

## भारतीय प्रौद्योगिकी संस्थान हैदराबाद Indian Institute of Technology Hyderabad

## Indian Institute of Technology Hyderabad

## Department of Electrical Engineering

EE2220 – Control Systems

Assignment 02 – (Stability in Frequency Domain) Submission Deadline: None

## Key Learning from the Assignment:

- Nyquist Plot
- Nyquist Stability
- M and N Circle

<u>Instructions:</u> RN = last two digits of your roll number.

Use Graph paper for all plots/ sketches.

1. Using Nyquist criterion, find out whether each of the system below are stable or not.

a. 
$$G(s) = \frac{50}{s(s+3)(s+6)}$$

$$H(s)=1$$

$$G(s) = \frac{RN}{s^2(s+3)}$$

$$H(s)=(s+4)$$

$$G(s) = \frac{20}{s(s+1)}$$

$$H(s) = \frac{(s+3)}{(s+4)}$$

d. 
$$G(s) = \frac{100(s+5)}{s(s^2+4)(s+3)}$$

$$H(s)=1$$

2. Using Nyquist criterion, find out the range of K for which the closed loop system will be stable.

$$G(s) = \frac{K}{s(s+6)}$$

a. 
$$H(s) = \frac{1}{(s+9)}$$

$$G(s) = \frac{K(s+2)(s+4)}{(s^2 - 3s + 10)}$$

$$H(s) = \frac{1}{s}$$

$$G(s) = \frac{K}{(s+1)(s+3)}$$

c. 
$$H(s) = \frac{1}{(s+5)(s+7)}$$

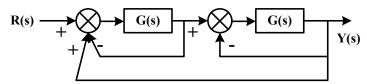
3. For unity feedback (negative) systems given below, obtain closed loop frequency response using constant M and N circles.

a. 
$$G(s) = \frac{10}{s(s+1)(s+2)}$$

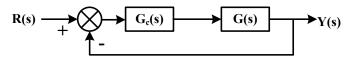
b. 
$$G(s) = \frac{1000}{(s+3)(s+4)(s+5)(s+6)}$$

c. 
$$G(s) = \frac{50(s+3)}{s(s+2)(s+4)}$$

- 4. Repeat the above questions using Nichol's Chart. Also estimate the percentage overshoot that can be expected when a step input is given to the system.
- 5. The characteristic equation of a linear system is given by:  $s(s^3+2s^2+s+1)+K(s^2+s+1)=0$ . Apply Nyquist criterion to determine the values of K for system stability. Check the answers by means of Routh-Hurwitz criterion.
- 6. In the block diagram shown below,  $G(s) = \frac{K}{(s+4)(s+5)}$ .
  - a. Apply Nyquist criterion to determine the range of K for stability.
  - b. Check the answer obtained in part (a) with the Routh-Hurwitz criterion.



7. Consider the system shown in the figure below. Sketch the Nyquist plot of this system when  $G_c(s) = 1$  and determine maximum value of K for stability. Further, if  $G_c(s)$  is modified to (1+1/s), what will be the maximum value of K for stability? Take  $G(s) = \frac{K}{s(1+s)(1+4s)}$ .



8. Sketch the Nyquist plot for a closed loop system having the open-loop transfer function  $G(s)H(s) = \frac{2e^{-s\tau}}{s(1+s)(1+0.5s)}.$  Determine the maximum value of  $\tau$  for the system to be stable.