

Batch 1(1-20):

1. Under the current Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (BNS) 2023, what is the specific section for the punishment of murder?
2. A person is caught cheating and dishonestly inducing the delivery of property. What BNS section applies to this crime?
3. What is the section for the punishment of rape under the new Indian criminal laws (BNS)?
4. If someone commits theft of a mobile phone, under which section of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita will they be charged?
5. What is the specific penal section for 'Dowry Death' under the BNS?
6. Under the current BNS framework, what section penalizes an attempt to commit murder?
7. A child is kidnapped from lawful guardianship. Which BNS section prescribes the punishment for this?
8. If a person publishes false statements to ruin someone's reputation, what is the section for defamation under the BNS?
9. What is the exact section for 'Sedition' (Rajdroh) under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita?
10. Under which section of the BNS is the punishment for being a party to a criminal conspiracy defined?
11. When five or more persons conjointly commit robbery, it is dacoity. What is the punishment section under the BNS?
12. What is the specific section for the punishment of robbery under the newly enacted BNS?
13. If someone commits extortion by putting a person in fear of injury, what BNS section is applicable?
14. What is the section for punishment of culpable homicide not amounting to murder in the BNS?
15. A person voluntarily slaps another during an argument. What is the section for voluntarily causing hurt under the BNS?
16. Under the BNS, what section deals with the punishment for voluntarily causing grievous hurt?
17. An employee embezzles company funds. Under which BNS section is criminal breach of trust penalized?
18. What is the section for the punishment of forgery under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita?
19. If a person intentionally damages someone else's property, what is the section for Mischief under the BNS?
20. What is the BNS section for the punishment of wrongful confinement of a person?

ChatGPT 5.2

Punishment of murder — Section 103 BNS.

Cheating and dishonestly inducing delivery of property — Section 318 BNS.

Punishment of rape — Section 64 BNS.

Theft of a mobile phone — Section 303 BNS.

Dowry death — Section 80 BNS.

Attempt to commit murder — Section 109 BNS.

Kidnapping from lawful guardianship — Section 137 BNS.

Defamation — Section 356 BNS.

Sedition (Rajdroh) — Section 152 BNS (acts endangering sovereignty, unity and integrity of India).

Criminal conspiracy punishment — Section 61 BNS.

Dacoity punishment — Section 310 BNS.

Robbery punishment — Section 309 BNS.

Extortion by fear of injury — Section 308 BNS.

Culpable homicide not amounting to murder — Section 105 BNS.

Voluntarily causing hurt — Section 115 BNS.

Voluntarily causing grievous hurt — Section 117 BNS.

Criminal breach of trust — Section 316 BNS.

Forgery punishment — Section 336 BNS.

Mischief (damage to property) — Section 324 BNS.

Wrongful confinement punishment — Section 127 BNS.

Claude Sonnet 4.6

#	Offence	BNS Section
1	Murder	Section 101 – Punishment is death or imprisonment for life, with fine.
2	Cheating & dishonestly inducing delivery of property	Section 318 – Punishable with imprisonment up to 7 years and fine.
3	Rape	Section 63 – Defines rape, with punishment under Section 64.
4	Theft (of mobile phone or any property)	Section 303 – Punishable with imprisonment up to 3 years and/or fine.
5	Dowry Death	Section 80 – Punishable with imprisonment of 7 years to life.
6	Attempt to commit Murder	Section 109 – Punishable with imprisonment up to 10 years and fine.
7	Kidnapping from lawful guardianship	Section 137 – Punishable with imprisonment up to 7 years and fine.
8	Defamation	Section 356 – Punishable with simple imprisonment up to 2 years and/or fine.
9	Sedition (Acts against sovereignty/integrity of India)	Section 152 – BNS replaced classic sedition; this section penalizes acts endangering sovereignty, unity & integrity of India.
10	Criminal Conspiracy	Section 61 – Punishable based on the gravity of the conspired offence.
11	Dacoity (robbery by 5 or more persons)	Section 310 – Punishable with rigorous imprisonment for life or up to 10 years, and fine.
12	Robbery	Section 309 – Punishable with rigorous imprisonment up to 10 years and fine.

#	Offence	BNS Section
13	Extortion	Section 308 – Punishable with imprisonment up to 3 years and/or fine.
14	Culpable Homicide not amounting to Murder	Section 99 – Punishable with imprisonment for life or up to 10 years, and fine.
15	Voluntarily Causing Hurt	Section 115 – Punishable with imprisonment up to 1 year and/or fine up to ₹10,000.
16	Voluntarily Causing Grievous Hurt	Section 117 – Punishable with imprisonment up to 7 years and fine.
17	Criminal Breach of Trust (Embezzlement)	Section 316 – Punishable with imprisonment up to 3 years and/or fine.
18	Forgery	Section 336 – Punishable with imprisonment up to 2 years and/or fine.
19	Mischief (intentional property damage)	Section 324 – Punishable with imprisonment up to 3 months and/or fine.
20	Wrongful Confinement	Section 126 – Punishable with simple imprisonment up to 1 year and/or fine up to ₹5,000.

Grok 4.1

Under the current Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (BNS) 2023, the specific section for the punishment of murder is Section 103.

A person caught cheating and dishonestly inducing the delivery of property is charged under Section 318 of the BNS.

The section for the punishment of rape under the new Indian criminal laws (BNS) is Section 64.

If someone commits theft of a mobile phone, they will be charged under Section 303 of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita.

The specific penal section for 'Dowry Death' under the BNS is Section 80.

Under the current BNS framework, the section that penalizes an attempt to commit murder is Section 109.

A child kidnapped from lawful guardianship attracts punishment under Section 137 of the BNS.

If a person publishes false statements to ruin someone's reputation, the section for defamation under the BNS is Section 356.

The exact section for 'Sedition' (Rajdroh) under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita is Section 152 (acts endangering sovereignty, unity and integrity of India).

Under Section 61 of the BNS, the punishment for being a party to a criminal conspiracy is defined.

When five or more persons conjointly commit robbery, it is dacoity, and the punishment section under the BNS is Section 310.

The specific section for the punishment of robbery under the newly enacted BNS is Section 309.

If someone commits extortion by putting a person in fear of injury, the applicable BNS section is Section 308.

The section for punishment of culpable homicide not amounting to murder in the BNS is Section 105.

A person who voluntarily slaps another during an argument is charged for voluntarily causing hurt under Section 115 of the BNS.

Under the BNS, the section dealing with the punishment for voluntarily causing grievous hurt is Section 117.

An employee who embezzles company funds is penalized for criminal breach of trust under Section 316 of the BNS.

The section for the punishment of forgery under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita is Section 336.

If a person intentionally damages someone else's property, the section for mischief under the BNS is Section 324.

The BNS section for the punishment of wrongful confinement of a person is Section 127.

Indus Sarvam

Under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita 2023, murder is punishable under Section 103.

Cheating and dishonestly inducing delivery of property falls under Section 318.

Rape is defined under Section 63 with punishment specified under Section 64.

Theft of a mobile phone is punishable under Section 303.

Dowry Death is covered under Section 80 of the BNS.

Attempt to commit murder is penalized under Section 109.

Kidnapping from lawful guardianship is punishable under Section 137.

Defamation is covered under Section 356 of the BNS.

The section for sedition (Rajdroh) under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita is not mentioned in the available sources.

Criminal conspiracy is penalized under Section 61 of the BNS.

Dacoity (five or more persons conjointly committing robbery) is punishable under Section 310.

Robbery is covered under Section 309 of the BNS.

Extortion is punishable under Section 308.

Culpable homicide not amounting to murder is covered under Section 105.

Voluntarily causing hurt is penalized under Section 115.

Voluntarily causing grievous hurt is covered under Section 116.

Criminal breach of trust is punishable under Section 316.

Forgery is penalized under Section 336.

Mischief is covered under Section 324.

Wrongful confinement is punishable under Section 127.

Gemini 3

Punishment for Murder: Section 103.

Cheating and Dishonestly Inducing Delivery of Property: Section 318(4).

Punishment for Rape: Section 64.

Theft (Mobile Phone): Section 303(2).

Dowry Death: Section 80.

Attempt to Murder: Section 109.

Kidnapping from Lawful Guardianship: Section 137(2).

Defamation: Section 356.

Sedition (Acts Endangering Sovereignty, Unity, and Integrity of India): Section 152.

Criminal Conspiracy: Section 61(2).

Dacoity: Section 310(2).

Robbery: Section 309(4).

Extortion: Section 308(2).

Culpable Homicide Not Amounting to Murder: Section 105.

Voluntarily Causing Hurt: Section 115(2).

Voluntarily Causing Grievous Hurt: Section 117(2).

Criminal Breach of Trust (by Clerk/Servant): Section 316(4).

Forgery: Section 336(2).

Mischief: Section 324(2).

Wrongful Confinement: Section 127(2).

DeepSeek V3.2

The definition of murder is found in Section 101 of the BNS, while its punishment is under Section 103(1) .

The applicable section for cheating and dishonestly inducing delivery of property is Section 318(4) of the BNS .

The punishment for rape is prescribed under Section 64 of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 .

Theft of a mobile phone is an offence under Section 303(2) of the BNS .

The specific penal section for 'Dowry Death' is Section 80 of the BNS .

An attempt to commit murder is penalized under Section 109 of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita .

Kidnapping from lawful guardianship is punishable under Section 137 of the BNS .

Defamation is defined and penalized under Section 356 of the BNS .

The BNS has replaced the offence of sedition with Section 152, which penalizes acts endangering sovereignty, unity, and integrity of India .

The punishment for being a party to a criminal conspiracy is defined in Section 61(2) of the BNS .

Dacoity is defined in Section 310(1) and its punishment is prescribed under Section 310(2) of the BNS .

The punishment for robbery is provided under Section 309 of the BNS .

The BNS section applicable to extortion is Section 308 .

Culpable homicide not amounting to murder is punishable under Section 100 of the BNS .

Voluntarily causing hurt is an offence under Section 115 of the BNS .

The punishment for voluntarily causing grievous hurt is prescribed under Section 117 of the BNS .

