# Pizza Sales Analysis using MySQL

## Description:

The Pizza Analysis Project is designed to showcase how SQL can be used to analyze sales data for a pizza business. The project focuses on implementing database management techniques and executing queries to extract valuable insights. By analyzing customer orders, pizza preferences, and revenue trends, the project provides a practical demonstration of data analytics using relational databases.

## Tables in Dataset

- Pizza\_Types
- Order\_details
- Orders
- Pizzas

#### Table\_Name: Pizza\_Types

- Pizza\_type\_id (text) (Primary Key)
- Name (text)
- Category (text)
- Ingridients (text)

|   | Field         | Type | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
|---|---------------|------|------|-----|---------|-------|
| • | pizza_type_id | text | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
|   | name          | text | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
|   | category      | text | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
|   | ingredients   | text | YES  |     | NULL    |       |

### Table\_Name : Order\_details

```
order-details_id (int) (Primary Key)
order_id (int) (Foreign Key)
pizza_id (text) (Foreign Key)
quantity (int)
```

|   | Field            | Type | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
|---|------------------|------|------|-----|---------|-------|
| • | order_details_id | int  | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
|   | order_id         | int  | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
|   | pizza_id         | text | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
|   | quantity         | int  | YES  |     | NULL    |       |

### Table\_Name : Orders

```
order_id (int) (Primary Key)
```

- Order\_time (time)
- Order\_date (date)

| ı   | Field   | Type | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
|-----|---------|------|------|-----|---------|-------|
| ▶ 0 | rder_id | int  | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
| d   | late    | text | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
| ti  | ime     | text | YES  |     | NULL    |       |

### Table\_Name: Pizzas

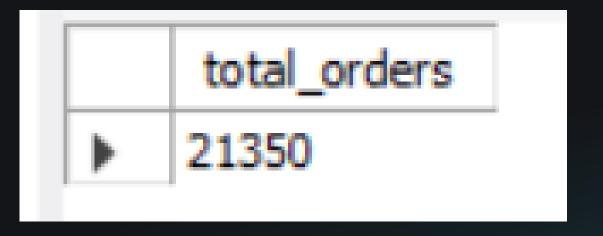
```
Pizza_id (text) (Primary Key)
```

- Pizza\_type\_id (text)
- Size (text)
- Price (double)

|   | Field         | Type | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
|---|---------------|------|------|-----|---------|-------|
| • | pizza_type_id | text | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
|   | name          | text | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
|   | category      | text | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
|   | ingredients   | text | YES  |     | NULL    |       |

## Retrive total number of order placed

Solution: SELECT COUNT (order\_id) AS total\_orders FROM orders;



## Calculate total revenue genrated from pizza sale

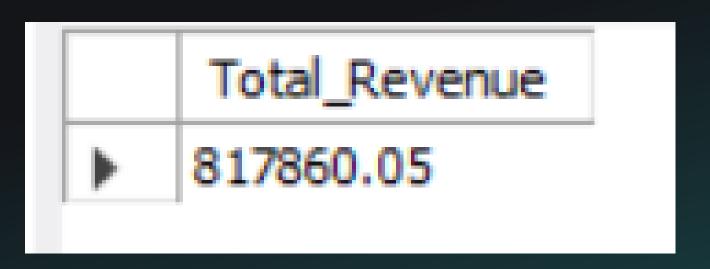
Solution:

SELECT ROUND(SUM(order\_details.quantity \* pizzas.price),2) AS Total\_Revenue

FROM order\_details

JOIN pizzas

ON pizzas.pizza\_id = order\_details.pizza\_id;



## Identify the highest price pizza

Solution: SELECT pizza\_types.name, pizzas.price AS price

FROM pizza\_types

JOIN pizzas

ON pizza\_types.pizza\_type\_id = pizzas.pizza\_type\_id

ORDER BY price DESC

LIMIT 5;

|   | name                         | price |
|---|------------------------------|-------|
| • | The Greek Pizza              | 35.95 |
|   | The Greek Pizza              | 25.5  |
|   | The Brie Carre Pizza         | 23.65 |
|   | The Italian Vegetables Pizza | 21    |
|   | The Barbecue Chicken Pizza   | 20.75 |

## Identify most comman pizza size ordered

Solution: SELECT pizzas.size, COUNT(order\_details.order\_details\_id) AS Order\_count

