GEN-AL ASSIGNMENT-3

MySQL Tables Creation

Create the students table with relationships to both department and year:

```
CREATE TABLE department (
  dept id INT AUTO INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
 dept name VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL
);
CREATE TABLE year (
 year_id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
 year name VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL
);
CREATE TABLE students (
  student id INT AUTO INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
 first_name VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
 last_name VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
 dept_id INT,
 year_id INT,
 FOREIGN KEY (dept_id) REFERENCES department(dept_id),
 FOREIGN KEY (year_id) REFERENCES year(year_id)
);
```

Inserting sample data:

INSERT INTO department (dept_name) VALUES ('CSE'), ('ECE'), ('ME'), ('CE'), ('EEE');

```
INSERT INTO year (year name) VALUES ('First'), ('Second'), ('Third'), ('Fourth');
INSERT INTO students (first name, last name, dept id, year id) VALUES
('Srikanth', 'Thirumani', 1, 1),
('Rohith', 'Thumma', 1, 2),
('Vishnu', 'Andhe', 1, 3),
('Sammad', 'Mohammed', 1, 4),
('Nikhil', 'Dadige', 1, 1),
('Praveen', 'Chigurla', 2, 2),
('Shiva teja', 'Kandlapally', 2, 3),
('Uday kiran', 'Uppu', 2, 4),
('Saivarun', 'Somishetty', 2, 1),
('Koushik reddy', 'Jai', 2, 2),
('Geethsai', 'Taylor', 3, 3),
('Yashwanth', 'Goti', 3, 4),
('Keerthi', 'Kotha', 3, 1),
('Sreshta', 'Soma', 3, 2),
('Rakshitha', 'Sanda', 3, 3),
('Harsha vardhini', 'Pendyala', 4, 4),
('Samson', 'vodapally', 4, 1),
('navya', 'bolluju', 4, 2),
('Lucky', 'uppu', 4, 3),
('srija', 'reddy', 4, 4),
('Sindhu', 'Perez', 5, 1),
('jaya sri', 'gadde', 5, 2),
('Marcus', 'soma', 5, 3),
('Sara', 'reddy', 5, 4),
('Praveen', 'vodapally', 5, 1);
```

Queries:

.Display students from the CSE department:

```
SELECT * FROM students WHERE dept_id = (SELECT dept_id FROM department WHERE dept_name = 'CSE');
```

Display only dept_name using the students table:

```
SELECT DISTINCT d.dept_name
FROM students s
```

JOIN department d ON s.dept_id = d.dept_id;

Display students sorted by department and first name:

```
SELECT s.first_name, s.last_name, d.dept_name
FROM students s

JOIN department d ON s.dept_id = d.dept_id

ORDER BY d.dept_name, s.first_name;
```

Translate MySQL to MongoDB

```
CREATE TABLE department (
    dept_id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
    dept_name VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL
);

CREATE TABLE year (
    year_id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
    year_name VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL
);

CREATE TABLE students (
    student_id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
    first_name VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
    last_name VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
    dept_id INT,
```

```
year_id INT,
FOREIGN KEY (dept_id) REFERENCES department(dept_id),
FOREIGN KEY (year_id) REFERENCES year(year_id)
);
```

To create a similar structure in MongoDB, you can embed the related documents or use references.

1.Using Embedding (not the best for normalized data but can be simpler):

```
{
  "_id": ObjectId(),
  "first_name": "Harsha vardhini",
  "last_name": "Pendyala",
  "department": {
      "dept_id": 4,
      "dept_name": "CE"
  },
  "year": {
      "year_id": 4,
      "year_name": "Fourth"
  }
}
```

```
2.Using References (more similar to normalized SQL structure):
```

```
Department Collection
```

```
"_id": Objectld(),

"dept_id": 4,

"dept_name": "CE"
```

```
}
Year Collection
{
  "_id": ObjectId(),
  "year_id": 4,
  "year_name": "Fourth"
Students Collection
{
  "_id": ObjectId(),
  "first_name": "Harsha vardhini",
  "last_name": "Pendyala",
  "dept_id": 4,
  "year_id": 4
Insert 5 Students for Each Department
This can be done similarly by inserting documents into the students collection with
references to dept id and year id.
```

MongoDB Queries

1.Display students from the CSE department:

db.students.find({ dept_id: db.department.findOne({ dept_name: "CSE" }).dept_id });

2.Display only dept_name using students table

db.students.aggregate([
{
\$lookup: {
from: "department",
localField: "dept_id",
foreignField: "dept_id",
as: "department"
}
},
{
\$unwind: "\$department"
},
{
\$group: {
_id: "\$department.dept_name"
}
},
{
\$project: {
_id: 0,
dept_name: "\$_id"
}
}

```
]);
3. Display students sorted by department and first name:
db.students.aggregate([
  {
     $lookup: {
       from: "department",
       localField: "dept_id",
       foreignField: "dept_id",
       as: "department"
    }
  },
  {
     $unwind: "$department"
  },
  {
     $sort: {
       "department.dept_name": 1,
       "first_name": 1
    }
  },
  {
     $project: {
       _id: 0,
```

```
first_name: 1,

last_name: 1,

dept_name: "$department.dept_name"

}

}

]);
```

This completes the process of translating the MySQL schema and queries to MongoDB equivalents.