

# Series-shunt feedback amplifier

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**Abstract**—This manual is an introduction to control systems in feedback circuits. Links to sample Python codes are available in the text.

Download python codes using

svn co <https://github.com/gadepall/school/trunk/control/feedback/codes>

Parameters	Definition	For given circuit
Open loop gain	$G$	1000
Feedback factor	$H$	0.1
Open-loop input resistance	$R_i$	$2K\Omega$
Open-loop output resistance	$R_o$	$2K\Omega$

TABLE 1.0.1

## 1 FEEDBACK VOLTAGE AMPLIFIER: SERIES-SHUNT

1.0.1. A series-shunt feedback amplifier employs a basic amplifier with input and output resistances each of  $2K\Omega$  and gain  $G = 1000V/V$ . The feedback factor  $H = 0.1V/V$ . Find the input resistance  $R_{if}$ , output resistance  $R_{of}$  and gain of the closed-loop amplifier.

**Solution:** For given data, see Table:1.0.1. For feedback-amplifier circuit and equivalent circuit, see fig:1.0.1.1 and 1.0.1.2

Closed-loop gain,

$$T = \frac{G}{1 + GH} = 9.9 \quad (1.0.1.1)$$

Input resistance,

$$R_{if} = (1 + GH)R_i = 202K\Omega \quad (1.0.1.2)$$

Output resistance,

$$R_{of} = \frac{R_o}{1 + GH} = 19.802\Omega \quad (1.0.1.3)$$

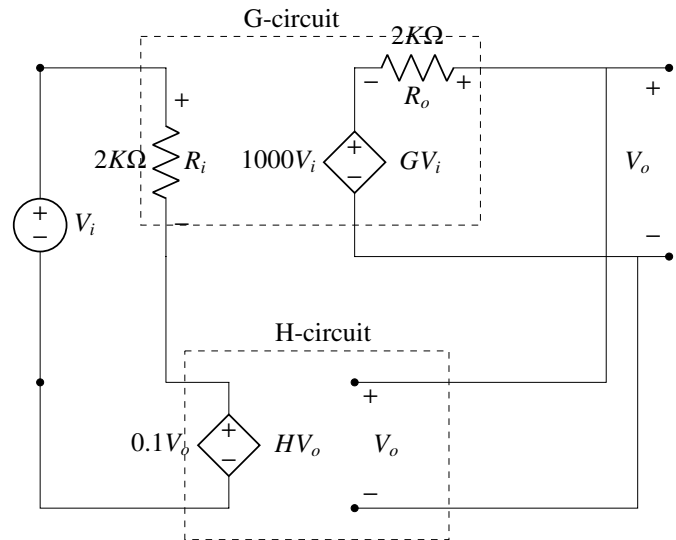


Fig. 1.0.1.1: Ideal structure

**Circuit design:** From fig:1.0.1.4

$$G = \mu \frac{R_L \parallel (R_1 + R_2)}{[R_L \parallel (R_1 + R_2)] + r_o} \frac{R_{id}}{R_{id} + R_s + (R_1 \parallel R_2)} = 1000 \quad (1.0.1.4)$$

Open-loop input resistance,

$$R_i = R_s + R_{id} + (R_1 \parallel R_2) = 2K\Omega \quad (1.0.1.5)$$

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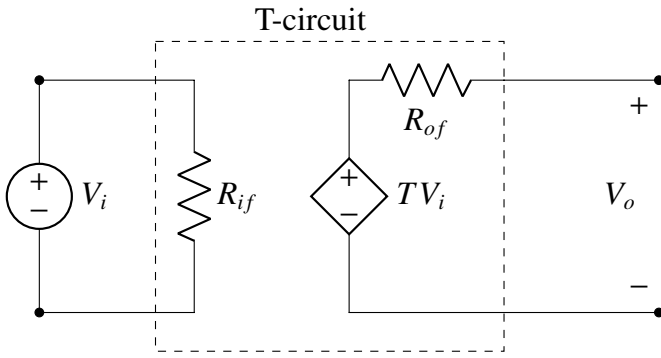