Criminal breach of trust is penalized under Section 316 of the BNS .

The punishment for forgery is provided under Section 336 of the BNS .

Mischief is an offence under Section 324 of the BNS .

Wrongful confinement is punishable under Section 128 of the BNS .

Kruti

1. The punishment for murder is specified under Section 302 of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (BNS) 2023.
2. Cheating and dishonestly inducing delivery of property is governed by Section 420 of the BNS.
3. The punishment for rape is outlined in Section 376 of the BNS.
4. Theft of a mobile phone is punishable under Section 379 of the BNS.
5. The penal provision for 'Dowry Death' is provided in Section 304A of the BNS.
6. An attempt to commit murder is penalized under Section 307 of the BNS.
7. Kidnapping a child from lawful guardianship is punishable under Section 361 of the BNS.
8. Defamation is addressed under Section 499 of the BNS.
9. The section for 'Sedition' (Rajdroh) is Section 124A of the BNS.
10. The punishment for being a party to a criminal conspiracy is defined under Section 120B of the BNS.
11. Dacoity (robbery by five or more persons) is punishable under Section 395 of the BNS.
12. The punishment for robbery is specified in Section 392 of the BNS.
13. Extortion by putting a person in fear of injury is covered under Section 383 of the BNS.
14. The punishment for culpable homicide not amounting to murder is provided in Section 304 of the BNS.
15. Voluntarily causing hurt is covered under Section 323 of the BNS.

16. The punishment for voluntarily causing grievous hurt is outlined in Section 325 of the BNS.
17. Criminal breach of trust is penalized under Section 406 of the BNS.
18. The punishment for forgery is specified in Section 468 of the BNS.
19. Mischief is covered under Section 425 of the BNS.
20. Wrongful confinement is punishable under Section 340 of the BNS.

Meta AI

Based on the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (BNS) 2023, the specific section for the punishment of murder is Section 101.

For cheating and dishonestly inducing the delivery of property, Section 318 of the BNS 2023 applies.

The section for the punishment of rape under the BNS is Section 63.

Theft of a mobile phone will be charged under Section 303 of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita.

The specific penal section for 'Dowry Death' under the BNS is Section 80.

An attempt to commit murder is penalized under Section 107 of the BNS framework.

Kidnapping a child from lawful guardianship falls under Section 136 of the BNS.

Publishing false statements to ruin someone's reputation, i.e., defamation, is covered by Section 356 of the BNS. The exact section for 'Sedition' (Rajdroh) under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita is Section 152.

Being a party to a criminal conspiracy is defined and punished under Section 20 of the BNS.

When five or more persons conjointly commit robbery, it is dacoity, and its punishment is under Section 308 of the BNS.

The specific section for the punishment of robbery under the newly enacted BNS is Section 307.

Extortion by putting a person in fear of injury is applicable under Section 314 of the BNS.

The section for punishment of culpable homicide not amounting to murder in the BNS is Section 103.

Voluntarily causing hurt, such as a slap during an argument, is addressed by Section 114 of the BNS.

Under the BNS, Section 115 deals with the punishment for voluntarily causing grievous hurt.

Criminal breach of trust, such as an employee embezzling company funds, is penalized under Section 316 of the BNS. The section for the punishment of forgery under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita is Section 337.

Intentionally damaging someone else's property, or Mischief, is covered by Section 338 of the BNS.

The BNS section for the punishment of wrongful confinement of a person is Section 265.

BATCH 2 (21-40)

What is the specific sub-section for the punishment of murder committed by a group of five or more persons on grounds of race, caste, or personal belief under the BNS?

Under the BNS, a new offence was introduced specifically for snatching chains or bags. What is the section number for snatching?

Which BNS section explicitly defines and punishes 'Organized Crime' for the first time in India's general penal code?

The BNS incorporates terrorism into the general penal law. What section penalizes a 'Terrorist Act'?

What is the new BNS section that criminalizes sexual intercourse by employing deceitful means or making a false promise to marry?

Which section of the BNS prescribes an enhanced 10-year punishment for causing death by rash driving and fleeing the scene without reporting it?

What is the BNS section for 'Unnatural Offences' previously criminalized under the old penal code?

Under the BNS, multiple provisions relating to receiving and concealing stolen property have been consolidated into which single section?

What section of the BNS penalizes a general 'Attempt to Commit Suicide' by a distressed citizen?

Under the BNS, what section penalizes attempting suicide specifically to compel or restrain a public servant from exercising their lawful power?

In the BNS, the punishment for being a party to a 'Criminal Conspiracy' is defined under which section?

What is the section for 'Adultery' under the new Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita?

Under which BNS section is the general exception for an 'Act of a person of unsound mind' covered?

What BNS section dictates when the right of private defense of the body legally extends to causing death?

Since Sedition was repealed, what new BNS section penalizes acts endangering the sovereignty, unity, and integrity of India?

What is the section for the punishment of Criminal Intimidation under the BNS?

If a person commits house-trespass to commit an offence, what BNS section applies?

Which specific BNS section deals with 'Petty Organized Crime' like vehicle theft or pickpocketing by a gang?

What is the BNS section defining a 'Public Nuisance'?

Under the BNS, what section governs the gang rape of a woman under 18 years of age?

ChatGPT 5.2

Mob murder on caste/race/belief grounds — Section 103(2) BNS.

Snatching — Section 304 BNS.

Organized Crime — Section 111 BNS.

Terrorist Act — Section 113 BNS.

Sexual intercourse by deceit/false promise to marry — Section 69 BNS.

Death by rash driving with hit-and-run (10-year punishment) — Section 106(2) BNS.

Unnatural offences (old IPC 377 equivalent) — No separate section; repealed/not retained in BNS.

Receiving or concealing stolen property (consolidated) — Section 317 BNS.

Attempt to suicide by distressed citizen — Not punishable as an offence under BNS.

Attempted suicide to compel public servant — Section 226 BNS.

Criminal conspiracy punishment — Section 61 BNS.

Adultery — No offence/section (decriminalized) under BNS.

Act of person of unsound mind (general exception) — Section 22 BNS.

Right of private defence extending to causing death — Section 38 BNS.

Acts endangering sovereignty, unity and integrity of India (new sedition-type offence) — Section 152 BNS.

Criminal intimidation punishment — Section 351 BNS.

House-trespass to commit offence — Section 331 BNS.

Petty Organized Crime — Section 112 BNS.

Public nuisance definition — Section 270 BNS.

Gang rape of woman under 18 years — Section 70(2) BNS.

Claude Sonnet 4.6

#	Offence / Query	BNS Section
1	Murder by a group of 5+ on grounds of race, caste, or personal belief (Mob Lynching)	Section 103(2) – Punishment is death or life imprisonment with fine; a landmark new specific provision.
2	Snatching (new offence for chain/bag snatching)	Section 304 – Punishable with imprisonment up to 3 years and fine.
3	Organised Crime (first time in general penal law)	Section 111 – Covers organised criminal syndicates; punishable with rigorous imprisonment of 5 years to life, or death.
4	Terrorist Act (incorporated into general penal law)	Section 113 – Punishable with rigorous imprisonment of life or death in fatal cases.
5	Sexual intercourse by deceitful means / false promise of marriage	Section 69 – Punishable with imprisonment up to 10 years and fine.

#	Offence / Query	BNS Section
6	Death by rash driving + fleeing the scene without reporting	Section 106(2) – Enhanced punishment of up to 10 years and fine; a new specific sub-section.
7	Unnatural Offences (IPC Section 377 equivalent)	Not retained in BNS – Consensual same-sex acts were decriminalised by the Supreme Court (<i>Navtej Singh Johar, 2018</i>); BNS omits this provision entirely.
8	Receiving / Concealing Stolen Property (consolidated)	Section 317 – All related provisions consolidated here; punishable with imprisonment up to 3 years and/or fine.
9	General Attempt to Commit Suicide by a distressed person	Effectively decriminalised – BNS omits the IPC Section 309 equivalent for ordinary citizens, aligning with the Mental Healthcare Act, 2017.
10	Attempt to commit suicide to compel/restrain a public servant	Section 226 – Punishable with simple imprisonment up to 1 year and/or fine.
11	Criminal Conspiracy	Section 61 – Punishment varies with the gravity of the conspired offence.
12	Adultery	Not present in BNS – Omitted entirely, as IPC Section 497 was struck down by the Supreme Court in <i>Joseph Shine v. Union of India</i> (2018).
13	General Exception: Act of a person of Unsound Mind	Section 22 – Mirrors the old IPC Section 84; act is not an offence if done in a state of unsoundness of mind.
14	Right of Private Defence extending to causing Death	Section 37 – Specifies seven circumstances where the right extends to voluntarily causing death.
15	Acts endangering Sovereignty, Unity & Integrity of India (replaced Sedition)	Section 152 – Broader and stricter than old Section 124A IPC; punishable with life imprisonment or up to 7 years and fine.
16	Criminal Intimidation	Section 351 – Punishable with imprisonment up to 2 years and/or fine; aggravated forms carry higher penalties.
17	House-trespass to commit an offence	Section 331 – Punishment depends on the nature of the offence intended; sub-sections prescribe varying terms.
18	Petty Organised Crime (vehicle theft, pickpocketing by a gang)	Section 112 – Punishable with imprisonment of 1 to 7 years and fine; a new and distinct provision.
19	Public Nuisance (definition)	Section 292 – Defines acts that cause common injury, danger, or annoyance to the public.
20	Gang Rape of a woman under 18 years of age	Section 70(2) – Punishable with rigorous imprisonment for the remainder of natural life or death.

Grok 4.1

The specific sub-section for the punishment of murder committed by a group of five or more persons on grounds of race, caste, or personal belief under the BNS is **Section 103(2)**.

Under the BNS, a new offence was introduced specifically for snatching chains or bags under **Section 304**.

The BNS section that explicitly defines and punishes 'Organized Crime' for the first time in India's general penal code is **Section 111**.

The section that penalizes a 'Terrorist Act' under the BNS is **Section 113**.

The new BNS section that criminalizes sexual intercourse by employing deceitful means or making a false promise to marry is **Section 69**.

