

JAVA

Date: / /

Keywords are case sensitive public, Public, PUBLIC are all different

keywords
 public class Hello {
 //part /body
 } } code block

public - optional access modifier.

Method: It is a collection of statements (one or more) that perform an operation.

Main method - entry point of any java code. Java looks for it when running any program

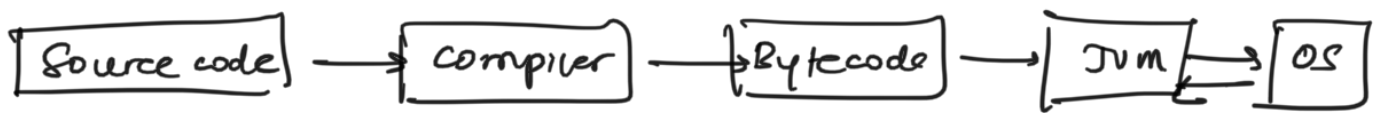
public class Hello {

public static void main (String args[]) {
 S.O.P ("Hello"); → statement
 }

}

Statement: a complete command to be executed and can include one or more expressions

Java Architecture



Components of java architecture



JVM - Java Virtual Machine

- Java apps - write once run anywhere
- This is because of JVM
- It provides an environment for executing java programs.
- interprets bytecode into machine code which is executed in the machine in which java program runs.

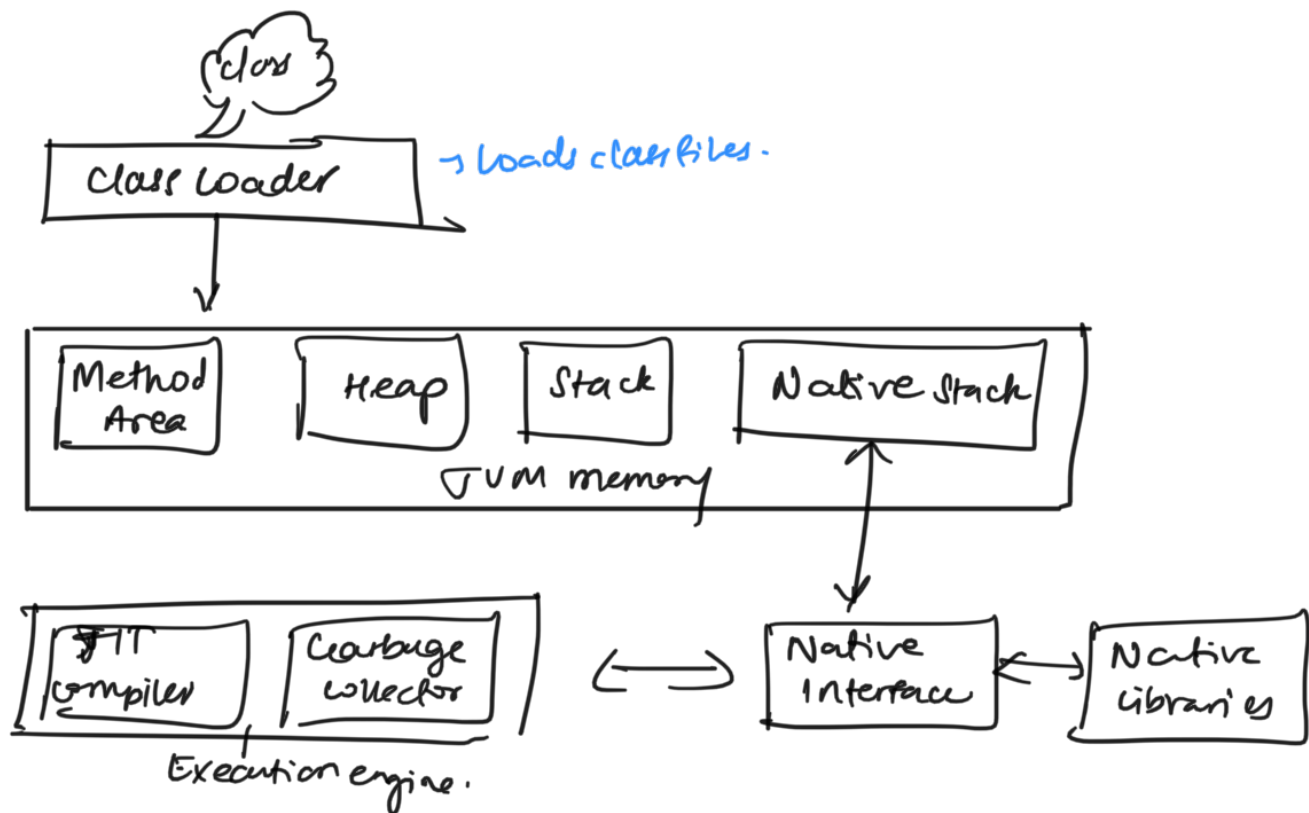
Functions -

Load the code

Verify code

Execute code

Provide runtime environment



Method area - class data is stored.

- static variables, static blocks, static methods, instance methods

Heap → created when JVM starts up

- may ↑ ↓ in size
- contains objects.

Stack - created for single execution thread.

- store local var, results, data for calls & return of thread.

NativeStack - Subsumes all native methods used in your app.

GC → remove unwanted obj from heap.

1) Mark 2) Sweep.

JIT - compile bytecode into machine code at runtime

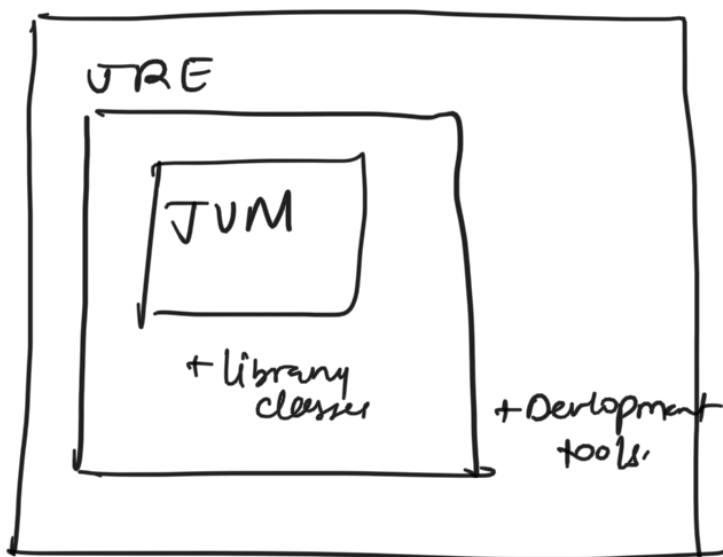
JRE - Java Runtime Environment

- builds a runtime env in which java programs can be executed.
- takes java code, combine with needed libraries and starts JVM to execute it.
- contain libraries & softwares needed by your java programs to run.
- It is a part of JDK. but can be downloaded separately.

JDK

is a SDG used to develop java apps and applets.

- contains JRE, development tools, interpreter/loader, compiler, archiver, javadoc etc



JDK = JRE + dev tools

JRE = JVM + library classes.