# Assignment No. 4

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#### Tasks:

- 1. Put master.txt on master branch, stage and commit
- 2. Create 3 branches: public1, public2 and private
- 3.Put public1.txt on public1 branch, stage and commit
- 4. Merge public1 on master branch
- 5. Merge public2 on master branch
- 6. Edit master.txt on private branch, stage and commit
- 7. Now, update branch public1 and public2 with new master code in private
- 8. Also, update new master code on master
- 9. Finally update all the code on the private branch

#### Solution:

### Steps:

- 1. First create new directory using mkdir command. Then use cd command to go insidethe directory. Type in "git init" command to make it accept all the git related commands.
  - -Then create a master.txt file using "touch master.txt" command . Add the file using "git add master.txt" command . And finally commit it using "git commit m "1" .

2. Now create new branches using "git branch" command. Name them as public1, public2, private.

3. Use "git checkout public1" command to go inside your public1 branch. Add a fileusing "touch public1.txt" command. Add it using "git add " and finally commit it using "git commit, m" command.

```
it using "git commit -m" command .

ubuntu@tp-172-31-46-253:~/assignment4$ git checkout public1
Switched to branch 'public1'
ubuntu@tp-172-31-46-253:~/assignment4$ ls
master.txt
ubuntu@tp-172-31-46-253:~/assignment4$ ls
master.txt public1.txt
ubuntu@tp-172-31-46-253:~/assignment4$ ls
master.txt public1.txt
ubuntu@tp-172-31-46-253:~/assignment4$ git add .
ubuntu@tp-172-31-46-253:~/assignment4$ git commit -m "public1 commit"
[public1 ade8811f] public1 commit
Committer: Ubuntu aubuntu@tp-172-31-46-253.us-east-2.compute.internal>
Your name and email address were configured automatically based
on your username and hostname. Please check that they are accurate.
You can suppress this message by setting them explicitly. Run the
following command and follow the instructions in your editor to edit
your configuration file:

git config -global --edit

After doing this, you may fix the identity used for this commit with:

git commit --amend --reset-author

1 file changed, 0 insertions(+), 0 deletions(-)
create mode 100644 public1.txt

ubuntu@tp-172-31-46-233:~/assignment4$ |
```

4. Similarly go to your public 2 branch and create a file as public 2.txt . Add it as well and commit it .

```
AndCommit it

ubuntu@ip-172-31-46-253:~/assignment4$ git checkout public2
Switched to branch 'public2'

ubuntu@ip-172-31-46-253:~/assignment4$ ls
master txt

ubuntu@ip-172-31-46-253:~/assignment4$ git add .

ubuntu@ip-172-31-46-253:~/assignment4$ git add .

ubuntu@ip-172-31-46-253:~/assignment4$ git add .

ubuntu@ip-172-31-46-253:~/assignment4$ git add .

ubuntu@ip-172-31-46-253:~/assignment4$ git commit -m "public2 commit"

[public2 e3b0216] public2 commit

Committer: Ubuntu aubuntu@ip-172-31-46-253.us-east-2.compute.internal>
Your name and email address were configured automatically based
on your username and hostname. Please check that they are accurate.
You can suppress this message by setting them explicitly. Run the
following command and follow the instructions in your editor to edit
your configuration file:

git config --global --edit

After doing this, you may fix the identity used for this commit with:

git commit --amend --reset-author

1 file changed, 0 insertions(+), 0 deletions(-)
create mode 100644 public2.txt

ubuntu@ip-172-31-46-253:-/assignment4$ cle
```

5. Now to merge the branches with your master branch make sure that you are inside your master branch . Then type in "git merge public1" and "git merge public2" and hit enter.

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-46-253:~/assignment4$ git branch

* master
private
public1
public2
ubuntu@ip-172-31-46-253:~/assignment4$ git merge public1
Updating 50395b0..a68811f
Fast-forward
public1.txt | 0
1 file changed, 0 insertions(+), 0 deletions(-)
create mode 100644 public1.txt
ubuntu@ip-172-31-46-253:~/assignment4$ ls
master.txt public1.txt
ubuntu@ip-172-31-46-253:~/assignment4$ git merge public2
Merge mode by the 'recursive' strategy.
public2.txt | 0
1 file changed, 0 insertions(+), 0 deletions(-)
create mode 100644 public2.txt
ubuntu@ip-172-31-45-253:~/assignment4$ ls
master.txt public1.txt public2.txt
ubuntu@ip-172-31-45-253:~/assignment4$ ls
master.txt public1.txt public2.txt
ubuntu@ip-172-31-46-253:~/assignment4$ ls
master.txt public1.txt public2.txt
ubuntu@ip-172-31-46-253:~/assignment4$ ls
```

6. Now go to your private branch using "git checkout private". Type in "nanomaster.txt" to create a file and add a text in it.

```
* master
private
public1
public2
ubuntu@ip-172-31-46-253:~/assignment4$ git checkoutjprivate
Switched to branch 'private'
ubuntu@ip-172-31-46-253:~/assignment4$ ls
master.txt
ubuntu@ip-172-31-46-253:~/assignment4$ nano master.txt
```

7. Add the text and click ctrl+s and ctrl+x.



8. Then add the file using "git add" and commit it using "git commit -m" commandrespectively.

```
public2

Jbuntu@ip-172-31-46-253:~/assignment4$ git checkout private

Switched to branch 'private'

Jbuntu@ip-172-31-46-253:~/assignment4$ ls

master.txt

Jbuntu@ip-172-31-46-253:~/assignment4$ nano master.txt

Jbuntu@ip-172-31-46-253:~/assignment4$ git status

Dh branch private

Changes not staged for commit:

(use "git add <file>..." to update what will be committed)

(use "git restore <file>..." to discard changes in working directory)

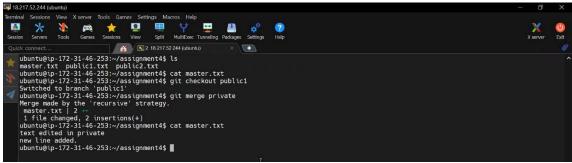
modified: master.txt

To changes added to commit (use "git add" and/or "git commit -a")

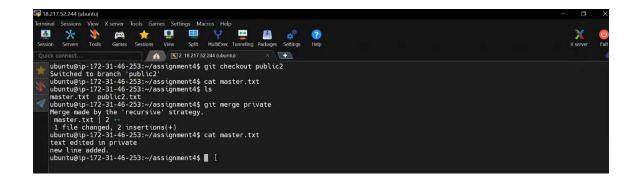
Jbuntu@ip-172-31-46-253:~/assignment4$ git add .

Jbuntu@ip-172-31-46-253:~/assignment4$ git commit -m "2"
```

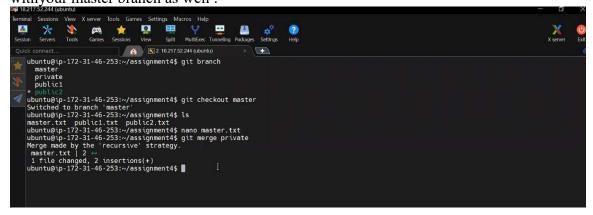
9. Now, go to your public branch and type in "git merge private" to merge your privatebranch and the contents inside it to your public1 branch. Then your can see the text file of your private branch inside your public branch by typing in "cat master.txt" command.



10. Similarly follow the same step inside your public 2 branch . Merge it with privatebranch as well.



11. Finally go to your master branch and use the "git merge private" to merge it withyour master branch as well .



12. And then use the cat command and you will see the file which is present in public1 and public2 inside your master branch as well