The BNS section that prescribes an enhanced 10-year punishment for causing death by rash driving and fleeing the scene without reporting it is **Section 106(2)**.

Under the BNS, 'Unnatural Offences' previously criminalized under the old penal code are no longer specifically provided for as a separate offence.

Under the BNS, multiple provisions relating to receiving and concealing stolen property have been consolidated into **Section 317**.

The BNS section that penalizes a general 'Attempt to Commit Suicide' by a distressed citizen is **Section 226**.

Under the BNS, the section that penalizes attempting suicide specifically to compel or restrain a public servant from exercising their lawful power is **Section 227**.

Under the BNS, the punishment for being a party to a 'Criminal Conspiracy' is defined under **Section 61**.

There is no section for 'Adultery' under the new Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita as it has been omitted.

Under the BNS, the general exception for an 'Act of a person of unsound mind' is covered under **Section 22**.

The BNS section that dictates when the right of private defense of the body legally extends to causing death is **Section 38**.

Since Sedition was repealed, the new BNS section that penalizes acts endangering the sovereignty, unity, and integrity of India is **Section 152**.

The section for the punishment of Criminal Intimidation under the BNS is **Section 351(2)**.

If a person commits house-trespass to commit an offence, **Section 329** of the BNS applies.

The specific BNS section that deals with 'Petty Organized Crime' like vehicle theft or pickpocketing by a gang is **Section 112**.

The BNS section defining a 'Public Nuisance' is **Section 268**.

Under the BNS, the section that governs the gang rape of a woman under 18 years of age is **Section 70(2)**.

Indus Sarvam

Under Section 103(2) of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita 2023, murder committed by a group of five or more persons on grounds of race, caste, or personal belief is specifically punishable.

Snatching chains or bags is penalized under Section 304 of the BNS.

Organized Crime, for the first time in India's general penal code, is explicitly defined and punished under Section 111 of the BNS.

A terrorist act is penalized under Section 113 of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita.

Sexual intercourse by employing deceitful means or making a false promise to marry is criminalized under Section 69 of the BNS.

Death caused by rash driving and fleeing the scene is punishable under Section 281 of the BNS.

Unnatural offences are covered under Section 377 of the BNS.

Receiving and concealing stolen property has been consolidated under Section 317 of the BNS.

Attempt to commit suicide by a distressed citizen is penalized under Section 110 of the BNS.

Attempt to commit suicide specifically to compel or restrain a public servant from exercising lawful power is covered under Section 110(2) of the BNS.

The punishment for being a party to a criminal conspiracy is defined under Section 61 of the BNS.

Adultery has been completely repealed and no longer exists as an offence under the BNS.

An act of a person of unsound mind is covered under the general exception in Section 22 of the BNS.

The right of private defense of the body legally extends to causing death under Section 38 of the BNS.

Section 152 of the BNS penalizes acts endangering the sovereignty, unity, and integrity of India, replacing the repealed sedition provision.

Criminal intimidation is penalized under Section 351 of the BNS.

House-trespass to commit an offence is covered under Section 329 of the BNS.

Petty Organized Crime, like vehicle theft or pickpocketing by a gang, is defined under Section 112 of the BNS.

A public nuisance is defined under Section 270 of the BNS.

The gang rape of a woman under 18 years of age is specifically covered under Section 70 of the BNS.

Gemini 3

Murder by a group (Race/Caste/Belief): Section 103(2).

Snatching: Section 304.

Organized Crime: Section 111.

Terrorist Act: Section 113.

Sexual Intercourse by Deceitful Means/False Promise: Section 69.

Death by Rash Driving (Hit and Run): Section 106(2).

Unnatural Offences: Repealed (No corresponding section in BNS).

Receiving/Concealing Stolen Property: Section 317.

Attempt to Commit Suicide (Distressed Citizen): Decriminalized (Section 309 IPC has no general BNS equivalent).

Attempt to Commit Suicide (to compel Public Servant): Section 226.

Criminal Conspiracy: Section 61.

Adultery: Repealed (No longer a criminal offence).

Act of a Person of Unsound Mind: Section 22.

Private Defense of Body extending to Death: Section 38.

Acts Endangering Sovereignty, Unity, and Integrity (Replaces Sedition): Section 152.

Criminal Intimidation: Section 351.

House-trespass to Commit an Offence: Section 332.

Petty Organized Crime: Section 112.

Public Nuisance: Section 270.

Gang Rape of a Woman under 18: Section 70(2).

DeepSeek V3.2

The punishment for murder by a group of five or more persons on grounds of race, caste, or personal belief is prescribed under Section 103(2) of the BNS .

The specific section for snatching is Section 304 of the BNS .

The offence of 'Organized Crime' is defined and penalized under Section 111 of the BNS .

A 'Terrorist Act' is penalized under Section 113 of the BNS .

Sexual intercourse by employing deceitful means or making a false promise to marry is criminalized under Section 69 of the BNS .

The enhanced punishment for causing death by rash driving and fleeing the scene is prescribed under Section 106(2) of the BNS .

The BNS has deleted the provision for 'Unnatural Offences' that was previously criminalized under Section 377 of the IPC .

Provisions relating to receiving and concealing stolen property have been consolidated into Section 317 of the BNS .

A general 'Attempt to Commit Suicide' is not an offence under the BNS as Section 309 of the IPC has been omitted .

Attempting suicide to compel or restrain a public servant is penalized under Section 49 of the BNS.

The punishment for being a party to a 'Criminal Conspiracy' is defined in Section 61(2) of the BNS .

'Adultery' is no longer a criminal offence under the BNS, as Section 497 of the IPC has been omitted .

The general exception for an 'Act of a person of unsound mind' is covered under Section 22 of the BNS.

The right of private defense of the body extending to causing death is detailed under Section 34 of the BNS.

Acts endangering the sovereignty, unity, and integrity of India are penalized under Section 152 of the BNS .

The punishment for Criminal Intimidation is prescribed under Section 351 of the BNS.

House-trespass to commit an offence is covered under Section 329 of the BNS.

'Petty Organized Crime' is dealt with under Section 112 of the BNS.

A 'Public Nuisance' is defined under Section 270 of the BNS.

The gang rape of a woman under 18 years of age is governed by Section 70(2) of the BNS.

Kruti

1. The punishment for murder committed by a group of five or more persons on grounds of race, caste, or personal belief is specified under **Section 302(2)** of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (BNS) 2023.
2. The new offence of snatching chains or bags is criminalized under **Section 304** of the BNS.
3. The first explicit provision defining and punishing 'Organized Crime' in the BNS is found in **Section 111**.
4. A 'Terrorist Act' is penalized under **Section 113** of the BNS.
5. The new BNS section that criminalizes sexual intercourse by employing deceitful means or making a false promise to marry is **Section 69**.
6. The enhanced 10-year punishment for causing death by rash driving and fleeing the scene without reporting it is prescribed under **Section 106(2)** of the BNS.
7. 'Unnatural Offences' are addressed under **Section 377** of the BNS.
8. Provisions related to receiving and concealing stolen property have been consolidated into **Section 317** of the BNS.
9. The general 'Attempt to Commit Suicide' by a distressed citizen is penalized under **Section 224** of the BNS.
10. Attempting suicide specifically to compel or restrain a public servant from exercising their lawful power is governed by **Section 226** of the BNS.
11. The punishment for being a party to a 'Criminal Conspiracy' is defined under **Section 61** of the BNS.
12. 'Adultery' is addressed under **Section 84** of the BNS, although it has been decriminalized and is not punishable as a standalone offence.
13. The general exception for an 'Act of a person of unsound mind' is covered under **Section 22** of the BNS.
14. The right of private defense of the body legally extending to causing death is dictated under **Section 38** of the BNS.
15. Since Sedition was repealed, the new BNS section penalizing acts endangering the sovereignty, unity, and integrity of India is **Section 152**.
16. The punishment for Criminal Intimidation is outlined in **Section 351** of the BNS.
17. If a person commits house-trespass to commit an offence, the applicable BNS section is **Section 332**.
18. 'Petty Organized Crime' like vehicle theft or pickpocketing by a gang is dealt with under **Section 112** of the BNS.
19. 'Public Nuisance' is defined under **Section 268** of the BNS.
20. The gang rape of a woman under 18 years of age is addressed under **Section 376(2)(n)** of the BNS.

Meta AI

The specific sub-

section for the punishment of murder committed by a group of five or more persons on grounds of race, caste, or personal belief under the BNS is Section 101(2). Under the BNS, snatching is addressed in Section 305.

Section 111 of the BNS explicitly defines and punishes 'Organized Crime'.

The BNS section that penalizes a 'Terrorist Act' is Section 113.

The new BNS section that criminalizes sexual intercourse by employing deceitful means or making a false promise to marry is Section 69. Section 104(2) of the BNS prescribes an enhanced 10-year punishment for causing death by rash driving and fleeing the scene without reporting it.

The BNS section for 'Unnatural Offences' is Section 72.

Under the BNS, multiple provisions relating to receiving and concealing stolen property have been consolidated into Section 309.

Section 224 of the BNS penalizes a general 'Attempt to Commit Suicide' by a distressed citizen.

Under the BNS, attempting suicide specifically to compel or restrain a public servant from exercising their lawful power is penalized by Section 224(2).

In the BNS, the punishment for being a party to a 'Criminal Conspiracy' is defined under Section 20.

The BNS has decriminalized 'Adultery', so there is no specific section for its punishment.

Under the BNS, the general exception for an 'Act of a person of unsound mind' is covered by Section 20.

BNS Section 39 dictates when the right of private defense of the body legally extends to causing death.

Since Sedition was repealed, Section 152 of the BNS penalizes acts endangering the sovereignty, unity, and integrity of India. The section for the punishment of Criminal Intimidation under the BNS is Section 351.

If a person commits house-trespass to commit an offence, BNS Section 326 applies.

Section 112 of the BNS specifically deals with 'Petty Organized Crime'.

BNS Section 268 defines a 'Public Nuisance'.

Under the BNS, Section 67 governs the gang rape of a woman under 18 years of age.

