# Assignment6

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### Outline

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- Theory
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### **Abstract**

This document contains  $6^{th}$  problem from exercise 2 of CBSE Class 12 (Probability).



#### **Problem**

**Exercise** 2 **Problem** 3 Let *E* and *F* be events with  $P(E) = \frac{3}{5}$ ,  $P(F) = \frac{3}{10}$  and  $P(EF) = \frac{1}{5}$ . Are *E* and *F* independent?



# Theory

#### Independent events:

Two events are independent if the incidence of one event does not affect the probability of the other event.(or)

Two events A, B(say) are said to be independent if P(A|B) = P(A)

$$\implies P(A|B) = \frac{P(AB)}{P(B)} = P(A) \tag{1}$$

$$\implies P(A) \times P(B) = P(AB) \tag{2}$$



#### Solution

Let's denote the outcome of the experiment by a random variable  $X \in \{0,1\}$ , where X = 0 denotes occurrence of event E and X = 1denotes occurrence of event F.

$$\implies P(X=0) = \frac{3}{5},\tag{3}$$

$$P(X=1) = \frac{3}{10} \text{ and} \tag{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow P(X = 0) = \frac{3}{5},$$

$$P(X = 1) = \frac{3}{10} \text{ and}$$

$$P(X = 0, X = 1) = \frac{1}{5}$$
(5)



Let's check whether the above events are independent or not. From (3),(4)

$$P(X=0) \times P(X=1) = \frac{3}{5} \times \frac{3}{10}$$
 (6)

$$\implies P(X=0) \times P(X=1) = \frac{9}{50} \tag{7}$$

From (5) and (7) it's clear that

$$P(X = 0, X = 1) \neq P(X = 0) \times P(X = 1)$$
 (8)

Which says that the events E and F are not independent.

