

LECTURE 11 — OBJECTS IN JAVASCRIPT (PART-2)

 JavaScript Core — Destructuring & Prototype System
 Clean Syntax • Deep Internals • Interview Gold

■ FIRST PRINCIPLE — “DESTRUCTURING KYU CHAHIE?”

◆ Problem

Object se baar-baar likhna:

`obj.name`

`obj.age`

`obj.balance`

 Code long + messy ho jaata hai

◆ Solution

 Destructuring = values ko **direct variables** me nikaal lena

■ 1. OBJECT DESTRUCTURING

◆ Definition

Destructuring ek syntax hai jisme:

Object ki properties ko **direct variables** me unpack kar letे hain

Basic Object Destructuring

```
let obj = {  
  name: "Sourav",  
  money: 420,  
  address: "Delhi",  
  hobbies: ["reading", "traveling"]}
```

```
balance: 30,  
age: 20,  
aadhaar: "74729826543"  
};
```

✖ Normal Access

```
let n = obj.name;  
console.log(n); // Sourav
```

✓ With Destructuring

```
const { name, balance, age } = obj;  
console.log(name, balance, age);  
// Sourav 30 20
```

🧠 Rule

Variable ka naam **key ke naam se match** hona chahiye

■ RENAMING VARIABLES (IMPORTANT)

```
const { name: fullname, age: years } = obj;  
console.log(fullname, years);  
// Sourav 20
```

⚠ Important

Ab **name** aur **age** directly available ✖

Sirf **fullname** aur **years** use kar sakte ho

■ REST OPERATOR WITH OBJECT (....)

◆ Concept

Jo properties destructure **nahi** hoti,
wo **rest operator** ek naye object me daal data hai

```
const { name, age, ...obj1 } = obj;

console.log(name, age);

// Sourav 20

console.log(obj1);

// { money: 420, balance: 30, aadhaar: "74729826543" }
```

🧠 Step-by-Step Soch

- `name` → variable bana
- `age` → variable bana
- baaki sab → `obj1` me pack

⚠ Note

Original object se properties **delete nahi hoti**
Sirf copy hoti hain

■ 2. ARRAY DESTRUCTURING ■

◆ Same Concept, Different Structure

```
const arr = [3, 2, 1, 5, 10];
```

Basic

```
const [first, second] = arr;

console.log(first, second);

// 3 2
```

Skipping Values

```
const [a, b, , c] = arr;  
  
console.log(a, b, c);  
  
// 3 2 5
```

Rest Operator in Array

```
const [x, y, ...rest] = arr;  
  
console.log(x, y); // 3 2  
  
console.log(rest); // [1, 5, 10]
```



Order matters in array destructuring

■ 3. NESTED DESTRUCTURING ■

◆ Nested Object Destructuring

```
let obj = {  
  
  name: "Harshal",  
  
  age: 20,  
  
  aadhaar: "45863072",  
  
  address: {  
  
    pincode: 802113,  
  
    city: "Varanasi",  
  
    state: "UP"  
  
  }  
};
```

```
const { address: { city, pincode } } = obj;  
console.log(city, pincode);  
// Varanasi 802113
```

🧠 Meaning

Object ke andar object → direct andar tak access

◆ Array Inside Object

```
let obj = {  
  arr: [90, 40, 60, 80]  
};  
  
const { arr: [first] } = obj;  
console.log(first);  
// 90
```

🧠 Explanation

- `arr:` → obj ke andar ki property
 - `[first]` → us array ka pehla element
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■ 4. PROTOTYPE CHAINING (VERY IMPORTANT) ■

◆ First Principle

JavaScript me har object **akela nahi hota**

- 👉 Har object ke saath ek **hidden link** hota hai
- 👉 Is link ko bolte hain **__proto__**

◆ Example

```
let obj = {  
    name: "Harshal",  
    amount: 420,  
    greet: function() {  
        return 10;  
    }  
};  
  
console.log(obj.toString());
```

■ Output

```
[object Object]
```

⚡ Question

Humne `toString()` likha hi nahi — fir kaise mila?

🧠 Answer

`Object.prototype` se inherit hua

■ PROTOTYPE SEARCH FLOW

- 1 JS pehle **object ke andar** dekhega
- 2 Nahi mila → `__proto__` me dekhega
- 3 Chain chalte-chalte
- 4 End hota hai → `null`

👉 Isi process ko **Prototype Chaining** kehte hain

■ OBJECT LINKING EXAMPLE

```
let user1 = { name: "Harsh", age: 20 };

let user2 = { amount: 150, money: 20 };

user2.__proto__ = user1;

console.log(user2.name);

// Harsh
```

🧠 Meaning

user2 me `name` nahi mila
JS user1 (prototype) me chala gaya

⚠ Note

`__proto__` ek **hidden reference link** hai
Inheritance ke liye use hota hai

■ PROTOTYPE CHAIN IN ARRAYS

```
let arr = [10, 20, 30];

arr.__proto__ === Array.prototype // true

arr.__proto__.__proto__ === Object.prototype // true

Object.prototype.__proto__ === null // true
```

■ PROTOTYPE CHAIN DIAGRAM

`null`



`Object.prototype → toString(), valueOf()`

↑

`Array.prototype → push(), pop(), includes()`

↑

`arr = [10, 20, 30]`

■ KEY INTERVIEW POINTS

- ✓ Har object → `Object.prototype` se linked
 - ✓ Har array → `Array.prototype` se linked
 - ✓ Isi wajah se `typeof array === "object"`
 - ✓ Prototype chaining se **methods inherit** hote hain
 - ✓ Chain ka end hamesha **null** hota hai
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■ FINAL SUMMARY — EK NAZAR ME ■

- ◆ Destructuring → short & readable syntax
 - ◆ Object + Array dono me kaam karta hai
 - ◆ Rest operator → baaki values ko pack karta hai
 - ◆ Nested destructuring → deep access
 - ◆ Prototype chaining → inheritance system
 - ◆ `__proto__` → hidden linking mechanism
 - ◆ Array methods → `Array.prototype` se aate hain
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■ FINAL THOUGHT ■

🧠 JavaScript ka heart = Objects + Prototypes

Ye samajh liya →

👉 JS internals, interviews, frameworks sab clear