Fig. 1.0.1.2: Equivalent circuit

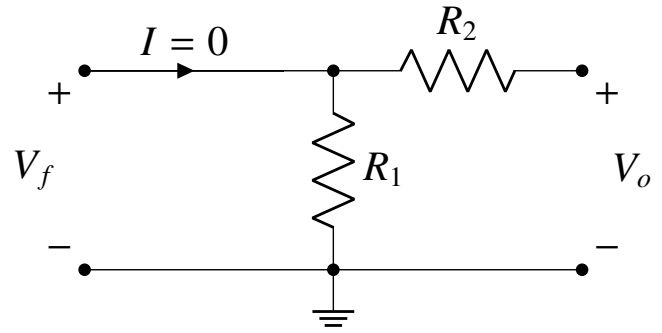


Fig. 1.0.1.5: H circuit

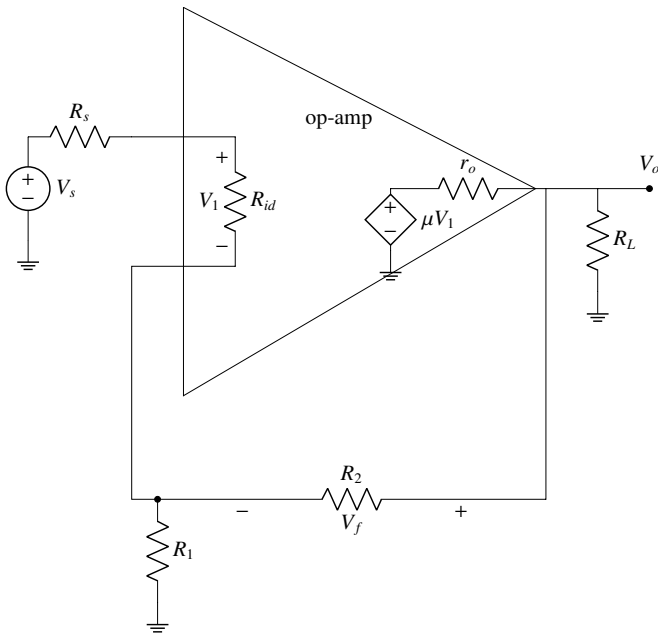


Fig. 1.0.1.3: Amplifier design

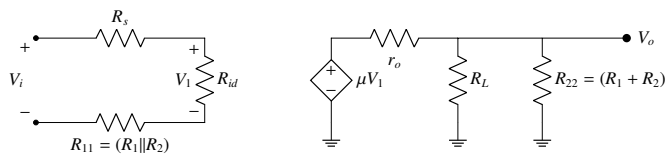


Fig. 1.0.1.4: G circuit

From fig:1.0.1.5

$$H = \frac{V_f}{V_o} = \frac{R_1}{R_1 + R_2} = 0.1 \quad (1.0.1.6)$$

Open-loop output resistance,

$$R_o = r_o \parallel R_L \parallel (R_2 + R_1) = 2K\Omega \quad (1.0.1.7)$$

In fig.1.0.1.6,

$$V_{in}(t) = \sin(2000\pi t) \quad (1.0.1.8)$$

Parameter	Value
Op-amp gain( $\mu$ )	$10^4$
$R_s$	$100\Omega$
$R_{id}$	$1K\Omega$
$r_o$	$10K\Omega$
$R_1$	$1K\Omega$
$R_2$	$9K\Omega$
$R_L$	$3.33K\Omega$

TABLE 1.0.1: Parameter values

$$V_o(t) = 9.9 \sin(2000\pi t) \quad (1.0.1.9)$$

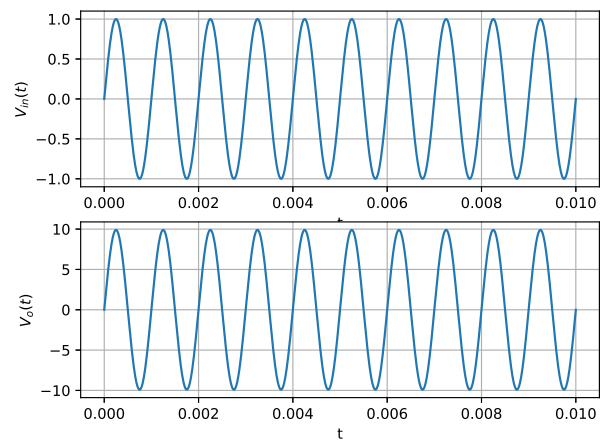


Fig. 1.0.1.6: Time domain output of the simulation

## 2 FEEDBACK CURRENT AMPLIFIER: SHUNT-SERIES

### 2.1 Ideal Case

### 2.2 Practical Case

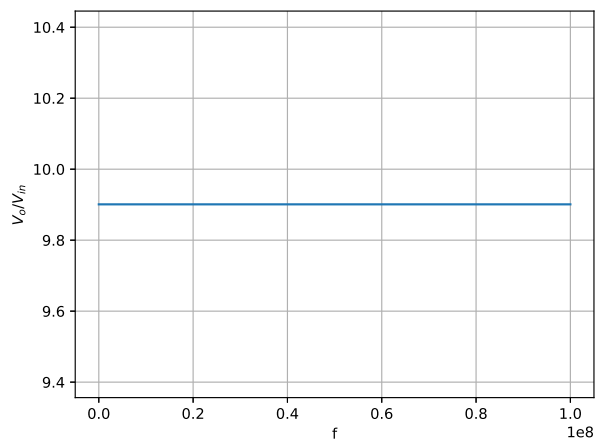


Fig. 1.0.1.7: AC analysis,  $f = 1\text{Hz}$  to  $100\text{MHz}$