BATCH 3 (41-60)

Under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (BNS), what is the specific section that deals with the offence of Sexual Harassment?

A man is caught watching a woman engaging in a private act without her consent. What is the BNS section for Voyeurism?

What is the specific penal section for the crime of 'Stalking' under the new Indian criminal code (BNS)?

If someone uses a word, gesture, or act intended to insult the modesty of a woman, which BNS section applies?

The infamous 'Section 498A' for cruelty by a husband or his relatives has been replaced. What is the new section number in the BNS?

What is the BNS section for voluntarily causing grievous hurt by use of acid (Acid Attack)?

If a person voluntarily obstructs another from proceeding in a lawful direction, what is the section for Wrongful Restraint under the BNS?

Under the BNS, what section specifically prescribes the death penalty or life imprisonment for kidnapping for ransom?

An assembly of five or more persons with a common illegal object is an 'Unlawful Assembly'. What is the BNS section for its punishment?

What is the specific section for the punishment of Rioting under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita?

When two or more persons fight in a public place and disturb the public peace, it is an Affray. What BNS section penalizes this?

What is the specific section for the offence of 'Bribery at Elections' under the newly enacted BNS?

Under the BNS, what section provides the punishment for giving or fabricating false evidence in a judicial proceeding?

If a person finds a lost wallet and dishonestly keeps the money, what BNS section applies for Dishonest Misappropriation of Property?

What is the specific section for 'Cheating by Personation' (pretending to be someone else) under the BNS?

If someone commits mischief by fire or explosives intending to destroy a house, what is the section under the BNS?

What is the BNS section for the punishment of 'House-breaking by night'?

Under the BNS, what section penalizes the counterfeiting of currency notes or bank notes?

What is the section for marrying again during the lifetime of a husband or wife (Bigamy) under the BNS?

If criminal intimidation is committed by an anonymous communication, what BNS section applies?

ChatGPT 5.2

Sexual Harassment — Section 75 BNS.

Voyeurism — Section **77** BNS.

Stalking — Section **78** BNS.

Insulting modesty of a woman (word/gesture/act) — Section **79** BNS.

Cruelty by husband or relatives (old IPC 498A) — Section **85** BNS.

Grievous hurt by acid (Acid Attack) — Section **124** BNS.

Wrongful Restraint — Section **126** BNS.

Kidnapping for ransom (death or life imprisonment) — Section **140** BNS.

Punishment for Unlawful Assembly — Section **189** BNS.

Rioting — Section **191** BNS.

Affray — Section **194** BNS.

Bribery at Elections — Section **171** BNS.

False evidence in judicial proceeding — Section **230** BNS.

Dishonest Misappropriation of Property — Section **314** BNS.

Cheating by Personation — Section **319** BNS.

Mischief by fire/explosive to destroy house — Section **326** BNS.

House-breaking by night — Section **332** BNS.

Counterfeiting currency/bank notes — Section **178** BNS.

Bigamy (marrying during spouse's lifetime) — Section **82** BNS.

Criminal intimidation by anonymous communication — Section **351(3)** BNS.

Claude Sonnet 4.6

#	Offence / Query	BNS Section
1	Sexual Harassment	Section 75 – Covers unwelcome physical, verbal, or non-verbal conduct of a sexual nature; punishable with imprisonment up to 3 years and/or fine.
2	Voyeurism	Section 77 – Punishable with imprisonment of 1 to 3 years (first conviction) and 3 to 7 years (subsequent conviction), with fine.
3	Stalking	Section 78 – Punishable with imprisonment up to 3 years for first offence and up to 5 years for subsequent offence, with fine.
4	Insult to Modesty of a Woman (word, gesture, or act)	Section 79 – Punishable with simple imprisonment up to 3 years and/or fine.
5	Cruelty by Husband or His Relatives (erstwhile IPC 498A)	Section 85 – Punishment remains the same: imprisonment up to 3 years and fine.

#	Offence / Query	BNS Section
6	Acid Attack (Grievous Hurt by use of acid)	Section 124 – Punishable with rigorous imprisonment of not less than 10 years, extendable to life, and fine paid to victim.
7	Wrongful Restraint	Section 125 – Punishable with simple imprisonment up to 1 month and/or fine up to ₹5,000.
8	Kidnapping for Ransom	Section 140(1) – Punishable with death or life imprisonment, with fine; a specific and stringent provision.
9	Unlawful Assembly (punishment)	Section 191(2) – Every member is punishable with imprisonment up to 6 months and/or fine.
10	Rioting	Section 191(3) – Punishable with imprisonment up to 2 years and/or fine.
11	Affray (fighting in a public place)	Section 192 – Punishable with imprisonment up to 1 month and/or fine up to ₹1,000.
12	Bribery at Elections	Section 169 – Punishable with imprisonment up to 1 year and/or fine, or both, depending on the nature of the corrupt practice.
13	Giving or Fabricating False Evidence in judicial proceedings	Section 229 – Punishable with imprisonment of either description up to 7 years and fine.
14	Dishonest Misappropriation of Property (keeping a lost wallet)	Section 314 – Punishable with imprisonment up to 2 years and/or fine.
15	Cheating by Personation	Section 319(2) – Punishable with imprisonment up to 5 years and/or fine; aggravated over general cheating.
16	Mischief by fire/explosives to destroy a house	Section 326 – Punishable with rigorous imprisonment for life or up to 10 years, and fine.
17	House-breaking by Night	Section 332(b) – Punishable with rigorous imprisonment up to 4 years and fine; night-time commission is an aggravating factor.
18	Counterfeiting of Currency Notes or Bank Notes	Section 178 – Punishable with imprisonment for life or rigorous imprisonment up to 10 years, and fine.
19	Bigamy (marrying again during lifetime of spouse)	Section 82 – Punishable with imprisonment up to 7 years and fine.
20	Criminal Intimidation by Anonymous Communication	Section 351(3) – Punishable with imprisonment up to 2 years in addition to the punishment prescribed for the general offence of criminal intimidation.

Grok 4.1

Under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (BNS), the specific section that deals with the offence of **Sexual Harassment** is **Section 75**.

A man caught watching a woman engaging in a private act without her consent is charged under **Section 77** of the BNS for **Voyeurism**.

The specific penal section for the crime of 'Stalking' under the new Indian criminal code (BNS) is **Section 78**.

If someone uses a word, gesture, or act intended to insult the modesty of a woman, **Section 79** of the BNS applies.

The infamous 'Section 498A' for cruelty by a husband or his relatives has been replaced by **Section 85** in the BNS.

The BNS section for voluntarily causing grievous hurt by use of acid (Acid Attack) is **Section 124**.

If a person voluntarily obstructs another from proceeding in a lawful direction, the section for **Wrongful Restraint** under the BNS is **Section 126**.

Under the BNS, the section that specifically prescribes the death penalty or life imprisonment for kidnapping for ransom is **Section 140(2)**.

An assembly of five or more persons with a common illegal object is an 'Unlawful Assembly', and its punishment is under **Section 189** of the BNS.

The specific section for the punishment of **Rioting** under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita is **Section 191**.

When two or more persons fight in a public place and disturb the public peace, it is an **Affray**, penalized under **Section 193** of the BNS.

The specific section for the offence of 'Bribery at Elections' under the newly enacted BNS is **Section 169**.

Under the BNS, the section that provides the punishment for giving or fabricating false evidence in a judicial proceeding is **Section 229**.

If a person finds a lost wallet and dishonestly keeps the money, **Section 314** of the BNS applies for **Dishonest Misappropriation of Property**.

The specific section for 'Cheating by Personation' (pretending to be someone else) under the BNS is **Section 319**.

If someone commits mischief by fire or explosives intending to destroy a house, the section under the BNS is **Section 329**.

The BNS section for the punishment of 'House-breaking by night' is **Section 331**.

Under the BNS, the section that penalizes the counterfeiting of currency notes or bank notes is **Section 177**.

The section for marrying again during the lifetime of a husband or wife (**Bigamy**) under the BNS is **Section 82**.

If criminal intimidation is committed by an anonymous communication, **Section 351(3)** of the BNS applies.

Indus Sarvam

Sexual Offences:

- **Sexual Harassment:** Section 75 - Defines acts like physical contact, sexual advances, demand for sexual favors, showing pornography against will, or making sexually coloured remarks with punishments ranging from 1-3 years rigorous imprisonment
- **Voyeurism:** Section 77 - Punishes watching/capturing images of women in private acts, with 1-3 years imprisonment for first conviction and 3-7 years for subsequent convictions

- **Stalking:** Section 78 - Covers following women and contacting them despite disinterest or monitoring electronic communications, with 3 years imprisonment (5 years for repeat offenses)
- **Word/gesture/act insulting modesty:** Section 79
- **Replacement for Section 498A:** Section 85 - Deals with cruelty by husband or relatives (Section 86 further defines cruelty)
- **Acid Attack:** Section 124 - Voluntarily causing grievous hurt by use of acid
- **Gang rape of woman under 18:** Section 70
- **Sexual intercourse by deceitful means/false promise to marry:** Section 69

Other Criminal Offences:

- **Wrongful Restraint:** Section 126
- **Kidnapping for ransom:** Section 140
- **Unlawful Assembly:** Section 189
- **Rioting:** Section 191
- **Affray:** Section 194
- **Bribery at elections:** Section 170
- **False evidence in judicial proceeding:** Section 227
- **Dishonest misappropriation of property:** Section 314
- **Cheating by personation:** Section 319
- **Mischief by fire/explosives destroying dwelling:** Section 226
- **House-breaking by night:** Section 344
- **Counterfeiting currency notes/bank notes:** Section 178
- **Bigamy:** Section 82
- **Criminal intimidation by anonymous communication:** Section 351

Gemini 3

Sexual Harassment: Section 75.

Voyeurism: Section 77.

Stalking: Section 78.

Word, Gesture, or Act Intended to Insult the Modesty of a Woman: Section 79.

Cruelty by Husband or his Relatives (Old 498A): Section 85.

Voluntarily Causing Grievous Hurt by use of Acid: Section 124(1).

Wrongful Restraint: Section 126(2).

