## 1

## Feedback current amplifier

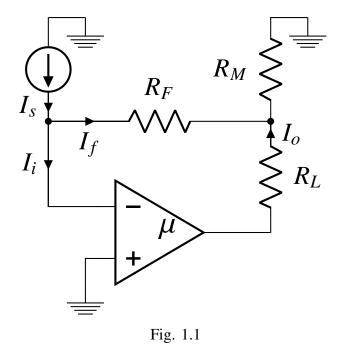
## Sanskar Nanegaonkar\*

The feedback current amplifier in Fig. 1.1 utilizes an op amp with an input differential resistance  $R_{id}$ , an open-loop gain  $\mu$ , and an output resistance  $r_o$ . The output current  $I_o$  that is delivered to the load resistance  $R_L$  is sensed by the feedback network composed of the two resistances  $R_M$  and  $R_F$  and a fraction  $I_f$ , is fed back to the amplifier input node.

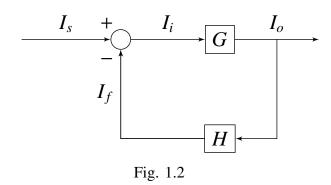
Find expressions for  $G=\frac{I_o}{I_i}$ ,  $H=\frac{I_f}{I_o}$  and  $T=\frac{I_o}{I_s}$ , assuming that the feedback causes the voltage at the input node to be near ground. If the loop gain is large, what does the closed-loop current gain become? State precisely the condition under which this is obtained. For  $\mu=10^4$ ,  $R_{id}=1$  M $\Omega$ ,  $r_o=100$   $\Omega$ ,  $R_L=10$  k $\Omega$ ,  $R_M=100$   $\Omega$ , and  $R_F=10$  k $\Omega$ , find G, H, and T.

1. Fig. 1.1 shows a feedback current amplifier. Draw the equivalent control system.

**Solution:** See fig 1.2



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2. Refer table 2 for the parameters and draw the small signal equivalent model of the fig 1.1 **Solution:** See fig 2

Component	Description
$R_{id}$	Input Resistance of Op Amp
$R_{out}$	Output Resistance of Op Amp
$I_s$	Input Current
$I_o$	Output Current
$R_M, R_F$	Feedback Resistances
$R_L$	Load Resistance

TABLE 2

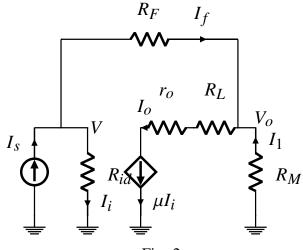


Fig. 2

3. Given G (open-loop gain) as

$$G = \frac{I_o}{I_i} \tag{3.1}$$

Find G by considering the general open loop block diagram as shown in fig. 3 and fig. 2

**Solution:** Clearly from fig. 2, we can see that,

$$G = \frac{I_o}{I_i} = \mu \tag{3.2}$$

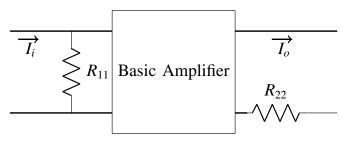


Fig. 3

4. Draw the block diagram and equivalent circuit for H (feedback factor).

**Solution:** Refer fig. 4.5 and 4.6

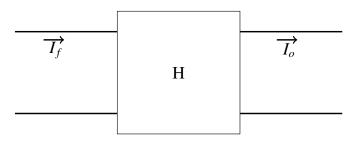


Fig. 4.5

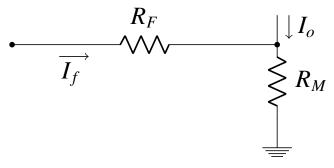


Fig. 4.6

5. Considering the feedback circuit as shown in fig. 4.6. Find R11 and R22.

**Solution:** The value of  $R_{11}$  is obtained by looking from port 1 (left) while it's port 2 is

open-circuited and the value of  $R_{22}$  is obtained by looking into port 2 (right) while it's port 1 is short-circuited.

$$R_{11} = R_F + R_M (5.1)$$

$$R_{22} = R_F \parallel R_M \tag{5.2}$$

6. Given H as

$$H = \frac{I_f}{I_o} \tag{6.1}$$

Find H from fig. 4.6.

Solution: Using current division,

$$\frac{I_f}{I_o} = -\frac{R_M}{R_F + R_M} \tag{6.2}$$

$$\implies H = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{R_F}{R_M}} \tag{6.3}$$

7. Given T (closed-loop gain) as

$$T = \frac{I_o}{I_s} \tag{7.1}$$

Find T.

**Solution:** We know,

$$T = \frac{G}{1 + GH} \tag{7.2}$$

Therefore, from eq. 3.2 and 6.3, we get,

$$T = \frac{\mu}{1 + \frac{\mu}{1 + \frac{R_F}{R_M}}}$$

$$(7.3)$$

8. What will be closed-loop gain(T) if  $\mu \to \infty$  **Solution:** From eq. 7.3 we get,

$$T = \frac{\mu}{1 + \frac{\mu}{1 + \frac{R_F}{R_M}}}$$

$$(8.1)$$

$$T = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{\mu} + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{R_F}{R_M}}}$$
 (8.2)

Applying the limit, we get,

$$\implies T = 1 + \frac{R_F}{R_M} \tag{8.3}$$

9. Refer table 9 and find G, H and T **Solution:** Using eqs. 3.2, 6.3 and 7.3 We get,

$$G = \mu = 10^4 \tag{9.1}$$

$$H = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{R_F}{R_M}} = 9.9 \times 10^{-3}$$
 (9.2)

$$T = \frac{\mu}{1 + \frac{\mu}{1 + \frac{R_F}{R_M}}} = 100 \tag{9.3}$$

			Fe	edback ga	in		
0.0104 -							
0.0102 -							
g 0.0100 -							
0.0098 -							
0.0096 -							
		2	4		5 1	8 1	0
	-	_		Time		-	-

Fig. 11.7

Component	Value
μ	$10^{4}$
$R_{id}$	$1 M\Omega$
$r_o$	100 Ω
$R_L$	10 kΩ
$R_M$	100 Ω
$R_F$	10 kΩ

TABLE 9

10. Tabulate your results.

Solution: Refer table 10,

Gain	Value
G	$10^{4}$
Н	$9.9 \times 10^{-3}$
T	100

TABLE 10

11. Simulate the circuit 1.1 using spice simulators and plot the generated output of the gains using python script

**Solution:** Refer fig. 11.7 and 11.8 for the plots. Find the netlist of the simulated circuit here:

Python code used for generating the output:

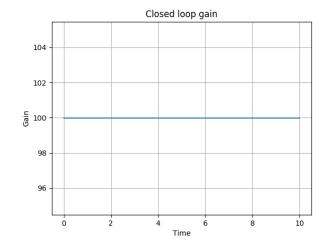


Fig. 11.8