FROM order\_details

JOIN pizzas

ON pizzas.pizza\_id = order\_details.pizza\_id

**GROUP BY pizzas.size** 

ORDER BY Order\_count DESC;

|   | size | Order_count |
|---|------|-------------|
| • | L    | 18526       |
|   | M    | 15385       |
|   | S    | 14137       |
|   | XL   | 544         |
|   | XXL  | 28          |

## List top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities

Solution: SELECT pizza\_types.name, SUM(order\_details.quantity) AS Quantity

FROM pizza\_types

JOIN pizzas

ON pizza\_types.pizza\_type\_id = pizzas.pizza\_type\_id

JOIN order\_details

ON pizzas.pizza\_id = order\_details.pizza\_id

GROUP BY pizza\_types.name

ORDER BY Quantity DESC

LIMIT 5;

|   | name                       | Quantity |
|---|----------------------------|----------|
| • | The Classic Deluxe Pizza   | 2453     |
|   | The Barbecue Chicken Pizza | 2432     |
|   | The Hawaiian Pizza         | 2422     |
|   | The Pepperoni Pizza        | 2418     |
|   | The Thai Chicken Pizza     | 2371     |

## Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered

Solution: SELECT pizza\_types.category AS Category,SUM(order\_details.quantity) AS

Quantity

FROM pizza\_types

JOIN pizzas

ON pizzas.pizza\_type\_id = pizza\_types.pizza\_type\_id

JOIN order\_details

ON pizzas.pizza\_id = order\_details.pizza\_id

**GROUP BY Category** 

ORDER BY Quantity DESC;

|   | Category | Quantity |
|---|----------|----------|
| • | Classic  | 14888    |
|   | Supreme  | 11987    |
|   | Veggie   | 11649    |
|   | Chicken  | 11050    |

## Determine the distribution of orders by hours of the day

Solution: SELECT HOUR(orders.time) AS Hours, COUNT(order\_id) AS count

FROM orders

**GROUP BY Hours** 

ORDER BY count DESC;

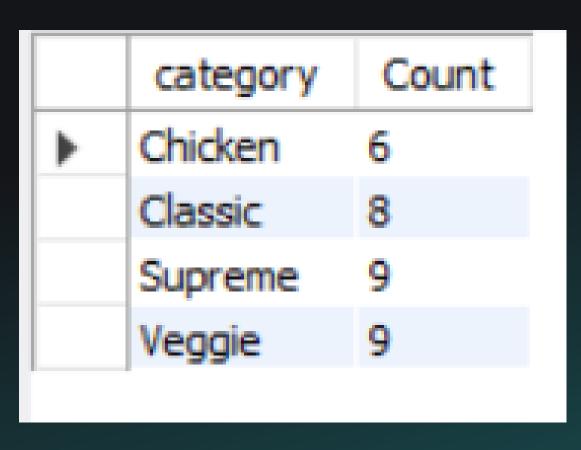
|     | Hours    | count |
|-----|----------|-------|
| •   | 12       | 2520  |
|     | 13       | 2455  |
|     | 18       | 2399  |
|     | 17       | 2336  |
|     | 19       | 2009  |
|     | 16       | 1920  |
|     | 20       | 1642  |
|     | 14       | 1472  |
|     | 15       | 1468  |
|     | 11       | 1231  |
| Res | ult 19 🗙 |       |

## Join relevant tables to find the category wise distribution of pizzas

Solution: SELECT category, COUNT(name) as Count

FROM pizza\_types

GROUP BY category;



## Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day

Solution: SELECT ROUND(AVG(Quantity), 0) as Avg\_Pizza\_Per\_Day

**FROM** 

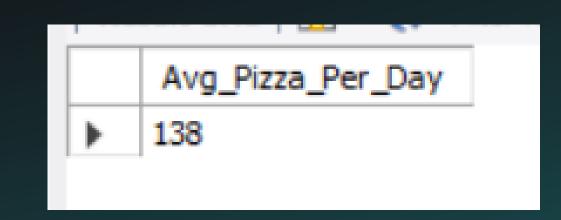
(SELECT orders.date, SUM(order\_details.quantity) AS Quantity

FROM orders

JOIN order details

ON order\_details.order\_id = orders.order\_id

GROUP BY orders.date) AS Order\_Quantity;



