

```
/*
                                Experiment No: 02

                                Author:Harsheet Sujit Chordiya
5                                Roll No.: 37
                                Sem & Sec: CSE 3B
                                Source file: expt02.c
                                Date Compiled: Dec 2021

=====
10                                Aim: To study and implement basic comparative
                                sorting methods – Selection Sort,
                                Insertion Sort, Shell Sort and Counting Sort.
                                Problem Statement: Write a generalized function
                                that takes a parameter to indicate the mode
                                (say 1 for decreasing order, 2
                                for increasing order, 3 for increasing order
                                with the Nth element out of
                                order, 4 for a randomly generated element values),
15                                to create a list of elements.
                                The parameter indicating the number of elements in
                                a statically allocated array
                                (the maximum size is large enough to run possible
                                iterations to test the time
                                complexity, say 1000000) will be multiple of 10.
                                Also write appropriate functions
                                to create a copy of the list and to display
                                the list contents.
20                                Using above functions, write a
                                menu-driven C program to order the list in ascending
                                sequence using - the Selection
                                Sort, the Insertion Sort, the Counting Sort
                                and the Shell Sort..
=====
                                THEORY
25                                =====
                                Time Complexity is defined as the number of times a
                                particular instruction set is executed rather
                                than the total time is taken. It is because the total time
                                took also depends on some external factors
                                like the compiler used, processor's speed, etc.
                                1.Selection Sort:
30                                Selection sort is a sorting algorithm that is
                                independent of the original order of elements in the array.
                                In Pass 1, selecting the element with the smallest value
                                calls for scanning all n elements; thus,
                                n-1 comparisons are required in the first pass. Then,
                                the smallest value is swapped with the element in
                                the first position. In Pass 2, selecting the second
                                smallest value requires scanning the remaining n - 1
                                elements and so on. Therefore,
35                                (n - 1) + (n - 2) + ... + 2 + 1= n(n - 1) / 2 = O(n2)
                                comparisons.
                                2.Insertion Sort:
```

For insertion sort, the best case occurs when the array is already sorted. In this case, the running time of the algorithm has a linear running time (i.e., $O(n)$). This is because, during each iteration, the first element from the unsorted set is compared only with the last element of the sorted set of the array.

40 Similarly, the worst case of the insertion sort algorithm occurs when the array is sorted in the reverse order. In the worst case, the first element of the unsorted set has to be compared with almost every element in the sorted set. Furthermore, every iteration of the inner loop will have to shift the elements of the sorted set of the array before inserting the next element. Therefore, in the worst case, insertion sort has a quadratic running time (i.e., $O(n^2)$).

45 Even in the average case, the insertion sort algorithm will have to make at least $(K-1)/2$ comparisons.

Thus, the average case also has a quadratic running time.

3. Counting Sort:

Counting sort algorithm is a non comparison based sorting algorithm i.e the arrangement of elements in the array does not affect the flow of algorithm. No matter if the elements in the array are already sorted, reverse sorted or randomly sorted, the algorithm works the same for all these cases and thus the time complexity for all such cases is same i.e $O(n+k)$.

4. Shell Sort:

50 Time complexity of above implementation of shellsort is $O(n^2)$.

ALGORITHMS

1. Insertion sort:

55 Step 1: Repeat Steps 2 to 5 for $K=1$ to $N-1$
 Step 2: SET TEMP = ARR[K]
 Step 3: SET J = K-1
 Step 4: Repeat while TEMP <= ARR[J]
 SET ARR[J + 1] = ARR[J]
 60 SET J = J-1
 [END OF INNER LOOP]
 Step 5: SET ARR[J + 1] = TEMP
 [END OF LOOP]
 Step 6: EXIT

65

2. Selection sort:

Step 1: [INITIALIZE] SET SMALL = ARR[K]
 Step 2: [INITIALIZE] SET POS = K
 Step 3: Repeat for J = K+1 to N
 70 IF SMALL > ARR[J]
 SET SMALL = ARR[J]
 SET POS = J
 [END OF IF]
 [END OF LOOP]

```

75     Step 4: RETURN POS

3.Counting Sort:
    Step 1:Initialize Array with 0
    Step 2:  max = get maximum element from array.
80     define count array of size [max+1]

    Step 3:  for i := 0 to max
    do
        count[i] = 0
85 Step 4:
    for i := 1 to size
    do
        increase count of each number
        for i := 1 to max
90    do
        count[i] = count[i] + count[i+1]
    Step 5:
    for i := size to 1 decrease by 1
    do
95    store the number in the output array
        decrease count[i]
    Step 6: Return the output array
        End

100 4. Shell sort:
    Step 1: SET FLAG=1, GAP_SIZE=N
    Step 2: Repeat Steps 3 to 6 while FLAG=1OR GAP_SIZE>1
    Step 3: SET FLAG =
    Step 4: SET GAP_SIZE = (GAP_SIZE + 1) / 2
105 Step 5: Repeat Step 6 for I= to I < (N - GAP_SIZE)
    Step 6: IF Arr[I + GAP_SIZE] > Arr[I]
        SWAP Arr[I + GAP_SIZE], Arr[I]
        SET FLAG =0
    Step 7: END

110 =====
                                CODE
=====
*/
//Header file Inclusion
115 #include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<time.h>
//Pre-Processor Directives
#define INF 999999
120 // User Defined Function declarations
void ascending_list(int *,int);
void descending_list(int *,int);
void part_sort_list(int *,int);
void random_list(int *,int);
125 int counting_list(int *,int,int,int);
void copy(int *,int *,int);
void selection(int *,int);
void insertion(int *,int);

