Test Paper: IKS INDIAN CONSTITUTION Time:

Total Marks: 30

[10+20]

Instructions: Answer all questions carefully. Marks for each question are indicated next to the question.

QUICK QUESTIONS

TYPE Test Paper: Indian Constitution and Fundamental Rights

Part A: Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs)

- 1. Which part of the Indian Constitution deals with Fundamental Rights?
- a) Part III b) Part IV c) Part V d) Part VI
- 2. Who is the first citizen of India?
- a) President of India b) Prime Minister of India
- c) Chief Justice of India d) Parliament of India
- 3. Which Article of the Indian Constitution provides for the right to equality before the law?
- a) Article 14 b) Article 15 c) Article 16 d) Article 17
- 4. What does Article 21 of the Indian Constitution guarantee?
- a) Right to Freedom of Speech c) Right to Education
- b) Right to Life and Personal Liberty d) Right to Property



- 5. Under which Article is the Right to Constitutional Remedies provided?
- a) Article 32 b) Article 21 c) Article 19 d) Article 15
- 6. The Directive Principles of State Policy are mentioned in which part of the Constitution?
- a) Part III b) Part IV c) Part V d) Part VI
- 7. Which of the following is not a Fundamental Right?
- a) Right to Freedom of Religion b) Right to Property
- c) Right to Equality d) Right against Exploitation
- 8. Which of the following is a Fundamental Right that specifically addresses the protection against discrimination in employment?
- a) Right to Freedom of Speech
- b) Right to Equality
- c) Right to Freedom of Religion
- d) Right to Education
- 9. Which Article of the Indian Constitution protects the right to freedom of religion, including the freedom to profess, practice, and propagate religion?
- a) Article 25
- b) Article 26
- c) Article 27
- d) Article 28
- 10. Which Article of the Indian Constitution prohibits discrimination on grounds of religion, race, caste, sex, or place of birth?
- a) Article 15 b) Article 16 c) Article 17 d) Article 18

Part B: Short Answer Questions

- 1. Explain the Right to Equality under the Indian Constitution.(5)
- 2. Describe the role and importance of the Fundamental rights in the



context of the Indian Constitution.(5)

3. Name any 6 Article from Article 12 to 35 (3)

Or

- 3. Name all fundamental rights (3)
- 4. Mention any three FUNDAMNETAL RIGHT and explain in short with your best understanding and knowledge.(7)