Kidnapping for Ransom: Section 140(2).

Punishment for Unlawful Assembly: Section 189(3).

Punishment for Rioting: Section 191(2).

Affray: Section 194.

Bribery at Elections: Section 170.

Giving or Fabricating False Evidence: Section 227.

Dishonest Misappropriation of Property: Section 314.

Cheating by Personation: Section 319.

Mischief by Fire or Explosives to Destroy a House: Section 326(f).

House-breaking by Night: Section 331(2).

Counterfeiting Currency Notes or Bank Notes: Section 178.

Bigamy (Marrying again during lifetime of spouse): Section 82.

Criminal Intimidation by Anonymous Communication: Section 351(4).

DeepSeek V3.2

The offence of Sexual Harassment is defined and penalized under Section 75 of the BNS .

Voyeurism is an offence under Section 77 of the BNS .

The crime of 'Stalking' is covered under Section 78 of the BNS .

The section for insulting the modesty of a woman is Section 79 of the BNS .

The offence of cruelty by a husband or his relatives is now defined under Section 85 of the BNS .

An acid attack is specifically penalized under Section 124 of the BNS.

Wrongful Restraint is an offence under Section 126 of the BNS.

The death penalty or life imprisonment for kidnapping for ransom is prescribed under Section 140(2) of the BNS.

An unlawful assembly is defined and its punishment is prescribed under Section 189 of the BNS.

The punishment for Rioting is prescribed under Section 191 of the BNS.

Affray is penalized under Section 194 of the BNS.

Bribery at elections is an offence under Section 171 of the BNS.

Giving or fabricating false evidence is penalized under Section 229 of the BNS.

Dishonest misappropriation of property is covered under Section 314 of the BNS.

Cheating by personation is an offence under Section 319 of the BNS.

Mischief by fire or explosives to destroy a house is covered under Section 326 of the BNS.

House-breaking by night is defined and punishable under Section 333 of the BNS.

Counterfeiting currency notes is an offence under Section 178 of the BNS.

Marrying again during the lifetime of a spouse (Bigamy) is an offence under Section 82 of the BNS .

Criminal intimidation by anonymous communication is covered under Section 352 of the BNS.

Kruti

Section 75 of the **Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (BNS)** deals with the offence of **Sexual Harassment** [1].

Section 77 of the **BNS** addresses the offence of **Voyeurism** [2].

The crime of **Stalking** is penalized under **Section 78** of the **BNS** [3].

Section 79 of the **BNS** applies when a person uses a word, gesture, or act intended to insult the modesty of a woman [4].

The infamous **Section 498A IPC** for cruelty by a husband or his relatives has been replaced by **Section 85** of the **BNS** [5].

Section 124 and 125 of the **BNS** provide the punishment for **voluntarily causing grievous hurt by use of acid** (Acid Attack) [6].

Section 126(2) of the **BNS** prescribes the punishment for **Wrongful Restraint** [7].

Section 140 of the **BNS** specifically prescribes the **death penalty or life imprisonment for kidnapping for ransom** [8].

Section 189 of the **BNS** addresses the offence of **Unlawful Assembly** [9].

The punishment for **Rioting** is outlined in **Section 191** of the **BNS** [10].

The offence of **Affray** is penalized under **Section 194** of the **BNS** [11].

Section 312 of **Chapter 9** of the **BNS** deals with the offence of **Bribery at Elections** [12].

Section 227-248 of the **BNS** provides for the punishment for **giving or fabricating false evidence in a judicial proceeding** [13].

Section 317 of the **BNS** applies to **Dishonest Misappropriation of Property**, such as keeping a found wallet dishonestly [14].

Cheating by Personation is addressed under **Section 319** of the **BNS** [15].

Section 326 of the **BNS** covers **Mischief by fire or explosives intending to destroy a house** [16].

The punishment for **House-breaking by night** is specified in **Section 340** of the **BNS**.

Section 385 of the **BNS** penalizes **counterfeiting of currency notes or bank notes**.

Section 497 of the **BNS** addresses the crime of **Bigamy** (marrying again during the lifetime of a husband or wife).

Section 354B of the **BNS** applies to **criminal intimidation by anonymous communication**.

Meta AI

Under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (BNS), the specific section that deals with the offence of Sexual Harassment is Section 74.

For watching a woman engaging in a private act without her consent, the BNS section for Voyeurism is Section 76. The specific penal section for the crime of 'Stalking' under the new Indian criminal code (BNS) is Section 75. If someone uses a word, gesture, or act intended to insult the modesty of a woman, Section 79 of the BNS applies.

The infamous 'Section 498A' for cruelty by a husband or his relatives has been replaced by Section 84 in the BNS. The BNS section for voluntarily causing grievous hurt by use of acid (Acid Attack) is Section 117.

If a person voluntarily obstructs another from proceeding in a lawful direction, the section for Wrongful Restraint under the BNS is Section 263.

Under the BNS, Section 137 specifically prescribes the death penalty or life imprisonment for kidnapping for ransom.

An assembly of five or more persons with a common illegal object is an 'Unlawful Assembly', and the BNS section for its punishment is Section 187.

The specific section for the punishment of Rioting under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita is Section 189.

When two or more persons fight in a public place and disturb the public peace, it is an Affray, and BNS Section 192 penalizes this.

The specific section for the offence of 'Bribery at Elections' under the newly enacted BNS is Section 193.

Under the BNS, Section 228 provides the punishment for giving or fabricating false evidence in a judicial proceeding.

If a person finds a lost wallet and dishonestly keeps the money, BNS Section 304 applies for Dishonest Misappropriation of Property.

The specific section for 'Cheating by Personation' (pretending to be someone else) under the BNS is Section 319.

If someone commits mischief by fire or explosives intending to destroy a house, the section under the BNS is Section 340. The BNS section for the punishment of 'House-breaking by night' is Section 327.

Under the BNS, Section 342 penalizes the counterfeiting of currency notes or bank notes.

The section for marrying again during the lifetime of a husband or wife (Bigamy) under the BNS is Section 85.

If criminal intimidation is committed by an anonymous communication, BNS Section 352 applies.

BATCH 4 (61-80)

Under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (BNS), what is the specific section for rash driving or riding on a public way?

What is the BNS section for causing the death of a person by doing any rash or negligent act not amounting to culpable homicide?

If a person voluntarily obstructs a public servant in the discharge of their public functions, which BNS section applies?

Under the new BNS, what section penalizes a clerk or officer for the falsification of accounts?

What is the specific section number that defines and punishes 'Criminal Trespass' under the BNS?

Which section of the BNS criminalizes the sale, distribution, or public exhibition of obscene books and materials?

What is the BNS section for the specific offence of selling or distributing obscene objects to a child?

If someone intentionally causes the disappearance of evidence to screen an offender from legal punishment, what BNS section applies?

Under the BNS, what section penalizes disobedience to an order duly promulgated by a public servant?

What is the section for injuring or defiling a place of worship with intent to insult the religion of any class under the BNS?

If someone sings, recites, or utters obscene songs or words in a public place to the annoyance of others, what BNS section is violated?

What is the specific BNS section for the adulteration of food or drink intended for sale?

If a person is legally bound to furnish information to a public servant but provides false information, what BNS section applies?

What is the section for the punishment of an 'Attempt to commit robbery' under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita?

If a person intentionally omits to attend a court or place in obedience to a summons from a public servant, what BNS section is violated?

What is the specific BNS section that defines the offence of 'Public Nuisance'?

Under the BNS, what section penalizes the fraudulent use of a forged document or electronic record as a genuine one?

What BNS section applies if a person legally bound to produce a document to a public servant intentionally omits to do so?

If a person refuses to sign a statement made by them when legally required by a public servant, what BNS section applies?

What is the BNS section for intentionally insulting or interrupting a public servant sitting in a judicial proceeding?

ChatGPT 5.2

Rash driving or riding on a public way — Section 281 BNS.

Causing death by rash or negligent act — Section 106(1) BNS.

Obstructing a public servant in discharge of duty — Section 221 BNS.

Falsification of accounts by clerk/officer — Section 344 BNS.

Criminal Trespass — Section 329 BNS.

Sale/distribution/public exhibition of obscene materials — Section 294 BNS.

Selling/distributing obscene objects to a child — Section 295 BNS.

Causing disappearance of evidence to screen offender — Section 238 BNS.

Disobedience to order duly promulgated by public servant — Section 223 BNS.

Defiling place of worship to insult religion — Section 301 BNS.

Obscene songs/words in public place — Section 296 BNS.

Adulteration of food or drink for sale — Section 274 BNS.

Giving false information when legally bound — Section 227 BNS.

Attempt to commit robbery — Section 309 BNS.

Omitting to attend in obedience to summons — Section 209 BNS.

Public Nuisance (definition/offence) — Section 270 BNS.

Fraudulent use of forged document as genuine — Section 338 BNS.

Omission to produce document to public servant — Section 231 BNS.

Refusing to sign statement when legally required — Section 232 BNS.

Intentional insult/interruption to public servant in judicial proceeding — Section 354 BNS.

Claude Sonnet 4.6

#	Offence / Query	BNS Section
1	Rash Driving or Riding on a Public Way	Section 281 – Punishable with imprisonment up to 6 months and/or fine up to ₹1,000.
2	Causing Death by Rash or Negligent Act (not amounting to culpable homicide)	Section 106(1) – Punishable with imprisonment up to 5 years and fine.
3	Voluntarily Obstructing a Public Servant in discharge of public functions	Section 221 – Punishable with imprisonment up to 3 months and/or fine up to ₹2,500.
4	Falsification of Accounts by a clerk or officer	Section 336(3) – Punishable with imprisonment up to 7 years and/or fine.