```

```
void shell(int *,int);
130 void counting(int *,int,int);
void display(int *,int);
void swap(int* ,int*);
//The Driver Function
void main()
135 {
    int arr[INF],arr2[INF],len,key,choice,max,min,k;
    time_t t1,t2;
    do{
        do{
140         printf("Enter the Array length (in multiple of 10) ?
\n ");
            scanf("%d",&len);
        }while(len%10 !=0);
        do{
            printf("Select list : 1.Ascending list
2.Descending list 3.Partial sorted list 4.Random list\n");
145         scanf("%d",&choice);
            switch(choice){
                case 1:
                    ascending_list(arr,len);
                    break;
150                 case 2:
                    descending_list(arr,len);
                    break;
                case 3:
                    part_sort_list(arr,len);
155                 break;
                case 4:
                    random_list(arr,len);
                    break;
            }
        }while(choice<1 || choice>4);
        display(arr,len);

        do{
            copy(arr,arr2,len);
165         printf("Select sort : 1.Selection sort
2.Insertion sort 3.Counting sort 4. Shell sort\n");
            scanf("%d",&choice);
            switch(choice){
                case 1:
                    t1=clock();
170                 selection(arr2,len);
                    t2=clock();
                    break;
                case 2:
                    t1=clock();
175                 insertion(arr2,len);
                    t2=clock();
                    break;
                case 3:
                    t1=clock();
```

```

180         shell(arr2, len);
            t2=clock();
            break;
        }
        printf("Array is Sorted\n");
185        display(arr2, len);
        printf("time taken for sorting is %f\n", (double)(t2-
t1)/CLOCKS_PER_SEC);
        printf("Want to choose another sort? 1.for yes.\n");
        scanf("%d", &key);
        }while(key==1);
190        printf("Want to choose another list ? 1. for yes.-
\n");
        scanf("%d", &key);
    }
    while(key==1);
    printf("Sorting completed\n");
195 }
// User-Defined Function Definations
//Ascending List Function
void ascending_list(int *arr, int len) {
    int i;
200    for(i=0; i<len; i++)
        arr[i]=i+1;
}
// Descending List Function
void descending_list(int *arr, int len) {
205    int i;
    for(i=0; i<len; i++)
        arr[i]=(len-i);
}
// Partial sorted lase Function //
210 void part_sort_list(int * arr, int len) {
    int i;
    for(i=0; i<len; i++){
        if(i%5==0)
            arr[i]=12345+(10*i);
215    else
        arr[i]=i+1;
    }
}
//Random list
220 void random_list (int *arr, int len) {
    int i, offset;
    offset=98765;
    srand(offset);
    for(i=0; i<len; i++)
225        arr[i] =rand()/5;
}
// Selection Sort
void selection (int *arr, int len) {
    int i, j;
230    for(i=0; i<len-2; i++) {
        for(j= i+1 ; j<len-1; j++){

