Ex.no.3 Greedy best first and A* Search algorithm

Date:

Aim:

To model the Greedy best first and A* Search algorithm in generic ways

Greedy Best First Search: Greedy Best-First Search is an algorithm used for searching the shortest path from a starting node to a goal node in a graph or tree. It is called "greedy" because it makes decisions based solely on the heuristic evaluation of each node, always choosing the node that appears closest to the goal according to the heuristic function.

A* Search: A* search is an algorithm that finds the shortest path between nodes by using a cost function $\langle (f(n) = g(n) + h(n) \rangle \rangle$, where $\langle (g(n) \rangle \rangle$ is the cost from the start node to $\langle (n \rangle \rangle$, and $\langle (h(n) \rangle \rangle$ is the estimated cost from $\langle (n \rangle \rangle$ to the goal. It uses a priority queue to explore nodes with the lowest estimated total cost first. A* is both complete and optimal, given an admissible heuristic. It is commonly used in pathfinding and graph traversal applications

Algorithm: Greedy Best First Search

STEP 1: Start.

STEP 2: Import the PriorityQueue class.

STEP 3: Initialize the open_list as a priority queue. For A*, initialize g_cost to track the path cost from the start to each node.

STEP 4: While the open_list is not empty, pop the node with the lowest priority. If this node is the goal, reconstruct the path and return it.

STEP 5: For each neighbor of the current node:

- **Greedy Best-First Search**: Add the neighbor to open_list with its heuristic value if not visited
- A Search*: Calculate the tentative g_cost. If it's lower than the previous cost, update the g_cost, calculate the f_score (tentative g_cost + heuristic), and add the neighbor to open list.

STEP 6: If the goal is reached, return the path (and path cost for A*). If not, return that no path exists.

STEP 7: Stop.

Program:

from queue import PriorityQueue

```
def greedy best first search(graph, start, goal, heuristic):
  open list = PriorityQueue()
  open list.put((heuristic[start], start))
  visited = set()
  came_from = {}
  while not open list.empty():
    _, current_node = open_list.get()
     if current node == goal:
       path = []
       while current node in came from:
         path.append(current node)
         current node = came from[current node]
       path.append(start)
       path.reverse()
       return path
     visited.add(current node)
     for neighbor in graph[current node]:
       if neighbor not in visited:
         visited.add(neighbor)
         came from[neighbor] = current node
         open list.put((heuristic[neighbor], neighbor))
  return None
def a star search(graph, start, goal, heuristic):
  open list = PriorityQueue()
```

```
open list.put((heuristic[start], start))
  g_{cost} = \{start: 0\}
  came_from = {}
  while not open list.empty():
     _, current_node = open_list.get()
    if current node == goal:
       path = []
       while current node in came from:
          path.append(current_node)
          current node = came from[current node]
       path.append(start)
       path.reverse()
       # Calculate the path cost
       path cost = 0
       for i in range(len(path) - 1):
          path_cost += graph[path[i]].get(path[i + 1], 0)
       return path, path cost
     for neighbor, cost in graph[current node].items():
       tentative g \cos t = g \cos[current node] + cost
       if neighbor not in g cost or tentative g cost < g cost[neighbor]:
          g cost[neighbor] = tentative g cost
          f_score = tentative_g_cost + heuristic[neighbor]
          open list.put((f score, neighbor))
          came from[neighbor] = current node
  return None, float('inf')
graph = \{
  'A': {'B': 1, 'C': 10},
```

```
'B': {'D': 1, 'E': 5},
  'C': {'F': 2, 'E': 1},
  'D': {'G': 1},
  'E': {'G': 1},
  'F': {'G': 1},
  'G': {}
}
heuristic = {
  'A': 7,
  'B': 6,
  'C': 1,
  'D': 4,
  'E': 2,
  'F': 2,
  'G': 0
}
start = 'A'
goal = 'G'
# Greedy Best-First Search
path_gbfs = greedy_best_first_search(graph, start, goal, heuristic)
print("Greedy Best-First Search path:", path gbfs)
# A* Search
path_astar, path_cost_astar = a_star_search(graph, start, goal, heuristic)
print("A* Search path:", path_astar)
print("A* Search path cost:", path_cost_astar)
```

Output:

Greedy Best-First Search path: ['A', 'C', 'E', 'G']

A* Search path: ['A', 'B', 'D', 'G']

A* Search path cost: 3

Rubrics	Marks
Observation (20)	
Record (5)	
Total (25)	

Result:

Thus, the Greedy best first and A*Search are executed and output is verified successfully