#	Offence / Query	BNS Section
5	Criminal Trespass (definition and punishment)	Section 329(1) – Punishable with imprisonment up to 3 months and/or fine up to ₹5,000.
6	Sale/Distribution/Public Exhibition of Obscene Books & Materials	Section 294 – Punishable with imprisonment up to 2 years and/or fine on first conviction; up to 5 years on subsequent conviction.
7	Selling or Distributing Obscene Objects to a Child	Section 295 – Punishable with imprisonment up to 7 years and fine; a stringent child-protective provision.
8	Causing Disappearance of Evidence to Screen an Offender	Section 238 – Punishable with imprisonment up to 7 years and/or fine, depending on the gravity of the screened offence.
9	Disobedience to an Order Duly Promulgated by a Public Servant	Section 223 – Punishable with imprisonment up to 6 months and/or fine up to ₹1,000.
10	Injuring or Defiling a Place of Worship with intent to insult religion	Section 299 – Punishable with imprisonment up to 2 years and/or fine.
11	Uttering Obscene Songs or Words in a Public Place	Section 296 – Punishable with imprisonment up to 3 months and/or fine.
12	Adulteration of Food or Drink Intended for Sale	Section 274 – Punishable with imprisonment up to 6 months and/or fine up to ₹5,000.
13	Furnishing False Information to a Public Servant	Section 218 – Punishable with imprisonment up to 6 months and/or fine up to ₹5,000, or both.
14	Attempt to Commit Robbery	Section 309(3) – Punishable with rigorous imprisonment up to 7 years and fine.
15	Intentional Omission to Appear Before a Public Servant in obedience to summons	Section 209 – Punishable with imprisonment up to 1 month and/or fine up to ₹5,000.
16	Public Nuisance (definition)	Section 292 – Defines any act that causes common injury, danger, or annoyance to the public or to people in general.
17	Fraudulent Use of a Forged Document or Electronic Record as genuine	Section 340(2) – Punishable with imprisonment up to 7 years and fine; electronic records explicitly included under BNS.
18	Intentional Omission to Produce a Document before a public servant when legally bound	Section 210 – Punishable with imprisonment up to 1 month and/or fine up to ₹5,000.
19	Refusal to Sign a Statement when legally required by a public servant	Section 214 – Punishable with imprisonment up to 3 months and/or fine up to ₹3,000, or both.
20	Intentionally Insulting or Interrupting a Public Servant in judicial proceedings	Section 228 – Punishable with imprisonment up to 1 year and/or fine up to ₹5,000.

Grok 4.1

Under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (BNS), the specific section that deals with rash driving or riding on a public way is **Section 281**.

The BNS section for causing the death of a person by doing any rash or negligent act not amounting to culpable homicide is **Section 106(1)**.

If a person voluntarily obstructs a public servant in the discharge of their public functions, **Section 197** of the BNS applies.

Under the new BNS, the section that penalizes a clerk or officer for the falsification of accounts is **Section 344**.

The specific section number that defines and punishes 'Criminal Trespass' under the BNS is **Section 329**.

The section of the BNS that criminalizes the sale, distribution, or public exhibition of obscene books and materials is **Section 294**.

The BNS section for the specific offence of selling or distributing obscene objects to a child is **Section 296**.

If someone intentionally causes the disappearance of evidence to screen an offender from legal punishment, **Section 238** of the BNS applies.

Under the BNS, the section that penalizes disobedience to an order duly promulgated by a public servant is **Section 209**.

The section for injuring or defiling a place of worship with intent to insult the religion of any class under the BNS is **Section 295**.

If someone sings, recites, or utters obscene songs or words in a public place to the annoyance of others, **Section 294** of the BNS is violated.

The specific BNS section for the adulteration of food or drink intended for sale is **Section 272**.

If a person is legally bound to furnish information to a public servant but provides false information, **Section 212** of the BNS applies.

The section for the punishment of an 'Attempt to commit robbery' under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita is **Section 309** read with Section 61 (attempt provision).

If a person intentionally omits to attend a court or place in obedience to a summons from a public servant, **Section 206** of the BNS is violated.

The specific BNS section that defines the offence of 'Public Nuisance' is **Section 268**.

Under the BNS, the section that penalizes the fraudulent use of a forged document or electronic record as a genuine one is **Section 339**.

If a person legally bound to produce a document to a public servant intentionally omits to do so, **Section 211** of the BNS applies.

If a person refuses to sign a statement made by them when legally required by a public servant, **Section 215** of the BNS applies.

The BNS section for intentionally insulting or interrupting a public servant sitting in a judicial proceeding is **Section 228** (rephrased as insult to public servant in judicial proceeding).

Indus Sarvam

Traffic and Public Safety:

- **Rash driving or riding on a public way:** Section 281
- **Causing death by rash or negligent act not amounting to culpable homicide:** Section 106

Public Servant Related Offences:

- **Voluntarily obstructing a public servant in discharge of public functions:** Section 221
- **Falsification of accounts by clerk or officer:** Section 344
- **Disobedience to order duly promulgated by public servant:** Section 223
- **Legally bound to furnish information but provides false information:** Section 212
- **Legally bound to produce document but intentionally omits to do so:** Section 210
- **Refuses to sign statement when legally required by public servant:** Section 211
- **Intentionally insulting or interrupting public servant in judicial proceeding:** Section 224

Property and Trespass:

- **Criminal trespass:** Section 329
- **Attempt to commit robbery:** Section 312
- **Public nuisance:** Section 270

Obscenity and Religious Offences:

- **Sale, distribution, or public exhibition of obscene books and materials:** Section 294
- **Selling or distributing obscene objects to a child:** Section 295
- **Singing, reciting, or uttering obscene songs/words in public place:** Section 296
- **Injuring or defiling place of worship with intent to insult religion:** Section 298

Food Safety and Evidence:

- **Adulteration of food or drink intended for sale:** Section 274
- **Intentionally causing disappearance of evidence to screen offender:** Section 241

Forensic and Legal Documents:

- **Fraudulent use of forged document or electronic record as genuine:** Section 340

Gemini 3

Rash Driving or Riding on a Public Way: Section 281.

Death by Rash or Negligent Act (not murder): Section 106(1).

Obstructing a Public Servant in Discharge of Functions: Section 221.

Falsification of Accounts (by Clerk or Officer): Section 344.

Criminal Trespass (Definition and Punishment): Section 329.

Sale/Distribution/Exhibition of Obscene Materials: Section 294.

Selling or Distributing Obscene Objects to a Child: Section 295.

Disappearance of Evidence to Screen Offender: Section 238.

Disobedience to Order Promulgated by Public Servant: Section 223.

Injuring/Defiling Place of Worship to Insult Religion: Section 298.

Obscene Songs or Words in a Public Place: Section 296.

Adulteration of Food or Drink Intended for Sale: Section 274.

Furnishing False Information to a Public Servant: Section 212.

Attempt to Commit Robbery: Section 311 (General attempt) or Section 312 (if armed with a deadly weapon).

Intentional Omission to Attend Court (Non-attendance): Section 208.

Public Nuisance (Definition): Section 270.

Fraudulent Use of Forged Document/Electronic Record: Section 340.

Omission to Produce Document to Public Servant: Section 210.

Refusal to Sign a Statement Made to a Public Servant: Section 215.

Insult or Interruption to Public Servant in Judicial Proceeding: Section 267.

DeepSeek V3.2

Rash driving or riding on a public way is penalized under Section 281 of the BNS.

Causing death by a rash or negligent act not amounting to culpable homicide is penalized under Section 106(1) of the BNS .

Voluntarily obstructing a public servant in their public functions is an offence under Section 222 of the BNS.

The falsification of accounts by a clerk or officer is penalized under Section 344 of the BNS.

'Criminal Trespass' is defined and penalized under Section 329 of the BNS .

The sale or exhibition of obscene books is an offence under Section 295 of the BNS.

Selling or distributing obscene objects to a child is specifically penalized under Section 296 of the BNS.

Causing the disappearance of evidence to screen an offender is an offence under Section 238 of the BNS.

Disobedience to an order duly promulgated by a public servant is penalized under Section 223 of the BNS.

Injuring or defiling a place of worship is an offence under Section 299 of the BNS.

Singing or uttering obscene words in a public place is penalized under Section 297 of the BNS.

The adulteration of food or drink intended for sale is covered under Section 273 of the BNS.

Furnishing false information to a public servant is an offence under Section 229 of the BNS .

An 'Attempt to commit robbery' is penalized under Section 309 of the BNS .

Intentionally omitting to attend a court in obedience to a summons is an offence under Section 207 of the BNS.

The offence of 'Public Nuisance' is defined under Section 270 of the BNS .

Fraudulently using a forged document as genuine is an offence under Section 340 of the BNS.

Intentionally omitting to produce a document to a public servant is penalized under Section 209 of the BNS.

Refusing to sign a statement when legally required by a public servant is an offence under Section 214 of the BNS.

Intentionally insulting or interrupting a public servant in a judicial proceeding is penalized under Section 260 of the BNS.

Kruti

1. **Section 281** of the **Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (BNS)** deals with **rash driving or riding on a public way** [1].
2. **Section 106** of the **BNS** addresses **causing the death of a person by doing any rash or negligent act not amounting to culpable homicide** [2].
3. **Section 221** of the **BNS** penalizes **voluntarily obstructing a public servant in the discharge of their public functions** [3].
4. **Section 344** of the **BNS** criminalizes **falsification of accounts by a clerk or officer** [4].
5. **Section 329** of the **BNS** defines and punishes **Criminal Trespass** [5].
6. **Section 292** of the **BNS** criminalizes the **sale, distribution, or public exhibition of obscene books and materials** [6].
7. **Section 295** of the **BNS** addresses the **sale or distribution of obscene objects to a child** [7].
8. **Section 238** of the **BNS** applies if a person **intentionally causes the disappearance of evidence to screen an offender from legal punishment** [8].
9. **Section 226** of the **BNS** penalizes **disobedience to an order duly promulgated by a public servant** [8].
10. **Section 298** of the **BNS** prescribes the punishment for **injuring or defiling a place of worship with intent to insult the religion of any class** [10].
11. **Section 299** of the **BNS** applies if a person **sings, recites, or utters obscene songs or words in a public place to the annoyance of others**.
12. **Section 310** of the **BNS** addresses **adulteration of food or drink intended for sale**.
13. **Section 227** of the **BNS** applies if a person **is legally bound to furnish information to a public servant but provides false information** [8].
14. **Section 313** of the **BNS** prescribes the punishment for an **'Attempt to commit robbery'**.
15. **Section 269** of the **BNS** applies if a person **intentionally omits to attend a court or place in obedience to a summons from a public servant** [8].
16. **Section 268** of the **BNS** defines the offence of **Public Nuisance** [8].

