

AI ASSISTANT CODING - ASSIGNMENT-01

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Task 1: AI-Generated Logic Without Modularization (Fibonacci Sequence Without Functions)

Prompt:

#write a code for printing a Fibonacci series up to n terms without using a function.

Code:

```
Day01.py > 
1 #write a code for printing a Fibonacci series up to n terms without using a function
2 n = int(input("Enter the number of terms in Fibonacci series: "))
3 a, b = 0, 1
4 count = 0
5 if n <= 0:
6     print("Please enter a positive integer")
7 elif n == 1:
8     print("Fibonacci series up to", n, ":")
9     print(a)
10 else:
11     print("Fibonacci series up to", n, ":")
12     while count < n:
13         print(a, end=' ')
14         nth = a + b
15         a = b
16         b = nth
17         count += 1
```

Output:

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

PS C:\Users\harsh\OneDrive\Desktop\AI Assitance coding> & C:\Users\harsh\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python314\python.exe "c:/Users/harsh/OneDrive/Desktop/AI Assitance coding/Day01.py"
Enter the number of terms in Fibonacci series: 10
Fibonacci series up to 10 :
0 1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34
PS C:\Users\harsh\OneDrive\Desktop\AI Assitance coding>

Justification:

In this task, I used GitHub Copilot to generate Python code for printing the Fibonacci series without using functions. I understood that how the AI is suggesting the prompt by the prior knowledge of us. I executed the code, provided user input, and verified that the output matched the correct Fibonacci sequence.

Task 2: AI Code Optimization & Cleanup (Improving Efficiency)

Prompt:

#optimize the code below by removing unnecessary variables and improving readability and avoiding unused computations

Code:

```
Day01.py > ...
1 #optimize the code below by removing unnecessary variables and improving readability and avoiding
2 #Fibonacci series up to n terms
3 n = int(input("Enter the number of terms in Fibonacci series: "))
4 a, b = 0, 1
5 count = 0
6 if n <= 0:
7     print("Please enter a positive integer")
8 elif n == 1:
9     print("Fibonacci series up to", n, ":")
10    print(a)
11 else:
12     print("Fibonacci series up to", n, ":")
13     while count < n:
14         print(a, end=' ')
15         nth = a + b
16         a = b
17         b = nth
18         count += 1
```

Output:

Justification:

In this task , we have got the optimized version of the previous code, as we observe that the code in the task-1 is already a optimized code. Optimization of the code is very much important, as it reduces the time complexity and space complexity of the code. The code which has more time complexity takes more time to run(slower) and which has more space complexity will utilize maximum space. So, for completing our task efficiently we need optimized code.

Task 3: Modular Design Using AI Assistance (Fibonacci Using Functions)

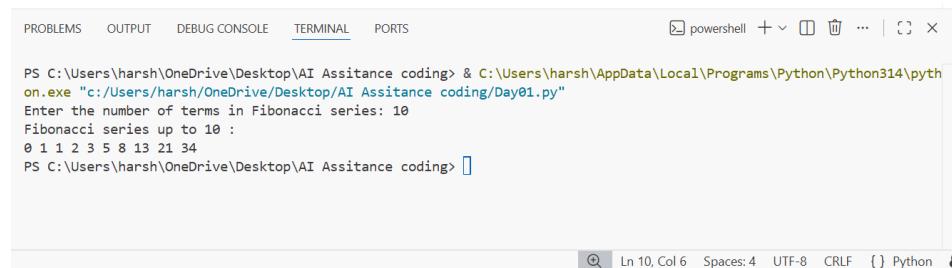
Prompt:

#optimized version of Fibonacci series up to n terms using functions.

Code:

```
# optimized version of fibonacci series up to n terms with functions
def fibonacci_series(n):
    a, b = 0, 1
    for _ in range(n):
        print(a, end=' ')
        a, b = b, a + b # tuple unpacking for optimization
n = int(input("Enter the number of terms in Fibonacci series: "))
print("Fibonacci series:")
fibonacci_series(n)
```

Output:



The screenshot shows a terminal window with the following content:

```
PS C:\Users\harsh\OneDrive\Desktop\AI Assitance coding> & C:/Users/harsh/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python314/python.exe "c:/Users/harsh/OneDrive/Desktop/AI Assitance coding/Day01.py"
Enter the number of terms in Fibonacci series: 10
Fibonacci series up to 10 :
0 1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34
PS C:\Users\harsh\OneDrive\Desktop\AI Assitance coding>
```

Justification:

In this task, we are able to print the Fibonacci series up to n numbers using functions by using the above code. At first we are calling the user-defined function using a function calling

statement and then the function runs. In our function the main for loop runs and prints the output.

Task 4: Comparative Analysis - Modular Design Using AI Assistance (Fibonacci Using Functions)

Prompt:

Procedural: #write a code for printing a Fibonacci series up to n terms without using a functions.

