## EE24BTECH11064 - Harshil Rathan

## **Question:**

A triangle ABC can be constructed  $\angle B = 60^{\circ}$ ,  $\angle C = 45^{\circ}$  and AB + BC + CA = 12cm.

## **Solution:**

Find  $\angle A$ 

Values	Given
K	Parameter
$\angle B$	60°
$\angle C$	45°
AB + BC + CA	12

TABLE 0: Input Parameters

$$\angle A + \angle B + \angle C = 180^{\circ} \tag{0.1}$$

$$\angle A = 75^{\circ} \tag{0.2}$$

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Applying law of Sines,

$$\frac{AB}{\sin 75^{\circ}} + \frac{BC}{\sin 60^{\circ}} + \frac{CA}{\sin 45^{\circ}} = K \tag{0.3}$$

It is given that

$$AB + BC + CA = 12 \tag{0.4}$$

$$AB = K \sin 75^{\circ} \tag{0.5}$$

$$BC = K \sin 60^{\circ} \tag{0.6}$$

$$CA = K \sin 45^{\circ} \tag{0.7}$$

$$K(\frac{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2}}{4}) + K(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}) + K(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}) = 12$$
 (0.8)

$$K = \frac{48}{\sqrt{6} + 2\sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{3}} \tag{0.9}$$

Possible values of AB BC CA are, 0.5 0.6 0.7 0.9

$$AB = \frac{48}{\sqrt{6} + 2\sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{3}} \left(\frac{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2}}{4}\right) \tag{0.10}$$

$$BC = \frac{48}{\sqrt{6} + 2\sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{3}} (\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}) \tag{0.11}$$

$$CA = \frac{48}{\sqrt{6} + 2\sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{3}} (\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}) \tag{0.12}$$

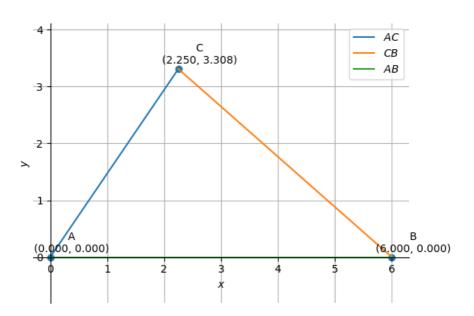


Fig. 0.1