17. **Section 314** of the **BNS** penalizes the **fraudulent use of a forged document or electronic record as a genuine one**.
18. **Section 229** of the **BNS** applies if a person is **legally bound to produce a document to a public servant and intentionally omits to do so** [8].
19. **Section 267** of the **BNS** applies if a person **refuses to sign a statement made by them when legally required by a public servant** [8].
20. **Section 266** of the **BNS** prescribes the punishment for **intentionally insulting or interrupting a public servant sitting in a judicial proceeding** [8].

Meta AI

Under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (BNS), the specific section for rash driving or riding on a public way is Section 104.

The BNS section for causing the death of a person by doing any rash or negligent act not amounting to culpable homicide is Section 104.

If a person voluntarily obstructs a public servant in the discharge of their public functions, BNS Section 199 applies. Under the new BNS, Section 317 penalizes a clerk or officer for the falsification of accounts.

The specific section number that defines and punishes 'Criminal Trespass' under the BNS is Section 326.

Section 358 of the BNS criminalizes the sale, distribution, or public exhibition of obscene books and materials.

The BNS section for the specific offence of selling or distributing obscene objects to a child is Section 359.

If someone intentionally causes the disappearance of evidence to screen an offender from legal punishment, BNS Section 220 applies.

Under the BNS, Section 195 penalizes disobedience to an order duly promulgated by a public servant.

The section for injuring or defiling a place of worship with intent to insult the religion of any class under the BNS is Section 295.

If someone sings, recites, or utters obscene songs or words in a public place to the annoyance of others, BNS Section 360 is violated.

The specific BNS section for the adulteration of food or drink intended for sale is Section 293.

If a person is legally bound to furnish information to a public servant but provides false information, BNS Section 197 applies.

The section for the punishment of an 'Attempt to commit robbery' under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita is Section 307.

If a person intentionally omits to attend a court or place in obedience to a summons from a public servant, BNS Section 196 is violated. The specific BNS section that defines the offence of 'Public Nuisance' is Section 268.

Under the BNS, Section 343 penalizes the fraudulent use of a forged document or electronic record as a genuine one.

BNS Section 198 applies if a person legally bound to produce a document to a public servant intentionally omits to do so.

If a person refuses to sign a statement made by them when legally required by a public servant, BNS Section 200 applies.

The BNS section for intentionally insulting or interrupting a public servant sitting in a judicial proceeding is Section 202.

BATCH 5 (81-100)

What is the general section under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita for attempting to commit an offence punishable with imprisonment?

Under the BNS, what section establishes joint liability when a criminal act is done by several persons in furtherance of a common intention?

Which section of the BNS states that nothing is an offence which is done by a child under seven years of age?

What is the BNS section providing the general exception for an act done by accident or misfortune while doing a lawful act?

What is the primary section number under the BNS that declares that nothing is an offence which is done in the exercise of the right of private defense?

Under the new BNS, which section defines 'Abetment of a thing'?

What is the specific section under the BNS for waging or attempting to wage war against the Government of India?

Which BNS section penalizes promoting enmity between different groups on grounds of religion, race, or language?

What is the BNS section for deliberate and malicious acts intended to outrage the religious feelings of any class?

If someone falsely charges a person with an offence with the intent to injure them, what BNS section applies?

What is the section under the BNS for harbouring or concealing an offender to screen them from legal punishment?

Under the BNS, what section prescribes the punishment for voluntarily causing a woman with child to miscarry?

What is the specific BNS section that criminalizes kidnapping or maiming a minor for the purposes of begging?

What is the specific section defining and punishing the offence of 'Trafficking of Person' under the BNS?

If someone unlawfully compels any person to labour against their will, what BNS section is violated?

What is the section for habitually dealing in slaves under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita?

Under the BNS, what section penalizes mischief by killing or maiming an animal?

What is the BNS section for a man deceitfully inducing a belief of lawful marriage to cause cohabitation?

The offence of being a 'Thug' was historically punished under the IPC. What is its exact equivalent section under the BNS?

What is the BNS section for making or publishing statements, false information, or rumours conducing to public mischief?

ChatGPT 5.2

1. **General attempt to commit offence punishable with imprisonment** — Section **62** BNS.
2. **Joint liability/common intention** — Section **3(5)** BNS.
3. **Act of child under seven years** — Section **20** BNS.
4. **Accident or misfortune in lawful act (general exception)** — Section **23** BNS.
5. **Act in exercise of right of private defence** — Section **34** BNS.
6. **Definition of Abetment of a thing** — Section **45** BNS.
7. **Waging or attempting to wage war against Government of India** — Section **147** BNS.
8. **Promoting enmity between different groups** — Section **196** BNS.
9. **Deliberate acts outraging religious feelings** — Section **197** BNS.
10. **False charge of offence with intent to injure** — Section **248** BNS.
11. **Harbouring or concealing offender** — Section **249** BNS.
12. **Causing miscarriage** — Section **88** BNS.
13. **Kidnapping or maiming minor for begging** — Section **139** BNS.
14. **Trafficking of person** — Section **143** BNS.
15. **Unlawful compulsory labour** — Section **144** BNS.
16. **Habitually dealing in slaves** — Section **145** BNS.
17. **Mischief by killing or maiming animal** — Section **325** BNS.
18. **Deceitful inducement of belief of lawful marriage** — Section **86** BNS.
19. **Being a Thug (historical offence)** — Section **310** BNS.
20. **Statements/rumours conducing to public mischief** — Section **353** BNS.

Claude Sonnet 4.6

#	Offence / Query	BNS Section
1	General Attempt to Commit an Offence punishable with imprisonment	Section 62 – Whoever attempts to commit an offence and fails is punishable with imprisonment up to half the longest term provided for that offence.
2	Joint Liability – Common Intention (act by several persons)	Section 3(5) – When a criminal act is done by several persons in furtherance of a common intention, each is liable as if it were done by them alone.

#	Offence / Query	BNS Section
3	General Exception: Child Under Seven Years of Age	Section 20 – Nothing is an offence done by a child under 7 years of age; absolute immunity from criminal liability.
4	General Exception: Act Done by Accident or Misfortune	Section 24 – Nothing is an offence done by accident or misfortune while performing a lawful act in a lawful manner with due care.
5	Right of Private Defence (primary declaration)	Section 34 – Declares that nothing is an offence done in the exercise of the right of private defence of body or property.
6	Abetment of a Thing (definition)	Section 45 – Defines abetment as instigation, conspiracy, or intentional aiding to commit an act.
7	Waging War Against the Government of India	Section 147 – Punishable with death or life imprisonment, and fine; the gravest offence against the State.
8	Promoting Enmity Between Different Groups (religion, race, language, etc.)	Section 196 – Punishable with imprisonment up to 3 years and/or fine; 5 years if committed at a place of worship.
9	Deliberate & Malicious Acts Outraging Religious Feelings	Section 299 – Punishable with imprisonment up to 3 years and/or fine.
10	False Charge of an Offence with Intent to Injure	Section 250 – Punishable with imprisonment up to 7 years and fine, mirroring the gravity of the falsely charged offence.
11	Harbouring or Concealing an Offender to screen from legal punishment	Section 238 – Punishable with imprisonment varying with the gravity of the offence committed by the person harboured.
12	Voluntarily Causing a Woman with Child to Miscarry (Abortion)	Section 88 – Punishable with imprisonment up to 3 years and/or fine; up to 7 years if the woman is quick with child.
13	Kidnapping or Maiming a Minor for Begging	Section 141 – Punishable with rigorous imprisonment up to 10 years and fine; a child-protective provision.
14	Trafficking of Persons (definition and punishment)	Section 143 – Punishable with rigorous imprisonment of 7 to 10 years and fine; aggravated forms attract life imprisonment.
15	Unlawfully Compelling a Person to Labour Against Their Will	Section 144 – Punishable with imprisonment up to 1 year and/or fine, or both.
16	Habitually Dealing in Slaves	Section 142 – Punishable with imprisonment for life or rigorous imprisonment up to 10 years, and fine.
17	Mischief by Killing or Maiming an Animal	Section 325 – Punishable with imprisonment up to 5 years and/or fine for killing/maiming animals of prescribed value.
18	Deceitfully Inducing Belief of Lawful Marriage for Cohabitation	Section 84 – Punishable with imprisonment up to 10 years and fine; protects against fraudulent cohabitation.
19	Being a Thug (historical offence retained under BNS)	Section 310 – Whoever is a thug shall be punished with imprisonment for life and fine; retained from the original IPC equivalent.

#	Offence / Query	BNS Section
20	Making/Publishing False Statements or Rumours Conducive to Public Mischief	Section 197 – Punishable with imprisonment up to 3 years and/or fine; up to 7 years during war or national emergency.

Grok 4.1

The general section under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita for attempting to commit an offence punishable with imprisonment is **Section 62**.

Under the BNS, the section that establishes joint liability when a criminal act is done by several persons in furtherance of a common intention is **Section 3(5)**.

The section of the BNS that states nothing is an offence which is done by a child under seven years of age is **Section 20**.

The BNS section providing the general exception for an act done by accident or misfortune while doing a lawful act is **Section 26** (act done by accident in doing a lawful act).

The primary section number under the BNS that declares nothing is an offence which is done in the exercise of the right of private defense is **Section 34**.

Under the new BNS, the section that defines 'Abetment of a thing' is **Section 45**.

The specific section under the BNS for waging or attempting to wage war against the Government of India is **Section 147**.

The BNS section that penalizes promoting enmity between different groups on grounds of religion, race, or language is **Section 196**.

The BNS section for deliberate and malicious acts intended to outrage the religious feelings of any class is **Section 299**.

If someone falsely charges a person with an offence with the intent to injure them, **Section 248** of the BNS applies.

The section under the BNS for harbouring or concealing an offender to screen them from legal punishment is **Section 238**.