Optimized: # optimized version of Fibonacci series up to n terms using functions

Code:

Procedural

```
Day01.py > ...
1  #write a code for printing a Fibonacci series up to n terms without using a function
2  n = int(input("Enter the number of terms in Fibonacci series: "))
3  a, b = 0, 1
4  count = 0
5  if n <= 0:
6      print("Please enter a positive integer")
7  elif n == 1:
8      print("Fibonacci series up to", n, ":")
9      print(a)
10 else:
11     print("Fibonacci series up to", n, ":")
12     while count < n:
13         print(a, end=' ')
14         nth = a + b
15         a = b
16         b = nth
17         count += 1
```

Modular

```
# optimized version of fibonacci series up to n terms with functions
def fibonacci_series(n):
    a, b = 0, 1
    for _ in range(n):
        print(a, end=' ')
        a, b = b, a + b # tuple unpacking for optimization
n = int(input("Enter the number of terms in Fibonacci series: "))
print("Fibonacci series:")
fibonacci_series(n)
```

Output:

Procedural

Modular

```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS powershell + - × ... [ ] ×

PS C:\Users\harsh\OneDrive\Desktop\AI Assitance coding> & C:\Users\harsh\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python314\python.exe "C:/Users/harsh/OneDrive/Desktop/AI Assitance coding/Day01.py"
Enter the number of terms in Fibonacci series: 10
Fibonacci series up to 10 :
0 1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34
PS C:\Users\harsh\OneDrive\Desktop\AI Assitance coding> [ ]
```

Justification:

In this task, we are able to find the difference between Procedural(without using functions) and Modular(using functions). The main use of function is Reusability of the code, Easy to Debug, Code Clarity, Suitable for large systems. By observing, we can analyse that using modular method is a better and clean approach.

Task 5: AI-Generated Iterative vs Recursive Fibonacci Approaches (Different Algorithmic Approaches for Fibonacci Series)

Prompt:

Iterative Approach: #Fibonacci series up to n terms using iterative approach.

Recursive Approach: #Fibonacci series up to n terms using recursive approach.

Code:

Iterative Approach:

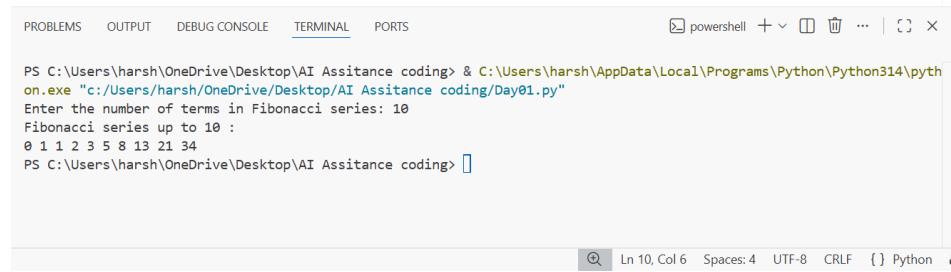
```
# fibonacci series up to n terms using iterative approach
def fibonacci_series(n):
    a, b = 0, 1
    for _ in range(n):
        print(a, end=' ')
        a, b = b, a + b # tuple unpacking for optimization
n = int(input("Enter the number of terms in Fibonacci series: "))
print("Fibonacci series:")
fibonacci_series(n)
```

Recursive Approach:

```
# fibonacci series up to n terms using recursive approach
def fibonacci_recursive(n):
    if n <= 0:
        return []
    elif n == 1:
        return [0]
    elif n == 2:
        return [0, 1]
    else:
        series = fibonacci_recursive(n - 1)
        series.append(series[-1] + series[-2])
        return series
n = int(input("Enter the number of terms in Fibonacci series: "))
print("Fibonacci series:")
print(' '.join(map(str, fibonacci_recursive(n))))
```

Output:

Iterative Approach:

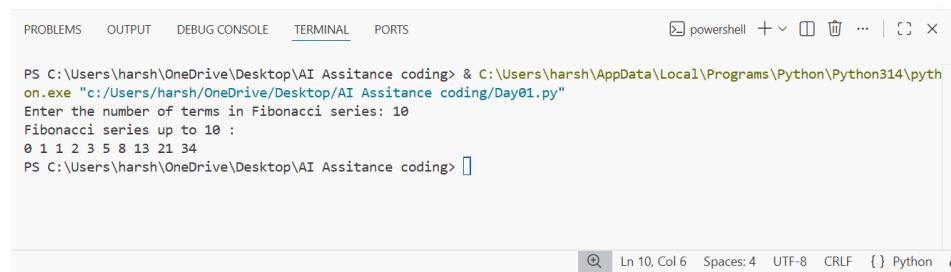


A screenshot of a terminal window titled "powershell". The window shows the following Python code and its execution:

```
PS C:\Users\harsh\OneDrive\Desktop\AI Assitance coding> & C:\Users\harsh\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python314\python.exe "c:/Users/harsh/OneDrive/Desktop/AI Assitance coding/Day01.py"
Enter the number of terms in Fibonacci series: 10
Fibonacci series up to 10 :
0 1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34
PS C:\Users\harsh\OneDrive\Desktop\AI Assitance coding>
```

The terminal indicates the script has finished running.

Recursive Approach:



A screenshot of a terminal window titled "powershell". The window shows the following Python code and its execution:

```
PS C:\Users\harsh\OneDrive\Desktop\AI Assitance coding> & C:\Users\harsh\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python314\python.exe "c:/Users/harsh/OneDrive/Desktop/AI Assitance coding/Day01.py"
Enter the number of terms in Fibonacci series: 10
Fibonacci series up to 10 :
0 1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34
PS C:\Users\harsh\OneDrive\Desktop\AI Assitance coding>
```

The terminal indicates the script has finished running.

Justification:

In this task, The iterative Fibonacci approach is usually the better choice because it's faster, uses very little memory, and works well even when the number of terms is large. Recursive Fibonacci, on the other hand makes many function calls, which slows things down and uses extra memory. For bigger inputs, it can even crash due to recursion limits. That's why, in real-world programs, iteration is generally preferred over recursion.