IT314 Lab: Modeling Class Diagram and Activity Diagram (Point of Sale System)

Harshal Patel - 202201070

Use Cases : Process Sale Primary Actor: Cashier

Preconditions: 1) Cashier should be logged into the system.

2) Customer is at the POS terminal to buy the product/s.

Success End Condition:

 \rightarrow The transaction has been recorded and the inventory is updated also with the printing bill of the products purchased.

Basic Flow for Processing a Sale:

- 1. A customer arrives at the POS counter with products they want to buy.
- 2. The cashier initiates a new sale.
- 3. The cashier scans the product barcodes.
- 4. The system retrieves the product details and prices from the catalog.
- 5. Steps 3 and 4 are repeated for all products in the transaction.
- 6. The total amount is calculated by the POS system.
- 7. The customer selects a payment method.
- 8. The payment is processed, and the inventory is updated accordingly.
- 9. A receipt is printed.
- 10. The customer leaves with their purchased goods and receipt.

Extensions:

- →If the barcode is unreadable, the cashier can manually input it.
- →If the customer decides to cancel the purchase, the cashier can void the transaction.

Use Case: Handling Returns

Primary Actor: Cashier

Preconditions:

- →The cashier is logged in and authorized.
- →The customer has a valid receipt or the item to return.

Successful Outcome:

→The item is returned, and stock levels are updated.

Basic Flow:

- 1. A customer approaches the POS to return an item.
- 2. The cashier starts a return transaction.
- 3. The cashier scans the barcode from the receipt or item.
- 4. The system retrieves the item's details (e.g., name, price, purchase date).
- 5. The cashier confirms the item is returnable (e.g., within the return policy window).
- 6. The system processes the return and adjusts the stock.
- 7. The customer receives a refund or store credit.
- 8. The system generates a return receipt.

Extensions:

- →If the item or receipt has no barcode, a manual lookup is required.
- →If the return is outside the permitted period, the request can be declined.

Entity/Boundary/Control Objects

Process Sale

→Product

Entity Objects:

- →Sales Transaction
- →Receipt
- ${\rightarrow} Stock$
- \rightarrow Payment

Boundary Objects:

- →Cashier Interface
- →Barcode Scanner
- →Card Reader
- \rightarrow Printer

Control Objects:

- \rightarrow SaleController
- \rightarrow PaymentController
- →StockManager

Handle Return Entity Objects: →Product →Return Transaction →Stock →Receipt Boundary Objects: 1.Cashier Interface

Control Objects:

3.Printer

1.ReturnController

2.Barcode Scanner

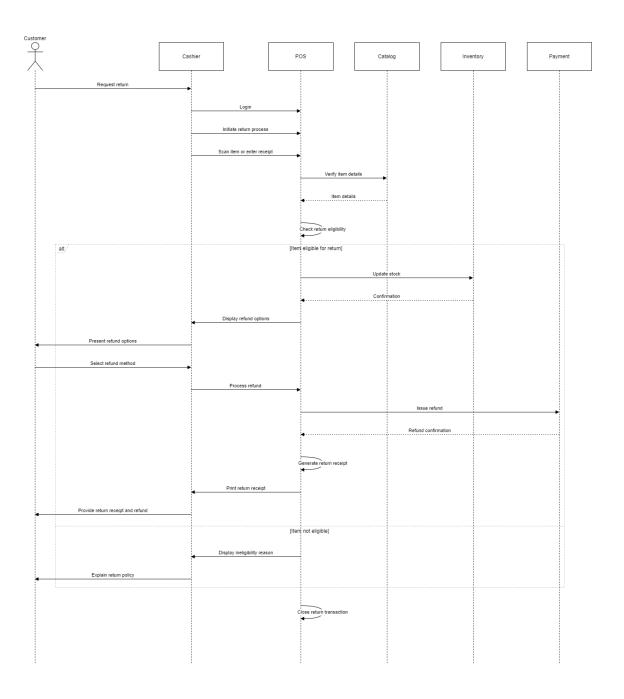
- 2.StockManager
- 3.RefundProcessor

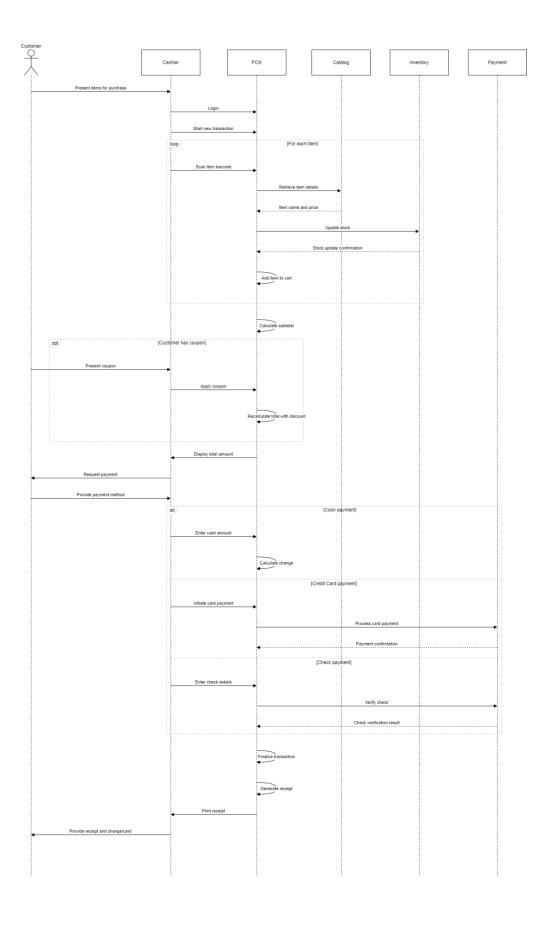
Sequence Diagram: Process Sale

- 1. The cashier begins a sale transaction.
- 2. The POS prompts for the product barcode.
- 3. The barcode scanner sends the scanned item information to the POS.
- 4. The POS retrieves item details from the catalog system.
- 5. Steps 2-4 are repeated for each item.
- 6. The POS calculates the total amount.
- 7. The customer pays, and the POS interacts with the payment system.
- 8. The inventory system adjusts the stock count.
- 9. The POS prints the receipt.

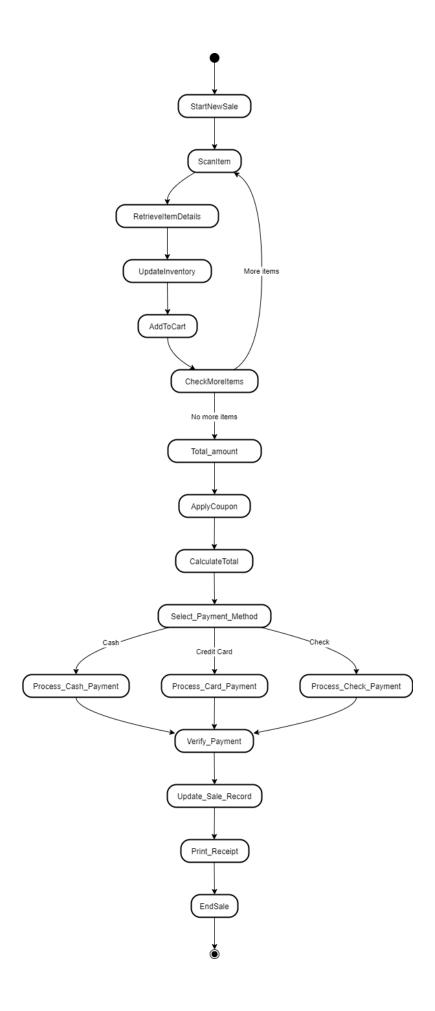
Sequence	Diagrams:
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Handle returns and process sales:

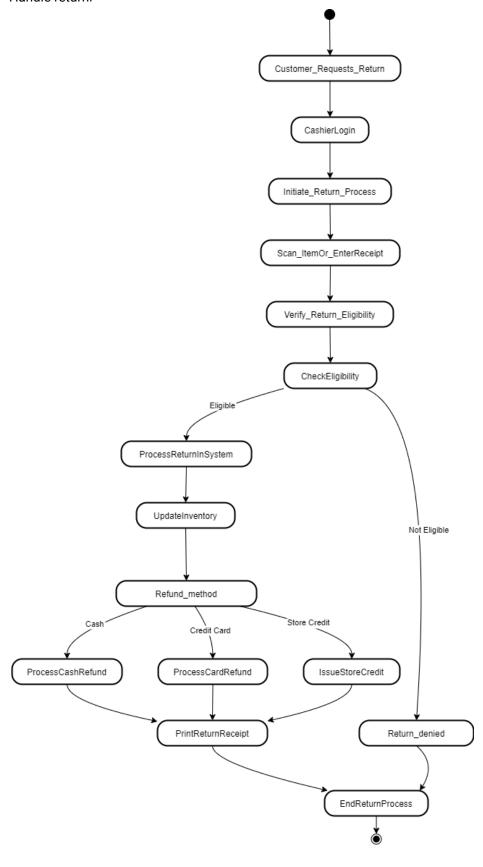




Activity Diagrams: Process sale:



Handle return:



Analysis domain model:

Class Diagram:

