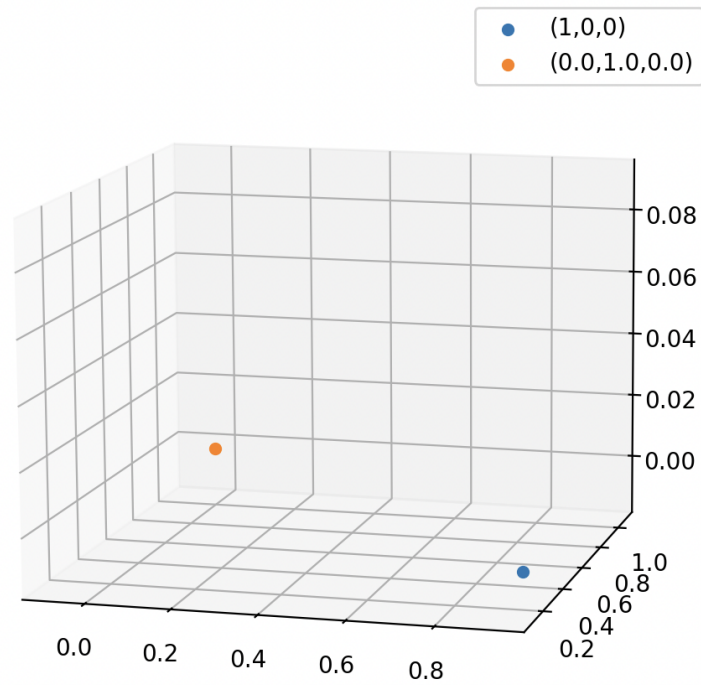


Figure 1: Plot