```

```
        if (arr[j]< arr[i]){
            swap (&arr[i], &arr[j]);
        }
235     }
    }
}
//Insertion Sort
void insertion (int *arr, int len) {
240 int i, j, key;
    for(i=1;i<len;i++) {
        key=arr[i]; j=i-1; while (j>=0 && arr[j]>key) {
            arr[j+1]=arr[j];
            j=j-1;
245         arr[j+1]=key;
        }
    }
}
//Shell Sort
250 void shell (int *arr, int len){
    int gap, key, i, j;
    for (gap=(len/2); gap>0; gap=(gap/2)) {
        for (i=gap; i<len;i++) {
            key=arr[i];
255             for(j=i;j>=gap && arr[j-gap]>key;j=j-gap) {
                arr[j]=arr[j-gap];
                arr[j]=key;
            }
        }
260     }
}
//Counting Sort
void counting (int *arr2, int len, int k){
    int kount[INF], sorted [INF],
265     knt=0; while (knt<=k){
        kount[knt]=0; knt++;
        for (knt=0; knt<len; knt++){
            kount[arr2[knt]]=kount[arr2[knt]]+1;
        }
        for (knt=1;knt<=k; knt++)
270         kount [knt] =kount [knt]+kount[knt-1];
        for (knt=len-1;knt>=0;knt--) {
            sorted[kount[arr2[knt]]-1]=arr2[knt];
            kount [arr2[knt]] =kount[arr2[knt]]-1;
        }
275     copy (sorted, arr2, len);
}
}
}
//Display Function
280 void display (int *arr, int len) {
    int i;
    if (len<=50) {
        for (i=0;i<len; i++)
            printf("%d\t", arr[i]); printf("\n");
285 }
}
```

```

    }
    // Swap Function
    void swap (int *a, int *b) {
        int t;
290     t= (*a);
        (*a)= (*b);
        (*b)=t;
    }
    // Copy function
295 void copy(int *arr,int *arr2,int len){
        int i;
        for(i=0;i<len;i++)
            arr2[i]=arr[i];
    }
300 /*
=====
                                OUTPUT TRAIL
=====

harsheet196@harsheet196:~/Desktop/csp252$ ./test.out
305 Enter the Array length (in multiple of 10) ?
        10
        Select list : 1.Ascending list 2.Descending list
        3.Partial sorted list 4.Random list
        4
        366633133    387979969    215805542    196996127
        357749196    310754849    87355757    239012596
        351033111    144422172
310     Select sort : 1.Selection sort 2.Insertion sort
        3.Counting sort 4. Shell sort
        1
        Array is Sorted
        87355757    196996127    215805542    239012596
        310754849    351033111    357749196    366633133    387979969
        144422172
        time taken for sorting is 0.000007
315     Want to choose another sort? 1.for yes.
        1
        Select sort : 1.Selection sort 2.Insertion sort
        3.Counting sort 4. Shell sort
        2
        Array is Sorted
320     87355757    144422172    196996127    215805542
        239012596    310754849    351033111    357749196    366633133
        387979969
        time taken for sorting is 0.000006
        Want to choose another sort? 1.for yes.
        1
        Select sort : 1.Selection sort 2.Insertion sort
        3.Counting sort 4. Shell sort
325     3
        Array is Sorted
        366633133    87355757    87355757    144422172
        87355757    144422172    87355757    144422172    351033111

```

```

144422172
    time taken for sorting is 0.000007
    Want to choose another sort? 1.for yes.
330    1
        Select sort : 1.Selection sort 2.Insertion sort
        3.Counting sort 4. Shell sort
        4
        Array is Sorted
        366633133    387979969    215805542    196996127
357749196    310754849    87355757    239012596    351033111
144422172
335    time taken for sorting is 0.000007
        Want to choose another sort? 1.for yes.
        0
        Want to choose another list ? 1. for yes.
        1
340    Enter the Array length (in multiple of 10) ?
        10
        Select list : 1.Ascending list 2.Descending list
        3.Partial sorted list 4.Random list
        2
        10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1
345    Select sort : 1.Selection sort 2.Insertion sort
        3.Counting sort 4. Shell sort
        1
        Array is Sorted
        2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 1
        time taken for sorting is 0.000007
350    Want to choose another sort? 1.for yes.
        1
        Select sort : 1.Selection sort 2.Insertion sort
        3.Counting sort 4. Shell sort
        2
        Array is Sorted
355    1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
        time taken for sorting is 0.000007
        Want to choose another sort? 1.for yes.
        3
        Want to choose another list ? 1. for yes.
360    1
        Enter the Array length (in multiple of 10) ?
        10
        Select list : 1.Ascending list 2.Descending list
        3.Partial sorted list 4.Random list
        3
365    12345 2 3 4 5 12395 7 8 9 10
        Select sort : 1.Selection sort 2.Insertion sort
        3.Counting sort 4. Shell sort
        1
        Array is Sorted
        2 3 4 5 7 8 9 12345 12395 10
370    time taken for sorting is 0.000006
        Want to choose another sort? 1.for yes.
        1

```



```

        Select sort : 1.Selection sort 2.Insertion sort
3.Counting sort 4. Shell sort
2
375   Array is Sorted
      2  3  4  5  7  8  9  10 12345  12395
      time taken for sorting is 0.000006
      Want to choose another sort? 1.for yes.
1
380   Select sort : 1.Selection sort 2.Insertion sort
      3.Counting sort 4. Shell sort
      3
      Array is Sorted
      12345  2  3  4  5  12395  7  8  9  10
      time taken for sorting is 0.000005
385   Want to choose another sort? 1.for yes.
1
      Select sort : 1.Selection sort 2.Insertion sort
      3.Counting sort 4. Shell sort
      4
390   Array is Sorted
      12345  2  3  4  5  12395  7  8  9  10
      time taken for sorting is 0.000005
      Want to choose another sort? 1.for yes.
0
      Want to choose another list ? 1. for yes.
395   0
      Sorting completed
*/
```