## Determine the top 3 most ordered pizzas based on revenue

Solution: SELECT pizza\_types.name, SUM(order\_details.quantity \* pizzas.price) AS Revenue

FROM pizza\_types

JOIN pizzas

ON pizzas.pizza\_type\_id = pizza\_types.pizza\_type\_id

JOIN order\_details

ON pizzas.pizza\_id = order\_details.pizza\_id

GROUP BY pizza\_types.name

ORDER BY Revenue DESC

LIMIT 3;

|   | name                         | Revenue  |
|---|------------------------------|----------|
| * | The Thai Chicken Pizza       | 43434.25 |
|   | The Barbecue Chicken Pizza   | 42768    |
|   | The California Chicken Pizza | 41409.5  |

## Calclulate percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue

```
Solution:
                         SELECT pizza_types.category,
               ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) /
           (SELECT ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price)
                                 2) AS total_sale
                                  FROM order_details
                                        JOIN pizzas
                   ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id)
                              * 100,2) AS revenue
                              FROM pizza_types
                                    JOIN pizzas
               ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
                                 JOIN order_details
                   ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
                        GROUP BY pizza_types.category
                          ORDER BY revenue DESC;
```

|   | category | revenue |  |
|---|----------|---------|--|
| • | Classic  | 26.91   |  |
|   | Supreme  | 25.46   |  |
|   | Chicken  | 23.96   |  |
|   | Veggie   | 23.68   |  |
|   |          |         |  |

## Analyse the cummulative revenue genrated over time

Solution: Select date, sum (revenue) over (order by date) as cum\_revenue

From

(select orders.date,sum(order\_details.quantity\*pizzas.price) as revenue

From order\_details

Join pizzas

On pizzas.pizza\_id = order\_details.pizza\_id

Join orders

On orders.order\_id=order\_details.order\_id

Group By orders.date ) as Sales;

|             | date       | cum_revenue        |  |
|-------------|------------|--------------------|--|
| <b>&gt;</b> | 2015-01-01 | 2713.8500000000004 |  |
|             | 2015-01-02 | 5445.75            |  |
|             | 2015-01-03 | 8108.15            |  |
|             | 2015-01-04 | 9863.6             |  |
|             | 2015-01-05 | 11929.55           |  |
|             | 2015-01-06 | 14358.5            |  |
|             | 2015-01-07 | 16560.7            |  |
|             | 2015-01-08 | 19399.05           |  |
|             | 2015-01-09 | 21526.4            |  |
|             | 2015-01-10 | 23990.350000000002 |  |
| Res         | sult 3 ×   |                    |  |

## Determine the top 3 most orderd pizzas types based on revenue for each pizza category

where rn>=3;

```
Select category,name,revenue
Solution:
                                                  From
       (select category, name, revenue, rank() over (partition by category Order By revenue Desc) as rn
                                                   From
                               (Select pizza_types.category,pizza_types.name,
                             SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
                                            From pizza_types
                                                 JOIN pizzas
                            ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
                                              JOIN order_details
                                 ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
                      GROUP BY pizza_types.category ,pizza_types.name) as a ) as b
```

|            | category | name                                       | revenue            |
|------------|----------|--|--------------------|
| •          | Chicken  | The California Chicken Pizza               | 41409.5            |
|            | Chicken  | The Southwest Chicken Pizza                | 34705.75           |
|            | Chicken  | The Chicken Alfredo Pizza                  | 16900.25           |
|            | Chicken  | The Chicken Pesto Pizza                    | 16701.75           |
|            | Classic  | The Pepperoni Pizza                        | 30161.75           |
|            | Classic  | The Greek Pizza                            | 28454.100000000013 |
|            | Classic  | The Italian Capocollo Pizza                | 25094              |
|            | Classic  | The Napolitana Pizza                       | 24087              |
|            | Classic  | The Big Meat Pizza                         | 22968              |
|            | Classic  | The Pepperoni, Mushroom, and Peppers Pizza | 18834.5            |
| Result 4 × |          |  |                    |

### **Project Conclusion:**

The Pizza Analysis Project successfully demonstrates the power of SQL in analyzing business data to drive informed decision-making. By exploring pizza sales data, customer preferences, and revenue trends.

This project highlights several key outcomes:

- Business Insights
- Data-Driven Decision-Making
- Skill Development

# Thank You For Visit