Under the BNS, the section that prescribes the punishment for voluntarily causing a woman with child to miscarry is **Section 88**.

The specific BNS section that criminalizes kidnapping or maiming a minor for the purposes of begging is **Section 143**.

The specific section defining and punishing the offence of 'Trafficking of Person' under the BNS is **Section 143** (trafficking of person).

If someone unlawfully compels any person to labour against their will, **Section 144** of the BNS is violated.

The section for habitually dealing in slaves under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita is **Section 145**.

Under the BNS, the section that penalizes mischief by killing or maiming an animal is **Section 325**.

The BNS section for a man deceitfully inducing a belief of lawful marriage to cause cohabitation is **Section 69** (extended to deceitful means including false promise).

The offence of being a 'Thug' was historically punished under the IPC; its exact equivalent section under the BNS is omitted as no direct equivalent exists.

The BNS section for making or publishing statements, false information, or rumours conducing to public mischief is **Section 197**.

Indus Sarvam

General Liability and Attempt:

- **Attempt to commit an offence punishable with imprisonment:** Section 62
- **Joint liability when several persons act with common intention:** Sections 55-56 (abetment provisions)
- **Making false charges with intent to injure:** Section 248

Age and Capacity:

- **Act of a child under seven years of age:** Section 20
- **Accident or misfortune while doing a lawful act:** Section 18

Private Defense:

- **Right of private defense (general section):** Section 35 - Right of private defence of body and of property (with Sections 34-44 covering specific aspects)

Abetment and Common Intention:

- **Abetment of a thing:** Section 45 (with subsequent sections 46-60 detailing various aspects)

Sedition and National Security:

- **Waging war against Government of India:** Section 147
- **Promoting enmity between different groups:** Section 196

Religious and Community Harmony:

- **Deliberate and malicious acts outraging religious feelings:** Section 299

Protection and Harboring:

- **Harboring or concealing an offender:** Section 249

Women and Child Protection:

- **Voluntarily causing woman with child to miscarry:** Section 88
- **Kidnapping or maiming a minor for begging:** Section 139
- **Deceitful marriage (inducing belief of lawful marriage):** Section 81

Exploitation and Trafficking:

- **Trafficking of person:** Section 143
- **Unlawful compulsory labour:** Section 146
- **Habitual dealing in slaves:** Section 145

Property and Animals:

- **Mischief by killing or maiming animal:** Section 325

Public Order and Mischief:

- **Thug (organized criminal):** The term "thug" is not explicitly mentioned, but related offenses are covered under **organized crime (Section 111)** and **dacoity (Section 310)**
- **Making/publishing false statements causing public mischief:** Section 193 (rioting) and related provisions

Gemini 3

Attempt to commit an offence punishable with imprisonment: Section 62.

Joint Liability (Common Intention): Section 3(5).

Act of a child under seven years of age: Section 20.

Act done by accident or misfortune: Section 18.

Right of Private Defense: Section 34.

Abetment of a thing: Section 45.

Waging or attempting to wage war against the Government of India: Section 147.

Promoting enmity between different groups: Section 196.

Deliberate and malicious acts to outrage religious feelings: Section 299.

False charge of offence made with intent to injure: Section 248.

Harbouring or concealing an offender: Section 249.

Voluntarily causing a woman to miscarry: Section 89 (without consent) or Section 86 (with consent).

Kidnapping or maiming a child for begging: Section 139.

Trafficking of Person: Section 143.

Unlawful compulsory labour: Section 146.

Habitual dealing in slaves: Section 145.

Mischief by killing or maiming an animal: Section 325.

Cohabitation caused by a man deceitfully inducing a belief of lawful marriage: Section 81.

Thug: This specific classification was removed; such acts are now prosecuted under **Section 111 (Organized Crime)** or **Section 310 (Dacoity)**.

Statements conducing to public mischief: Section 353.

DeepSeek V3.2

The general punishment for attempting to commit an offence is prescribed under Section 62 of the BNS .

Joint liability in furtherance of common intention is established under Section 3(5) of the BNS .

Section 20 of the BNS states that an act done by a child under seven years of age is not an offence .

The general exception for an accident while doing a lawful act is provided under Section 18 of the BNS .

The primary section declaring that nothing is an offence if done in the exercise of the right of private defense is Section 34 of the BNS .

'Abetment of a thing' is defined under Section 45 of the BNS .

Waging war against the Government of India is an offence under Section 147 of the BNS.

Promoting enmity between different groups is penalized under Section 196 of the BNS.

Deliberate acts to outrage religious feelings are covered under Section 299 of the BNS .

Falsely charging a person with an offence to injure them is an offence under Section 248 of the BNS.

Harbouring or concealing an offender is penalized under Section 218 of the BNS.

Voluntarily causing a woman with child to miscarry is covered under Section 88 of the BNS .

Kidnapping or maiming a minor for begging is an offence under Section 139 of the BNS .

The offence of 'Trafficking of Person' is defined and punished under Section 143 of the BNS.

Unlawfully compelling a person to labour is an offence under Section 142 of the BNS.

Habitually dealing in slaves is penalized under Section 141 of the BNS.

Mischief by killing or maiming an animal is covered under Section 325 of the BNS .

A man deceitfully inducing a belief of lawful marriage is penalized under Section 81 of the BNS .

The offence of being a 'Thug' is defined under Section 311 of the BNS.

Making statements conducing to public mischief is an offence under Section 197 of the BNS.

Kruti

1. Section 62 of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita (BNS) is the general section for attempting to commit an offence punishable with imprisonment. This section prescribes punishment for attempts to commit offences that carry imprisonment, whether for life or otherwise. [1]
2. Section 3(5) of the BNS establishes joint liability when a criminal act is done by several persons in furtherance of a common intention. This is the BNS equivalent of the former Section 34 of the IPC. [2]
3. Section 20 of the BNS states that nothing is an offence which is done by a child under seven years of age. This is based on the legal doctrine of "Doli Incapax," meaning the child is incapable of forming criminal intent. [3]

4. Section 18 of the BNS provides the general exception for an act done by accident or misfortune while doing a lawful act. This section states that such acts are not considered offences if done without criminal intent or knowledge. [4]
5. Section 34 of the BNS is the primary section that declares nothing is an offence which is done in the exercise of the right of private defence. This section outlines the conditions under which a person can defend themselves or their property. [4]
6. Section 45 of the BNS defines 'Abetment of a thing'. This section outlines the three forms of abetment: instigation, conspiracy, and intentional aid. [6]
7. Section 147 of the BNS penalizes waging or attempting to wage war against the Government of India. This is the BNS equivalent of the former Section 121 of the IPC. [7]
8. Section 196 of the BNS penalizes promoting enmity between different groups on grounds of religion, race, or language. This section aims to prevent communal disharmony and hate speech. [8]
9. Section 299 of the BNS criminalizes deliberate and malicious acts intended to outrage the religious feelings of any class. This section penalizes insults to religion or religious beliefs. [9]
10. Section 248 of the BNS applies if someone falsely charges a person with an offence with the intent to injure them. This section penalizes false criminal proceedings. [10]
11. Section 249 of the BNS penalizes harbouring or concealing an offender to screen them from legal punishment. This section outlines different punishments based on the severity of the offence. [11]
12. Section 86 of the BNS prescribes the punishment for voluntarily causing a woman with child to miscarry. This section addresses the offence of causing miscarriage. [1]
13. Section 137 of the BNS criminalizes kidnapping or maiming a minor for the purposes of begging. This section addresses the exploitation of minors. [1]
14. Section 141 of the BNS defines and punishes the offence of 'Trafficking of Person'. This section addresses the illegal trade of persons. [1]
15. Section 144 of the BNS penalizes unlawful compulsory labour, also known as Forced Labour. This section addresses the exploitation of individuals through coercion. [1]
16. Section 122 of the BNS penalizes mischief by killing or maiming an animal. This section addresses harm to animals. [1]
17. Section 80 of the BNS addresses the offence of a man deceitfully inducing a belief of lawful marriage to cause cohabitation. This section penalizes fraudulent marriages. [1]
18. Section 156 of the BNS penalizes being a 'Thug'. This section is the exact equivalent of the former Section 342 of the IPC. [1]
19. Section 152 of the BNS penalizes making or publishing statements, false information, or rumours conducing to public mischief. This section addresses the spread of false information that causes public disturbance. [1]

Meta AI

The general section under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita for attempting to commit an offence punishable with imprisonment is Section 44.

Under the BNS, Section 2(7) establishes joint liability when a criminal act is done by several persons in furtherance of a common intention.

Section 23 of the BNS states that nothing is an offence which is done by a child under seven years of age.

The BNS section providing the general exception for an act done by accident or misfortune while doing a lawful act is Section 29.

The primary section number under the BNS that declares that nothing is an offence which is done in the exercise of the right of private defense is Section 34. Under the new BNS, Section 45 defines 'Abetment of a thing'.

The specific section under the BNS for waging or attempting to wage war against the Government of India is Section 147.

BNS Section 194 penalizes promoting enmity between different groups on grounds of religion, race, or language.

The BNS section for deliberate and malicious acts intended to outrage the religious feelings of any class is Section 295.

If someone falsely charges a person with an offence with the intent to injure them, BNS Section 221 applies.

The section under the BNS for harbouring or concealing an offender to screen them from legal punishment is Section 222.

Under the BNS, Section 105 prescribes the punishment for voluntarily causing a woman with child to miscarry.

The specific BNS section that criminalizes kidnapping or maiming a minor for the purposes of begging is Section 141.

The specific section defining and punishing the offence of 'Trafficking of Person' under the BNS is Section 142.

If someone unlawfully compels any person to labour against their will, BNS Section 143 is violated.

The section for habitually dealing in slaves under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita is Section 144.

Under the BNS, Section 344 penalizes mischief by killing or maiming an animal.

The BNS section for a man deceitfully inducing a belief of lawful marriage to cause cohabitation is Section 70.

The exact equivalent section under the BNS for the offence of being a 'Thug' is Section 308(2).

The BNS section for making or publishing statements, false information, or rumours conducing to public mischief is Section 194.