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Question 11.9.3-19: Find the sum of the products of the corresponding terms of the sequences 2, 4, 8, 16, 32 and 128, 32, 8, 2, $\frac{1}{2}$.

Solution:

TABLE I: Input Parameters

Parameter	Value	Description
$x_1(n)$	2, 4, 8, 16, 32	Sequence 1
$x_2(n)$	$128, 32, 8, 2, \frac{1}{2}$	Sequence 2
y(n)	-	Sum of the Products

Define the sequences as follows:

Sequence 1:
$$x_1(n) = 2 \times 2^n$$
 (1)

Sequence 2:
$$x_2(n) = 128 \times \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^n$$
 (2)

Z-Transform: The Z-transform of a sequence x(n) is:

$$x(n) = x_1(n) \times x_2(n) = \frac{256}{2^n}$$
 (3)

$$X(z) = \frac{512}{2 - z^{-1}} \tag{4}$$

$$Let, y(n) = x(n) \times u(n)$$
 (5)

$$Y(z) = X(z) \times U(z) \tag{6}$$

$$= \left(\frac{512}{2 - z^{-1}}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{1 - z^{-1}}\right) \tag{7}$$

$$= \frac{-256}{1 - \frac{z^{-1}}{2}} + \frac{512}{1 - z^{-1}} \tag{8}$$

Inverse of Z Transform of Y(z):

$$y(n) = \left[\left(\frac{-256}{2^n} + \frac{512}{1} \right) \right] \times u(n) \tag{9}$$

As, n = 4, sum = 496.

This gives us the sum of the products of corresponding terms, which is 496.

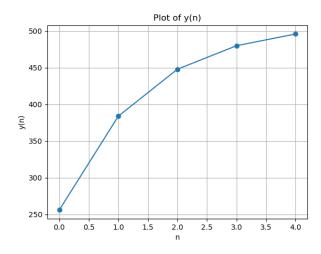


Fig. 1: Plot of y(n) vs n